Class: 12

2.

3.

5.

6:

7.

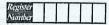
9.

10.

Choose the correct Answer:

(c) Profit made during the year

(a) Capital in the beginning of the year



(b) Capital at the end of the year

(d) Loss occurred during the year

20x1=20

## **COMMON HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION-2024-25**

	I LAKLI LAAMINAII	UN-2024-25
Time Allowed: 3.00 Hours	ACCOUNTANCY	[Max. Marks: 90

Opening statement of affairs is usually prepared to find out the

Opening balance of debto	rs: Rs. 30,000, cash recei	ved: Rs. 1.00.000, cred	dit sales: Rs. 90,000; closing
balance of debtors is	ton the second		Ar Asimir visiacin way
(a) Rs. 30,000	(b) Rs. 1,30,000	(c) Rs. 40,000	(d) Rs. 20,000
Income and expenditure a	occount is a		
(a) Nominal A/c		(b) Real A/c	
(c) Personal A/c		(d) Representative p	ersonal account
There are 500 members in	a club each paying Rs. 10		on. Subscription due but not
received for the current year	ar is Rs. 200; Subscription	received in advance is F	Rs. 300. Find out the amount
of subscription to be show	n in the income and exper	nditure account.	
(a) Rs. 50,000		(c) Rs. 49,900	(d) Rs. 49,800
As per the Indian Partners	hip Act, 1932, the rate of i	nterest allowed on loan	
(a) 8% per annum	(b) 12% per annum	(c) 5% per annum	(d) 6% per annum
Pick the odd one out		has been to secure in the	ar artista i de la come
(a) Partners share profits a	and losses equally		10.00
(b) Interest on partners' ca	pital is allowed at 7% per a	annum	
(c) No salary or remunerati	ion is allowed to partners	e mala dina di	and the profession
(d) Interest on loan from pa	artners is allowed at 6% pe	rannum.	
Which of the following is tru	ue?	Life and the second	Paragraph of the Paragr
(a) Super profit = Total prof	it / number of years	Action Sections	
(b) Super profit = Weighted	profit / number of years	1000	
(c) Super profit = Average p	orofit – Normal profit	The Art a Confi	Hala estre e procede de 40 g
(d) Super profit = Average p	orofit × Years of purchase	lareste la legione	
The total capitalised value	of a business is Rs. 1,0	0,000; assets are Rs.	1,50,000 and liabilities are
Rs. 80,000. The value of go			7.95
(a) Rs. 40,000	(b) Rs. 70,000	(c) Rs. 1,00,000	(d) Rs. 30,000
Revaluation A/c is a	1. 医乳腺性直接放射	ART PERM	Commence of Acceptable
(a) Real A/c	(b) Nominal A/c	(c) Personal A/c	(d) Impersonal A/c
Match List I with List II and	select the correct answer	using the codes given	below:
List I	List II	Codes:	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
(i) Sacrificing ratio	1. Investment fluctuation	on fund (a)	1 2 3 4
(ii) Old profit sharing ratio	2. Accumulated profit	(b)	3 2 4 1
(iii) Revaluation Account	3. Goodwill	(c)	4 3 2 1
(iv) Capital Account	4. Unrecorded liability	(d)	3 1 2 4
The Control of the Co			TPR/12 /Acc/1

11.	A was a partner in a partr	nership firm. He died on	31st March 2019	, The	illiai	arric		10.2	THE
	Rs. 25,000 which is not paid	I immediately. It will be to							
	(a) A's capital account		(b) A's current	accou	ınt				
	(c) A's Executor account		(d) A's Executo						
12	A, B and C are partners shar	ring profits in the ratio of	4:2:3. C retires. Th	e new	profi	tsha	ring I	atio	between
	A and B will be								
	(a) 4:3	(b) 3:4	(c) 2:1		(d)	1:2			
13	. After the forfeited shares are	reissued, the balance in	the forfeited share	sacc	ount s	houle	d be f	rans	ferred to
	(a) General reserve account		(b) Capital rese						
	(c) Securities premium acco	ount	(d) Surplus acc	ount	, and h				
14	Match the pair and identif	fy the correct option				(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	(1) Under subscription	- (i) Amount prepai	d for calls		(a)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
	(2) Over subscription	- (ii) Subscription ab	ove the offered sha	ares	(b)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
	(3) Calls in arrear	- (iii) Subscription be	low the offered sha	ires	(c)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
	(4) Calls in advance	- (iv) Amount unpaid	on calls		(d)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
15	. The term 'fund' refers to	iliye to as a year	i Palacet Had			4			
	(a) Current liabilities	(b) Working capital	(c) Fixed asset	s	(d)	Non-	curre	ent a	ssets
16	Expenses for a business f	or the first year were Rs	s. 80,000. In the s	econ	d yea	r, it	was	incre	eased to
	Rs. 88,000. What is the tren	nd percentage in the sec	ond year?					10	
	(a) 10 %	(b) 110 %	(c) 90 %		. (d)	11%			
17	. Match List I with List II and	select the correct answe	r using the codes	given	belov	v:		1. 1	
	List I	List II	Codes:	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	78.7	
	(i) Current ratio	1. Liquidity	(a)	1	4	3	2		
	(ii) Net profit ratio	2. Efficiency	(b)	3	2	4	1		
	(iii) Debt-equity ratio	3. Long term solver	icy (c)	4	3	2	1	er .	
	(iv) Inventory turnover ratio	4. Profitability	(d)	1	2	3	4		
18	3. Current liabilities Rs. 40,00	0; Current assets Rs. 1,0	00,000 ; Inventory	Rs. 2	0,000	. Qu	ick ra	atio i	s
1	(a) 1:1	(b) 2.5:1	(c) 2:1	0.46	(d)	1:2		-	
19	. Function key F11 is used for	or .	147.574.7095.3						
	(a) Company Features	(b) Accounting vouche	rs (c) Company C	onfig	uratio	n (d	d) No	one o	of these
20	). What are the predefined Le	edger(s) in Tally? (i) Ca	sh (ii) Profit &	Loss	A/c	(iii)	Capi	tal A	/c
	(a) Only (i)	(b) Only (ii)	(c) Both (i) and	(ii)	(d)	Both	(ii) a	ind (i	iii)
ti.	Answer any 7 questions.	Q.No. 30 is compulsory.							7x2=14
21	State the accounts genera	ally maintained by small	sized sole trade	r whe	n do	uble	entr	ace	counting
	system is not followed.	1.525 (1.56.)	The Salar Salar					4	
22	2. What is super profit?	residences to the bis	<b>不</b> 以前,1986年199	Sign i			No. of		10.75
23	3. What is sacrificing ratio?	4200	The state of			2.5			e i conjunt
24	Write a short note on secur	ities premium account.	graffic a second			To the second	1000	1	4

25. What is working capital?26. What is a group in Tally.ERP 9?

27. Show how the following items appear in the income and expenditure account of Sirkazhi Singers Association?

enter English and Allers Market and Allers Addition and the	
Stock of stationery on 1.4.2018	2,600
Purchase of stationery during the year	6,500
Stock of stationery on 31.3.2019	2,200

- 28. Mani is a partner, who withdrew Rs. 30,000 on 1st September, 2018. Interest on drawings is charged at 6% per annum. Calculate interest on drawings on 31st December, 2018 and show the journal entries by assuming that fluctuating capital method is followed.
- 29. Dheena, Surya and Janaki are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:3:2. On 31.3.2018, Dheena retired. On the date of retirement, the books of the firm showed a reserve fund of Rs. 50,000. Pass journal entry to transfer the reserve fund.
- Calculate quick ratio: Total current liabilities Rs. 2,40,000; Total current assets Rs. 4,50,000; Inventories Rs. 70,000; Prepaid expenses Rs. 20,000.
- III. Answer any 7 questions. Q.No. 40 is compulsory.

7x3=21

- 31. State the differences between fixed capital method and fluctuating capital method.
- 32. What are the journal entries to be passed on revaluation of assets and liabilities?
- 33. List out the adjustments made at the time of retirement of a partner in a partnership firm.
- 34. Mention the commonly used voucher types in Tally ERP 9.
- 35. From the following details find out total sales made during the year.

	₹
Debtors on 1st April 2018	50,000
Cash received from debtors during the year	1,50,000
Returns inward	15,000
Bad debts	5,000
Debtors on 31st March 2019	70,000
Cash sales	1,40,000
	1,70,0

36. How will the following items appear in the final accounts of Karaikudi sports club for the year ending 31st March, 2019?

P	articulars	₹
To	ournament fund on 1stApril 2018	90,000
To	ournament fund investment on 1st April 2018	90,000
In	iterest received on tournament fund investment	9,000
D	onation to tournament fund	10,000
To	ournament expenses	60,000

37. Find out the value of goodwill at three years purchase of weighted average profit of last four years.

Year	Profit ₹	Weight
2015	10,000	1
.2016	12,000	2
2017	16,000	3
2018	18,000	4

- 38. Goutham Ltd. forfeited 500 equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued at par held by Ragav for nonpayment of the final call of Rs. 2 per share. The shares were forfeited and reissued to Madhan at Rs. 8 per share. Show the journal entries for forfeiture and reissue.
- 39. From the following particulars, prepare comparative income statement of Barani Ltd.

Particulars	2016-17	2017-18
Revenue from operations	30,000	45,000
Other income	4,000	6,000
Expenses	10,000	15,000
Income tax	30%	30%

40. Following is the balance sheet of Lakshmi Ltd. as on 31st March, 2019:

Particulars	₹
I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	
1. Shareholders' funds	
Equity share capital	4,00,000
2. Non-current liabilities	2,00,000
Long term borrowings	
3. Current liabilities	as gaves to be a
(a) Short-term borrowings	50,000
(b) Trade payables	3,10,000
(c) Other current liabilities	The State of the State of
Expenses payable	15,000
(d) Short-term provisions	25,000
Total YouTube/ Akwa Academy	10,00,000
II ASSETS	
1. Non-current assets	
(a) Fixed assets	4,00,000
Tangible assets	4 Policy Transport Transport
2. Current assets	
(a) Inventories	1,60,000
(b) Trade debtors	3,20,000
(c) Cash and cash equivalents	80,000
(d) Other current assets	30,000
HTM TEN 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
Prepaid expenses	40,000
Total	10,00,000

Calculate: (i) Current ratio

(ii) Quick ratio

## IV. Answer all the questions.

41. (a) From the following particulars calculate total purchases.

Particulars	. ₹
Sundry creditors on 1st April, 2017	75,000
Bills payable on 1st April, 2017	60,000
Paid cash to creditors	3,70,000
Paid for bills payable	1,00,000
Purchases returns	15,000
Cash purchases	3,20,000
Creditors on 31st March, 2018	50,000
Bills payable on 31st March, 2018	80,000

(OR)

- (b) Prabu, Ragu and Siva are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2:1. Prabu retires from partnership on 1st April 2017. The following adjustments are to be made:
  - (i) Increase the value of building by Rs 12,000
  - (ii) Reduce the value of furniture by Rs 8,500
  - (iii) A provision would also be made for outstanding salary for Rs 6,500. Give journal entries and prepare revaluation account.
- 42. a) Raju does not keep proper books of accounts. Following details are taken from his records.

Particulars	1.1.2018 ₹	31.12.2018 ₹
Cash at bank	80,000	90,000
Stock of goods	1,80,000	1,40,000
Debtors	90,000	2,00,000
Sundry creditors	1,30,000	1,95,000
Bank Loan	60,000	60,000
Bills payable	80,000	45,000
Plant and machinery	1,70,000	1,70,000

During the year he introduced further capital of Rs 50,000 and withdrew Rs 2,500 per month from the business for his personal use. Prepare statement of profit or loss with the above information.

(OR)

- (b) Progress Ltd. issued 50,000 ordinary shares of Rs 10 each, payable Rs 2 on application, Rs 4 on allotment, Rs 2 on first call and Rs 2 on final call. All the shares are subscribed and amount was duly received. Pass journal entries.
- (a) From the information given below, prepare Receipts and Payments account of Coimbatore Cricket Club for the year ending 31st March, 2019.

TPR/12/Acc/5

Particulars	₹	7	Particulars	₹
Bank overdraft (1.4.2018) Cash in hand (1.4.2018) Wages paid for ground maintenance Subscription received: Previous year Current year Subsequent year Wages yet to be paid Interest on loan paid	500 9,600 400	6,000 1,000 2,000 10,500 2,200 2,000	Particulars  Honorarium paid  Water and electricity charges  Match expenses Sports material purchased  Match fund receipts Legacies received Cash balance (31.03.2019) Donation received for pavilion	2,800 700 2,600 1,900 5,200 2,000 300 2,000

(OR)

- (b) Viswanath Furniture Ltd. invited applications for 20,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 2 per share payable.
  - Rs. 2 on application
  - Rs. 5 (including premium) on allotment
  - Rs. 5 on first and final call

There was over subscription and applications were received for 30,000 shares and the excess applications were rejected by the directors. All the money due were received. Pass the journal entries.

44. (a) From the following receipts and payment account, prepare income and expenditure account of Kumbakonam Basket Ball Association for the year ended 31st March, 2018.

	COLUMN THE PARTY OF	Payments	₹	₹	
., ₹.,,,		By Rent of ground paid		12,000	
23,000				5,000	
12,000	35,000	By Bank charges		1,000	
	6,000	THE RESERVE TO SERVED A PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		2,000	
	9,000			16,000	
	7,000	By Audit fees		3,000	
	2,000	By Sports materials purchased		4,000	
10.04 (2)				4,000	
P(2.1.2).		THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	2 000		
	100	Cash at bank		16,000	
10.	59,000		11,000	59,000	
	21-4-17	12,000 35,000 6,000 9,000 7,000 2,000	23,000   By Printing charges	23,000         By Printing charges           12,000         35,000           By Bank charges         6,000           By Insurance for building         9,000           By Tournament expenses         7,000           By Audit fees         2,000           By Sports materials purchased         By Balance c/d           Cash in hand         2,000           Cash at bank         14,000	

(OR)

<sup>(</sup>b) From the following particulars, prepare comparative statement of financial position of Muthu Ltd.

	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2018	
Particulars	The second second		
I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' Fund	4,00,000	4,40,000	
Non-current liabilities	1,50,000	1,65,000	
Current liabilities	75,000	82,500	
Total	6,25,000	6,87,500	
II ASSETS			
Non-current assets	5,00,000	6,00,000	
Current assets	1,25,000	87,500	
Total	6,25,000	6,87,500	

- (a) Dinesh and Sugumar entered into a partnership agreement on 1st January 2018, Dinesh contributing Rs. 1,50,000 and Sugumar Rs. 1,20,000 as capital. The agreement provided that:
  - (a) Profits and losses to be shared in the ratio 2:1 as between Dinesh and Sugumar.
  - (b) Partners to be entitled to interest on capital @ 4% p.a.
  - (c) Interest on drawings to be charged Dinesh: Rs. 3,600 and Sugumar: Rs. 2,200
  - (d) Dinesh to receive a salary of Rs. 60,000 for the year, and
  - (e) Sugumar to receive a commission of Rs. 80,000

During the year ended on 31st December 2018, the firm made a profit of Rs. 2,20,000 before adjustment of interest, salary and commission.

(OR)

Prepare the Profit and loss appropriation account.

(b) Prepare common-size statement of financial position for the following particulars of Rani Ltd.

Particulars	31st March, 2016	31st March, 2017	
	7 market	₹	
I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' Fund	5,40,000	6,00,000	
Non-current liabilities	2,70,000	2,50,000	
Current liabilities	90,000	1,50,000	
Total	9,00,000	10,00,000	
II ASSETS			
Non-current assets	7,20,000	8,00,000	
Current assets	1,80,000	2,00,000	
Total	9,00,000	10,00,000	

- 46. (a) The following particulars are available in respect of the business carried on by a partnership firm:
  - (i) Profits earned: 2016: Rs. 25,000; 2017: Rs. 23,000 and 2018: Rs. 26,000.
  - (ii) Profit of 2016 includes a non-recurring income of Rs. 2,500.
  - (iii) Profit of 2017 is reduced by Rs. 3,500 due to stock destroyed by fire.
  - (iv) The stock was not insured. But, it is decided to insure the stock in future. The insurance premium is estimated to be Rs. 250 per annum.

You are required to calculate the value of goodwill of the firm on the basis of 2 years purchase of average profits of the last three years. (OR)

TPR/12/Acc/7

## (b) From the following Balance Sheet of Arunan Ltd. as on 31.03.2019 calculate

(i) Debt-equity ratio (ii) Proprietary ratio and (iii) Capital gearing ratio.

Balance Sheet of Arunan Ltd. as on 31.03.2019

Particulars	. ₹
I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	
1. Shareholders' funds	in the Profession of the
(a) Share capital	Lineau Prieste College
Equity share capital	1,50,000
8% Preference share capital	2,00,000
(b) Reserves and surplus	1,50,000
2. Non current liabilities	
Long term borrowings (9% Debentures)	4,00,000
3. Current liabilities	
Short-term borrowings from banks	25,000
Trade payables	75,000
Total	10,00,000
II ASSETS	16 2 5 to 16 to 1 to 2
1. Non-current assets	ski umerica
Fixed assets	7,50,000
2. Current assets	
(a) Inventories	1,20,000
(b) Trade receivables	1,00,000
(c) Cash and cash equivalents	27,500
(d) Other current assets	year of the second
Expenses paid in advance	2,500
Total	10.00.000

47. (a) Amal and Vimal are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 7:5. Their balance sheet as on 31st March, 2019, is as follows:

Liabilities	₹	or was the	Assets	₹
Capital accounts:			Land	80,000
Amal,	70,000		Furniturè	20,000
Vimal	50,000	1,20,000	Stock	25,000
Sundry creditors		30,000	Debtors	30,000
Profit and loss A/c	120 miles	24,000	Bank	19,000
et ains to 1 204 - Those		1,74,000	ta e estado por estado estado estado. E en construir de la compansión de la comp	1,74,000

Nirmal is admitted as a new partner on 1.4.2018 by Introducing a capital of Rs. 30,000 for 1/3 share in the future profit subject to the following adjustments.

- (a) Stock to be depreciated by Rs.5,000 (b) Provision
- (b) Provision for doubtful debts to be created for Rs.3,000
- (c) Land to be appreciated by Rs. 20,000

Prepare revaluation account and capital account of partners after admission. (OR)

(b) Explain any five applications of computerised accounting system.

TPR/12/Acc/8