

Name of the School: _____

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (2026–27)

Class IX — SOCIAL STUDIES

English Medium

Model Question Paper — Set B

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

Name of the Student: _____ Roll No.: _____

Syllabus covered: Part I (Natural Realms of the Earth and Economy) – Our Earth; The Natural Realms of the Earth: Lithosphere; Hydrosphere; Atmosphere; Biosphere; Agriculture in India. Part II (World from Medieval to Modern Times) – Democratic and Nationalist Revolutions (17th, 18th and 19th Centuries); Industrialisation and Social Change; Social Protest Movements; Colonialism in Latin America, Asia and Africa; Impact of Colonialism in India

Instructions:

1. Part A (60 marks) is to be answered in the answer booklet within the first 2 hours 30 minutes.
2. Section I: Q.1–6 — answer all, 2 marks each. Section II: Q.7–12 — answer all, 4 marks each.
3. Section III: Q.13–16 — each question has internal choice; answer (a) or (b). 6 marks each.
4. Outline maps of India and the World will be supplied for Q.16. Attach them to the answer booklet.
5. Part B (20 marks) is to be answered on the question paper itself in the last 30 minutes.

PART – A

Time: 2 Hours 30 Minutes

Marks: 60

SECTION – I

Note: Answer ALL the questions. Each question carries 2 marks. ($6 \times 2 = 12$)

1. What are latitudes and longitudes?
2. What is meant by plate tectonics?
3. What is salinity of the ocean water?
4. What are the ‘Roaring Forties’?
5. What was the Boston Tea Party?
6. Who were the Luddites?

SECTION – II

Note: Answer ALL the questions. Each question carries 4 marks. ($6 \times 4 = 24$)

7. Explain the heat zones of the Earth based on latitudes.
8. Explain the three types of rocks with examples.
9. Describe the water cycle with a neat diagram.
10. Why is biodiversity important? Suggest any two ways to conserve it.
11. Explain how Germany was unified in the 19th century.

Pochampally in Telangana is famous for its ikat silk saris woven on handlooms. Even today, a weaver family may spend many days on a single sari. In the nineteenth century, cheap mill-made cloth from Britain flooded Indian markets, and thousands of weavers across the country lost their livelihood. Some left weaving altogether and became farm labourers.

12. Read the paragraph given above and comment on it: How did British rule affect Indian handicraft industries? What can be done today to support handloom weavers?

SECTION – III

Note: Answer ONE question (a or b) from each of Q.13 to 16. Each question carries 6 marks. (4 × 6 = 24)

13. (a) Explain the pressure belts of the Earth with a neat diagram.

OR

(b) Explain the relief features of the ocean floor.

14. (a) Study the table given below and answer the questions that follow.

Crop	Season	Main growing state (example)
Rice	Kharif	West Bengal
Wheat	Rabi	Punjab
Cotton	Kharif	Maharashtra
Watermelon	Zaid	Uttar Pradesh

(i) Which crops in the table are grown in the rainy season?

(ii) Which crop is sown in winter and harvested in summer?

(iii) What is meant by the Zaid season?

(iv) Name any two food crops grown in Telangana and their season.

OR

(b) Explain the importance of agriculture in the Indian economy. Suggest measures to improve the condition of farmers.

15. (a) Explain how Spain and Portugal established colonies in Latin America. What were the effects on the native people?

OR

(b) Describe the social protest movements of workers and women in the 19th century.

16. (a) Locate the following on the outline map of India: (i) Punjab (ii) West Bengal (iii) Maharashtra (iv) Assam (v) Karnataka (vi) Telangana

OR

(b) Locate the following on the outline map of the World: (i) Tropic of Cancer (ii) Tropic of Capricorn (iii) Prime Meridian (iv) Himalayas (v) Atlantic Ocean (vi) Indian Ocean

PART – B

Time: 30 Minutes

Marks: 20

I. Multiple Choice Questions*Choose the correct answer and write its letter in the bracket. (10 × 1 = 10)*

1. The planet nearest to the Sun is []
(A) Venus (B) Mercury (C) Mars (D) Earth
2. The Earth takes about _____ to complete one rotation. []
(A) 12 hours (B) 24 hours (C) 365 days (D) 30 days
3. Volcanoes and earthquakes mostly occur along []
(A) plate boundaries (B) the equator (C) the tropics (D) the poles
4. The Gulf Stream is a []
(A) cold ocean current (B) warm ocean current
(C) river (D) wind
5. The ozone layer is found in the []
(A) troposphere (B) stratosphere (C) mesosphere (D) exosphere
6. Trade winds blow from the subtropical high-pressure belts towards the []
(A) polar highs (B) equatorial low-pressure belt
(C) subpolar lows (D) poles
7. Wheat is a []
(A) kharif crop (B) rabi crop (C) zaid crop (D) plantation crop
8. The slogan of the French Revolution was []
(A) Liberty, Equality, Fraternity (B) Peace, Land, Bread
(C) Blood and Iron (D) Do or Die
9. The Industrial Revolution first began in []
(A) France (B) Germany (C) England (D) USA
10. The Ryotwari system was introduced in the Madras Presidency by []
(A) Lord Cornwallis (B) Thomas Munro (C) Lord Dalhousie (D) Warren Hastings

II. Fill in the Blanks*(5 × 1 = 5)*

11. The latitude 23½° N is called the _____.
12. Molten rock found below the surface of the Earth is called _____.
13. The continuous movement of ocean water in a definite direction is called an _____.
14. The Prime Minister of Piedmont who played a key role in the unification of Italy was _____.
15. The Industrial Revolution led to the growth of a new class of _____ who worked in factories for wages.

III. Match the Following*Write the correct letter from Group B in the bracket. (5 × 1 = 5)*

No.	Group A		Group B
16.	Pangaea ()	A.	The ancient supercontinent
17.	Isobars ()	B.	Lines joining places of equal pressure
18.	Biosphere ()	C.	Zone where life exists
19.	Zaid crops ()	D.	Crops grown in summer
20.	Bastille ()	E.	Prison stormed on 14 July 1789
		F.	Otto von Bismarck

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