## **HIGHER SECONDARY FIRST TERMINAL EXAMINATION - 2025**

Part - III Max. Score : 60 **MATHEMATICS** HSE II Time : 2 Hrs Cool – Off Time: 15 Mts Answer any 6 questions from 1 to 8. Each carries 3 scores. 1.(i) Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ . Then number of equivalence relations containing (1, 2) is (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 [1] (ii) Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  and  $g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(x) = \cos x$  and  $g(x) = 2x^3$ Show that fog  $\neq$  gof [2] 2. (i) If A and B are symmetric matrices, then AB – BA is ..... matrix [1] (ii) Find X, if  $Y = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $2X + Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ [2] 3. (i) A system of linear equations is said to be ....., if it has solution. [1] (ii) Find values of x if  $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2x & 4 \\ 6 & r \end{vmatrix}$ [2] 4. Check whether the relation R defined in the set  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  as  $R = \{(a, b): b = a + 1\}$  is reflexive, symmetric or transitive. [3] 5. Write the function in the simplest form :  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}\right)$ , |x| < a[3] 6. If  $x = a(\theta + \sin\theta)$ ,  $y = a(1 - \cos\theta)$  where  $\theta$  is the parameter, find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ [3] 7. Prove  $3\cos^{-1} x = \cos^{-1}(4x^3 - 3x)$ ,  $x \in \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1\right]$ [3] 8. If  $y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3x-x^3}{1-3x^2}\right)$ ,  $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ , find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ [3] Answer any 6 questions from 9 to 16. Each carries 4 scores. 9. Show that each of the relation R in the set  $A = \{x \in Z : 0 \le x \le 12\}$ , given by  $R = \{(a, b) : |a - b| \text{ is a multiple of 4 is an equivalence relation.} \}$ [3]

**(1)** 

[1]

P.T.O

Find the set of all elements related to 1 in each case.

10. Show that the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  satisfies the equation  $A^2 - 5A + 7I = O$ 

Using this equation, find 
$$A^{-1}$$
 [4]

11. If 
$$x = \sqrt{a^{\sin^{-1} t}}$$
,  $y = \sqrt{a^{\cos^{-1} t}}$  show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y}{x}$  [4]

12. (i) Find the value of 
$$\cos^{-1}\left(\cos\frac{13\pi}{6}\right)$$
 [2]

(ii) 
$$\sin^{-1}(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}) = 2\sin^{-1}x, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \le x \le \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 [2]

13. Find the value of a, b, c, and d from the equation:  $\begin{bmatrix} a-b & 2a+c \\ 2a-b & 3c+d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 13 \end{bmatrix} [4]$ 

14. (i) If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then show that  $|2A| = 4 |A|$  [2]

(ii) Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are 
$$(3, 8)$$
,  $(-4, 2)$  and  $(5, 1)$ 

15. Find the values of a and b such that the function defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 5, & \text{if } x \le 2\\ ax + b, & \text{if } 2 < x < 10 \text{ is a continuous function} \\ 21, & \text{if } x \ge 10 \end{cases}$$
 [4]

16. (i) 
$$\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\frac{5\pi}{6}\right) = \dots$$
 [1]

(ii) Prove that 
$$\sin^{-1}\frac{8}{17} + \sin^{-1}\frac{3}{5} = \tan^{-1}\frac{77}{36}$$
 [3]

## Answer any 3 questions from 17 to 20. Each carries 6 scores.

17.(i) Construct a 2 X 2 matrix 
$$A = [a_{ij}]$$
 where  $a_{ij} = i - 2j$  [2]

(ii) Prove that for any square matrix A with real number entries, A + A' is

a symmetric matrix and 
$$A - A'$$
 is a skew symmetric matrix. [4]

18.(i) If 
$$e^y(x+1) = 1$$
, show that  $y_2 = (y_1)^2$  [3]

(ii) Find 
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 if  $x^3 + x^2y + xy^2 + y^3 = 81$  [3]

19.(i) Find the number of all one-one functions from the set  $\{1, 2, 3, ..., n\}$  to itself. [1]

(ii) Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be defined as f(x) = 10x + 4.

Find the function 
$$g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$$
 such that  $g \circ f = f \circ g = 1_{\mathbb{R}}$ . [5]

20. Solve the following system of equations by matrix method.

$$3x - 2y + 3z = 8$$
;  $2x + y - z = 1$ ;  $4x - 3y + 2z = 4$  [6]

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