



Reg. No. : .....

**SY 636**

Name : .....

**SECOND YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY MODEL EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2025**

**Part – III  
POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**Maximum : 80 Scores**

Time : 2½ Hours

Cool-off Time : 15 Minutes

**General Instructions to Candidates :**

- There is a 'Cool off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time.
- Use 'cool off time' to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers.
- Read questions carefully before answering.
- Read instructions carefully.
- Malayalam version of the questions is also provided.
- Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer sheet itself.

**വിദ്യാർത്ഥികൾക്കുള്ള പൊതുനിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ :**

- നിർദ്ദിഷ്ട സമയത്തിന് പുറമെ 15 മിനിറ്റ് 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും.
- 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ പരിചയപ്പെടാനും ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ ആസൂത്രണം ചെയ്യാനും ഉപയോഗിക്കുക.
- ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മുമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.
- നിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കുക.
- ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.
- കണക്ക് കൂട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഫുകൾ, എന്നിവ ഉത്തരപേപ്പറിൽ തന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കണം.



Score

From questions 1 to 10 answer for 16 scores.

(16)

1. \_\_\_\_\_ was the first part of India to hold election on the basis of universal adult suffrage.
- a) Manipur
  - b) Hyderabad
  - c) Junagadh
  - d) Kashmir
- (1)
2. From which country did India adopt the concept of the Five Year Plan ?
- (1)
3. The book 'Limits to Growth' which discusses environmental issues, is published by \_\_\_\_\_
- a) The club of England
  - b) The club of Rome
  - c) Rio Summit
  - d) UNFCCC
- (1)
4. From the list given below, find out the condition put forward by Jayaprakash Narayan to take up the leadership of Bihar movement.
- a) The movement will make use of any means to overthrow the government in power
  - b) The movement will continue till the prices of essential commodities are brought down
  - c) The movement will remain non-violent and will not limit to Bihar
  - d) The movement will end when the congress government in Bihar is dismissed
- (1)



Score

5. Find out the popular movement which stood for forest protection in Uttarakhand. (1)

6. Identify the name of leader and party, led the popular struggle in East Pakistan against the domination of West Pakistan. (2)

7. Some features relating to the principal organs of UNO are given below. Arrange them properly in the table. (3)

- It consists of 5 permanent members and 10 non-permanent members.
- Representatives of all member states participate in the meeting.
- Headed by secretary general.

i. Secretariate	•
ii. Security Council	•
iii. General Assembly	•

8. Expand the following :

- NPT
- NIEO
- START

9. Match the column A with B and C. (3)

A	B	C
i. Ram Manohar Lohia	Garibi Hatao	Haryana
ii. Aya Ram, Gaya Ram	Socialist	Ten point programme
iii. Indira Gandhi	Defection	Non Congressism



Score

10. Match the column A with B and C.

(4)

A	B	C
i. Operation desert storm	2003	Cruise missile strike against Al-Quida in Sudan and Afghanistan
ii. Operation infinite reach	Video Game War	US invasion on Iraq
iii. Operation enduring freedom	1998	First Gulf War
iv. Operation Iraqi freedom	Global War on Terror	Attack against those who suspected behind 9/11 attack

Answer any 4 questions from 11 to 15. Each carries 3 scores.

(4×3=12)

11. Examine the factors which led to the increasing popularity of Indira Gandhi's government in early 1970's.
12. In a unipolar world, American power cannot be easily checked by the U.N. Do you agree with the statement ? Substantiate your view.
13. Write any three components of India's security strategy.
14. The national emergency, 1975 at once brought out both strength and weakness of Indian democracy. Narrate the strength and weakness of Indian democracy you noticed.
15. Briefly explain the cultural consequences of globalisation.



Score  
(4×4=16)

Answer any 4 questions from 16 to 20. Each carries 4 scores.

16. 'Congress party was a social and ideological coalition in the initial years of independence'. Evaluate the statement.
17. Prepare a note on Cuban Missile crisis.
18. Examine the situations that led to the origin of Dalit Panthers and analyse their activities.
19. Prepare a note on India's nuclear policy.
20. Briefly explain major outcomes of India's five year plans.

Answer any 4 questions from 21 to 25. Each carries 5 scores.

(4×5=20)

21. India supported the approach of Global South on environmental issues. Explain India's stand on environmental issues.
22. The government of India and Bangladesh have differences over several issues. Explain the conflicting areas of India-Bangladesh relations.
23. 'A transition from communism to capitalism was not an easy one'. In the light of this statement, examine the meaning and consequences of shock therapy.



Score

24. After 1989, India witnessed five major developments which has long lasting impact on our politics. Briefly explain that developments.
25. Some causes that led to the declaration of national emergency, 1975 are given below. Explain them.
- Economic context
  - Verdict of Allahabad High Court.

**Answer any 2 questions from 26 to 28. Each carries 8 scores.**

**(2×8=16)**

26. Explain the major difficulties faced during the partition of India and examine its consequences.
27. Explain the formation of European Union and its influence in World politics.
28. Issues of regional aspirations are varied and complex in North-East. Explain the various issues of North East.

**Hints –**

- Demands for Autonomy

- Secessionist movement

- Movement against outsiders.

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