# CCE RF/RR/PF/PR



ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಶಾಲಾ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮೌಲ್ಯ ನಿರ್ಣಯ ಮಂಡಲಿ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು - 560 003

KARNATAKA SCHOOL EXAMINATION AND ASSESSMENT BOARD, MALLESHWARAM, BENGALURU – 560 003

ಮಾರ್ಚ್ / ಏಪ್ರಿಲ್ 2025 ರ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ - 1

MARCH/APRIL 2025 EXAMINATION - 1

ಮಾದರಿ ಉತ್ತರಗಳು

# **MODEL ANSWERS**

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 83-E

CODE NO. : 83-E

[ ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80

[ Max. Marks : 80

ವಿಷಯ : ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ

**Subject : SCIENCE** 

(ಭೌತ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ, ರಸಾಯನ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀವ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ / Physics, Chemistry & Biology )

(ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಶಾಲಾ ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಖಾಸಗಿ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಖಾಸಗಿ ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ )

(Regular Fresh / Regular Repeater / Private Fresh / Private Repeater )

(ಭೌತ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ / Physics )

( ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ / English Medium )

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 02. 04. 2025 ]

Date: 02.04.2025]

PART – A ( Physics )

Qn. Nos.	Value Points			Total	
I.	Mu	ltiple choice quest	ions	: 3 × 1 = 3	
1.	Con	vex mirrors are use	ed in		
	(A)	torches	(B)	rear view mirrors of vehicles	
	(C)	search-lights	(D)	shaving mirrors	
	Ans	.:			
	(B)	rear view mirrors	in vel	nicles	1
		CCE RF/RR/PF/I	PR(A)	/101/1837 (MA)-PHY [ Tu	ırn over

83-E (PHY)

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total			
2.	The sun is visible to us about two minutes before the actual sunrise and about two minutes even after the actual sunset because of atmospheric				
	(A) refraction of light (B) reflection of light				
	(C) scattering of light (D) dispersion of light				
	Ans. :				
	(A) refraction of light	1			
3.	A current carrying rod is placed between the poles of a				
	horse-shoe magnet. For the maximum displacement of the				
	rod the angle between the direction of electric current and				
	the direction of magnetic field must be				
	(A) $0^{\circ}$ (B) $45^{\circ}$				
	(C) $90^{\circ}$ (D) $180^{\circ}$				
	Ans. :				
	(C) 90°	1			
II.	Answer the following questions : $3 \times 1 = 3$				
4.	Draw a symbol diagram of a resistor used in an electric				
	circuit.				
	Ans.:				
	^\\\\\\ <del></del>	1			
5.	"Two magnetic field lines do not intersect each other."				
	Ans ·				
	If they did it would meen that at the point of interportion				
	the compass needle would point towards two directions				
	which is not possible.	1			
6.	Observe the circuit diagram given below. Mention the				
	direction of magnetic field that forms around the point $P$				
	and around the point Q.				

CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-PHY

83 F (DHV)
00-12 (1111)

Qn. Nos.	Value Points				
	Ans. : $\frac{1}{2}$ Anticlockwise at the point P. $\frac{1}{2}$ Clockwise at the point Q. $\frac{1}{2}$ [ Give marks for mentioning the direction in the figure ]				
<b>III.</b> 7.	Answer the following questions : $2 \times 2 = 4$ Explain Newton's experiment that shows the recombinationof spectrum of white light.				
8.	<ul> <li>Ans.:</li> <li>* Newton used a glass prism to obtain the spectrum of white light.</li> <li>* When he placed a second identical prism in an inverted position with respect to the first prism and allowed the spectrum to pass through it, a beam of white light emerges.</li> <li>* This shows the recombination of spectrum of white light.</li> <li>Write any two differences between near-sighted ( Myopic ) and far-sighted ( Hypermetropic ) eyes.</li> <li>Ans.:</li> </ul>	2			
	Image partImage part* Can see nearby objects clearly / cannot see distant object distinctly* Can see distant objects clearly / cannot see nearby objects distinctly* The image of a distant object is formed in front of the retina* The image of a nearby 				



#### CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-PHY

83-E (PHY)

Qn. Nos.		Value Points	Total
	b)	The resistance of a conductor depends on the following factors :	
		* its length $\frac{1}{2}$	
		* its area of cross-section $\frac{1}{2}$	
		* the nature of its material $\frac{1}{2}$	
		$\star$ temperature. $\frac{1}{2}$	3
11.	a)	What factor helps for determining the relative strength	
	b)	What is solenoid ? How is an electromagnet prepared by using it ?	
		OR	
	In c	lomestic electric circuits,	
	a)	What is the function of earth wire ?	
	b)	What precautions should be taken to avoid overloading ?	
	Ans	5. :	
	a)	The degree of closeness of the field lines.	
	b)	A coil of many turns of insulated copper wire wrapped	
		closely in the shape of a cylinder is called a solenoid. 1	
		An electromagnet is prepared by placing a piece of	
		magnetic material like soft iron inside a solenoid of	
		strong magnetic field / inside a current carrying	
		solenoid. 1	3
		OR	
	a)	If any leakage of current occurs in the electrical	
	,	appliances, keeps their potential difference the same as	
		to that of the earth / provides a low resistance	
		conducting path for the current.	
	b)	$\star$ Fuse should be used in the electric circuit	
	,	$\star$ Should avoid the direct contact of live wire and	
		neutral wire.	
	I		I

83-E (PHY)

Qn. Nos.			Value Points	Total
		*	Avoid the damage of insulation of wires	
		*	Should repair any faults in the electrical	
			appliances	
		*	Should not connect too many appliances to a single socket. (Any <i>four</i> ) $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$	3
<b>v</b> .	Ans	wer (	the following questions : $2 \times 4 = 8$	
12.	a)	How elect	v ammeter and voltmeter are connected in an tric circuit ? Mention their function.	
	b)	"In are g	domestic electric circuit, the electrical appliances generally connected in parallel." Give reasons.	
	Ans.	. :		
	a)	*	Ammeter is connected in series. $\frac{1}{2}$	
		*	Voltmeter is connected in parallel. $\frac{1}{2}$	
		*	Ammeter measures electric current. $\frac{1}{2}$	
		*	Voltmeter measures potential difference between two points. $\frac{1}{2}$	
	b)	*	A parallel circuit divides the current through the electrical gadgets.	
		*	When one component fails, the circuit will not break. The other components work.	
		*	The total resistance is less in this circuit.	
		*	More helpful in cases of different current is required for different electrical appliances	
			(Any <i>two</i> ) 1+1	4
13	The	radiu	us of curvature of a spherical mirror is 36 cm. Find	
10.	its f	focal	length. A candle of 5 cm length is placed at a	
	dista	ance	of 27 cm in front of a convex mirror of the same	
	foca	l len	gth. Mention the position and nature of the image	
	and	also	tind the size of the image formed.	
	The	foco	UK 1 length of a suberical mirror is 10 cm. Find its	

The focal length of a spherical mirror is 10 cm. Find its radius of curvature. An object of 4 cm size is placed at

## CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-PHY

83-E	(PHY)

	7 <b>83-</b>	E (PHY)
Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
	20 cm in front of a concave mirror of the same focal length. At what distance from the mirror should a screen be placed in order to obtain a sharp image of the object ? Mention the nature of the image formed and also find the size of the image.	
	Ans. :	
	Given,	
	Radius of curvature $R = 36$ cm	
	Object distance $u = -27$ cm	
	Height of the object $h = 5 \text{ cm}$	
	Image distance $v = ?$	
	Height of the image $h' = ?$	
	Focal length $f = \frac{R}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	
	$f = \frac{36}{2} = 18 \text{ cm}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Since $\frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{f}$ (or) $\frac{1}{2}$	
	$\frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{f} - \frac{1}{u}$	
	$= \frac{1}{18} - \left(\frac{1}{-27}\right) = \frac{1}{18} + \frac{1}{27} \qquad \qquad$	
	$\frac{1}{\nu} = \frac{3+2}{54} = \frac{5}{54}$	
	$v = \frac{54}{5} = 10.8 \text{ cm}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	
	The distance of the image is 10.8 cm	
	$\frac{h'}{h} = \frac{-\nu}{u}  (\text{ or })  h' = \frac{h(-\nu)}{u} \qquad \qquad$	
	$h' = \frac{5(-10 \cdot 8)}{-27} = 2 \text{ cm}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	
	$\therefore$ Height of the image is 2 cm	
	$\therefore$ The image is virtual and erect. $\frac{1}{2}$	4
	OR	

CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-PHY [Turn over

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
	Focal length $f = -10$ cm	
	Object distance $u = -20$ cm	
	Object height $h = 4 \text{ cm}$	
	Image distance $v = ?$	
	Image height $h' = ?$	
	Radius of curvature = ?	
	Radius of curvature $R = 2 f$ $\frac{1}{2}$	
	= 2 (10) = 20 cm $\frac{1}{2}$	
	$\frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{f}$	
	(Or) $\frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{f} - \frac{1}{u}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	
	$= \frac{1}{-10} - \left(\frac{1}{-20}\right) = -\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{20} \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}$	
	$\frac{1}{v} = \frac{-2+1}{20} = -\frac{1}{20}$	
	$v = -20 \text{ cm} \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}$	
	The screen should be placed at 20 cm in front of the mirror.	
	$\frac{h'}{h} = \frac{-v}{u}$ (or) $h' = \frac{+h(-v)}{u}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	
	$= \frac{4(-(-20))}{-20}$	
	$= \frac{4 \times 20}{-20}$	
	$h' = -4 \text{ cm} \qquad \frac{1}{2}$	
	$\therefore$ Image size is -4 cm	
	$\therefore$ The image is real and inverted. $\frac{1}{2}$	4

# CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-PHY

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# CCE RF/RR/PF/PR



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ಮಾರ್ಚ್/ಏಪ್ರಿಲ್ 2025 ರ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ - 1

MARCH/APRIL 2025 EXAMINATION - 1

ಮಾದರಿ ಉತ್ತರಗಳು

## **MODEL ANSWERS**

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 83-E

CODE NO. : 83-E

ವಿಷಯ : ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ

**Subject : SCIENCE** 

(ಭೌತ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ, ರಸಾಯನ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀವ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ / Physics, Chemistry & Biology )

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( ರಸಾಯನ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ / Chemistry )

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ದಿನಾಂಕ : 02. 04. 2025 ]

[ ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80

[ Max. Marks : 80

Date: 02.04.2025]

PART – B ( Chemistry )

Qn. Nos.	Value Points		
VI.	Mu	tiple choice questions : $2 \times 1 = 2$	
14.	Cor	rect statement related to the soaps among the following	
	is, s	soaps	
	(A)	easily give excess of foam in hard water	
	(B)	form insoluble precipitate in hard water	
	(C)	easily clean oils like dirt in hard water	
	(D)	are sodium salts of sulphonic acid	

#### **<u>CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-CHE</u>** [Turn over

83-E (Chem.)

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
	Ans. :	
	(B) form insoluble precipitate in hard water	1
15.	$C_{11}O + H = \frac{Heat}{C_{11}} + H O$	
	$h_2 = \frac{1}{12} - 1$	
	(A) hydrogen is reduced to form water	
	(B) exchange of ions took place between the reactants	
	<ul><li>(C) copper oxide is oxidised to form copper</li></ul>	
	(D) copper oxide is reduced to form copper	
	Ans. :	
	(D) copper oxide is reduced to form copper	1
VII.	Answer the following questions : $2 \times 1 = 2$	
16.	Mention any two measures for preventing corrosion of iron.	
	Ans.:	
	★ Painting	
	★ Oiling	
	★ Greasing	
	★ Galvanising	
	* Making alloys	
	* Chromium plating	
	$(any two)$ $2 \times \frac{1}{2}$	1
17.	How is concentrated acid diluted ?	
	Ans. :	
	By adding the acid slowly to the water with constant	
	stirring.	1
VIII.	Answer the following questions : $3 \times 2 = 6$	
18.	What is rancidity ? Mention any two methods of preventing	
	rancidity.	
	Ans. :	
	When fat and oil containing food materials oxidise, then	
	their smell and taste change. This is called rancidity.	

# CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-CHE

83-E	(Chem.)

Qn. Nos.		Value Points	Total
	Ме	thods of preventing rancidity :	
	*	Adding substances which prevent oxidation	
		(antioxidants)	
	*	Keeping fried food materials in airtight containers	
	*	Flushing bags of chips with nitrogen gas.	
		(any <i>two</i> ) $2 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
19.	Give	e reason :	
	a)	Zinc oxide is called as an amphoteric oxide	
	b)	Sodium metal is stored in kerosene.	
	Give	e reason :	
	a)	Gold is used to make jewellery	
	b)	Ionic compounds in the solid state do not conduct	
		electricity.	
	Ans	5. :	
	a)	Zinc oxide reacts with both acids and bases to produce	
		salt and water. 1	
	b)	Sodium metal reacts violently with water and	
		atmospheric oxygen but does not react with	
		kerosene. 1	2
		OR	
	a)	★ Lustrous	
		★ Has ductile property	
		$\star$ Has malleable property	
		★ Least reactive. (any <i>two</i> ) $2 \times \frac{1}{2}$	
	b)	$\star$ Movement of ions in the solid is not possible due	
		to their rigid structure.	
		★ Free ions will not form. (any one) 1	2

# CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-CHE [Turn over

83-E (Chem.)



CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-CHE

		_
83-E	(Chem.)	

Qn. Nos.		Value Points	Total
22.	Wri	te the chemical equations for the following reactions.	
	i)	Quicklime is reacted with water	
	ii)	Zinc pieces are added to copper sulphate solution	
	iii) Sodium chloride solution is added to silver nitrate		
		solution.	
		OR	
	Bala	ance the following chemical equations :	
	i)	$H_2 + O_2 \longrightarrow H_2O$	
	ii)	$Na_2CO_3 + HC1 \longrightarrow NaCl + H_2O + CO_2$	
	iii)	$N_2 + H_2 \longrightarrow NH_3$	
	Ans	s. :	
	i)	<ul> <li>★ Calcium oxide + Water → Calcium hydroxide</li> <li>★ CaO + H<sub>2</sub> O → Ca (OH)<sub>2</sub></li> </ul>	
		( any <i>one</i> ) 1	
	ii)	<ul> <li>★ Copper sulphate + Zinc → Zinc sulphate + Copper</li> <li>★ CuSO<sub>4</sub> + Zn → ZnSO<sub>4</sub> + Cu</li> </ul>	
		( any <i>one</i> ) 1	
	iii)	★ Sodium chloride + Silver nitrate → Silver chloride	
		+ Sodium nitrate * NaCl + AgNO <sub>3</sub> $\rightarrow$ AgCl + NaNO <sub>3</sub> .	
		( any <i>one</i> ) 1	3
		OR	
	i)	$2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	
	ii)	$\operatorname{Na}_{2}\operatorname{CO}_{3} + 2\operatorname{HCl} \rightarrow 2\operatorname{NaCl} + \operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O} + \operatorname{CO}_{2} \qquad \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	
	iii)	$N_2 + 3H_2 \rightarrow 2NH_3 \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	3
23.	<b>Ans</b> a)	wer the following question : $1 \times 4 = 4$ NaOH, Ca (OH) <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> and Cl <sub>2</sub> materials are given to	
		you. By using which of these materials you can prepare bleaching powder ? Write the chemical name and one use of the bleaching powder.	

Qn. Nos.		Value Points 1				
	b)	i)	How do you identify a solution as basic solution			
			by using blue litmus paper ?			
		ii)	Under what condition does a farmer treat the soil			
			of his field with slaked lime ?			
	Ans	5. :				
	a)	*	Ca (OH) $_2$ $\frac{1}{2}$			
		*	$\operatorname{Cl}_2$ $\frac{1}{2}$			
		*	$CaOCl_2$ / Calcium oxychloride $\frac{1}{2}$			
		*	<ul> <li>for bleaching cotton and linen in the textile industry</li> </ul>			
			— for bleaching wood pulp in paper factories			
		<ul> <li>for bleaching washed clothes in laundry</li> </ul>				
			<ul> <li>as an oxidising agent in many chemical industries</li> </ul>			
			<ul> <li>as disinfectant to make drinking water free from germs.</li> </ul>			
			$( any one ) \qquad \frac{1}{2}$			
	b)	i)	The blue litmus paper does not change its colour in basic solution.			
		ii)	$\star$ When acidic property of soil increases			
			$\star$ When pH value of soil decreases			
			* When the concentration of $H^+/H_3O^+$ ions			
			in soil increases.			
			( any <i>one</i> ) 1	4		
XI.	Ans	swer	the following question : $1 \times 5 = 5$			
24.	a)	Wri	te any two differences between saturated and			
-	b)	uns Wha isor	eaturated carbon compounds. at are structural isomers ? Write the structural mers of butane.			

## CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-CHE

Qn. Nos.	Value	Points	Total
	c) Write the electron dot stru	ucture of methane molecule.	
	Ans. :		
	a)		
Saturated carbon compounds		Unsaturated carbon compounds	
	<ul> <li>★ Have single bond between carbon-carbon atoms.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>★ Have double or triple bonds between carbon- carbon atoms.</li> </ul>	
	★ Less reactive	★ More reactive	
★ Undergo substitution reaction		★ Undergo addition and substitution reactions.	
	★ Give blue flame on combustion	★ Give yellow / red flame on combustion	
		(any two) $2 \times 1$	
	b) Carbon compounds with different structures are can H $H$ $H$ $H$ $HH-C$ $-C-C$ $-C-HH$ $H$ $H$ $H$	same molecular formula but alled structural isomers. 1 H H H H $-C$ $-C$ $-C$ $-H$ H H H H H H H -C -H	
	$\begin{array}{cccc} H & H & H & H \\ H & H & H & H \\ n-butane & isobutane & \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\ \end{array}$		
	c) $(H \bullet \times) C \times \bullet H$ $\times H$	1	5

# CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-CHE

# CCE RF/RR/PF/PR



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MARCH/APRIL 2025 EXAMINATION - 1

ಮಾದರಿ ಉತ್ತರಗಳು

## **MODEL ANSWERS**

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**Subject : SCIENCE** 

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( ಜೀವ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ / Biology )

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ದಿನಾಂಕ : 02. 04. 2025 ]

Date: 02.04.2025]

PART – C ( Biology )

Qn. Nos.		Value Points			
XII.	Multiple choice questions : $3 \times 1 = 3$				
25.	The	information source for r	nakir	ng proteins in the cells is	
	(A)	Gene	(B)	Chromosome	
	(C)	DNA	(D)	Ribosome	
	Ans	. :			
	(C)	DNA			1

**<u>CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-BIO</u>** [Turn over

83-E (Bio)

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total	
26.	<ul> <li>Blood sugar level increases : Undersecretion of insulin hormone :: Swelling of the neck :</li></ul>		
	(A) Undersecretion of thyroxine hormone	1	
27.	Type of asexual reproduction that occurs in spirogyra is(A)Budding(B)Regeneration(C)Binary fission(D)FragmentationAns. :(D)Fragmentation	1	
XIII.	Answer the following questions : $3 \times 1 = 3$		
28.	What is the function of ozone layer ?		
	Ans. :		
	It shields the surface of the earth from ultraviolet (UV) radiation coming from the sun.	1	
29.	What is neuron ?		
	Ans. :		
	The structural and functional unit of nervous system / nerve tissue	1	
	<ul> <li>The events that occur during photosynthesis are given below. Write these events in correct order.</li> <li>i) Splitting of water molecules into hydrogen and oxygen</li> <li>ii) Absorption of light energy by chlorophyll</li> <li>iii) Conversion of carbon dioxide to carbohydrates</li> <li>iv) Conversion of light energy to chemical energy.</li> <li>Ans. :</li> <li>ii) Absorption of light energy by chlorophyll</li> <li>iii) Conversion of light energy to chemical energy.</li> </ul>		
	i) Splitting of water molecules into hydrogen and oxygen		
	iii) Conversion of carbon dioxide to carbohydrates.	1	

### CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-BIO

83-E	(Bio)

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
XIV.	Answer the following questions : $3 \times 2 = 6$	
31.	How do auxins promote the growth of tendrils of climbing plants around a support ?	
	OR	
	How does our body respond when adrenaline is secreted into the blood ?	
	Ans. :	
	<ul> <li>★ When tendrils come in contact with any support, auxins diffuse to the part of tendril which is away from the support.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Due to this, the part of tendril away from the support will grow faster than the part of tendril near to the</li> </ul>	
	support and causes the tendrif to chere around the support.	2
	OR	
	* The heart beats faster, resulting in supply of more oxygen to our muscles. $\frac{1}{2}$	
	* The blood to the digestive system and skin will be reduced due to the contraction of muscles around small arteries in these organs. $\frac{1}{2}$	
	* This diverts the blood to our skeletal muscles. $\frac{1}{2}$	
	* The breathing rate also increases because of the contractions of the diaphragm and the rib muscles. $\frac{1}{2}$	2
32.	Construct a food chain using the organisms ; snake, frog, grass and grasshopper. Which organism has more accumulation of harmful chemicals in this food chain ?	
	the Cross Crossborrer Error Statis	
	★ Grass → Grassnopper → Frog → Snake       1         ★ Snake       1	2
33.	Draw the diagram showing the germination of pollen on stigma and label 'ovary'.	

## CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-BIO [Turn over



#### CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-BIO

83-E	(Bio)

5			83-E (B	Bio)
Qn. Nos.		Value Points	То	otal
35.	Jus	tify the following statements :		
	a)	Sexual type of reproduction leads to more variations		
	b)	In woman's uterus the role of placenta is significant	for	
		the development of foetus.		
		OR		
	a)	How does menstruation occur in women ?		
	b)	In male reproductive system the testes are loca outside the abdominal cavity in scrotum. Why ?	ated	
	Ans	5. :		
	a)	<ul> <li>★ Sexual reproduction has the involvement of D molecules from two different organisms.</li> </ul>	DNA	
		( The combination of male and female game	etes	
		with different genes takes place )	1	
		<ul> <li>★ The variations in each generation of population organisms increase due to new combination genes.</li> </ul>	n of 1 of 1	
	b)	Placenta		
		★ Provides a large surface area for glucose a oxygen to pass from the mother to the embryo.	and $\frac{1}{2}$	
		★ Removes waste substances generated by developing embryo by transferring into mother's blood.	the the $\frac{1}{2}$	3
		OR		
	a)	<ul> <li>★ If the egg is not fertilized, it lives for about day.</li> </ul>	one 1	
		★ Thick and spongy lining of the uterus slo breaks and comes out through the vagina as bl and mucous.	owly ood	
		(Menstruation takes place).	1	
	b)	Sperm formation requires a lower temperature than	the	
		normal body temperature.	1	3

## CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-BIO [Turn over

#### 83-E (Bio)



#### CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-BIO

83-E	(Bio)
	(210)

	7						83-E (Bio)	
Qn. Nos.		Value Points						
	Ar	ıs. :						
			RRyy	×		rrYY		
	( round, green ) ( wrinkled, yellow						)	ļ
	G	ametes :	(Ry) $(rY)$					
	$RrYy$ $F_1$ generation							
	( round, yellow )							
			<i>RrYy</i>	×		RrYy		
			(F <sub>1</sub> )	<b>\</b>	(	(F <sub>1</sub> )	_	
			RY	Ry	rY	ry		
	RY Ry		RRYY	RRYy	RrYY	RrYy		
			RRYy	RRyy	RrYy	Rryy	_	
		rY	RrYY	RrYy	rrYY	rrYy	-	
		ry	RrYy	Rryy	rrYy	rryy		
	To checker board – 2 The ratio of varieties of plants is = $9:3:3:1$ 1 <b>OR</b> a) $\star$ One odd pair of sex chromosomes found in father. They are X and Y chromosomes. $\frac{1}{2}$							
	<ul> <li>* But, mother has only XX chromosomes. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub></li> <li>* But, mother has only XX chromosomes. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub></li> <li>* The child received X haploid chromosome from father also receives X chromosome from mother, therefore XX pair of chromosome represents girl child. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub></li> <li>* The child received Y haploid chromosome from father, also receives X chromosome from mother, therefore XV pair of chromosome from mother, the fore XV pair of chromosome from mother fore XV pair of chromosome from mother, the fore XV pair of chromosome from mother fore XV pair of chromosome from fore XV pair of chromosome from mother fore XV pair of chromosome from mother fore XV pair of chromosome from mother fore XV pair of chro</li></ul>						$\frac{1}{1}$	
							2	
							her,	
							girl	
							$\frac{1}{2}$	
							rom	
							her,	
	child. $\frac{1}{2}$							
				OR			2	
	I						I	

CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-BIO [Turn over

83-E (Bio)

8 Qn. Value Points Total Nos. Father Parents : Mother XYXX Gametes : X X X Zygote : XX XX XYXYGender: Girl Girl Boy Boy 2 b) The traits that express / appear in the organisms are dominant traits. The traits that are invisible / hidden / less appearing traits are considered as recessive traits. 3 1  $1 \times 4 = 4$ XVI. Answer the following question : Explain briefly the role of haemoglobin pigments 38. a) present in our blood. What are the different strategies of excretion found in b) plants? Ans. :  $\star$ Haemoglobin pigments give red colour to the blood a) and have high affinity towards oxygen. 1 These supply dissolved oxygen to all the cells of  $\star$ the body through the blood circulation. 1 (In turn help in the production of energy) Get rid of excess water by transpiration b)  $\star$ Waste products of plants are stored in cellular  $\star$ vacuoles Leaves fall off that store waste products in them. Waste products are stored as resins and gums in  $\star$ old xylem.  $\star$ Plants excrete some waste substances into the soil around them.  $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$ (Any four)

#### CCE RF/RR/PF/PR(A)/101/1837 (MA)-BIO