#### **NABARD BANK OFFICER EXAM 09**

#### **General Awareness**

- 1. In the present context of socioeconomic development the concept of "Meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs" is popularly known as the concept of-
- a) Sustainable Development
- b) Uniform growth
- c) Target-driven Growth
- d) No risk- No growth
- e) Social Viability
- 2. Which of the following statements about the agricultural sector in economy of India is/are correct?
- (A) Agricultural growth has reduced poverty of the people locally and, through its external effects also in many other parts of the country.
- (B) Food and nutrition security in the country has increased substantially.
- (C) The area of cultivation has increased in recent past as agriculture has become a full time employment for the people, which was not so a few years back.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) Both A & B only
- e) All A, B & C
- 3. In recent years it has been recognized increasingly that a large segment of the rural population is out of the reach of the formal banking services. Which of the following is the name of the concept floated to bring most of these rural in the net of financial and banking services?
- a) Corporate Governance
- b) Financial Inclusion
- c) Wealth Creation
- d) Credit Management
- e) Risk Management
- 4. As we all know that the present pattern of agricultural growth has resulted in a variety of environmental degradation of soil, water, air and biodiversity. Which of the following is/are the main practice(s) of the present pattern of agriculture, which has given birth to such degradation?
- (A) Excess use of chemical inputs in the form of fertilizers, pesticides/insecticides and boosters.
- (B) Abandonment of traditional practices built over several milletmia.
- (C) Continuous flogging of land through multiple cropping.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) Both A & C only
- e) All A, B & C
- 5. As we all know the per capita of food availability is far better in the country these days and it has also reduced our dependence on imports of most of the food commodities. Which of the following are the agriculture related things on which we are still dependent on imports largely?
- (A) Wheat
- (B) Sugar
- (C) Edible oils
- (D) Pulses
- a) Only A & B both
- b) Only C & D both

- c) Only A, C & D
- d) Only B, C & D
- e) All A, B, C & D
- 6. As we all know migration of people from one place to the ·other has always been a topic of interest to economists and social scientists. Which of the following migrations is called a historical one and is often referred as "Mother of All Migrations in the Word"?
- a) Intercontinental migration from Europe to America and beyond.
- b) Migration of agricultural labour from Bihar and UP to various states in India.
- c) Migration of Keralites to Gulf countries.
- d) Migration of Gujaratis to USA and UK after outbreak of plague, communal riots, and several major earthquakes in state.
- e) None of these
- 7. As per the recent research reports published in papers/journals more than half of all child deaths are associated with malnutrition. Which of the following is/are the major reasons of malnutrition in India?
- (A) Low birth weight because of poor nutritional status of the mother.
- (B) High levels of disease caused by poor hygienic conditions and polluted water.
- (C) Improper feedi.ng practices.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) All A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 8. The Agro processing sectors in India has shown a positive growth in recent past. What is/are the major factors which has/have contributed to this growth in this sector?
- (A) There is a change in consumption pattern. Food budget is allocated to high value Commodities like raw fruits, vegetables and livestock etc.
- (B) Growth in export .demands for high value and processed food items. Hence for people are taking up that business
- (C) More and more people are migrating to cities and urban areas where demand for processed food is high.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) All A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 9. The phenomena of the decline howsoever initiated or instigated occurred in some measures of aggregate economic activity and causing cascading declines in GDP and other key measures of "economic activity" in the terms of economics is called -
- a) terminal growth
- b) recession
- c) business cycle
- d) deflation
- e) domino effect
- 10. As we all know Govt. of India has given much attention to improve the Public Health in the country. Way so much attention is given to improve the same, which in the opinion of general public is a personal goal and should be an individual effort?
- (A) Poor public health conditions take economic toll in various ways.
- (B) Govt. wish to invest in it because it wants to prevent diseases-rather than treat them
- (C) If the general health of the people in a country is weak investors do not wish to invest in that country. Even tourists also do not want to visit the land.

- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) All A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 11. The Govt. of India is giving much importance to the development of "Special Economic Zones" these which of the following statement(s) is/are 'TRUE' about the features of the Special Economic Zones?
- (A) Special Economic Zones refer to areas within a country where some of the economic laws and restrictions of the land are relaxed
- (B) Special Economic Zones are being developed to given an opportunity to the weaker section of society who did not have enough opportunities to develop financially and economically.
- (C) In India development of Special Economic Zones started way back in 1980 when first such project was launched in Karnataka.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) All A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 12. India has several major dams almost in all states. Which of the following was/were the reasons for which these dams were built?
- (A) Flood control and water supply
- (B) Relocate the population
- (C) Power generation
- (D) Irrigation facilities
- a) Only A& B
- b) Only C & D
- c) Only A, C & D
- d) All B, C & F
- e) None of these
- 13. Which of the following concepts is not a major concept frequently referred in the economic literature of Dr. Amartya Sen the Nobel Prize winner Economist?
- a) Positive freedom
- b) Negative freedom
- c) Corporate ethic
- d) Capability to function
- e) Welfare economics
- 14. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct about the Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana?
- (A) The Yojana was launched in the year 1955 with the aim to connect each and every village with the National Highway.
- (B) The Yojana was to be completed by the year 2000. But only 60% job is done so far.
- (C) The fund for the Yojana were arranged by a loan from the Asian Development Bank, which sanctioned an amount of Rs.1,20,000 lakh crore that time. India has availed 95% of that amount but job done is only 60%
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) All A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 15. Which amongst the following organizations make major credit policies for the regional Rural Banks (RRBs)?
- a) NABARD

- b) Asian Development Bank
- c) Word Bank
- d) State Bank of India
- e) None of these
- 16. As we all know Govt. of India has launched many schemes for the welfare of the workers from unorganized sectors As per recent estimates about what percent of all workforce in India is engaged in informal or unorganized sector?
- a) 50%
- b) 90%
- c) 70%
- d) 80%
- e) 60%
- 17. Which of the following is/are true about the Indira Awas Yojana of the Govt. of India?
- (A) The scheme was the sub-scheme of the Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY)
- (B) The scheme was launched to provide housing accommodation to rural people Below Poverty Line (BPL) only
- (C) Under the scheme the allotment of the house is done in the name of the female members of the household in the joint ames of the husband and wife.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) Al! A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 18. As we all know Govt. gives enough emphasis on the development of Small Scale Industry (SSI) Sector. What is the role of SSI sector in a developing economy like Indian Economy?
- (A) SSI sector plays an important role in development of economy as around 40 percent of the GDF comes from this sector
- (B) SSI absorbs surplus labour and helps in equitable distribution of income.
- (C) Approximately 35% of total exports of India comes from Small Industrial Sector.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) All A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 19. Which of the following is NOT TRUE about the National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (NREGA)?
- (A) NREGA was enacted first to provide job to rural people only but now people in urban areas can also avail the jobs under it
- (B) NREGA is applicable in all districts of the country now.
- (C) NREGA was initially provided a 100 days job but now the number of days is increased to 150.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) All A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 20. Which of the following is NOT TRUE about National Food For Work Programme (NFFWP) of the Govt. of India.
- (A) NFFWP was launched to provide additional resources to most backward 150 districts of India.
- (B) The beneficiary of the NFFWP is required to work for 5 days a week for at least 10 weeks at a stretch
- (C) The beneficiaries of NFFWP are paid their wages in the form of Wheat and Rice for their work. The payment of ration is done to them daily at 6.30 p.m. or immediately after the day's work is over which should be latest by 9.30 p.m.

- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Both B & C
- d) All A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 21. Which of the following statement(s) is/are now the pmt of the National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (NREGA)?
- (A) Eraduari Mam Grane Sadak Yojena
- (B) Relocate the population
- (C) Sampoorna Grameen Rozgar Yojana
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Both B & C
- d) All A, B & C
- e) None of these
- 22. Micro creditor micro finance is a novel approach to banking with the poor. In this approach bank credit is extended to the poors through -
- a) Self Help Groups
- b) Anganwadees
- c) Cooperative Credit Societies
- d) Reserve Bank of India
- e) Small Industries Development Bank
- 23. Which of the following is/are the major problems of rural indebtedness?
- (A) Indian Earner borrows year after year but is not in a position to clear off its loans.
- (B) The size of the loans taken by the Indian fanners is too large whereas his agricultural output is not large enough to pay off his debt.
- (C) Most of the farmers are still taking loans from the informal sources who charge a very high rate of interest.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) All A & B
- e) All A, B & C
- 24. The concept of Micro finance was launched in which of the following countries initially?
- a) Bangladesh
- b) India
- c) Egypt
- d) Israel
- e) Sri Lanka
- 25. Which of the following is NOT an institutional credit agency?
- a) Cooperative Society
- b) Money Lender
- c) Commercial Banks
- d) Regional Rural Banks
- e) Government Agencies
- 26. The National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) gets some amount of its funds from which of the following organizations for its various schemes?
- (A) World Bank
- (B) Bank of America

- (C) IDA
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) All A& B
- e) All A, B & C
- 27. The National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) was established in the year-
- a) 1970
- b) 1982
- c) 1977
- d) 1980
- e) 1975
- 28. Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE about the activities of the NABARD?
- (A) NABARD has the responsibility to inspect RRBs and Cooperative Banks.
- (B) NABARD maintains Research and Development Fund to promote research in agriculture and rural development.
- (C) NABARD is a wing of Planning Commission of India.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Both A & B only
- d) Only C
- e) All A, B & C
- 29. The Union Budget for 1995-96 proposed the creation of RIDF in NABARD, with a corpus of Rs. 2,000 Crores. What is the full form of RIDF?
- a) Rural India decoration Forum
- b) Research and Industrial Development Forum
- c) Rural Infrastructure Development Fund
- d) Research and Industrial Development Fund
- e) None of these
- 30. Which of the following statements about the NABARD is/are TRUE-
- (A) NABARD has a dual role to play as it is an apex body and a refinance institution.
- (B) NABARD services as a refinance institution for all kinds of production and investment credit to agriculture and cottage and village industries.
- (C) NABARD accepts short term deposits from the public like any other bank to improve its capital base
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) Only A & B
- e) All A, B & C
- 31. Head Office of the National Bank for Agriculture & Rural Development (NABARD) is located in -
- a) Delhi
- b) Hyderabad
- c) Mumbai
- d) T+H+L
- e) None of these
- 32. India's first transgenic crop was-
- a) Sugarcane
- b) Brinjal

- c) Bt. Cotton
- d) Potato
- e) None of these
- 33. India and some other countries raised strong objection on a major issue in the meetings of the World Trade Organization (WTO). What was the issue?
- a) Use of genetically modified crops
- b) Pro viding subsidy to agro -products
- c) Method of deciding cost of crude oil by OPEC members
- d) Use of Hydrogen as alternative fuel in future
- e) None of these
- 34. Who amongst the following is the winner of Ramon Magsaysay Award 2008?
- a) Dr Prakash & Mandakini Amte
- b) Dr. Amartya Sen
- c) Ms Barkha Dutt
- d) Dr. M.S. Ahluwalia
- e) None of these
- 35. Which of the following is the organization, which is the apex body in cooperative sector and deals in procurement distribution export and import of selected agricultural commodities?
- a) NAFED
- b) NABARD
- c) SIDBI
- d) EXIM Bank
- e) None of these
- 36. Mahesh Bhupati and Sania Mirza won their first Grand Slam Title together when they defeated their opponents in-
- a) Wimbledon Open
- b) Australian Open
- c) Davis Cup Final
- d) US Open
- e) Wightman Cup Final
- 37. Which of the following states in India is at the top in the list of those who availed credit through Self Help Groups (SHGs)?
- a) Andhra Pradesh
- b) Goa
- c) Arunachal Pradesh
- d) West Bengal
- e) Kerala
- 38. Which of the following is the amount Govt. of India has sanctioned to provide relief to farmers so that they may come out of their debt?
- a) Rs. 10000 crore
- b) Rs. 20000 crore
- c) Rs. 30000 crore
- d) Rs. 40000 crore
- e) None of these
- 39. Which of the following is/are the goals of the Bharat Ninnan?
- (A) To bring additional one crore hectares under assured irrigation.
- (B) To provide cooked -food to about 12 core children in their school itself.

- (C) To construct 60 lakh additional houses for rural poors.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) Only A& B
- e) Only A & B Both
- 40. As we all know flood is a major natural calamity in India. Which of the following statements is *I* are true about various aspects of flood and flood management in India
- (A) Out of total geographical area of 329 million hectare about 40 million hectare is prone to flood.
- (B) Till 2007 about 18 million hectare area was provided with protection against floods by way of construction of embankments, drainage channel and raising of platforms.
- (C) Since installation of a flood forecasting system in 2004 no major flood has taken place in India.
- a) Only A
- b) Only B
- c) Only C
- d) Both A & B Only
- e) Only B & C Both.
- 41. Which of the following as an easy way of providing credit to the farmer community?
- a) Kisah Credit Card
- b) Indira Vikas Patra
- c) National Savine Certificates
- d) Loan against gold
- e) None of these
- 42. India recently test tired a new surface to surface missle called-
- a) Meghavarna
- b) Columbus
- c) Antariksha
- d) Pawan
- e) Shourya
- 43. The Summit of Leaders of the G-20 was organized in November 2008 in-
- a) Paris
- b) Tokyo
- c) Washington DC
- d) London
- e) Milan
- 44. Who amongst the following is the author of the book "Between the Assassinations"?
- a) Daniellc Steel
- b) Anita Desai
- c) Aravind Adiga
- d) NandanNilekani
- e) A.rundhati Roy
- 45. Who amongst the following is the winner of Jawaharlal Nehru Award for International Understanding for the year 1995? (The Award was given in November 2008.)
- a) Mr. Albert Bayona
- b) Ms. Mallika Sarabhai
- c) Dr. Romila Thapar
- d) Dr. Mohammed El Baradei

- e) Mr. Hosni Mubarak
- 46. Which Film got the Golden Peacock Award in the 39th International Film Festival of India held in December 2008?
- a) Good Night
- b) Akasa Kusum
- c) The gong of the Sparrow
- d) Tulpan
- e) None of these
- 47. Who amongst the following is the Union Minister for Home Affairs at present?
- a) Mr. Sharad Pawar
- b) Mr. Lalu Prasad Yadav
- c) Mr. P. Chidambaram
- d) Mr. Shivraj Patil
- e) None of these
- 48. Mr. Shivraj Singh Chauhan is the new Chief Minister of which of the following states where elections were held in December 2008?
- a) Uttar Pradesh
- b) Mizoram
- c) Delhi
- d) Madhya
- e) None of these
- 49. Ms. M. C. Marykom won a Gold Medal for India in an international sports event is basically a-
- a) Table Tennis player
- b) Boxer
- c) Badminton player
- d) Marathon runner
- e) Golfer
- 50. Mr. John Key whose name was in news is the Prime Minister of-
- a) Australia
- b) United Kingdom
- c) Canada
- d) France
- e) New Zealand

#### **English Language**

(Q. 51-57): Read the following passage carefully and answer the question given below it. Certain phrases in the passage have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Anyone who forms his own opinions and beliefs will feel that he owes no responsibility to the majority for his conclusions. If he is a genuine lover of truth, if he is inspired by a passion for seeing things as they are and a detestation of holding ideas which do not conform to facts, he will be wholly independent of the acquiesce of those around him. When he proceeds to apply his beliefs in the practical conduct of life, the position is different. There are then good reasons why his attitude should be less rigid. The society in which he is placed is an ancient and composite growth. The people from whom he dissents have not come by their opinions and institutions by a process of mere haphazard. These opinions and customs all had their origin in a certain real or supposed fitness. They have a certain depth of root in the lives of a proportion of the existing generation. Their fitness for satisfying needs may have misplaced, and their congruity with one another may have come to an end. That is only one side of the truth. The most passionate propagandist cannot penetrate to them.

In common language we speak of a generation as something possessed of a kind of exact unity with all its part-s and members homogeneous. Yet plainly it is not this. It is a whole but a whole in a state of constant flux, its factors and

elements are eternally shifting. It is not one, but many generations. Each of the seven ages of man is neighbour to all the rest. The column of the veterans is already sinking into the last abyss, while the column of the newest recruits is forming. To its tradition, the tendency and its possibilities, only a proportion of each can have nerve enough to grasp the banner of a new truth and endurance to bear it along rugged and un trodden ways.

Then we must remember the substance of which life is made. We must consider what an overwhelming preponderance of the most persistent energies and most concentrated interests of a society must be absorbed between material cares and the solitude of the affections. It is obviously unreasonable to lose patience and quarrel with one's time because it is tardy in throwing off its institutions and beliefs and slow to achieve the transformation which is the problem in front of it. Men and women have to live. The task for most of us is hard enough to make us well pleased with even such imperfect shelter as we find in daily use and customs. To insist on a whole community being made at once to submit to the supremacy of new practices and ideas that have just begun to acclaim themselves to the most advanced speculative intelligence of life time. This, even If it were a possible process, would do much to make life impracticable and to hurry on social dissolution.

- 51. The overnight changes in social settings are not desirable because it will-
- a) retard the progress
- b) lead to social disintegration
- c) give vitality to social life
- d) make a society too narrow to survive
- e) None of these
- 52. The hard task according to author is to-
- (A) change the society
- (B) earn a living
- (C) change according to times
- a) Only A and C
- b) Only Band C
- c) Only A and B
- d) Only A
- e) Only C
- 53. The problems which is discussed in the passage reflects-
- a) realist attitude of the author
- b) the pessimistic views expressed by a group of people.
- c) a doctrinaire that explains the role of culture
- d) making good use of genuine lover of truth
- e) None of these
- 54. Which of the following best describes the phrase **apply his beliefs in the practical conduct of life** as used in the passage?
- a) To indoctrinate what he believes
- b) To denounce what he believes
- c) To preach what is practiced
- d) To practice what is preached
- e) None of these
- 55. According to author a generation which is heterogeneous, should be perceive as
- a) sum total of the parts of that subsystem
- b) a whole which is not a total of the parts
- c) fragmented group of people
- d) individual inter linkages connected through synergy
- e) None of these

- 56. According to the passage which of the following is true?
- a) Impatience of intellectuals with practical problems is the source of progress
- b) Day to day concerns dominates the life of most people
- c) Intellectuals are the leaders of social transformation
- d) Social change will be slow in the absence of effective leaders.
- e) None of these
- 57. According to passage from which of the following do the customs and traditions originate?
- a) Ignorance of events happening around
- b) Leadership prevailing in the contemporary society
- c) Social utility of the societal set up
- d) Conflicts of individuals living in society
- e) None of these
- (Q. 58-62): In each of the following questions, an idiomatic expression and its four possible meanings are given. Find out the correct meaning of idiomatic expression and mark the number of that meaning as your answer in the answer sheets. If you do not find any correct answer, mark e), i.e. None of these as your answer.
- 58. runs down
- a) squandering away
- b) amounts to
- c) incurring
- d) taking chance to meet
- e) None of these
- 59. stand over
- a) vindicate
- b) postpone
- c) enduring
- d) support
- e) None of these
- 60. knocked up
- a) get exhausted
- b) die in an accident
- c) wandered about
- d) sold at an auction
- e) None of these
- 61. make over
- a) prove
- b) decipher
- c) discover
- d) give in charity
- e) None of these
- 62. work on
- a) solve
- b) influence
- c) excite
- d) apply force to
- e) None of these

- (Q. 63-75): Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error the answer is e). (Ignore errors of punctuation it any.)
- 63. Selling peanuts a)/ on the road is b)/the only means of earning c)/ in respect of most of the people d). No error e)
- 64. Her talk was a)/ judged by many b)/ as one of the most important talks (3)/ given in the seminar d). No error e)
- 65. The boy who was guilty with a)/ having stolen the cell phoneb)/ came out c)/with the truth d). No error e)
- 66. She is the teacher a)/ whom I know b)/ has helped my son c)/ in the examination d). No error e)
- 67. You cannot demand a) all your articles b)/ unless you do not c)/ give advance notice d). No error e)
- 68. We insisted, but neither a)/ Lona nor her assistant b)/ are ready to c)/ work on Sunday d). No error e)
- 69. There is just not enough a)/ time in my unit to sit round b)/ talking about how we feel c)/ about each other d). No error e)
- 70. The act will be passed a)/ with a comfortable majority if all b)/ the partisans of c)/ her group favours it d). No error e)
- 71. Hardly had I a)/ entered the airport b)/ than I met c)/ my cousin Tilak d). No error e)
- 72. An anti terrorism cell is opened a)/ by the town police b)/ three months ago c)/ as a precautionary measure d). No error e)
- 73. The artist who was giving a)/ detailed description of b)/ the sculptures was d)/ speaking fluently French. No error e)
- 74. Martin would attempt a)/ to open the umbrella b)/ when her spectacles slipped off c)/ and fell down. d)No error e)
- 75. If you had not a)/ reached so quickly, b)/ we might well (3)/ have had a disaster d). No error e)
- (Q. 76-85): Which of the phrases a), b), c) and d) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in **bold** type to make the sentence grammatically correct. If the sentence is correct as it is, mark e) i.e. No correction required as the answer.
- 76. She had created problems even when she was on training while **she was still waiting** to take full charge of her duties.
- a) she has been waiting
- b) she had been still
- c) she would have still
- d) she has still to wait
- e) No correction required
- 77. The director insisted on his orders being carried out with the letter.
- a) for the letter
- b) to the letter
- c) by the letter
- d) into the letter
- e) No correction required
- 78. He admired the speed with which Koti completed the work and appreciating the method adopted by him.
- a) appreciate the method being adopted
- b) appreciated the method adopted

- c) appreciate the method of adoption
- d) appreciate the adopting method
- e) No correction required.
- 79. Unless I get some break I **should not be able** to do any more work.
- a) shall not be able
- b) should be unable
- c) shall not be unable
- d) should not be unable
- e) No correction required
- 80. Some people have a habit of wearing their heart on their sleeves.
- a) bearing their heart on their sleeves.
- b) wearing heart on their sleeves
- c) wearing their heart on sleeves
- d) bearing their heart on their sleeve
- e) No correction required
- 81. Your plea that you were thorough ignorant of the consequences cannot be accepted.
- a) had thorough ignorance
- b) were thoroughly ignorance
- c) had thoroughly ignorant
- d) were thoroughly ignorant
- e) No correction required
- 82. I had met him after the party where he had been given an inspiring speech.
- a) when he had
- b) where he would have
- c) in which he was given
- d) where he had
- e) No correction required
- 83. Because of scientific progress, we expect to live better than our parents have.
- a) should expect to live better than our parent
- b) expect to live as good as our parents live
- c) expect to live better than our parents did
- d) expected to live better than our parents
- e) No correction required
- 84. I cannot put up with that nasty fellow.
- a) put up
- b) put at
- c) put on with
- d) put up in
- e) No correction required
- 85. It is useless to run away from every danger, risks must not be taken.
- a) no risks must be
- b) any risk must be
- c) although risks must be
- d) some risks must be
- e) No correction required

- (Q. 86-90): In each question below, a sentence with four words printed in **bold** type is given. These -are numbered as a), b), c) and d). One of these four words may be either wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word that is wrongly spelt or inappropriate, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the four words are correctly spelt and also appropriate in the context of the sentence, mark e). i.e. All correct as your answer.
- 86. After several a) rounds of discussions b) the Manager accented c) to our proposal. d) All correct e)
- 87. The **indefatigable** a) zeal and **fearlessness** b) with which the youth worked **rejoiced** c) me beyond measure d) All correct.
- 88. He slipped a) away in the night b) and reached c) there in the morning d). All correct e)
- 89. He let the laugher a) wash away b) the tension c) and then held up her hand d). All correct e)
- 90. The author also advocated a) fresh vegetable b) and fruits c) as natural diet of aged peoples. d) All correct e)
- (Q. 91-100): In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

It is a pity that we do not have good books on insurance written by Indian authors (91) to the steady growth of literature on the subject in other countries specially, the U.S.A. whose insurance laws and (92) are very much similar to those of our country. And students studying in our colleges and the millions of insurance employees appearing for various insurance examinations have to depend (93) on books written by foreign authors. As these books mainly deal with the problems of insurance industry of foreign countries the (94) of the insurance scene in India and the various legal (95) and insurance procedures remains very weak. To (96) the insurance employees and the college students who have opted for (97) courses in insurance with different aspects of theory and practice of insurance we should have good and (98) textbooks. The -book under review written by V. M. R. Nair himself an experienced and (99) expert on insurance law based on leading Indian cases will be found very useful by students —of insurance sector as a (100) guide to the principles of insurance.

- 91.
- a) paving
- b) corresponding
- c) following
- b) corresponding
- e) correcting
- 92.
- a) process
- b) product
- c) notes
- d) currency
- e) procedures
- 93.
- a) slightly
- b) upon
- c) still
- d) at
- e) until
- 94.
- a) prove
- b) search

- c) application
- d) understanding
- e) acknowledge

# 95.

- a) law
- b) aspects
- c) experts
- d) books
- e) loop

#### 96.

- a) equip
- b) arm
- c) decorate
- d) promote
- e) load

#### 97.

- a) optional
- b) expensive
- c) tough
- d) deep
- e) specialized

#### 98.

- a) authentic
- b) voluminous
- c) many
- d) prompt
- e) shining

# 99.

- a) consulting
- b) qualified
- c) rich
- d) merchant
- e) tied

# 100.

- a) teamed
- b) powerful
- c) ready
- d) comprehensive
- e) prescribed

# **Quantitative Aptitude**

Directions (101 -105): What should come in place of the question mark(?) in the following questions?

101. 
$$\sqrt[3]{?}$$
 = (756 \* 67) ÷ 804

- a) 195112
- b) 250047

c) 226981

```
d) 274625
e) None of these
102.\ 0.3 + 3 + 3.33 + 3.3 + 3.03 + 333 = ?
a) 375.66
b) 345.99
c) 375.93
d) 355.96
e) None of these
103. (73425 - 33267 - 22418 - 17650) * \sqrt{11025} = ?
a) 10165
b) 9785
c) 8370
d) 9450
e) None of these
104. -76 X 33 + 221 =?
a) -2287
b) -19304
c) 2287
d) 19304
e) None of these
105. (34. 12)^2 - \sqrt{17396} = ?
a) 1080.1744
b) 1078.1474
c) 1078.714
d) 1080.1474
e) None of these
Directions (106-110): What should come in place of the question mark(?) in the following number series?
106. 15 25 40 130 ? 2560
a) 500
b) 520
c) 490
d) 480
e) None of these
107. 186 94 48 25 ? 7.75
a) 13.5
b) 14.8
c) 12.5
d) 14
e) None of these
108. 124 112 176 420 1488 ?
a) 3568
b) 7140
c) 5712
d) 6150
```

- e) None of these
- 109. 386 381 372 345 264 ?
- a) 23
- b) 25
- c) 43
- d) 24
- e) None of these
- 110. 286 285 302 ? 402 502
- a) 356
- b) 318
- c) 326
- d) 338
- e) None of these

Directions (111-120): Study the following table carefully and answer the question given below.

Annual Income of Various Individuals over the years (Income in Lac Rupees)

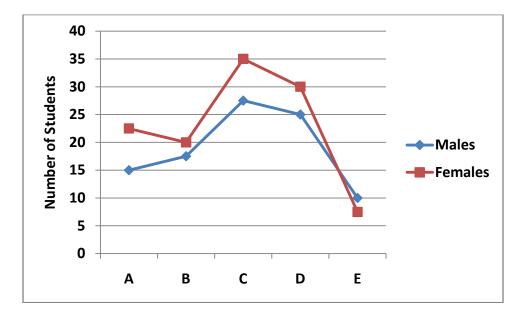
Years	Individuals						
•	Α	В	С	D	E	F	
2002	5.50	3.20	4.80	6.35	6.15	3.50	
2003	5.65	3.25	4.85	6.55	6.25	3.65	
2004	5.7	3.725	4.95	7.155	6.425	3.75	
2005	6.20	4.25	5.10	7.35	7.15	4.0	
2006	6.50	4.50	5.20	7.40	7.25	4.25	
2007	6.75	5.0	5.25	7.48	7.285	4.80	
2008	7.0	5.35	5.30	8.0	7.30	5.10	

- 111. What is the approximate average monthly income of A over the years?
- a) Rs. 44,762
- b) Rs. 48,384
- c) Rs. 53,216
- d) Rs. 51,245
- e) Rs. 42,102
- 112. What is the respective ratio of the annual income of B to that of C in the year 2005?
- a) 6:5
- b) 6:7
- c) 5: 6
- d) 7:6
- e) None of these
- 113. What is the difference between the total annual income of all the individuals in the year 2003 and total annual income of all the individuals in the year 2007?
- a) Rs. 7,36,500/-
- b) Rs. 6,45,400/-
- c) Rs. 6,36,500/-
- d) Rs. 7,43,300/-
- e) None of these
- 114. The annual income of E in the year 2004 is **approximately** what percent of the average annual income earned by E over the years?

a) 98
b) 86
c) 88
d) 94
e) 91
C) 51
115. What is the average annual income of F over the years?
a) Rs. 4,16,000/-
b) Rs. 4,25,000/-
c) Rs. 4,01,500/-
d) Rs. 4,15,500/-
e) None of these
116. Asha's monthly income is 60% of Deepak's monthly income 120% of Maya's monthly income. What is Maya's
monthly income if Deepak's monthly income is Rs. 78,000/-?
a) Rs. 39,000/-
b) Rs. 42,000/-
c) Rs. 36,900/-
d) Cannot be determined
e) None of these
117. The sum of 5 numbers is 924. The average of first two numbers is 201.5 and the average of last two numbers is 196.
What is the third number?
a) 132
b) 129
c) 132
d) Cannot be determined
e) None of these
118. In now many different ways can the letters of the word 'FINANCE' be arranged?
a) 5040
b) 2040
c) 2510
d) 4080
e) None of these
119. The profit earned after selling a wrist watch for Rs. 4,080/- is the same as loss incurred after selling the same wrist
watch for Rs. 3,650/ What is the cost price of the wrist watch?
a) Rs. 3, 785/-
b) Rs. 3, 800/-
c) Rs. 3,775/-
d) Rs. 3,865/-
e) None of these
120. If the numerator of a fraction is increased by 240% and the denominator of the traction is decreased by 50%, the
resultant fraction is $2\frac{5}{6}$ . What is the original fraction?
a) $\frac{1}{4}$ b) $\frac{2}{3}$ c) $\frac{5}{12}$ c) $\frac{4}{11}$
b) $\frac{\dot{2}}{}$
~', 3 , 5
c) <del>-</del> 12
c) $\frac{4}{10}$
e) None of these

Directions (121-125): Study the following table carefully and answer the question below it.

Number of students (Males & Females) passed out from various Colleges in a year. (Number in thousands)



- 121. What is the average number of students (Males & Females) passed out from all the colleges together?
- a) 38000
- b) 48000
- c) 42000
- d) 51000
- e) None of these
- 122. The number of Females passed out from college C is approximately what percent the total number of Females passed out from all the colleges together?
- a) 23
- b) 30
- c) 36
- d) 25
- e) 40
- 123. What is the difference between the total number of students passing out from college A and the total number of students passing out from college E?
- a) 20,500
- b) 21,000
- c) 10,500
- d) 10,000
- e) None of these
- 124. What is the respective ratio of the total number of Males of the total number of Females passed out from all the colleges together?
- a) 13:23
- b) 18:25
- c) 23:19
- d) 25:18
- e) None of these

e) None of these

125. The number of males passing out from colleges A and B together is what percent of the number of Females passing out from colleges C and D together?  a) 45 b) 40 c) 35 d) 50 e) None of these
Directions (126-130): What approximate value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value.)
126. 7428 ÷ 346 * 12 =? a) 256 b) 251 c) 258 d) 247 e) 266
127. 15.2% of 726 x 12.8% of 643 =? a) 9110 b) 9088 c) 9100 d) 9096 e) 9082
128. (36.14) <sup>2</sup> - (21.28) <sup>2</sup> =? a) 888 b) 853 c) 846 d) 871 e) 865
129. $\sqrt[3]{769} \times \sqrt{478} = ?$ a) 150 b)180 c) 190 d) 200 e) 196
130. 496 + 0.6 X 0.5=? a) 413 b) 595 c) 148 d) 1653 e) 498
131. 40% of 60% of $\frac{3}{5}$ th of a number is 504. What is 25% of 5th of that number?  a) 180 b) 175 c) 360 d) 350

- 132. The difference between a two digit number and the number obtained by interchanging the two digits of the number is 9. What is the difference between the two digits of the number?
- a) 3
- b) 2
- c) 1
- d) Cannot be determined
- e) None of these
- 133. In a class there are 32 boys and 28 girls. The average age of the boys in the class is 14 years and the average age of the girls in the class is 13 years. What is the average age of the whole class?
- a) 13.50
- b) 13.53
- c) 12.51
- d) 13.42
- e) None of these
- 134. In a test consisting of 80 questions carrying one mark each, Arpita answers 65% of the first 40 questions correctly What percent of the other 40 questions does she need to answer correctly to score 75% on the entire test?
- a) 60
- b) 80
- c) 75
- d) 40
- e) None of these
- 135. Manisha invests an amount of Rs. 39,300/- for 4 years at the rate of 4 p. c. p. a. What amount of approximate compound interest will she obtain at the end of 4 years?
- a) Rs. 6,675/-
- b) Rs. 6,650/-
- c) Rs. 6,288/-
- d) Rs. 6,356/-
- e) Rs. 6,450/-

Directions (136-140): Study the following table carefully and answer the questions given below it.

# Price per kilogram (in Rs.) at which 5 different Farmers sell 6 different products

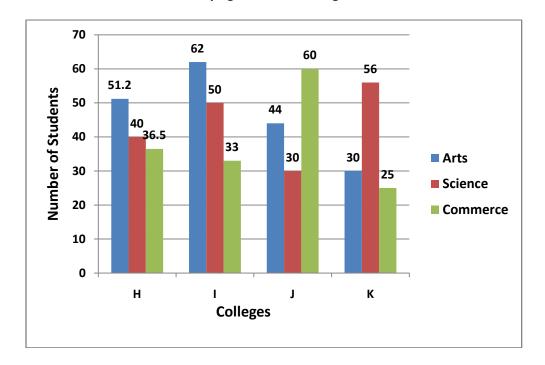
Products		Farmers					
_	Р	Q	R	S	Т		
Rice	20	15	20.5	24	22		
Wheat	18	16	15	15.5	20		
Jowar	16.5	15	18	20	15		
Bajra	15	14	14.5	13.5	12		
Maize	13	14	12.5	12	14.5		
Sugarcane	10	8	11.5	10.5	8		

- 136. What is the difference between the average price of per kg. of Maize sold by all the farmers and the average price of per kg. of Sugarcane sold by all the farmers?
- a) Rs. 3/-
- b) Rs. 4.5/-
- c) Rs. 4.2/-
- d) Rs. 3.6/-
- e) None of these

- 137. What is the respective ratio of the total price (per kg.) of all the products sold by Q to those sold by R?
- a) 41:43
- b) 43:48
- c) 43:46
- d) 41:48
- e) None of these
- 138. If farmer Q sells 14 kgs. of Wheat, 21 kgs. of Jowar and 30 kgs. of Sugarcane, what will be his total earning?
- a) Rs. 699/-
- b) Rs. 779/-
- c) Rs. 650/-
- d) 786/-
- e) None of these
- 139. If farmer P sells 50 kgs. of rice and farmers sells 60 kgs. of wheat, what is the difference in amount by either of the farmers in selling their products ?
- a) Rs. 70/-
- b) Rs. 65/-
- c) Rs. 80/-
- d) Rs. 85/-
- e) None of these
- 140. If each farmer sells 100 kgs. of Jowar and 50 kgs, of Bajra, which farmer will earn the most?
- a) F
- b) R
- c) S
- d) Q
- e) T

Directions (141-145): Study the following graph carefully and answer the questions given below it.

Number of Students studying in Various Colleges from Various Faculties



141. What is the difference between the total number of students studying in college H and those studying in college K?

d) Cannot be determined

e) None of these

a) 16100 b) 15800 c) 16300 d) 16700 e) None of these
142. What is the total number of students studying in all the colleges together? a) 520900 b) 520700 c) 610200 d) 510800 e) None of these
143. What is the respective ratio of the students from the faculty of Science from colleges H and I together not the students from the same faculty from colleges J and K together?  a) 43:45 b) 41:43 c) 45:43 d) 43:41 e) None of these
144. The number of students from the faculty of Science from college I are approximately what percent of the total number of students studying in that college?  a) 34  b) 37  c) 29  d) 31  e) 39
145. What is the average number of students from the faculty of Commerce from all the colleges together? a) 36825 b) 38655 c) 35625 d) 36585 e) None of these
146. 12 children can complete a piece of work in 21 days. Approximately, how many children will be required to complete the same piece of work in 15 days?  a) 24  b) 14  c) 22  d) 17  e) 20
147. Mangesh spends 17% of his monthly income in travelling. He spends 25% of his monthly income on household expenses and spends 36% of his monthly income on family's medical expenses. He has remaining amount of Rs. 10, 032/- as cash with him. What is Mangesh's annual income?  a) Rs. 5,50,300/- b) Rs. 5,36,500/- c) Rs. 5,47,200/-

148. The product of two consecutive even numbers is 3248. Which is the larger number? a) 58 b) 62 c) 56 d) 60 e) None of these
149. The average marks of 65 students in a class was calculated as 150. It was later realized that the marks of one of the students was calculated as 142, whereas his actual marks were 152. What are the actual average marks of the group of 65 students? (Rounded off to two digits after decimal) a) 151.25 b) 150.15 c) 151.10 d) 150.19 e) None of these
150. The sum of five consecutive odd numbers is 575. What is the sum of the next set of the consecutive odd numbers? a) 615 c) 595 b) 635 d) Cannot be determined e) None of these
Reasoning Ability
151. In a certain code DESPAIR is written as TFEQSJB. How is NUMERAL written in that code? a) OVNFMBS b) NVOFSBN c) NVOMFBS d) NVOFMBS e) None of these
152. If it is possible to make only one meaningful word with the first, second, sixth and tenth letters of the word DISCLAIMER which of the following will be the third letter from the left? If no such word can be made, give 'X' as your answer and if more than one such words can be made, given 'Y' as the answer a) I b) R c) D d) X e) Y
153. How many such digits are there in the number 27561493 each of which is as far away from the beginning of the number as when the digits are arranged in descending order within the number?  a) None b) One c) Two d) Three e) More than three
154. If 'yellow' is called 'red', 'red', is called 'blue', 'blue', is called 'white', 'white', is called 'black', 'black' is called 'green', and 'green' is called 'violet, what is the colour of clear sky?  a) Green  b) Violet

c) Yellow d) Red e) None of these
155. It was 9.35 a.m. in Rakhi's watch, which kept correct time, when Reena informed her that the last bus left the bus stop at 9.25 a.m. Reena's watch is 5 minutes fast. The frequency of the bus is every 20 minutes. For how long Rakhi must wait to catch the next bus?  a) 5 minutes  b) 10 minutes  c) 15 minutes  d) 25 minutes  e) None of these
156. Which of the following should come next in the given sequence of numbers? 2 4 3 2 4 3 1 2 4 3 1 2 2 4 3 1 2 3 2 4 3 1 2 3 a) 2 b) 3 c) 4 d) 5 e) None of these
157. How many meaningful English words can be formed with the letters EDOM using each letter only once in each Word?  a) None b) One c) Two d) Three e) More than three
158. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?  a) Nephew b) Cousin c) Mother d) Brother e) Sister
159. How many pairs of letters are there in the word SECURITY each of which has as many alphabets between them as there are in the English alphabetical series?  a) None b) One c) Two d) Three e) More than three
160. In a certain code STAR is written as 5\$*2 and TORE is written as \$32@. How is OATS written in that code? a) 3*5\$ b) 3*\$5 c) 3\$*5 d) 35*\$ e) None of these

Directions (161-165): In each of the questions below are given four statements followed by four conclusions numbered I, II, III and IV You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known for. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

#### 161.Statements:

Some doctors are lawyers. All teachers are lawyers. Some engineers are lawyers. All engineers are businessmen.

#### Conclusions:

- I. Some teachers are doctors.
- II. Some businessmen are lawyers.
- III. Some businessmen are teachers.
- IV. Some lawyers are teachers.
- a) None follows
- b) Only II follows
- c) Only III follows
- d) Only II and IV follow
- e) None of these

#### 162. Statements:

All plastics are glasses. Some sponges are glasses. All sponges are clothes. All clothes are liquids.

#### Conclusions:

- I. All liquids are sponges.
- II. Some plastics are clothes.
- III. All glasses are plastics.
- IV. All liquids are Clothes.
- a) None follows
- b) Only either II or IV follows
- c) Only IV follows
- d) Only III and IV follow
- e) None of these

#### 163. Statements:

All sands are beaches. All shores are beaches. Some beaches are trees. All trees are hotels.

#### Conclusions:

- I. Some shores are hotels.
- II. All beaches are shores.
- III. Some beaches are hotels.
- IV. Some sands are trees.
- a) None follows
- b) Only II follows
- c) Only either I or III follows
- d) Only IV follow
- e) None of these

#### 164. Statements:

All parrots are pigeons. Some crows are pigeons. Some sparrows are crows. All sparrows are koels.

#### Conclusions:

- I. Some koels are crows.
- II. Some parrots are crows.
- III. Some sparrows are pigeons.
- IV. No crow is a parrot.
- a) Only I follows
- b) Only III follows

b) EH

c) Only I and either II or IV follow d) Only either I or III follows e) None of these 165. Statements: All chairs are tables. All tables are cushions. Some cushions are trolleys. All trolleys are lamps. **Conclusions:** I. Some lamps are tables. II. Some trolleys are chairs. III. Some cushions are lamps. IV. All chairs are cushions. a) None I follows b) Only III and IV follow c) Only either I or II follows d) All follow e) None of these Directions (166-170): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions: A, B, C, D, E, F, G and Hare eight friends sitting around a circular table facing the centre. A sits second to the left of D who is third to the left of E. C sits third to the right of G who is not an immediate neighbour of E. H sits third to the right of B who sits second of the right of G 166. Who sits between D and C? a) Only B b) Only C and A c) Only G d) Only E e) Only G and E 167. Who sits second to the right of E? a) B b) F c) G d) C e) None of these 168. What is the position of A with respect to H? a) Third to the right b) Third to the right c) Second to the left d) Second to the right e) Fourth to the left 169. Four of the following five are alike based upon their seating arrangements and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group? a) GH b) FG c) DA d) BE e) GB 170. Which of the following pairs has the second person sitting to the immediate left of the first person? a) DB

'P- Q' means 'P is mother of Q'.

c) FA d) GO e) None of these
Directions (171-175): These questions are based on the following letter/number/symbol arrangement Study it carefully and answer the questions. 8 # B 2 © E K 7 % 5 A 1 \$ G D 9 4 U * C 6 H @ 1 3
171. How many such numbers are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a consonant and also followed by a symbol?  a) None b) One c) Two d) Three e) None of these
172. Which of the following should replace the question mark in the following series based on the above arrangement?  2EK %A1 G94 ?  a) *6H  b) UC6  c) *CH  d) *6@  e) None of these
173. Which of the following is the fifth to the left of seventeenth from the left end of the arrangement?  a) \$ b) G c) A d) D e) None of these
174. If all the numbers are deleted from the above arrangement, which of the following will be the twelfth from the right end?  a) %  b) K  c) *  d) C  e) None of these
175. How many such symbols are there, in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a number and also immediately followed by a letter?  a) None b) One c) Two d) Three e) None of these
Directions (176-180): Read the following information carefully and answer the questions, which follow: 'P + Q' means 'P is son of Q'. 'P x Q' means 'P is sister of Q'. 'P + Q' means 'P is brother of Q'.

- 176. How is T related to S in the expression 'T X R +  $V \div S$ ?
- a) Sister
- b) Mother
- c) Aunt
- d) Uncle
- e) None of these
- 177. How is T related to Sin the expression 'T X R + V S?
- a) Father
- b) Sister
- c) Daughter
- d) Aunt
- e) None of these
- 178. How is S related to T in the expression 'T X R V + S?
- a) Uncle
- b) Nephew
- c) Son
- d) Cannot be determined
- e) None of these
- 179. Which of the following means that 'S is the husband of T'?
- a)  $T \times R V + S$
- b)  $T R + V \times S$
- c)  $T R + V \div S$
- d)  $T \times R V + S$
- e) None of these
- 180. Which of earter T in the expression T + 'R + V X S'?
- a) India
- b) Nephew
- c) Niece
- d) Uncle
- e) None of these

Directions (181-185): Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II are given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and

Give answer a) if the data in Statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer b) if the data In Statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer c) if the data in Statement I alone or in Statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer d) if the data in both the Statements I and II are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer e) if the data in both the Statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question

- 181. How is A related to B?
- I. A is sister-in-law of C who is the daughter-in-law of B who is the wife of D.
- II. B is the mother of A's son's only uncle's son.
- 182. Amongst A, B, C, D, E and F each are having a different height, who is the shortest?
- I. C is shorter than only B.
- II. A is taller than only D and F.

- 183. Point X is in which direction with respect to Y?
- !. Point Z is at equal distance from point X and point Y.
- II. Walking 5 km. to the East of point X and taking two consecutive right turns after walking 5 kms. before each turn leads to point Y.
- 184. How is 'must' written in a code language?
- I. 'you must see' is written as 'la pa ni' and 'did' you see' is written as jo in pa' in that code language
- II. 'you did that' is written as 'pa is jo' in that code language'
- 185. On which day of the week does Arti's birthday fall?
- I. Sonu correctly remembers that Arti's birthday falls after Wednesday but before Sunday.
- II. Raj correctly remembers that Arti's birthday falls before Friday but after Tuesday.

Directions (186-190): : Below in each question are given tow statements I and II. These statements may be either independent causes or may be effects of independent causes or a common cause. One of these statements may be the effect of the other statement. Read both the statements and decide which of the following answer choice correctly depicts the relationship between these two statements.

Mark answer a) if statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect.

Mark answer b) if statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect.

Mark answer c) if both the statements I and II are independent causes.

Mark answer d) if both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes.

Mark answer e) if both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause.

#### 186.

- I. Computer education has been made compulsory for all the classes by many schools.
- II. The current job market prefers computer literate workforce.

#### 187.

- I. The stander of education in evening colleges of the State has been deteriorating.
- II. The standard of school education has been fast deteriorating in the State.

#### 188.

- I. All domestic airlines increased the fares in all sectors with immediate effect.
- II. Railways increased the fare of all its classes with immediate effect.

#### 189.

- I. The prices of fruits and vegetables fell substantially over the last few days.
- II. The prices of fruits and vegetables improved considerably over the last few days.

#### 190.

- I. The in after switched geo the nuvrhional contents of the soil.
- b) The in after switched over to cultivating rice instead of wheat.

Directions (191-195): In the following questions, the symbols#, \$, %, \* and@ are used with the following meaning as illustrated below.

- 'A # B' means 'A is not greater than B'.
- 'A \$ B' means 'A is neither smaller nor equal to B'.
- 'A % B' means 'A is neither smaller nor greater than B'.
- 'A \* B' means 'A is neither greater nor equal to B'.
- 'A @ B' means 'A is not smaller than B'.

Now in each of the following questions assuming the given statements 'to be true, find which of the two conclusions I and II given below them is/are definitely true and give your answer accordingly.

Mark answer a) if only conclusion I is true

Mark answer b) if only conclusion II is true.

Mark answer c) if either conclusion I or II is true.

Mark answer d) if neither conclusion I nor II is true.

Mark answer e) if both conclusions I and II are true.

#### 191. Statement:

A # B, B % C, C \* D

Conclusions:

I. C@A

II. A#D

#### 192. Statements

P \$ Q, Q @ S, S % R

Conclusions:

I. P@R

II. R \$ Q

#### 193. Statements

W \* X, X # Y, Y \$ Z

Conclusions:

I. W \* Z

II. W@Z

#### 194. Statements

G @ H, H \$ J, J % K

**Conclusions:** 

I. K\*G

II. J \* G

# 195. Statements

N @ M, M \$ P, P # T

Conclusions:

I. T#N

II. P\*N

Directions (196-200): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

A, B, C, D, E, F and G are seven friends studying seven different branches of engineering, namely Mechanical, Chemical, Electrical Electronics, Civil, Computers and Aeronautical Engineering, not necessarily in this order. Each of them studies in three different colleges, X, Y and Z. Not less than two study in any college. D studies Electrical engineering in College X. The one who studies Chemical Engineering does no study in college Z. F studies Aeronautical engineering in college Y with only B. A does no studies in college X and do not study Civil engineering. E studies Computer engineering and does not study in college X. G studies Electronic engineering but not in college X. None in college X studies Mechanical or Civil engineering.

196. Which of the following group represents the persons studying in college Z?

- a) DB
- b) C, E, G
- c) A, G
- d) G, E, A
- e) None of these

- 197. To which of the following colleges does C study?
- a) X
- b) Y
- c) Z
- d) Either X or Z
- e) Cannot be determined
- 198. Which of the following combinations is correct?
- a) A-Civil-Z
- b) B- Chemical-Y
- c) C- Chemical- Z
- d) G-Electronics- Y
- e) None of these
- 199. Four dies in which of the following branches of engineering?
- a) Chemical
- b) Mechanical
- c) Civil
- d) Cannot be determined
- e) None of these
- 200. The o
- a) drag and drop
- b) cut and paste
- c) D
- d) A
- e) None of these

				ANSWERS			
Q.1	Α	Q.19	В	Q.37	Α	Q.55	В
Q.2	D	Q.20	Α	Q.38	E	Q.56	E
Q.3	В	Q.21	C	Q.39	D	Q.57	C
Q.4	Ε	Q.22	Α	Q.40	D	Q.58	E
Q.5	В	Q.23	E	Q.41	C	Q.59	D
Q.6	Α	Q.24	Α	Q.42	E	Q.60	E
Q.7	D	Q.25	В	Q.43	C	Q.61	D
Q.8	D	Q.26	C	Q.44	C	Q.62	В
Q.9	D	Q.27	В	Q.45	E	Q.63	В
Q.10	Α	Q.28	C	Q.46	D	Q.64	В
Q.11	Α	Q.29	C	Q.47	C	Q.65	Α
Q.12	C	Q.30	D	Q.48	D	Q.66	В
Q.13	E	Q.31	C	Q.49	В	Q.67	С
Q.14	Ε	Q.32	В	Q.50	E	Q.68	C
Q.15	Α	Q.33	В	Q.51	В	Q.69	E
Q.16	D	Q.34	Α	Q.52	E	Q.70	D
Q.17	D	Q.35	Α	Q.53	Α	Q.71	С
Q.18	D	Q.36	В	Q.54	D	Q.12	Α

Q.73

D

Q.105

C

•		-		•		-	
Q.74	Α	Q.106	E	Q.138	В	Q.170	В
Q.75	C	Q.107	Α	Q.139	Α	Q.171	C
Q.76	E	Q.108	В	Q.140	C	Q.172	Α
Q.77	В	Q.109	Ε	Q.141	D	Q.173	Ε
Q.78	В	Q.110	D	Q.142	В	Q.174	В
Q.79	Α	Q.111	D	Q.143	C	Q.175	D
Q.80	E	Q.112	C	Q.144	Α	Q.176	Ε
Q.81	D	Q.113	С	Q.145	E	Q.177	В
Q.82	D	Q.114	D	Q.146	D	Q.178	D
Q.83	D	Q.115	Ε	Q.147	C	Q.179	C
Q.84	E	Q.116	Α	Q.148	Α	Q.180	C
Q.85	D	Q.117	В	Q.149	В	Q.181	С
Q.86	Α	Q.118	Ε	Q.150	E	Q.182	D
Q.87	Α	Q.119	D	Q.151	D	Q.183	В
Q.88	Α	Q.120	C	Q.152	Α	Q.184	Α
Q.89	Α	Q.121	C	Q.153	В	Q.185	Ε
Q.90	Α	Q.122	В	Q.154	E	Q.186	В
Q.91	В	Q.123	Ε	Q.155	Α	Q.187	Ε
Q.92	Ε	Q.124	Α	Q.156	C	Q.188	E
Q.93	C	Q.125	D	Q.157	C	Q.189	В
Q.94	C	Q.126	С	Q.158	C	Q.190	Α
Q.95	В	Q.127	Ε	Q.159	C	Q.191	Α
Q.96	Α	Q.128	В	Q.160	В	Q.192	D
Q.97	Α	Q.129	D	Q.161	D	Q.193	C
Q.98	Α	Q.130	Α	Q.162	Α	Q.194	Ε
Q.99	Α	Q.131	D	Q.163	Α	Q.195	В
Q.100	D	Q.132	С	Q.164	C	Q.196	D
Q.101	В	Q.133	В	Q.165	В	Q.197	Α
Q.102	Ε	Q.134	E	Q.166	Α	Q.198	E
Q.103	D	Q.135	Α	Q.167	В	Q.199	С
Q.104	Α	Q.136	D	Q.168	Α	Q.200	В

Q.137

Ε

Q.169

C