

# HIGHER SECONDARY FIRST TERMINAL EXAMINATION - 2025

	Part - III	Max. Score	: 60
HSE II	MATHEMATICS	Time	: 2 Hrs
		Cool – Off Time	: 15 Mts

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## **Answer any 6 questions from 1 to 8. Each carries 3 scores.**

1. Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a function. Define a relation  $R$  in  $X$  given by  $R = \{(a, b) : f(a) = f(b)\}$   
Examine whether  $R$  is an equivalence relation or not. [3]
2. Write the function in the simplest form  $\tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}{x}$ ,  $x \neq 0$  [3]
3. Find the value of  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$  from the equation:  $\begin{bmatrix} x+y & 2 \\ 5+z & xy \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$  [3]
4. (i) A square matrix  $A$  is said to be singular if  $|A|$  is [1]  
(A) zero (B) non zero (C) infinity (D) one  
(ii) Find values of  $x$  if  $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & x \\ x & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$  [2]
5. Find the relationship between  $a$  and  $b$  so that the function  $f$  defined by  
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} ax + 1, & \text{if } x \leq 3 \\ bx + 3, & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$
 is continuous at  $x = 3$
6. (i) Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined as  $f(x) = 2x$ . Choose the correct answer. [1]  
(A)  $f$  is one-one onto (B)  $f$  is many-one onto  
(C)  $f$  is one-one but not onto (D)  $f$  is neither one-one nor onto  
(ii) Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(x) = \sin x$  and  $g(x) = x^2$   
Show that  $f \circ g \neq g \circ f$  [2]
7. Prove  $3 \sin^{-1} x = \sin^{-1}(3x - 4x^3)$ ,  $x \in \left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right]$  [3]
8. Differentiate  $(\log x)^{\sin x}$ ,  $x > 0$  w.r.t.  $x$ . [3]

## **Answer any 6 questions from 9 to 16. Each carries 4 scores.**

9. Show that the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  satisfies the equation  $A^2 - 4A + I = O$   
Using this equation, find  $A^{-1}$  [4]

10. (i) A function  $f$  is said to be ..... if it is both one – one and onto [1]  
(ii) Let  $A$  and  $B$  be sets. Show that  $f: A \times B \rightarrow B \times A$  such that  $(a, b) = (b, a)$  is bijective function [3]
11. (i)  $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$  [1]  
(ii) Prove that  $\sin^{-1}\frac{8}{17} + \sin^{-1}\frac{3}{5} = \tan^{-1}\frac{77}{36}$  [3]
12. (i) Find the principal value of  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$  [2]  
(ii)  $\sin^{-1}(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}) = 2\cos^{-1}x, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq x \leq 1$  [2]
13. If  $F(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos x & -\sin x & 0 \\ \sin x & \cos x & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , show that  $F(x)F(y) = F(x+y)$  [4]
14. (i) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  then show that  $|2A| = 4|A|$  [2]  
(ii) Using determinants, find equation of line joining  $(3, 1)$  and  $(9, 3)$  [2]
15. (i) Find all the points of discontinuity of  $f$  defined by  $f(x) = |x| - |x+1|$  [1]  
(ii) If  $x = a \cos \theta, y = a \sin \theta$ , where  $\theta$  is the parameter, find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  [3]
16. (i)  $\frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = \dots\dots\dots$  [1]  
(ii) If  $y = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right), -1 < x < 1$ , find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  [3]
- Answer any 3 questions from 17 to 20. Each carries 6 scores.**
17. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  then verify that  $A \text{ adj } A = |A| I$ . Also find  $A^{-1}$
- 18.(i) Construct a  $2 \times 2$  matrix  $A = [a_{ij}]$  where  $a_{ij} = 2i + j$  [2]  
(ii) Express  $A$  as the sum of a symmetric and skew symmetric matrices [4]
- 19.(i) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if  $x^2y + xy^2 = 100$  [2]  
(ii) If  $y = (\tan^{-1} x)^2$ , show that  $(1+x^2)^2 y_2 + 2x(1+x^2)y_1 = 2$  [4]
- 20.(i) Find the number of all one-one functions from the set  $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, n\}$  to itself. [1]  
(ii) Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined as  $f(x) = 5x + 3$ .  
Find the function  $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $g \circ f = f \circ g = 1_{\mathbb{R}}$ . [5]

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