## FTJ 8 - STD

# **QUARTERLY EXAMINATION - 2023**

MATHS

$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	_	_	_
		î l	- 1	
	- 1		- 1	

Time: 2.30 Hrs

Marks: 100

#### Part - A

### I \ Choose the best answer.

10 X 1 = 10

Which of the following rational number is the greatest?

Closure property is not true for division of rational numbers be cause of the number 2.

b) -1

c) 0

d) 1/2

3. The square of 43 ends with the digit ......

c) 4

d) 3

 $\sqrt{48}$  is approximately equal to ...... 4.

a) 5

5.

If the area of a rectangle is 48m2n3 and whose length is 8 mn2 then, its breadth is 6.

b) 8m2n

c) 7m<sup>2</sup>n<sup>2</sup>

d) 6m<sup>2</sup>n<sup>2</sup>

7. Two similar triangles will always have ..... angles.

b) obtuse

c) right

d) Matching

How many out comes can you get when you toss three coins once? 8.

c) 3

d) 2

If the area of a rectangular land is (a2 - b2) sq units whose breadth is (a-b) then, its 9. length is ..... a) a - b b) a + b c) a2 - b d)  $(a + b)^2$ 

The sum of the digits of the denomination in the simplest form of  $\frac{112}{528}$  is ..........

a) 4

b) 5

c) 6

d) 7

Fill in the blanks.

5 X 1 = 5

The decimal form of the rational number  $\frac{15}{-4}$  is ........ 11.

The value of  $\left(\frac{-3}{6}\right)X\left(\frac{18}{-9}\right)$  is ......

The number perfect square numbers between 300 and 500 is ............ 13.

A part of circumference of a circle is called as ......

15. x - axis and y - axis intersect at ...............

III True or false.

4 X 1 = 4

The average of two rational numbers line between them. 16.

The additive inverse of  $\frac{-11}{-17}$  is  $\frac{11}{17}$ . 17.

18.  $7ab^3 \div 14ab = ab^2$ .

19. The in centre is equidistant from all the vertices of a triangle.

IV Match the following.  $5 \times 1 = 5$ 

20. Area of a circle

a)  $\frac{1}{4} \pi r^2$ b)  $(\pi + 2) r$ 

21. Circumference of a circle 22. Area of the sector of circle

23. Circumference of a semicircle

d) 2πr

Area of a quadrant of circle

e)  $\frac{\theta^o}{360^o} \times \pi r^2$ 

25. Add: 
$$\frac{-6}{11}, \frac{8}{11}, \frac{-12}{11}$$
.

26. Evaluate: 
$$\frac{9}{132} X - \frac{11}{3}$$
.

- 27. Is 108 a perfect square number?
- 28. Find the square of 203?
- 29. Find x if  $5\frac{x}{5} \times 3\frac{3}{4} = 21$ .
- i) A spinner of radius 7.5cm is divided into 6 equal sectors. Find the area each of the sectors. ii) 3x²y, - 3xy³, x²y².

sectors. ii) 
$$3x^2y$$
,  $-3xy^3$ ,  $x^2y^2$ .  
31. Simplify:  $\frac{14p^5q^3}{2p^2q} - \frac{12p^3\dot{q}^4}{3q^2}$ .

- 32. Phythagoram theorem.
- 35. Sum of  $\frac{7}{5} + \frac{5}{7}$ .
- 34. Find the value of  $\sqrt{256}$ .
- 35. Find the value of 4-3.
- 36. i) Length of the arc, /= ii) Area of the sector, A =
- 37. Expand -2p (5p2 3p + 7).

#### Part - C

## VI Answer any eight of the following.

8 X 5 = 40

- 38. Find a rational number between  $\frac{1}{3}$  and  $\frac{3}{9}$ .
- 39. The product of two rational number is  $-\frac{2}{3}$ . If one number is  $\frac{3}{7}$ , then find the other.
- 40. Find the square root of 324 by prime factorisation.

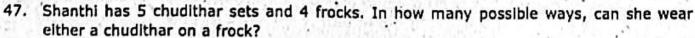
41. Solve for x i) 
$$\frac{2^{2r-1}}{2^{r+2}} = 4$$
, ii)  $\frac{5^5 X 5^{-4} X 5^r}{5^{12}} = 5^{-5}$ .

42. The radius of a sector is 21cm and its central angle is 120°.

Find i) the length of the arc. ii) area of the sector. iii) Perimeter of sector  $\left(\pi = \frac{22}{7}\right)$ .

43. Nishanth has a key - chain which is the form of an equilateral triangle and a semicircle attached to a square of side 5cm as shown in the fig. 2.24. Find its area ( $\pi$ =3.14,  $\sqrt{3}$ =1.732)

- 44. Divide: (5y3 2y2 + 8y) by 5y.
- 45. Prove that ΔPQR ~ ΔPRS.
- 46. Find the cube root of 27000.



## VII Answer the following questions.

2 X 8 = 16

- 48. a) Construct a quadrilateral DEAR with DE = 6cm, EA = 5cm, AR = 5.5cm, RD = 5.2 cm and DA = 10cm. Also find its area. (OR)
- b) PLAY, PL = 7cm, LA = 6cm, AY = 6cm, PA = 8cm and LY = 7cm.
  a) Consider the following points M(4,3), N(-4,5), P(-3,-6), Q(5,-2),
- 49. a) Consider the following points M(4,3), N(-4,5), P(-3,-6), Q(5,-2),R(6,0),S(0,-5) (OR) b) Find the quadrants without plotting the points on a graph sheet (3,-4), (5,7), (2,0), (-3,-5), (4, -3), (-7,2) (-8,0), (0,10), (-9, 50).