SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT III - 2025-26 SSLC Model Question Paper Social Science

Std: X

Time: 2½ Hours

Max Score: 80

Instructions

- There is a 'Cool of time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time. Use this time to get familiar with question and to plan your answers
- Read the questions and instructions carefully before answering
- Answer the questions considering score and time.
- Some questions are given with choices. Answer any one question from the choices
- For answering the map question use the outline map of the world provided.

Answer all questions from 1 to 8. Each carries 1 score.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8)$

1. Select the suitable items from column B for the given in column A.

	A	В
Hot deserts	~6	a) Llanos grasslands are found.
		b) Receives an annual rainfall ranging
		from 50 cm to 70 cm
	c.S),,	c) Average annual temperature is 30°C
	0.0	d) Located mostly along the western
	. 650	margins of the continents

- **A.** a, c
- **B.** a, d
- **C.** c, d
- **D.** a, d
- 2. Who is related to the Gandhian plan which was an important one in the history of Inida's planning.
 - A. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - B. S.N. Agarwal
 - C. M.N. Roy
 - D. Mahatma Gandhi

3. Match the item given in column A with appropriate items from column B.

A	В
Renaissance painting	i) Landscapes
	ii) Portraits
	iii) Unrealistic depiction of human
	body
	iv) The use of oil paint.

- A. i, ii are right
- **B.** i, ii iii are right
- C. ii, iii and iv are right
- **D.** i, ii and iv are right
- 4. Under which one of the following situations does place 'B' record a higher diurnal range of temperature than place 'A'?
 - A. Both A and B are located at a high altitude above mean sea level
 - **B.** Both A and B are located far away from the sea.
 - C. Place A is located on the coast, and place B is located far away from the sea.
 - **D.** Place B is located on the coast, and place A is located far away from the sea.
- 5. Which of the following are not the characteristic features of the Chipko movement?
 - i. movement formed against the Sardar Sarovar project.
 - **ii.** opposed the felling of trees in large scale for industrial purposes in the Himalayan regions of Uttarakand.
 - iii. Stood for the conservation of biodiversity in rain forests
 - iv. form of struggle involving embracing trees.
 - A. i, ii
 - B. ii, iv
 - C. i, iii
 - D. iii, iv
- 6. Assertion (A): The Quit India Movement was the mass movement called by Gandhiji.

 $Reason\left(R\right): It was the Chauri Chaura incident that forced Gandhiji to start this movement.$

- **A.** (A) is true, (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- **B.** (A) is false, (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- C. (A) is false, (R) is true.
- **D.** Both (A) and (R) are false.

- From the details of the development report prepared by the World Bank on the basis of 7. Per Capita Income, choose the percapita income of the lower, middle, income group which includes India.
 - **A.** 4516 to 14005
 - **B.** 1146 to 4515
 - **C.** Below 1145
 - **D.** 1461 to 4155
- 8. Write whether the following statements are true or false.

Statement 1: Monsoon climatic region and Savanna climatic region belong to tropical ERI Kerala region.

Statement 2: Tundra and Taiga belong to frigid zone.

- **A.** Only 1 is true.
- **B.** Only 2 is true.
- **C.** Both 1 and 2 are true.
- **D.** Both 1 and 2 are false.

Answer the questions from 9 to 15 in two or more sentences. Each carries 2 score.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

- How did the trade progress of Italy lead to the Renaissance. 9.
- 10. Sociological imagination becomes a powerful tool, skill and approach that enriches social life. Analyse the statement.
- 11. Elucidate the importance of Hydrogen a non-conventional energy resource.
- 12. Elucidate actions that can be taken by the Governor, when the bills passed by the legislative assembly are submitted for the Governor's assent.
- Do human activities cause weathering? Substantiate your answer. What are these types of weathering called?
- 14. The struggle against Rowlatt act records to Mahatma Gandhi's growth as a national leader. Substantiate the statement.
- 15. Which type of resources does the primary health centre belong to? How do these resources differ from personal resources?

Answer the questions from 16 to 23 in three or more sentences. Each carries 3 score

 $(8 \times 3 = 24)$

16. A) Compare the ideas of diversity and pluralism.

OR

- **B**) Most of the villages and cities in the states of India are interdependent. Substantiate the statement.
- 17. Identify the climatic region that lies north of the Arctic circle. What are the salient features of this climatic region?

- 18. Analyse the role of Renaissance in making historiography scientific.
- 19. Money stimulates the economic activities of the production, distribution and consumption and strengthens of the economy by making the transactions faster. Explain how this works with an example.
- 20. A) How did the internal emergency of 1975 affect the Indian democracy? Analyse

OR

- **B)** Explain the changes brought about by the dalit movements in the Indian Social System.
- 21. What do you mean by Per Capita Income? How do Per Capita Income differ from Personal Income. As an indicator of economic growth what are the shortcomings of Per Capita Income?
- 22. Do you consider Lahore congress of 1929 a turning point in freedom movement in India? Elucidate.
- 23. Technological advancement have helped increase the quality of bank transactions. Evaluate the statement.

Answer the questions from 24 to 29 in four or more sentences. Each carries 4 score.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$

24. **A)** The extent to which the goals of consumer protection movements are adequate in providing protection to the consumers. Critically evaluate.

OR

- **B**) The Consumer Protection Act 2019 aims at empowering consumers and protecting their rights? Evaluate the statement in the light of current situation.
- 25. Identify the given geoinformation and mark them on the outline map of the world provided.
 - **A.** The climatic region with the highest producer of citrus fruits.
 - **B.** Largest hot desert in the Southern Hemisphere.
 - **C.** A climatic region in Asia where evergreen and tropical deciduous trees are more common.
 - **D.** Temperate grassland in Africa.
- 26. United Kerala has been able to present its own model of development to the world. Evaluate the statement.
- 27. **A)** Which exogenic movements are caused by the direct influence of gravity? How do they differ from erosion?

OR

- **B)** Name the giant destructive waves? How are they formed?
- 28. Compare the roles played by educational institutions and peer groups in the formation of public opinion.

29. **A)** Do you agree with the statement that the French revolution had decisively influenced the subsequent history of the world? Elucidate.

OR

B) Why did the Bourbon regime in France become an anti-people regime?

Answer the questions from 30 and 31 in detail. Each carries 5 score. $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

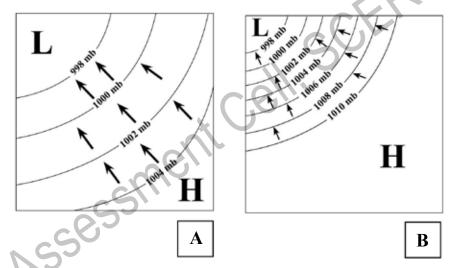
30. **A)** Explain how the non-cooperation movement differ from the early struggles in which Gandhiji intervened in India.

OR

- **B)** Why is the first world war considered as an imperialist war. Explain.
- 31. **A)** Which climatic region includes grasslands known as steppes? Mention the salient features of this climatic region. List the grasslands found in other part of the world.

OR

B) The following diagram represents the distribution of isobars at two different places. Analyse the diagram and answer the following questions.



- a. Explain how wind is related to atmospheric pressure?
- b. Which of these two places in diagram A and B has a low pressure gradient? Why?
- c. At which of these places speed of the wind is high? Why?