



**SECOND YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY  
SECOND TERMINAL EXAMINATION, DECEMBER-2025**

Part - III

Time : 2½ Hours

**SOCIOLOGY**

Cool-off time : 15 Minutes

Maximum : 80 scores

**General Instructions to Candidates :**

- There is a 'Cool-off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time.
- Use the 'Cool-off time' to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers.
- Read questions carefully before answering.
- Read the instructions carefully.
- Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer sheet itself.
- Malayalam version of the questions is also provided.

**വിദ്യാർത്ഥികൾക്കുള്ള പൊതുനിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ :**

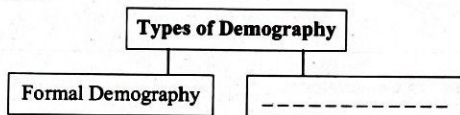
- നിർദ്ദിഷ്ട സമയത്തിന് പുറമെ 15 മിനിറ്റ് 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും.
- 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ പരിചയപ്പെടാനും ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ ആസൂത്രണം ചെയ്യാനും ഉപയോഗിക്കുക.
- ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മുമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.
- നിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ മുഴുവനും ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.
- കണക്ക് കൂട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഫുകൾ, എന്നിവ ഉത്തരപേപ്പറിൽ തന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കണം.
- ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.

## PART - A

Answer any 9 questions from 1 to 10. Each carries 1 score.

(9 × 1 = 9)

1. The process whereby individuals cut off from full involvement in wider society is called \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Who wrote the book 'The Wealth of Nations' ?
3. Name the sociologist who observed 'Sociology can help you to map the links and connections between personal troubles and social issues'.
4. Complete the chart :



5. The total number of live births in a particular area during a specific period is known as \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Identify the term used to refer to those castes which had a large population and were granted land rights by the land reforms effected after independence.  
(A) Westernisation (B) Tribe  
(C) Dominant caste (D) Sanskritisation
7. Political legal Institution claiming control over a territory is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Community (B) Group  
(C) State (D) Nation
8. Which city among the following declined due to Industrialisation during British Rule ?  
(A) Bombay (B) Madras  
(C) Masulipatnam (D) Calcutta
9. Who started first School for women in Pune ?  
(A) Raja Rammohan Roy (B) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan  
(C) Jyotiba Phule (D) Dayananda Saraswati

10. Name the Panchayats constituted in some states with authority to hear some petty civil and criminal cases.

(A) Van Panchayat (B) Nyaya Panchayat  
(C) Grama Panchayat (D) Block Panchayat

#### **PART – B**

**Answer all questions from 11 to 15. Each carries 2 scores.**

**(5 × 2 = 10)**

11. Define Industrialisation.
12. Write a short note on Secularisation.
13. What do you mean by demographic dividend ?
14. Describe Commonsense Knowledge.
15. What is Scientific Management ?

#### **PART – C**

**Answer any 3 questions from 16 to 19. Each carries 4 scores.**

**(3 × 4 = 12)**

16. Write any four reasons for declining sex ratio.
17. Describe any four core values of Indian Constitution.
18. List any four features of Caste.
19. What is circulation of Labour ?

#### **PART – D**

**Answer any 3 questions from 20 to 23. Each carries 5 scores.**

**(3 × 5 = 15)**

20. Define Untouchability. Briefly explain the dimensions of Untouchability.
21. Discuss the role of civil society in sustaining the Indian Democratic System with examples.

22. Match the following :

A	B
(1) Harry Braverman	Dominant Caste
(2) Dr. Dutta Samant	Scientific Management
(3) Jan Breman	Use of machines deskills workers
(4) F.W. Taylor	Bombay Textile Strike of 1982
(5) M.N. Sreenivas	Footloose labour

23. Explain the role of political parties and pressure groups in Indian Democratic Process.

**PART – E**

Answer any 3 questions from 24 to 27. Each carries 6 scores.

(3 × 6 = 18)

24. Explain Commodification with examples.

25. Regionalism and Communalism are the major challenges that India face. Discuss the statement.

26. Describe the powers and responsibilities of Grama Panchayat.

27. Differentiate organised and unorganised sector.

**PART – F**

Answer any 2 questions from 28 to 30. Each carries 8 scores.

(2 × 8 = 16)

28. (a) Colonialism destroyed the Handloom Industry in India: Do you agree with this statement. Substantiate your answer. (4)

(b) Explain Urbanisation and Industrialisation as the process of Structural Change. (4)

29. Sanskritisation and Westernisation are the two processes of cultural change put forward by M.N. Sreenivas.

(a) Compare Sanskritisation and Westernisation. (4)

(b) Critically evaluate the concept of Sanskritisation. (4)

30. 'Green Revolution was the government programme of Agricultural Modernisation'. Explain the social impact of Green Revolution on Indian Society.