

sium Chlorides (KCl) etc. is imported from Iraq and Iran countries.

7. (A) 8. (A) 9. (D)
10. (E) In sorghum crop also known as **Camel crop**, stem borer/caterpillars insects feed on foliage and bore into stems, causing **Dead Heart** and makes tunnel stem and bore into ear head of sorghum.
11. (B)
12. (B) **CRIDA** (Central Research Institute of Dryland Agriculture) under **ICAR**-Indian Council of Agril. Research) is located at its Hq. Anantpur Santoshnagar, Hyderabad (Andhra Pradesh), looking the dryland research projects, running in different states/SAU's of the country like; DLA (ICAR) Project at R.B.S. College Bichpuri, Agra w.e.f., 1970.
13. (E) 14. (B) 15. (B) 16. (B) 17. (D)
18. (E) 19. (A) 20. (B) 21. (E)
22. (A) **RKVY** (Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana) announced on August 16, 2007, with allocated ? 25,000 crore for XI Five Year Plan to achieve 4% annual growth rate in agriculture sector.
23. (B) 24. (D) 25. (B) 26. (C) 27. (E)
28. (E) 29. (A) 30. (E) 31. (B) 32. (B)
33. (E) In milk of sheep, maximum nutrients (rank I) are found *viz.*, 7-9% fat, 5-23% protein, 4-81 % lactose and 19-29% total solids as compared to buffalo (second place)-7-38%, 3-6%, 5-48% and 17-24%, respectively.
34. (E) 35. (A) 36. (B) 37. (E) 38. (D)
39. (A) 40. (E)

Answers with Hints

1. (c)
2. (E) As per the Ministry of Agriculture (**MoA**), **Government of India** (GoI) Report 2008-09, Maharashtra state has developed a new system of irrigation in agriculture to irrigate crops *i.e.*, **drip or trickle** irrigation system that saves 25 to 40% irrigation water, commonly practiced in sugarcane, horticultural gardens, guava, litchi, mango trees cultivation, infact. It is a great success to irrigate large area by **drip** system.
3. (B) 4. (A) 5. (D)
6. (B) Infact, India has no source of potash fertilizers in the country. The entire quantity of K-fertilizers like-Muriate of Potash (MoP-60% of K₂Q) and Potas-