

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA BHU CAMPUS VARANASI UP

MONTHLY TEST(SEPT) / CLASS -11

SUBJECT-GEOGRAPHY

M.M. 40

TIME 1:30 HRS

All the Questions are Compulsory.

Section A carries 1 Marks each.

Section B carries 3 Marks each.

Section C carries 5 Marks each.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION

1.Which of the following is not erosional landform made by glaciers?

- (a) Horn (b) Cirque
- (c) Drumlins (d) Hanging valley

2.Loop like channel pattern called meanders develop over _____?

- (a) Valley sides (b) Flood plain & valley sides
- (c) Deerta plain (d) Delta and flood plain

3.Which of the following landforms is not formed by deposition?

- (a) Water fall (b) Delta
- (c) Ox-bow (d) Flood plains

4.Which of the the following river does not rise in the Himalayas?

- (a) Ghaghra (b) Kosi
- (c) Chambal (d) Ganga

5.Which of the following is not associated with river Godavari?

- (a) The largest peninsular river system
- (b) It is called the Dakshin Ganga
- (c) Discharges its water into the Bay of Bengal
- (d) It does not form the delta

6.Which is not associated with the characteristics of peninsula rivers?

- (a) These are perennial (b) These are non-perennial
- (c) Follow fixed course (d) Absence of meanders

7.Which of the following is not erosional landform made by glaciers?

- (a) Horn (b) Cirque
- (c) Drumlins (d) Hanging valley

8.What are different type of moraines?

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION

9. Arrange in correct sequence.

Column I (River) with Column II (Origin)

I. River Ganga 1. Mapchachungmo glacier

II. River Brahmaputra 2. Nasik

III. River Godavari 3. Gangotri Glacier

IV. River Ghaghara 4. Chemayungdung Glacier

(a) I-3, II-4, III-2, IV-1 (b) II-2, III-3, IV-1, I-4

(c) IV-3, III-2, II-1, I-4 (d) III-1, II-4, I-3, IV-2

10. Which are the important Drainage pattern. write name.

11. What are different type of moraines?

12. How do waterfall and rapids form?

13. Why are the rivers of India polluted? Write any three reasons.

SECTION C: LONG TYPE QUESTION

14. Match column A with column B.

Column A	Column B
I. Panjnad	a. The largest river system of Rajasthan
II. Pir Panjal	b. Major tributaries of river Krishna
III. Satopanth	c. Important rivers of Goa
IV. Yamunotri	d. The name given to the five rivers of Punjab
V. River Damodar	e. A mountain range
VI. Koyna, Tungbhadra, Bhima	f. A glacier source of Alaknanda
VII. Luni	g. Sorrow of Bengal
VIII. Mandovi and Juari	h. A glacier source of river Yamuna

15. Make a comparative study between the Himalayan and Peninsular rivers.

16. Elucidate the different types of sand dunes formed in Deserts.

17. Show the following rivers in an outline political map of India given below.

1. Indus river
2. Satluj river
3. River Ganga
4. River Brahmaputra
5. River Damodar
6. River Mahanadi
7. River Luni
8. River Narmada
9. River Tapi
10. River Godavari
11. River Krishna
12. River Kaveri