

HIGHER SECONDARY FIRST TERMINAL EXAMINATION - 2025

	Part - III	Max. Score	: 60
HSE II	MATHEMATICS	Time	: 2 Hrs
		Cool – Off Time	: 15 Mts

Answer any 6 questions from 1 to 8. Each carries 3 scores.

1. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a function. Define a relation R in X given by $R = \{(a, b) : f(a) = f(b)\}$
Examine whether R is an equivalence relation or not. [3]

2. Write the function in the simplest form $\tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}{x}$, $x \neq 0$ [3]

3. Find the value of x , y , and z from the equation: $\begin{bmatrix} x+y & 2 \\ 5+z & xy \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ [3]

4. (i) A square matrix A is said to be singular if $|A|$ is [1]
(A) zero (B) non zero (C) infinity (D) one

(ii) Find values of x if $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & x \\ x & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ [2]

5. Find the relationship between a and b so that the function f defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} ax + 1, & \text{if } x \leq 3 \\ bx + 3, & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases} \text{ is continuous at } x = 3$$

6. (i) Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined as $f(x) = 2x$. Choose the correct answer. [1]

- (A) f is one-one onto (B) f is many-one onto
(C) f is one-one but not onto (D) f is neither one-one nor onto

(ii) Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = \sin x$ and $g(x) = x^2$

Show that $f \circ g \neq g \circ f$ [2]

7. Prove $3 \sin^{-1} x = \sin^{-1}(3x - 4x^3)$, $x \in \left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right]$ [3]

8. Differentiate $(\log x)^{\sin x}$, $x > 0$ w.r.t. x . [3]

Answer any 6 questions from 9 to 16. Each carries 4 scores.

9. Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ satisfies the equation $A^2 - 4A + I = O$

Using this equation, find A^{-1} [4]

10. (i) A function f is said to be if it is both one – one and onto [1]
(ii) Let A and B be sets. Show that $f: A \times B \rightarrow B \times A$ such that $(a, b) = (b, a)$ is bijective function [3]
11. (i) $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]
(ii) Prove that $\sin^{-1}\frac{8}{17} + \sin^{-1}\frac{3}{5} = \tan^{-1}\frac{77}{36}$ [3]
12. (i) Find the principal value of $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$ [2]
(ii) $\sin^{-1}(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}) = 2\cos^{-1}x, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq x \leq 1$ [2]
13. If $F(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos x & -\sin x & 0 \\ \sin x & \cos x & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, show that $F(x)F(y) = F(x+y)$ [4]
14. (i) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ then show that $|2A| = 4|A|$ [2]
(ii) Using determinants, find equation of line joining $(3, 1)$ and $(9, 3)$ [2]
15. (i) Find all the points of discontinuity of f defined by $f(x) = |x| - |x+1|$ [1]
(ii) If $x = a \cos \theta, y = a \sin \theta$, where θ is the parameter, find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ [3]
16. (i) $\frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]
(ii) If $y = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right), -1 < x < 1$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ [3]
- Answer any 3 questions from 17 to 20. Each carries 6 scores.**
17. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ then verify that $A \text{ adj } A = |A| I$. Also find A^{-1}
- 18.(i) Construct a 2×2 matrix $A = [a_{ij}]$ where $a_{ij} = 2i + j$ [2]
(ii) Express A as the sum of a symmetric and skew symmetric matrices [4]
- 19.(i) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x^2y + xy^2 = 100$ [2]
(ii) If $y = (\tan^{-1} x)^2$, show that $(1+x^2)^2 y_2 + 2x(1+x^2)y_1 = 2$ [4]
- 20.(i) Find the number of all one-one functions from the set $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, n\}$ to itself. [1]
(ii) Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined as $f(x) = 5x + 3$.
Find the function $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ such that $g \circ f = f \circ g = 1_{\mathbb{R}}$. [5]

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