

# STD 6 SOCIAL SCIENCE

## UNIT 4

### PRODUCTION PROCESS

1. Goods and services which are used to satisfy human wants. How do you differ from each other.?

GOODS	SERVICE
Goods are things that are tangible and visible and are used to satisfy human wants. Ex-food products, clothes, vehicles, television	Services also satisfy human wants but are intangible and invisible. Teaching is such a service. We also receive services from doctors, bank officers, etc

2. What is production? What are the factors of production?

#### **Production -**

Production is the process of creating goods and services to satisfy human wants. Product is the result of the production process.

#### **Factors of production -**

All the factors involved in the production process are called factors of production.

The factors of production can be classified into four:

Land

Labour

Capital

Organization

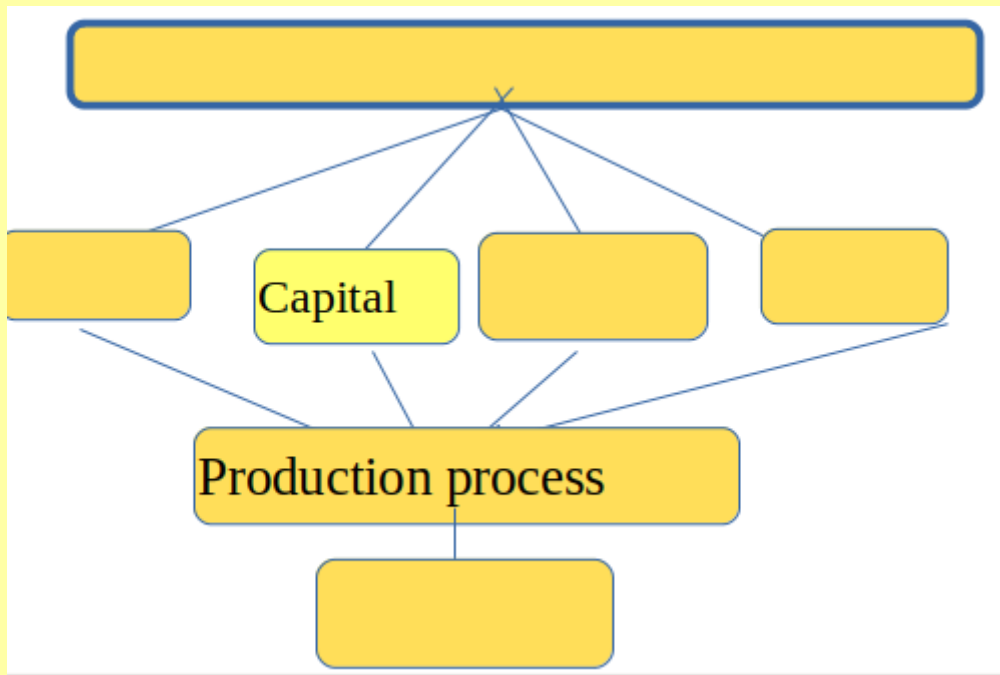
🟡 ഭൂമി (Land)

🟡 തൊഴിൽ (Labour)

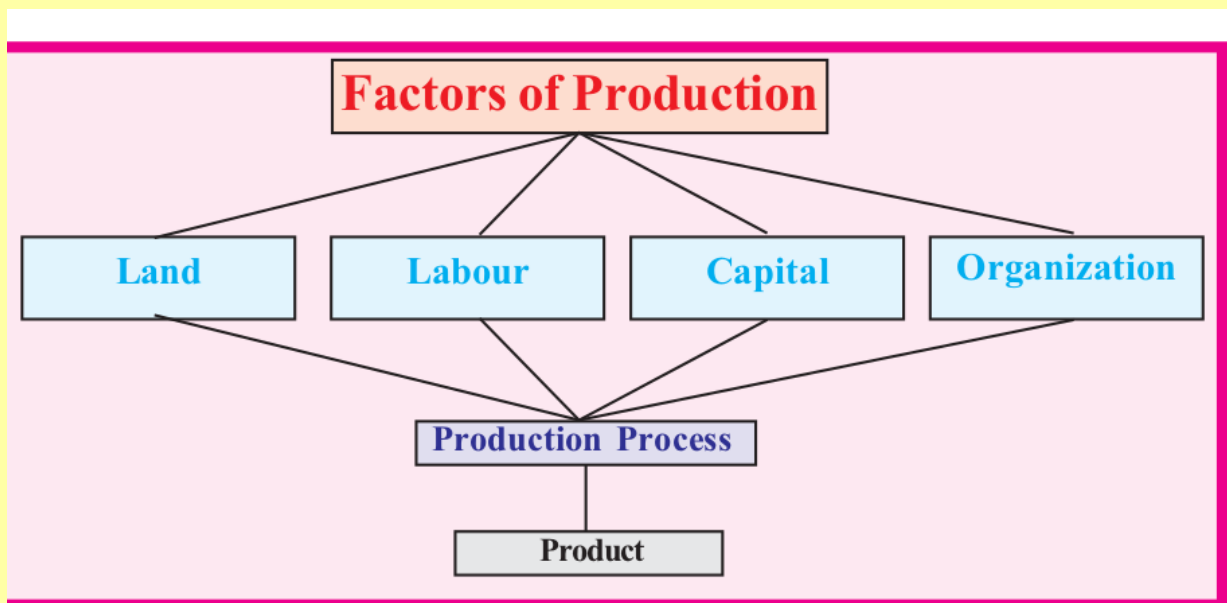
🟡 മൂലധനം (Capital)

🟡 സംഘാടനം (Organization)

### 3. Complete the flow chart



Answer-



**4. Find out the stages involved in producing paddy from figure - ?**



- **Ploughing**
- **Sowing seeds/planting seedlings**
- **Weeding**
- **Manuring**
- **Harvesting**
- **Threshing**
- **Collecting rice grains**

- നിലം ഒരുക്കൽ
- വിത്ത് വിതയ്ക്കൽ/ഞാർ നടീൽ
- കള പരിക്കൽ
- വളം വിതറൽ
- കൊയ്ത്ത്
- കുറ്റ മെതിക്കൽ
- നെല്ല് ശേഖരിക്കൽ

**5. What are the factors involved in the process of paddy production?**

- Labourers
- Natural resources (land, water,...)
- Man-made goods (fertilizers, seeds, agricultural equipments,...)

- 4 The given collage includes the picture of a shoe factory.  
Which are the factors involved in the production of shoes?

### Factors of production



- Buildings
  - Machinery
  - Workers
  - Electricity
  - Entrepreneur
5. What all natural resources are included in 'land' as a factor of production? Try to list them.
- Soil
  - Water
  - Forest
  - Air
  - Coal
  - Ocean
  - Mountains
6. Discuss the features of land as a factor of production based on the indicators given below.
- ➔ Which are the natural resources included in land as a factor of production?  
All the natural resources found on the surface and the interior of the earth and in the atmosphere come under this factor.
  - ➔ Can we increase the area of land in accordance with our requirements?

No. Total availability of land is fixed.

→ Can we enhance the fertility of land? If so, how?

Through proper irrigation and fertilization

→ Can we shift land from one place to another?

No.

**The features of land :**

- Land is the primary factor of production
- Total availability of land is fixed
- Land differs in its fertility
- Land is immobile
- Rent is the reward for land .

**7. What is meant by labour as a factor of production ? What are the features of labour?**

If the physical, mental, and intellectual skills of the workers are used to produce goods and services , it is called labour.

**The features of labour**

- Labour is an active agent of production
- The labourers use their manpower in the production process.
- The work of a porter is a physical labour and work of a teacher is a mental labour
- Wage is the reward for labour.

**8. What are the features of capital?**

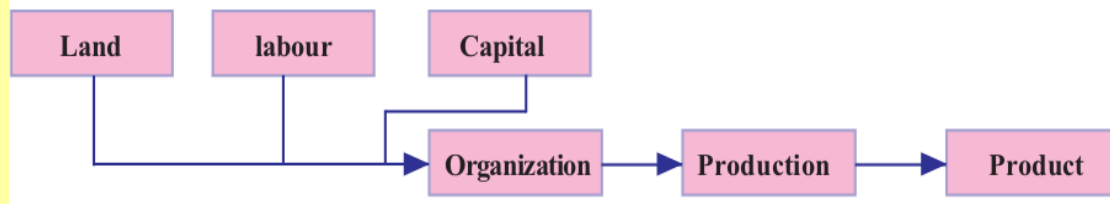
Capital is essential for the production of a product and for providing the basic facilities for the same. It is necessary for establishing a factory, buying equipments, paying wages to labourers, buying raw materials for production and the like.

- Man made
- Tangible and visible
- Capital enhances the production skills of the labourers.
- Capital has mobility.
- Interest is the reward for capital.

**9. Write a short note on “Organization “**

Organization implies the co-ordination of various factors of production like land, labour, and capital. The person who co-ordinates is called an organizer or entrepreneur.



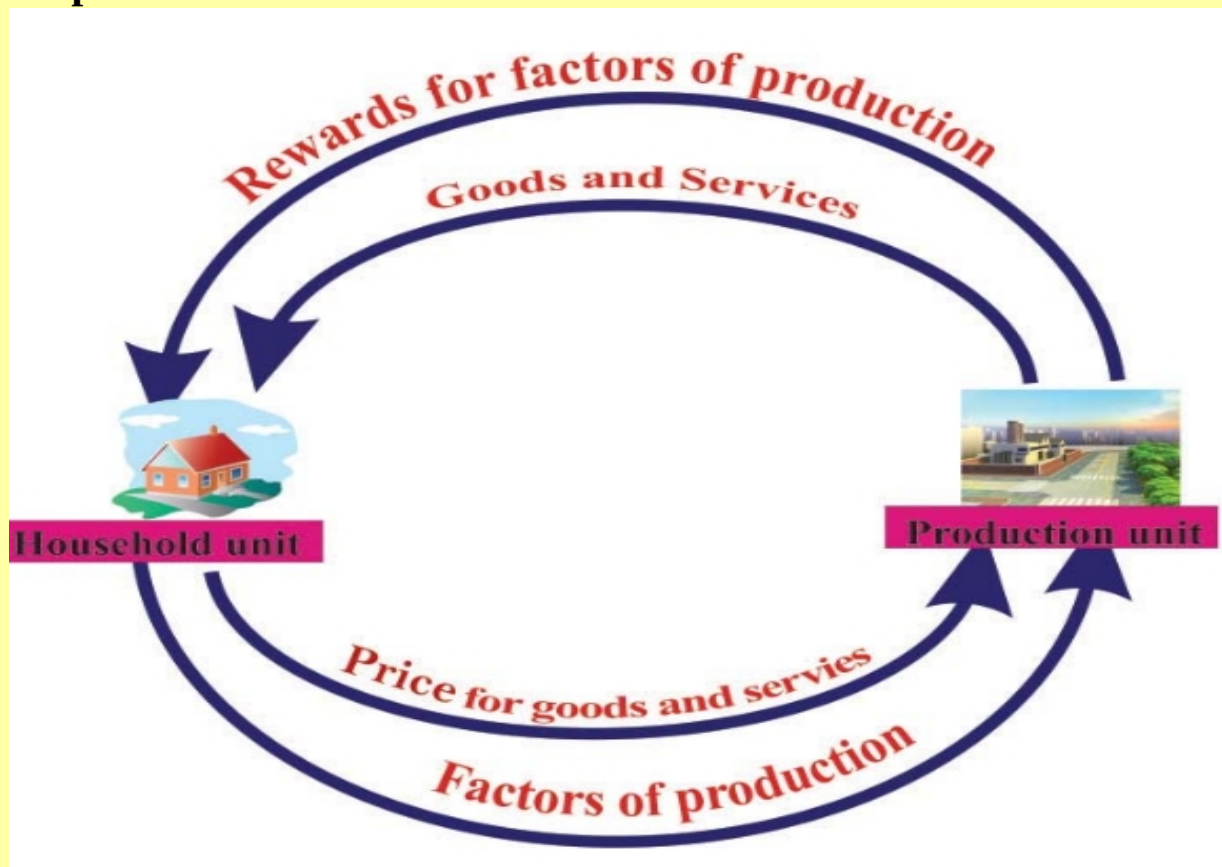


**8. Find out the features of the organizer based on the indicators given below.**

- ➔ What is the objective of an organizer?
- ➔ What are the responsibilities of an organizer in the production process?
- ➔ What are the factors that the organizer should co-ordinate?
- ➔ How can the skill of a co-ordinator be enhanced?

- ◆ Good planner
- ◆ Good manager
- ◆ Ability to make use of new ideas and methods of production
- ◆ Ability to combine the factors of production scientifically .
- ◆ Organizer receives profit as his rewards

**9.Explains the circular flow of economic activities.**



- The household unit supplies the land, labour, capital, and organization to the production unit.
- The household unit is given rent, wages, interest, profit, etc as reward by the production unit.
- The production unit supplies goods and services to the household unit.
- In exchange for the goods and services received, the household unit pays price to the production unit.

● ഉല്പാദനയൂണിറ്റുകൾക്ക് ഉല്പാദനഘടകങ്ങളായ ഭൂമി, തൊഴിൽ, മൂലധനം, സംഘാടനം എന്നിവ പ്രദാനം ചെയ്യുന്നത് ഗാർഹികയൂണിറ്റാണ്.

● ഉല്പാദനഘടകങ്ങൾക്കുള്ള പ്രതിഫലമായി പാട്ടം, കൂലി, പലിശ, ലാഭം എന്നിവ ഉല്പാദനയൂണിറ്റ് ഗാർഹിക യൂണിറ്റിന് നൽകുന്നു.

● ഉല്പാദനയൂണിറ്റ് ഗാർഹിക യൂണിറ്റുകൾക്ക് ആവശ്യമായ സാധനങ്ങളും സേവനങ്ങളും നൽകുന്നു.

● ഇതിന് പ്രതിഫലമായി ഗാർഹിക യൂണിറ്റ് ഉല്പാദനയൂണിറ്റുകൾക്ക് വില (Price) പണമായി നൽകുന്നു.

#### 10. All the factors of production receives rewards . Which are they?

Production factors	Rewards
• Land	• Rent
• Labour	• Wage
• Capital	• Interest
• Organization	• Profit

### **11. Prepare a table showing Physical Labour and Mental Labour**

Physical Labour	Mental Labour
Agriculture	Teaching
Head Load	Medical Services
Fishing	Advocate
Coir work	Computer work
Construction work	Banking

### **12. Visit any production unit in your locality and prepare a note on how each factor of production helps in the production process.**

The production unit near to my home is a small interlock tile making unit. The different items that are needed for production of tiles are machinery equipments, electricity, vehicles, labour, money. The raw materials for the unit are cement, sand, & stone chips. For smooth working of the unit there are employed 7 labourers. Land used is an owned property. Capital gets through bank loans. Annual profit is about 5 lakhs rupees.

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