DIRECTORATE OF GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS, CHENNAI – 6 HIGHER SECONDARY SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION – MARCH – 2024 KEY ANSWER FOR COMMERCE – ENGLISH MEDIUM

NOTE:

- 1. Answer written only in BLUE or BLACK should be evaluated.
- 2. In Part I the correct answer should have been written with the option code.

PART _ I

- 3. If one of them (option or answer) id wrong, then award zero mark only.
- Marks can be awarded, if students write in their own sentences with related to concept and explanations.

TOTAL MARKS - 90

	Ans	wer all the Questions.	ran.	nei	20×1=20
E	X	TYPE A		R.	TYPE B
1	a	Walkins	1	С	Apprenticeship training
2	a	Long term finance	2	b	1960
3	b	1960	3	d	Marketing
4	C	Trustees	4	a	Walkins
5	b	Consumer	5	b	Bonus Shares
6	a	Barter System	6	С	Defining organisational objectives
7	b & c	b. Test c. Placement	7	a	Barter System
8	a	1930	8	d	Internal and External
9	С	Apprenticeship training	9	b	Co-ordinating
10	a	18	10	С	Trustees
11	b	Bonus Shares	11	С	Needs of the customers
12	С	Defining organisational objectives	12	b	Consumer
13	С	Needs of the customers	13	a b c d	Any option
14	b	rganise, is commend, to ter-	14	С	Adaptive
15	b	Co-ordinating	15	а	Long term finance
16	abod	Any option	16	a	1930 Bulgaram eaganam
17	d	Make in India	17	а	18 USO DOS TREDITERM
18	d	Internal and External	18	b	3
19	d	Marketing	19	d	Make in India
20	С	Adaptive an amateur and dang of a	20	b & c	b. Test c. Placement

PART - II

	nswer any 7 Questions. Question No. 30 is compulsory. 7 1. Innovation 2. Representation 3. Decision-making 4.	HT.
21		2
	Communication (Any Two)	
	A consumer is one who consumes goods or services for a	THE REAL PROPERTY.
22	consideration .	2
20	1. Liberalization 2. Privatization 3. Globalization	2
23 24	♦ Management by exception is a style of business management that	1.8
24	focuses on identifying and handling cases that deviate from the norm.	2
25	 Contract of sale of goods is a contract whereby the seller transfers or 	n formular
23	agrees to transfer the property (ownership) of the goods to the buyer for a price.	2
26	1. Individuals 2. Corporate sectors 3. Government, 4. Banks 5. Financial	eneerth.
	Institutions.	2
	(Any Two)	
27	Proxy means a person being the representative of shareholders at	
	the meeting of the company.	
	♦ He cannot vote.	(2×1=2
	♦ He cannot speak.	(ZX 1-Z
	He can be present at the meeting.	
	(Any Two	
_	Stock Exchange is an organized market for the purchase and sale of	2
28	industrial and financial security.	
	A method of trading whereby merchants bid against one another and	
29	where the securities are sold to the highest bidder is known as	2
	auctioning.	
	(a) Special Resolution	2.
30	(b) Ordinary Resolution	
	PART – III	
Ans	swer any 7 Questions. Question No. 40 is compulsory.	7×3=2
	A market wherein financial instruments such as financial claims, assets	3
31	and securities are traded is known as a financial market.	
TT	"To manage is to forecast, to plan, to organise, to command, to co-	1 1 10
	ordinate and to control." - Henry Fayol.	
20	(Or)	3
32	"Management is a multipurpose organ that manages a business and	
	manages manager, and manages worker and work." - Peter F. Drucker:	HE & THE
	(Any one definition	
	i. Intelligent and capable application of modern marketing policies.	N L SI
	ii. To develop the marketing field.	AFFE BE
	iii. To develop guiding policies and their implementation for a good	I O F
	result.	
	iv. To suggest solutions by studying the problems relating to	1010
	The state of the s	(3×1=3
33	marketing.	
33	v. To find sources for further information concerning the market	
33	v. To find sources for further information concerning the market problems.	
33	To find sources for further information concerning the market problems. vi. To revive existing marketing function, if shortcomings are found.	
33	v. To find sources for further information concerning the market problems.	

(Any Three)

34	Any 3 characteristics	(3×1=3)
35	 A person who is not the member of Board. But he has some power to run it. He can be appointed as the director but according to his/her wish. 	(3×1=3)
36	1. Motive 2. Status 3. Risk Bearing 4. Rewards 5. Skills (Any Three differences)	(3×1=3)
37	There are certain situations where the shop-keepers put up the board No Stock in front of their shops, even though there is plenty of stock in the store.	3
38	Any 3 impacts.	(3×1=3)
39	 According to Companies Act, every public company, should hold a meeting of the shareholders within 6 months but not earlier than one month from the date of commencement of business of the company. This meeting is conducted only once in the lifetime of the company. 	3
40	Mark can be awarded, if students write in their own sentences with related to expected interview questions.	(3×1=3)

PART - IV

Answer all the Questions.

prinnise
prinnise
prinnise
7×5=35

41	1. Procurement	ar no led to from allowards for per on the	
(a)	2. Development	, Contract of the contract of	
,	3. Compensation	Purporation and Example of Manager and Advantage and Advan	
	4. Retention	The state of the s	5×1=5
	5. Integration	Delegation of authority is easily do	0.1-0
	6. Maintenance	gal Ag sussuon eta entevirous moni	
		(Any Five with explanation)	
	(One mark can be award	ded, if heading alone)	100
		OR)	
(b)	1. Meaning	Orașion	
	2. Buying	Payabiliy	
	3. Financing	violsy	
	4. How can securities be sold?	Acceptance	
	5. Buying and selling between	Grace period	5×1=5
	6. Gained persons	Notice	
	7. Intermediary	the state of the s	N .
	8. Price	Discounting	8
	Organizational difference		10 13-130
		(Any Five with explanation)	mH .

12	i. Preliminary Interview	9 125
a)	ii, Structure/Guided/Planned Interview	
,	iii. Unstructured Interview	
	iv. In depth Interview	
*	v. Panel Interview	
	vi. Stress Interview	5×1=5
	vii. Telephone Interview	
	viii. Online Interview	
	ix. Group interview	
	v Video Conferencing Interview	
	(Any five with explanation)	
	(One mark can be awarded, if heading alone)	Ta Con
P	(OR)	
	Managers are involved in objectives setting at various levels of	
(b)	management under MBO and this commitment ensures hard work	
	to achieve them.	
	MBO process helps the managers to understand their role in the	
	total organisation.	
	Manager recognises the need for planning and appreciates the	
	planning.	
	4. MBO provides a foundation for participative management. Sub-	
	ordinates are also involved in goal setting.	5×1=5
	Systematic evaluation of performance is made with the help of	5×1=5
	MPO	
	MBO gives the criteria of performance. It helps to take corrective	
	action	
	7 Delogation of authority is easily done with the help of MBO.	
	MBO motivates the workers by job enrichment and makes the jobs	
	meaningful.	
	The responsibility of a worker is fixed through MBO.	
	10. Decision is taken by the management very quickly.	PE -
	(Any Five)	
40	1. Drawn	
43		
(a)	2. Payability	51
	3. Validity	
	4. Acceptance	
	5. Grace period	
	6. Notice	
	7. Sets	5×1=5
	8. Discounting	
	9. Stamping	
	10. Currency	
	11. Crossing	
1	12. Dishonour	
	13. Discharge from liability	
	(Any five with explanation)	

1. Securities Market 2. Price 3. Participants	
4. Location 5. Market for Financial Assets (With Explanation)	5×1=5
(One mark can be awarded if heading alone)	
(One mark can be awarded, it reading diency	The same
1. Spirit of Service	
6. Hard work	5×1=5
7 Leadership	3x1=3
10 Decision making	
(Any five with explanation)	
(One mark can be awarded, if heading alone)	
(OR)	8
1. Economic environment	
2. Socio-Cultural environment	
3. Political and Legal environment	
4. Geo-physical environment	5×1=5
5. Technological environment	ūt i
6 Global environment	
(Any five with explanation)	
(One mark can be awarded, if heading alone)	11.11
1. Duration of funds	
2. Supply of Funds	
4. Money Value	
5. Role of major institutions	
7. Participants	
Number of instrument dealt	5×1=5
9. Claims	
10. Risk	
11. Liquidity	
13. Regulator	
14. Underwriting	
15. Dominant Institutions	
	L
(OK)	5×1=5
Any 5 responsibilities of consumers with explanation	021-0
Powers Relating to Stock Exchanges will emediates	
2. Power to Impose Monetary Penalties	
Power to Initiate Actions in Functions Assigned	
	5×1=5
4. Power to Regulate Insider Trading	3x1=3
5 Powers Under Securities Contracts Act	3x1=3
Power to Regulate Insider Trading Powers Under Securities Contracts Act Power to Regulate Business of Stock Exchanges (Any five with explanation)	
	4. Location 5. Market for Financial Assets (With Explanation) (One mark can be awarded, if heading alone) 1. Spirit of service 2. Self Confidence 3. Flexibility 4. Innovation 5. Resource Mobilisation 6. Hard work 7. Leadership 8. Foresight 9. Analytical ability 10. Decision making (Any five with explanation) (One mark can be awarded, if heading alone) (OR) 1. Economic environment 2. Socio-Cultural environment 3. Political and Legal environment 4. Geo-physical environment 5. Technological environment 6. Global environment 6. Global environment 7. Technological environment 8. Duration of funds 9. Supply of Funds 9. Deals with instruments 9. Money Value 9. Role of major institutions 9. Place of transactions 7. Participants 9. Number of instrument dealt 9. Claims 10. Risk 11. Liquidity 12. Price discovery 13. Regulator 14. Underwriting 15. Dominant Institutions (Any five with explanation) (OR) Any 5 responsibilities of consumers with explanation 1. Powers Relating to Stock Exchanges & Intermediaries 9. Power to Imnose Monetary Penalties

	angena (OR) not 4.3. Teach rather a	
(b)	Digital India:	
	The Digital India initiative has been launched to modernize the Indian economy to make all government services available electronically.	
	The initiative aims at transforming India into a digitally-empowered society	2×2½=5
	Startup India:	
	Since its launch in January 2016, the initiative has successfully given a head start to numerous aspiring entrepreneurs.	
	A 'Fund of Funds' has been created to help startups gain access to funding.	
.47	1. Meaning	4
(a)	2. Cost	
	3. Location 4 and the state of	
	4. Suitable for	
	5. Approach	
	6. Principle	5×1=5
	7. Carried out	5
	8. Deals with	
	9. Work disturbance	
	10. Methods	0, 1
	(Any five with explanation)	
	(OR)	
(b)	A director must be a person of sound mind.	
	2. A director must hold share qualification, if the article of association	
	provides such.	5×1=5
	3. A director must be an individual.	0.1-0
	4. A director should be a solvent person.	
	5. A director should not be convicted by the Court for any offence, etc.	