

CCE RR/PR/NSR/NSPR REDUCED SYLLABUS

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಶಾಲಾ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮೌಲ್ಯ ನಿರ್ಣಯ ಮಂಡಲಿ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು - 560 003

KARNATAKA SCHOOL EXAMINATION AND ASSESSMENT BOARD, MALLESHWARAM, BENGALURU - 560 003

ಜೂನ್ 2024 ರ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ - 2

JUNE 2024 EXAMINATION - 2

ಮಾದರಿ ಉತ್ತರಗಳು

MODEL ANSWERS

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 85-E

CODE NO.: 85-E

ವಿಷಯ : ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ

Subject : SOCIAL SCIENCE

(ಆಂಗ್ಲ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ / English Medium)

(ಶಾಲಾ ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಖಾಸಗಿ ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಆರ್. / ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಪಿ.ಆರ್.)

(Regular Repeater / Private Repeater / NSR / NSPR)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 22. 06. 2024]

[ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80

Date : 22. 06. 2024

[Max. Marks : 80

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
I.	Multiple choice questions : $8 \times 1 = 8$	
1.	Diwani Adalat in Civil Court was established by	
	(A) Cornwallis (B) Warren Hastings	
	(C) Wellesley (D) Dalhousie	
	Ans. :	
	(B) Warren Hastings	· 1
2.	The main reason for Second Anglo-Mysore War was	
	(A) the British captured Mahe	
	(B) the British broke the conditions of Srirangapatna treaty	
	(C) the British captured Karwar and Coimbatore	
	(D) the British broke the conditions of Mangalore treaty	
	Ans. :	
	(A) the British captured Mahe	1
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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
3.	The Indian foreign policy was formed by	
J.1	(A) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel	
	(B) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	
	(C) Motilal Nehru	
	(D) Jawaharlal Nehru	
	Ans.:	
	(D) Jawaharlal Nehru	. 1
4.	The oldest port of India is	
••	(A) Vishakhapatnam (B) Marmagao	
	(C) Chennai (D) New Mangalore	
	Ans. :	
	(C) Chennai	1
5.	The significance of the Article 17th of the Constitution is	
0.		
	(B) Eradication of untouchability	E
	(C) Eradication of illiteracy	
	(D) Prohibition of dowry	
	Ans. :	
	(B) Eradication of untouchability	1
6.	The leader of the Narmada Bachao Andolan is	
0.	(A) Medha Patkar	
	(B) Sundarlal Bahuguna	
	(C) Dr. Shivaram Karanth	
	(D) Shyamaji Krishnavarma	
	Ans. :	
	(A) Medha Patkar	1
7.	"The true development of India is the development of its villages." This was told by	
	(A) Amartya Sen (B) Mahatma Gandhi	
	(C) Dadabhai Naoroji (D) C. R. Das	
	Ans. :	
	(B) Mahatma Gandhi	1

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
8.	Ramesh has a five year old daughter. He decided to save	
	money to his daughter's wedding in future. The best	
	suitable bank account is	
	(A) Savings Account	
	(B) Current Account	
	(C) Recurring Deposit Account	
	(D) Term Deposit Account	
	Ans. :	
	(C) Recurring Deposit Account	1
Ί.	Answer the following questions in a sentence each :	
	8 × 1 = 8	
9.	Who wrote the book 'Satyartha Prakasha'?	
	Ans. :	
	Dayanand Saraswati	1
10.	Why did Francisco de Almeida implement Blue Water	
	policy ?	
	Ans.:	
·	The Supremacy over the sea instead of supremacy over land	1
11.	How is social stratification formed ?	
	Ans. :	
	On the basis of income, education, caste, colour, gender,	
	occupation, intelligence etc. of the people.	1
12.	What is Communalism ?	
	Ans. :	
	Segregation in the name of religion, creating hatred and	
	begregation in the name of rengion, creating nation and	

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Nos.	Value Points	Total
13.	Mumbai is known as the Manchester of India. Why ?	
	Ans. :	
	Mumbai is the most popular centre for cotton textile industry	1
14.	Why will be the temperature high during March and May in India ?	
	Ans. :	
	The sun's rays fall vertically over the Northern Hemisphere	1
15.	What is meant by 'Decentralisation of Power' ? Ans. :	
	Providing the administrative power and the responsibility of developing the village to its own people.	1
	Why is Reserve Bank of India called Bankers' Bank ?	
16.	Ans. :	-
16.		1
	Ans. :	. 1
	Ans. : All the banking transactions in India are controlled by RBI	1
	Ans. : All the banking transactions in India are controlled by RBI Answer the following questions in <i>two</i> to <i>four</i>	1
ш.	Ans. : All the banking transactions in India are controlled by RBI Answer the following questions in two to four sentences / points each : What are the objectives of Indian foreign policy ? OR	1
ш.	Ans. :All the banking transactions in India are controlled by RBIAnswer the following questions in two to four sentences / points each : $8 \times 2 = 16$ What are the objectives of Indian foreign policy ?ORWhat are the causes of unemployment ?	1
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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
	 Increasing the population 	
	 Improved technology 	
	 Shortage of natural resources 	
	— Over-dependency of agriculture	
	 Ruined cottage industries 	
	 Lack of skill based education 	
	(Any four) $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
		2
18.	Explain the Appiko Movement. OR	
	Explain the different forms of Social Stratification.	
	Ans. :	
	 It began in 1983 from the farmers of Salyani village in Uttara Kannada district of Karnataka. 	
-	 The farmers hugged the trees and protested in Kalase forest. 	
	— To stop smuggling of trees, growing the trees and plants.	
	— Develop awareness of the importance of environment.	•
	$4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
	OR	
•	— Forms are not similar	
	— Primitive society	
	— Slavery	
	— Estate system	
	— Varna system	
	— Caste system	
	(Any four) $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
19.	What were the causes of First Anglo-Maratha War ?	
	Ans. :	
	— The Marathas installed Shah Alam-II back on the throne of Mughal empire in Delhi	
	 Kora and Allahabad to Marathas 	
	 The enmity between the Maratha and British 	
	 Infighting for the Peshwa post 	
	- Raghobha approached the British. $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	
	. 4	2
20.	How was Junagadh merged with Indian Union ?	
	Ans. :	
	 The King of Junagadh wanted to merge his province with Pakistan 	
	 People came on to streets against the king 	
	— The king fled the kingdom	
	 Based on the request made by diwan the army was sent 	
	- Junagadh was merged with India in 1949. $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	
01		2
21.	Soil erosion is increasing in recent years. Why ? Ans. :	
	— Deforestation	
	 Overgrazing Unscientific methods of cultivation 	
	 Over-irrigation Monufacture of briefs, tiles and note 	
	 Manufacture of bricks, tiles and pots Floods 	
	- Land slide. $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	
	$- Land side. + \frac{1}{2}$	2
22.	Irrigation is very essential in India. Why ?	
	Ans.:	
	— It needs a regular and sufficient supply of water	
	 Agriculture in India depends mainly on monsoon rainfall 	
	- It is seasonal, uncertain and unevenly distributed	
	- There are certain crops which require a larger and	
	regular water supply $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2

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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
23.	'Per capita income cannot be a true measure of Nation's development.' Why ?	
	Ans. :	
	 Per capita income does not consider the distribution of income among the people. 	
	— It does not consider the availability of basic amenities	
	like food, shelter, education, health or other similar	
	social factors. 1 + 1	2
24.	March 15th of every year is celebrated as the World	
	Consumers' Day. Why ?	
	Ans.:	
	— In the history of World Consumer movement,	
	March 15, 1962 is an important day.	
	The President John F. Kennedy gave the Americans	
	right to safety, choose, information and heard. $1 + 1$	2
v.	Answer the following questions in six sentences / points	
	each : 9 × 3 = 27	
25.	The name of Sangolli Rayanna has remained famous along with the name of Rani Chennamma. How ? OR	
	The role of Raja Rammohan Roy in reforming Indian society is memorable. Justify.	
	Ans. :	
	— Rayanna was brave soldier	
	— They fought for the independence of Kittur	
·	— They fought for the independence of Kittur	
	 They fought for the independence of Kittur He fought against the British with Chennamma 	
	 They fought for the independence of Kittur He fought against the British with Chennamma Imprisoned in the war 	

Qn. Ios.	Value Points	Total
	 Nandagada, Khanapur and Sampagavi were his work places against British. 	
	 Military operations against the British, arrested by the British 	
	— Hanged to death in 1831	
* .	(Any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
	OR	
	— The founder of Brahmo Samaj	
	— The father of Indian Renaissance	
	— Well versed in Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, English,	
	French, Greek, Latin languages	
	— Questioned the practice of idol worship	
	— Argued the modern Science and English education	
	 Opposed exploitation of women 	
	 Organised attack against the practice of sati and child marriage 	
	 Supported the prohibition of Sati Act which was introduced by William Bentinck 	
	 Tried to develop rationalism among people through journalism 	
	— Started newspaper called 'Samvada Kaumudi'	
	— Encouraged monotheism	
	- Condemned performance of Yagnas and rituals. (Any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
26.	List out the types of Agriculture followed in India.	
	OR	
	List out the Industrial zones of India.	

)n. os.	Value Points	Tota
	Ans. :	
	— Subsistence farming	
·	— Shifting farming	
	— Sedentary farming	
	— Intensive farming	
	— Commercial farming	
	— Mixed farming	
	— Plantation farming	3
	— Dry farming	
	— Humid farming	
	- Irrigation farming	
	(Any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	
	OR	
	— The Hooghly-Kolkata region	
	— The Mumbai-Pune region	
	— The Ahmedabad-Vadodara region	
	— The Madurai-Coimbatore region	
	— The Delhi-Meerut region	
	 Vishakhapatnam-Guntur region 	
	— Kollam-Thiruvananthapuram region	
	 The Chotanagpur plateau region 	
	(Any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	
27.	The Panchayat Raj institutions play an important role in the rural development. Substantiate.	-
	OR Women self help groups are supportive to women's	

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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
	Ans. :	
	- People to participate in rural development	
	- Facilities of road, drains, drinking water, street lights,	
	toilets	
	— School and hospital buildings	
-	— Market yards	
	 Primary and middle school education 	
	— Adult education, technical and vocational training	
	— Health and hygiene facilities	
	— Development of agriculture, cattle rearing	
	— Social forestry	
	 Construction of ponds and tanks 	
	— Irrigation facilities	
	 Development of rural and cottage industries 	
	— Food processing units	
	— Employment	
	- Eradication of poverty	
	— Housing plans	
	 Provide of foodgrains 	
	- Support the self-help group of women	
	— Social and cultural activities.	
	$(\text{Any six}) \qquad \qquad 6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3

OR

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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
	- A group of 20 women	
	— Meagre resources	
	— External support	
	— Begins Business	
	— Increase of income	
	- Managing accounts	
	 Handling bank transactions 	
	 Income and savings of women 	
	 Dignity and autonomy of women 	
	— Laws have been enacted to curb violence against	
	women	
	— Equal wages	
	 Reservation of seats in elected bodies 	
	(Any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
28.	What are the functions of banks ? OR	
	What are the characteristics of banks ?	
	Ans. :	
	— Accepting deposits	
	Lending loans	
	— Transferring money	
. •	 Collecting money by cheques and bills 	
-	— Discounting of bills	
	— Deposit lockers	
	— Foreign exchange transactions	
	— Keeping valuables in safe custody	ļ
	— Letters of credit and guarantee	
	— Government transactions.	
4	(Any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
	OR	

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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
	 Dealing with money 	
	— Individual / firm / company	
-	— Acceptance of Deposits	
	— Lending lones	
	— Payment and withdrawal	
	— Agency and utility services	
	- Profit and service orientation	
	— Ever increasing functions	
	— Connecting link	
	— Banking business	
	- Name identity	
	(Any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
29.	What were the main programs of the Non-cooperation movement? Ans.:	
	 Boycotting schools, colleges and courts 	
	 Boycotting of elections 	
	- Returning all the honours and medals given by the	
	British	
	 Nominated members to the local bodies resigning from 	
	their membership	
	 Boycotting all the government functions 	
	 Boycotting all foreign goods 	
	— Encouraging handlooms	
	 Production of khadi 	
	— Open National school	
	 Internal or external aggression. 	
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Qп. Nos.	Value Points	Totai
	 Unity among the Hindus and Muslims 	
	— Eradication of untouchability	
	— Empowering of women	
	$(Any six) \qquad 6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
30.	What were the causes for the discovery of a new sea route to	
	India ?	
	Ans. :	
	— The Ottoman Turks captured the city of Constantinople	
	— The trade routes under the control of Turks	
	— The Turks started levying too many taxes	
	— Spain and Portugal were attempting to break the	
	monopoly of Italian traders	
	 Encouraging enterprising sailors 	
	 Compass, astrolabes, gun powder 	
	$6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3
31.	Russia has supported India in many situations. How ?	
	Ans. :	
	— Good relationship with India	
	- Condemned China's aggression in 1962	
-	— Supported the liberation of Goa in 1961	
	— Supported Tashkent agreement in 1966	
	 20 years treaty of peace, friendship and co-operation in 1971 	
	— Supported Steel Plants at Bhilai and Bokaro	
	— Supported the development of industry and commerce	- -
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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total		
	— Supporting India's claim for permanent membership in			
	the Security Council of UNO.			
	(Any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3		
32.	What are the facilities available for the organized sector			
-	labourers ?			
	Ans. :			
	— Fixed work			
	 Security of work / employment security 	ч		
	Fixed wages			
	— Minimum wage			
	Framework of law			
	— Special facilities			
	— Pension			
	— Medical facilities			
	- To provide pay on specified dates along with overtime	•		
	pay etc.			
	(Any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$	3		
33.	Explain the methods of conservation of forests. Ans. :			
	— Control forest fire			
	 Protecting the forest trees against diseases 	• •		
	Planting sapling			
	— Sowing seeds			
1	— Guarding against illegal cutting of trees			
	Control grazing of domestic animals			
	— Support plant saplings			

Qn.

Nos.

v.

Value Points Total Awareness about importance of forests Encouraging protection of forests Social forestry. $6 \times \frac{1}{2}$ (Any six) 3 Answer the following questions in about eight sentences / points each : $4 \times 4 = 16$ 34. Explain the role of extremists in the freedom struggle of India. ÓR Explain the effects of British education in India. Ans. ; The moderates called them 'political beggars' Criticized the moderate thinking Aurobindo Ghosh, Lala Lajpat Rai, Bipin Chandra Pal and Bal Gangadhar Tilak were the prominent [•] extremists Against the division of Bengal The Swadeshi movement Ban of Western Goods Tilak declared 'Swaraj is my birth right and I will get it at any cost' Aim of independent India Preparing the common people for struggle **Religious functions** Shivaji Jayanti and Ganesh Chaturthi Utilise 'Kesari' and 'Maratha' newspapers for freedom struggle **Revolutionary articles** $8 \times \frac{1}{2}$ (Any eight) 4

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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Tota
	— Modernity, Secularism, Democratic, Rationality	
	attitudes	
	— Local languages and literature	
	— Educated class	
	— Emerging of periodicals	
·	— Criticize the policies of government	
	- New social and religious reformation movements	
	emerged	
	— The thoughts of J.S. Mill, Rousseau and Montesquieu	
	— The freedom struggles that were taking place across the	
	globe influenced	
	- Understand the cultural tradition of India	
	— Created a new generation.	
	(Any <i>eight</i>) $8 \times \frac{1}{2}$	4
35.	The first war of Indian independence failed due to various reasons. Justify.	
	Ans. :	-
	— It did not spread to the whole country	
	— Self interests	
	- It is not a planned revolt	
	— The unity among the British forces	
	 Lack of unity among the Indian soldiers 	
	 Lack of proper direction 	
	Lack of leadership	
	— Lack of strategy, expertise, effective leadership	
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Qn. Nos.

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Qn. Ios.	Value Points	Total
	— Lack of discipline	
	— Many provincial kings on account of their loyalty to the	
	British	
,	— The people lost confidence in the soldiers due to their	
	arson and looting.	
	(Any <i>eight</i>) $8 \times \frac{1}{2}$	4
36.	Which are the measures taken by the government to	
	improve the status of women ?	
	Ans. :	
	- Women and children development department	
	- Women health	
	— Women education	
	 Prohibition of child marriage 	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	— Prohibition of Dowry	
	— Stree Shakti programme	
	- Loan and subsidy for self-employment	
	— Mahila Mandalas	
	— Yuvathi Mandalas	
	— Stree Shakti organisations	
	— Women Commissions at national and state levels	
	 Reservation for women in politics 	
	— 33% reservation in Karnataka	
	— Reservation in jobs.	
	(Any <i>eight</i>) $8 \times \frac{1}{2}$	4

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 37. Mention the causes for earthquakes and its effects. Ans.: Causes: Pressure increases in the interior of the earth Change in the Magma from one part to another Urbanisation Deforestation Construction of dams Mining Effects: The loss of life and destruction of property Obstruction of transport Spread of infectious diseases Increased tidal activity Tsunami's 		Total
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 The loss of life and destruction of property Obstruction of transport Spread of infectious diseases Increased tidal activity 		
 Obstruction of transport Spread of infectious diseases Increased tidal activity 		
 — Spread of infectious diseases — Increased tidal activity 		
— Increased tidal activity		
		1.
— Tsunami's		
		÷
— Change in river's directions. (Any <i>eight</i>) 8	$3 \times \frac{1}{2}$	



Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
	Alternative Question for Visually Impaired Candidates	
	only:	
	(In lieu of Q. No. 38)	•
	Mention the main objectives of the multipurpose river valley	· .
	projects. 5	
	Ans. :	
	— Irrigation facility	
	— Production of Hydroelectric power	
	— Prevention of floods	
	— Water transportation	
	— Water for domestic use	
	— Water for industrial use	
	— Preventing soil erosion	
	— Developing fisheries	
	— Enhancing forest wealth	5
	— Entertainment.	~