

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN-MUMBAI REGION	
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION 2025-26	
CLASS: VII	
SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE (087)	
Time: 02.30 Hours	Max Marks: 60

MARKING SCHEME FOR SAMPLE PAPER

Q.NO	ANSWER	MARKS
1	b) Rajasthan (□□□□□□□□)	
2	b) Himalayas / □□□□□□	
3	c) Afghanistan / □□□□□□□□□□□□	
4	b) Lakshadweep / □□□□□□□□	
5	c) Soil type / □□□□□□ □□ □□□□□□	
6	a) Rainfall amount / □□□□□ □□ □□□□□□	
7	a) Meteorological Department / □□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□	
8	c) Barometer — Air pressure / □□□□□□□□ — □□□□ □□□□	
9	b) Where people have set foot / □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□	
10	d) Chakravartin / □□□□□□□□□	
11	b) Chandragupta Maurya / □□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□	
12	c) To stop enemy entry during attacks / □□□□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□□ □□ □□□□□□ □□ □□□□□ □□ □□□	
13	c) Oligarchy / □□□□□□□□□	
14	c) The ruler's power is unlimited / □□□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □□	
15	c) Legislature (□□□□□□□□□)	
16	Rule by one person with total power.	
17	A group based on birth and occupation.	
18	Latitude and altitude.	
19	Weather changes daily, while climate is the average weather condition of a place over a long period (30+ years).	
20	Because it has different landforms, climates, languages and cultures.	
21	Fertile soil, iron ore and rivers for transport.	
22	The organization through which laws are made and implemented.	
23	These cities grew near fertile river valleys and trade routes. They had mud or brick houses, craft and trading quarters, and attracted merchants, craftsmen and priests. They were often surrounded by ramparts and moats for protection. OR Fortified cities protected people from invasions, stored wealth and symbolised power of rulers. They also controlled trade routes and served as administrative centres.	
24	After the Kalinga war Ashoka adopted the policy of Dhamma based on compassion, non-violence and respect for all religions. He sent officials called Dhamma-	

[illegible]