	tion - March 2024
TIME ALLOWED : 3.00 Hours] ACCOUNTANC	Y (with Answers) [Maximum Marks : 90
 Astructions : Check the question paper for fairness of printing. If there is any lack of fairness, inform the Hall Supervisor immediately. Use Blue or Black ink to write and underline and pencil to draw diagrams PART - 1 ote : (i) Answer all the questions. [20 × 1 = 20] (ii) Choose the most appropriate answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code and the corresponding answer. ₹ 25,000 withdrawn from bank for office use. In which voucher type, this transaction will be recorded? (a) Payment voucher (b) Contra voucher (c) Sales voucher (d) Receipt voucher The amount received over and above the par value is credited to : (a) Share capital account (b) Securities premium account (c) Forfeited shares account (d) Calls in advance account The key used for closing Tally is : (a) Ctrl+Z (b) Ctrl P (c) Ctrl+Q (d) Ctrl+ Income and Expenditure Account re ared to find out : (a) Surplus or deficit (b) rofit or loss (c) Financial position (d) Cash and Bank alanc The amount of e les can be computed from : 	 8. Goodwill which cannot be recorded in the book accounts : (a) Self generated goodwill (b) Acquired g dw (c) Purchased goodwill (d) None of hese 9. Which of the following is not a t 1 of an statement analysis? (a) Comparative statement (b) Trend analysis (c) Standard costin (d) Common size statemen 10. James and Kamal a e sharin profits and losses in ratio of 5:3. Th y a t Sunil as a partner giving H 1/5 share of profi Find out the Sacrificing ratio. (a) 5:3 b) 1:3 (c) 3:5 (d) 3 11. On retir en of a partner from a partnership fi a cum lated profits and losses are distributed to rtne on the basis of : (a) Gaining ratio (b) New profit sharing ratio 12. Identify the incorrect pair (a) Goodwill under = Average profit × Annuity method factor (b) Goodwill under = Average profit × Number of years of method purchase (c) Goodwill under = Weighted average Weighted average
 (a) Bills re a e account (b) Total debtors account (c) Bills ayable account (d) Total creditors account To t liquidity of a concern, which of the owner retions are useful? 	(d) Goodwill under = Super profit × Super profit Number of years of
ow ng ratios are useful?(i) Quick ratio(ii) Net profit ratio(ii) Debt-equity ratio(iv) Current ratio(a) (ii) and (iii)(b) (i) and (ii)(c) (ii) and (iv)(d) (i) and (iv)That part of share capital which can be called up only on the winding up of a company is called as :(a) Capital Reserve(b) Authorised capital(c) Reserve capital(d) Called up capital	 13. A, B and C are partners sharing profits in the ratio 2:2:1. On retirement of B, goodwill of the firm valued as ₹ 30,000. Find the contribution of A and to compensate B: (a) ₹ 10,000 and ₹ 20,000 (b) ₹ 20,000 and ₹ 10,000 (c) ₹ 15,000 and ₹ 15,000 (d) ₹ 8,000 and ₹ 4,000

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2		aiiiiid	mon - March 2024 - Question Paper with Answers
14. 15.	Subscription due but not received for the current year is : (a) An Expense (b) An Asset (c) An item to be ignored (d) A Liability Choose the incorrect pair. (a) Sale of old sports materials - Capital receipt (b) General donation - Revenue receipt (c) Subscription for billiards - Revenue receipt (d) Specific donation - Capital receipt	1 18. 1 18. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 19. 1	 When fixed capital method is adopted by a partnership firm, which of the following items will appear in capital account? (a) Interest on drawings (b) Additional capital introduced (c) Share of profit (d) Interest on cap Expenses for a business for the first ye were ₹ 80,000. In the second year, it was i ease of ₹ 88,000. What is the trend percentage n the econd year?
16.	Current liabilities ₹40,000; Current assets ₹1,00,000;	1	(a) 90 % (b 10 %
	Inventory ₹20,000. Quick ratio is :	1	(c) 11 % (d) 11 %
17.	(a) 2:1 (b) 1:1 (c) 1:2 (d) 2.5:1 Revaluation A/c is a : (a) Personal A/c (b) Real A/c (c) Impersonal A/c (d) Nominal A/c	20.	(c) 11 / 0 (d) 11 / 0 The amount of Capital of the p oprietor, if his Assets are ₹ 85,000 and Liabiliti are ₹ 21,000 : (a) ₹ 21,000 (b) ₹ 85,000 (c) ₹ 64 0 (d) ₹ 1,06,000
	PAR	<u>T - II</u>	
Note	Answer any seven questions. Question No. 30 is Compulso	ory.	$7 \times 2 = 14$
21.	What is Receipts and Payments Account?		
22.	What is Goodwill?		
23.	Why are the shares forfeited?		
24. 25.	What is Working Capital? What is Automated accounting system?		
26.	From the following details, calculate the Capit s on	st De	ecember 2018.
	Particulars	₹	
	Capital as on 1 st January, 2018		1,00,000
	Goods withdrawn for personal use by owner		30,000
	Additional Capital introduced du g the year Profit for the year		15,000 60,000
27.	Praveena and Dhanya a e sharing profits in the ratio Praveena, Dhanya and M ni is 5:2:3. Calculate the sacri		They admit Malini into the firm. The new ratio among
28.	Dheena, Surya and Janaki are partners sharing profits On the date of r rement, the books of the firm show		

- 28. Dheena, Surya and Janaki are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:3:2. On 31.3.2018, Dheena retired. On the date of r rement, the books of the firm showed a reserve fund of ₹ 50,000. Pass journal entry to transfer the reserve
- 29. Calculat ro profit ratio from the following.
 - Reven e from operations ₹ 1,00,000, Cost of revenue from operations ₹ 80,000 and Purchases ₹ 62,500.

e Final Accounts which are to be prepared by the partnership firms.

30.

PART - III

te: Answer any seven questions. Question No. 40 is compulsory.

- 31 Differentiate between Statement of affairs and Balance Sheet.
- **32.** From the following details calculate the printing and stationery to be debited to Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending 31st March, 2018 and also show how it will appear in the Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2018.

Amount paid for Stationery during 2017- 2018	₹ 1,500
Stock of Stationery on 1st April, 2017	₹ 300
Stock of Stationery on 31st March, 2018	₹ 200

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 $7 \times 3 = 21$

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33. Kumar is a partner in a partnership firm. As per the Partnership deed, interest on drawings is charged at 6% per annum. During the year ended 31st December, 2018 he withdrew as follows:

Date	₹
March 1	4,000
June 1	4,000
September 1	4,000
December 1	4,000

Calculate the amount of interest on drawings.

- 34. From the following information, find out the value of Goodwill by Capitalisation method:
 - (a) Average profit ₹ 20,000
 - (b) Normal rate of return 10%
 - (c) Capital employed ₹ 1,50,000
- **35.** Rajesh and Ramesh are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2. Raman is admitted as a new partner and the new profit sharing ratio is decided as 5:3:2. The following revaluations are made, P epar rev luation account.
 - (a) The value of building is increased by ₹ 15,000.
 - (b) The value of the machinery is decreased by \gtrless 4,000.
 - (c) Provision for doubtful debt is made for \gtrless 1,000.
- 36. List out the adjustments made at the time of retirement of a partner in a tners p firm.
- 37. State the differences between Preference shares and Equity shares.
- Prepare Common-size income statement for the following particulars aja Ltd., for the year ended 31st March, 2017.

Particulars	2016-2017 ₹
Revenue from operations	4 50 000
Other income	6,0
Expenses	1 5 00

39. From the following information, calculate t-equity ratio: Balance Sheet (Extract) as on 31.03.20

Particulars	₹
I. EQUITY AND LIABI ITI	
1. Shareholder's funds	
(a) Share cap tal	
Equity sh e capital	1,00,000
(b) Rese es d'surplus	60,000
2. No -C liabilities:	
Lon -term borrowings (Debentures)	80,000
3 Cu nt liabilities:	
) Trade payables	50,000
(b) Other current liabilities	
Outstanding expenses	30,000
Total	3,20,000

- **40.** Write the Gateway of Tally to view the following.
 - (i) Profit and Loss A/c
 - (ii) Balance Sheet
 - (iii) Day Book

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PART - IV

Note: Answer all the questions:.

41. (a) On 1st April 2017, Ganesh started his business with a capital of ₹ 75,000. He did not maintain proper books of accounts. Following particulars are available from his books as on 31.3.2018.

Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
Cash	5,000	Debtors	16,000
Stock of goods	18,000	Creditors	9,000
Bills receivable	7,000	Cash at Bank	24,000
Furniture	3,000	Bills Payable	6,000
Land and Buildings	30,000		

During the year he withdrew ₹15,000 for his personal use. He introduced further capital f ₹20 00 during the year. Calculate his profit or loss.

(0	R)

(b) Vetri and Ranjit are partners, sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2. Their ala heet as on 31st December 2017 is as under:

Liabilities	₹	₹	t	₹
Capital accounts:			Furniture	25,000
Vetri	30,000		Sto k	20,000
Ranjit	20,000	50,000	De rs	10,000
Reserve fund		5,00	sh in hand	35,000
Sundry Creditors		45,0	Pr fit and Loss A/c (Loss)	10,000
		,0 00		1,00,000

On 1.1.2018, they admit Suriya into their firm a

tner on the following arrangements.

 $7 \times 5 = 35$

- (i) Suriya brings ₹ 10,000 as capital fo 1
- (ii) Stock to be depreciated by 10%
- (iii) Debtors to be revalued at \gtrless 00.
- (iv) Furniture to be revalued $\gtrless 40 00$.

(v) There is an outstand g wa of ₹ 4,500 not yet recorded.

Prepare Revaluation count, artners' Capital account and the Balance Sheet of the firm after admission.

hare of profit.

42. (a) From the following partic lars of Poompuhar Literary Association, prepare Receipts and Payments account for the year ended 31st March, 2019.

Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
Openin Ca in hand as on 1.4.2018	5,000	Subscription received	20,000
Ban v draft as on 1.4.2018	4,000	Repairs and renewals	2,500
inting and Stationery	1,500	Conveyance paid	2,750
In rest Paid	3,250	Books Purchased	10,000
Sale of Investments	1,000	Insurance Premium Paid	4,000
Purchase of refreshments	1,500	Sundry receipts	750
Outstanding Salary	2,000	Government grants received	6,000
Endowment fund receipts	2,000	Sale of refreshments	1,500
Lighting Charges	1,300	Depreciation on buildings	2,000
		Cash at bank on 31.03.2019	2,000

(OR)

(b) State any 5 factors determining Goodwill and explain.

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43. (a) From the following information, prepare Capital accounts of partners Mannan and Sevagan, when their capitals are fluctuating.

Particulars	Mannan₹	Sevagan₹
Capital on 1 st January 2018 (Cr. balance)	2,00,000	1,75,000
Drawings during 2018	40,000	35,000
Interest on drawings	1,000	500
Share of profit for 2018	21,000	16,500
Interest on capital	12,000	10,500
Salary	18,000	
Commission		2,5 0

(OR)

- (b) Roja, Neela and Kanaga are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 4:3:3. On 1st Apr 2017, Roja retires from partnership and on retirement, the following adjustments are agreed upon.
 - (i) Increase the value of building by ₹ 30,000.
 - (ii) Depreciate stock by ₹ 5,000 and furniture by ₹ 12,000.
 - (iii) Provide an outstanding liability of ₹1,000
 - Pass journal entries and prepare Revaluation account.
- 44. (a) From the following information, calculate the value of Goo ased on 3 years purchase of Super Profit.
 - (i) Capital employed : ₹ 2,00000
 - (ii) Normal rate of return: 15%
 - (iii) Average profit of the business : ₹ 42,000

OR)

- (b) Explain any five applications of computeri ed accounting system.
- 45. (a) From the following Receipts and Paym ts account, prepare Income and Expenditure account of Kumbakonam Basket Ball Association for the ye ended 31st March, 2018.

Receipts		₹	Payments	₹	₹
To Balance b/d			By Rent of ground paid		12,000
Cash in hand	23,000		By Printing charges		5,000
Cash at ba	12,000	35,000	By Bank charges		1,000
To Rent o ha ceived		6,000	By Insurance for building		2,000
To Subs on received		9,000	By Tournament expenses		16,000
To L fe membership fees		7,000	By Audit fees		3,000
To Locker rent received		2,000	By Sports materials purchased		4,000
			By Balance c/d		
			Cash in hand	2,000	
			Cash at bank	14,000	16,000
		59,000			59,000

(OR)

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(b) From the following particulars, prepare Comparative Statement of financial position of Muthu Ltd.

Particulars	31 st March, 2017	31 st March, 2018
Particulars	₹	₹
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Shareholders' Fund	4,00,000	4,40,000
Non-Current Liabilities	1,50,000	1,65,000
Current Liabilities	75,000	82,500
Total	6,25,000	6,87,500
II. ASSETS		
Non-current assets	5,00,000	6,00,00
Current assets	1,25,000	87,5
Total	6,25,000	6,87,500

46. (a) Durai and Velan entered into a partnership agreement on 1st April 2018. Dura co uting ₹ 25,000 and Velan ₹ 30,000 as capital. The agreement provided that:

- (i) Profits and losses to be shared in the ratio 2:3 as between Dur dv lan
- (ii) Partners to be entitled to get interest on capital @ 5% p.a.
- (iii) Interest on drawings to be charged Durai: ₹ 300 Velan: ₹ 45
- (iv) Durai to receive a salary of ₹ 5,000 for the year, and
- (v) Velan to receive a commission of \gtrless 2,000.

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During the year, the firm made a profit of \gtrless 20,000 efor adjustment of interest, salary and commission. Prepare the Profit and loss appropriation account.

OR)

- (b) From the following Balance Sheet of Arunan L as 31.03.2019, calculate
 - (i) Debt-equity ratio (ii) Proprietary ratio d (iii) apital gearing ratio.
 - Balance sheet of Arunan Ltd., a on 3 3.2019

	Particular	₹
I EQU	JITY AND LIABILITIES	
1.	Shareholders' Fund	
	(a) Share Capital	
	Equity hare Capital	1,50,000
	8 % Peren e Share Capital	2,00,000
	(b) Reserves nd Surplus	1,50,000
2.	N -Cur nt Liabilities	
	n term borrowings (9% Debentures)	4,00,000
	Current Liabilities	
	a) Short-term borrowings from banks	25,000
	(b) Trade payables	75,000
	Total	10,00,000
II AS	SETS	
1.	Non-current Assets	
	Fixed Assets	7,50,000
2.	Current Assets	
	(a) Inventories	1,20,000
	(b) Trade receivables	1,00,000
	(c) Cash and cash equivalents	27,500
	(d) Other Current Assets	
	Expenses paid in advance	2,500
	Total	10,00,000

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47. (a) From the following information, calculate trend percentages for Mullai Ltd.

Particulars	₹ in lakhs				
Particulars	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18		
Revenue from operations	100	120	160		
Other income	20	24	20		
Expenses	20	14	40		
Income tax	30%	30%	30%		
		(0)	R)		

(b) Joy Company issued 10,000 equity shares at ₹10 per share payable ₹5 on application, ₹3 on llot and ₹2 on first and final call. The public subscribed for 9,000 shares. The directors allotted all th 9,000 hares and duly received the money. Pass the necessary journal entries.

** ANSWERS Part - I Securities p (b) Contra voucher ium account 2. (b) 1. 3. Ctrl+O 4. (a) Surpl s deficit (c) (i) a (iv 5 (b) Total debtors account 6. (d) 7. (c) Reserve capital 8. (a) Se generated goodwill 9. (c) Standard costing 10 (a) 3 11. (d) Old profit sharing ratio 12. (a) Goodwill under Annuity method = Average r× Pr sent value annuity factor 13. (d) ₹ 8,000 and ₹ 4,000 14. (b) An Asset 15. (a) Sale of old sports materials – Capital ipt 16. (a) 2 : 1 17. (d) Nominal A/c 18. (b) Additional capital introduced 19. (d) 110 % 20. (c) ₹64,000 Part - II

- 21. (i) Receipts and Payments account is a summary of cash and bank transactions of not-for-profit organisations prepared at the end of each financial year.
 - (ii) It is a real accou in nature. The receipts and payments account begins with the opening balances of cash and bank and en s closing balances of cash and bank.
- 22. Goodwill i the od name or reputation of the business which brings benefit to the business. It enables the business to earn mo profit. It is the present value of a firm's future excess earnings. It is an intangible asset as it has no physical existe
- 23. W n shareholder defaults in making payment of allotment and/or call money, the shares may be forfeited. On forfeiture, the share allotment is cancelled and to that extent paid up share capital a reduced. The person ceases to b a shareholder of the company after the shares are forfeited.

The term 'fund' refers to working capital. Working capital refers to the excess of current assets over current liabilities. Working Capital = Current Assets – Current Liabilities

- 25. (i) Automated accounting is an approach to maintain up-to-date accounting records with the aid of accounting software.
 - (ii) Under manual accounting system entries are made in different books of accounts while accounting software packages sallow manual entry in one field or one place.

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26.

27.

Statement of profit or loss for the year ending 31st December 2018

Particulars			₹	
Closing capital			1,45,000	
Add : Drawings			30,000	_
			1,75,000	
Less: Additional capital during the year			15,000	
Adjusted closing capital			1,60,000	_
Less: Opening capital as on 1 st January 2018			1,00,000	
Profit for the year			60,000	
Share sacrificed	=	Old share – 1	New share	
Old ratio of Praveena and Dhanya	=	7:3 that is $\frac{7}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$	
lew ratio of Paveena, Dhanya and Malini	=	5 : 2 : 3 that i	5 2 3	
Praveena	=	$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{5}{10} = -$	$\frac{7 5}{10} = \frac{2}{10}$	
Dhanya	=	$\frac{3}{10}$ $\frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{3}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$	

Sacrificing ratio of Praveena and Dhanya is
$$\frac{2}{10}$$
 hat i : 1

28.

Jou entry

Date	Pa t cular		L.F	Debit ₹	Credit ₹
2018	Reserve Fund A/c	Dr.		50,000	
March 31	To Dheen Ca al A/c $(50,000 \times 3)$	5/10)			25,000
	To Surya's Capital A/c $(50,000 \times 3/3)$	10)			15,000
	To J naki Capital A/c (50,000 × 2/	10)			10,000
	(General reserve transferred to all partner	r's capital			
	ac ount n the profit sharing ratio)				

ſ	റ
1.	ч
 _	-

Gross profit ratio	_	Gross profit ×100
Gross pront ratio	_	Revenue from operations
	=	$\frac{20,000}{1,00,000} \times 100 = 20\%$
Gross profit	=	Revenue from operations - Cost of revenue from operations
	=	₹ 1,00,000 – ₹ 80,000
	=	₹ 20,000

30. The final accounts prepared by partnership firms are:

(a) Manufacturing account

- (b) Trading and profit and loss account
- (c) Profit and loss appropriation account

(d) Balance sheet

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Part - III

31.

S. No.	Basis of distinction	Statement of affairs	Balance Sheet
1.	Objective	Statement of affairs is generally prepared to find out the capital of the business.	Balance sheet is prepared to ascertain the financial position of the business.
2.	Accounting system	Statement of affairs is prepared when double entry system is not strictly followed.	Balance sheet is prepared wh accounts are maintained und r double entry system.
3.	Basis of preparation	It is not fully based on ledger balances.	It is prepared exclus ly on he basis of ledger balanc

32.

D

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31st March, 20 8

Dr				Cr
Particulars	₹	₹	Partic lars	₹
To Stationery consumed :				
Opening stock	300			
Add: Purchases	1,500			
	1,8			
Less : Closing stock	00	1,600		

Balance sheet as n 31 arch, 2018

Liabilities	Assets	₹
	Stock of stationery	200

33. Interest on drawings = Amoun of dra ngs × Rate of interest × Period of interest

Withdrawal on March
$$1 = \overline{\xi}4,000 \times \frac{6}{100} \times \frac{10}{12} = \overline{\xi} 200$$

W hdr wal on June $1 = \overline{\xi}4,000 \times \frac{6}{100} \times \frac{7}{12} = \overline{\xi} 140$
W hdraw 1 on September $1 = \overline{\xi}4,000 \times \frac{6}{100} \times \frac{4}{12} = \overline{\xi} 80$
Withdrawal on December $1 = \overline{\xi}4,000 \times \frac{6}{100} \times \frac{1}{12} = \overline{\xi} 20$
Total interest on drawings $= \overline{\xi} \frac{440}{100}$
4. Capitalised value of the business $= \frac{\text{Average profit}}{\text{Normal rate of return}} \times 100 = \frac{20,000}{10} \times 100 = \overline{\xi} 2,00,000$
Capital employed $= \overline{\xi} 1,50,000$
Goodwill $= \text{Total capitalised value of the average profit - Capital employed}$
 $= 2,00,000 - 1,50,000 = \overline{\xi} 50,000$

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Revaluation Account						
Dr				Cr		
Particulars	₹	₹	Particulars	₹		
To Machinery A/c		4,000	By Buildings A/c	15,000		
To Provision for doubtful debts A/c		1,000				
To profit on revaluation transferred to						
Rajesh's capital A/c (3/5)	6,000					
Ramesh's capital A/c (2/5)	4,000	10,000				
		15,000		15,000		

36. The following adjustments are necessary at the time of retirement of a partner.

- (i) Distribution of accumulated profits, reserves and losses.
- (ii) Revaluation of assets and liabilities.
- (iii) Determination of new profit sharing ratio and gaining ratio.
- (iv) Adjustment for goodwill.
- (v) Adjustment for current year's profit or loss upto the date of retirement.
- (vi) Settlement of the amount due to the retiring partner.

37.

	Basis	Equity shares	Preference shares		
1.	Meaning	Equity shares are the ordinary shares o company representing the tow rship of the shareholder in the comp	Preference shares are the shares that carry preferential rights on the matters of payment of dividend and repayment of capital.		
2.	Payment of dividend	The dividend is paid fte payment of all liabilitie	Priority in payment of dividend over equity shareholders		
3.	Rate of dividend	Fluctuating	Fixed		

38.

Common-size inc e st ement of Raja Ltd for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Particulars	Absolute amount ₹	Percentage of revenue from operations
Revenue from Operations	4,50,000	100
Add : Other inc me	67,500	15
Total reven e Less: E en s	5,17,500 1,35,000	115 30
Profi before tax	3,82,500	85

N te:

Computation of percentage for other income	=	$\frac{67,500}{4,50,000} \times 100 = 15$
Percentage for Total revenue	=	$\frac{5,17,500}{4,50,000} \times 100 = 115\%$
Percentage for Expenses	=	$\frac{1,35,000}{4,50,000} \times 100 = 30\%$
Percentage for Profit before tax	=	$\frac{3,82,500}{4,50,000} \times 100 = 85\%$

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20	Long term d	lebt			
39.	Debt equity ratio = Shareholders	' funds			
	Long term debt = Debentures = $\frac{1}{2}$	₹ 80,000			
	Shareholders' funds = Equity share c	apital + Reserv	ves and surplus		
	= 1,00,000 + 60,0	-	-		
	Debt equity ratio = $\frac{80,000}{1,60,000} = 0$	0.5:1			
40. (i)	To view Profit and Loss Account :				
	Gateway of Tally > Reports > Profit &	$\Delta Loss A/c > A$	AltF1		
(ii)	To view Balance Sheet: Gateway of Tally > Reports > Balanc	e Sheet > AltF	1		
(iii)) To view Day Book :				
	Gateway of Tally > Reports > Display	y> Day Book >	> AltF1		
		J	Part - IV		
41. (a)	Statement of affair	s of Ganesh as	s on 31 st March, 20		
	Liabilities	₹	As s	₹	
	Creditors	9,000	Cash	5,000	
	Bills payable	6,000	Cash a bank	24,000	
	Capital (balancing figure)	88,000	St k of ds	18,000	
			Deb s	16,000	
			lls ceivable	7,000	
			Land and buildings	30,000	

Statement of p fit or ss for the year ending 31st March, 2018

1,03 00

Furniture

articulars	₹
Closing capital s on 31 3.2018	88,000
Add: Draw d ing the year	15,000
	1,03,000
Le_Add nal capital introduced during the year	20,000
A ste closing capital	83,000
<u>ess:</u> Opening capital as on 01.04.2017	75,000
P made during the year ending 31.03.2018	8,000

(OR)

Revaluation Account

Dr Particulars To Stock A/c To Debtors A/c

(b)

₹ ₹ Particulars ₹ 2,000 By Furniture A/c 15,000 2,500 To Outstanding wages A/c 4,500 To Profit on revaluation transferred to capital A/c Vetri (3/5) 3,600 Ranjit (2/5) 2,400 6,000 15,000 15,000

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3,000

Cr

1,03,000

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Capital Account								
Dr	Dr Cr							
Particulars	Vetri ₹	Ranjit ₹	Suriya ₹	Particulars	Vetri ₹	Ranjit ₹	Suriya ₹	
To Profit and loss A/c	6,000	4,000	-	By Balance b/d	30,000	20,000		
To Balance c/d	30,600	20,400	10,000	By Reserve fund A/c	3,000	2,000		
				By Revaluation A/c	3,600	2,400		
				By Cash A/c	-		,000	
	36,600	24,400	10,000		36,600	24,40	10,000	
				By Balace b/d	30,600	20,4 0	10,000	

Balance sheet as on 1st January 2018

Liabilities	₹	₹	Assets	₹	₹
Capital accounts :			Furniture	25,000	
Vetri	30,600		Add : Apprecia n	15,000	40,000
Ranjit	20,400		Stock	20,000	
Suriya	10,000	61,000	Less: Depre n	2,000	18,000
Sundry creditors		45,000	Debtors	10,000	
Outstanding wages		4,500	Less: D crea	2,500	7,500
			Ca in h nd	35,000	
			Add_ iya's capital	10,000	45,000
		1,1 0			1,10,500

In the books of Poompuhar Literary ssociation Receipts and Payments Account for the year ded 31st March, 2019

Dr			Cr
Receipts	₹	Payments	₹
To Balance b/d		By Balance b/d	
Cash in hand	5,000	Bank overdraft	4,000
To Sale of investments	1,000	By Printing and stationary	1,500
To Endowment fund r ceipt	2,000	By Interest paid	3,250
To Subscription receiv	20,000	By Purchase of refreshments	1,500
To Sundry receipts	750	By Lighting Charges	1,300
To Governmen gran eceived	6,000	By Repairs and renewals	2,500
To Sale of r freshments	1,500	By Conveyance paid	2,750
		By Books purchased	10,000
		By Insurance premium paid	4,000
		By Balance c/d	
		Cash at Bank	2,000
		Cash in hand	3,450
	36,250		36,250

(OR)

(b) Generally, the following factors determine the value of goodwill of a partnership firm:

- (i) **Profitability of the firm:** A firm earning higher profits and having potential to generate higher profits in future will have higher value of good will.
- (ii) **Good quality of goods or services offered:** If a firm enjoys good reputation among the customers and general public for the good quality of its products or services, the value of goodwill for the firm will be high.
- (iii) Tenure of the business enterprise: A firm which has carried on business for several years will have higher reputation among its customers as it is better known to the customers.

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- (iv) Efficiency of management: A firm having efficient management will earn more profits and the value of its goodwill will be higher compared to a firm with less efficient managerial personnel.
- (v) Degree of competition : In the case of business enterprises having no competition or negligible competition, the value of goodwill will be high.

43. (a)

Dr.	Partners' Capital A/c				
Particulars	Mannan ₹	Sevagan ₹	Particulars Mann ₹		Sevagan ₹
To Drawings A/c	40,000	35,000	By Balance b/d	2,00,000	1,75, 0
To Interest on			By Profit and loss		
drawings A/c	1,000	500	500 appropriation A/c		16 00
To Balance c/d	2,10,000	1,69,000	59,000 By Interest on capital A/c		10,500
			By Salary A/c	18 000	-
			By Commission A/c	-	2,500
	2,51,000	2,04,500		2,51,000	2,04,500
			By Balance b/d	2,10,000	1,69,000

(OR) **Journal entries**

(b)

	Journal entries			
Date	Particulars	L.F	Debit ₹	Credit ₹
2017 April 1	Building A/c To Revaluation A/c (Value of building increased)		30,000	30,000
2017 April 1	Revaluation A/c Dr. To Stock A/c To Furniture A/c To Outstanding bility /c (Decrease in value of asset d outstanding liability recorded)		18,000	5,000 12,000 1,000
2017 April 1	Revaluation A/cDr.To Rojas cap tal A/cTo Neelas capital A/co Kanaga's capital A/coo revaluation distributed)		12,000	4,800 3,600 3,600

Dr	Revaluation Account					
Particulars	₹	₹	Particulars	₹		
To S ck A/c		5,000	By Building A/c	30,000		
To F niture A/c		12,000				
To Outstanding liability A/c		1,000				
To Profit on revaluation transferred to						
Roja's capital A/c (12,000 \times 4/10)	4,800					
Neela's capital A/c (12,000 \times 3/10)	3,600					
Kanaga's capital A/c (12,000 \times 3/10)	3,600					
		12,000				
		30,000		30,000		

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44. (a) Normal profit = Capital employed × Normal rate of return = 2,00,000 × 15% = ₹ 30,000
Super profit = Average profit - Normal profit = 42,000 - 30,000 = ₹ 12,000
Goodwill = Super profit × Number of years of purchase = 12,000 × 3 = ₹ 36,000
(OR)

(b) The applications of CAS are as follows :

- (i) Maintaining accounting records : In CAS, accounting records can be maintained easily and efficiently for long time period. It facilitates fast and accurate retrieval of data and information.
- (ii) **Inventory management :** CAS facilitates efficient management of inventory. Updated info matio about availability of inventory, level of inventory, etc., can be obtained instantly.
- (iii) Report generation : CAS helps to generate various routine and special purpose repor
- (iv) **Data import/export :** Accounting data and information can be imported from or ex rte to other users within the organisation as well as outside the organisation.
- (v) Taxation: CAS helps to compute various taxes and to deduct these and dep sit the same to the Government account.

45. **(a)**

(b)

In the books of Kumbakonam Basket II A ocition Income and Expenditure Account for the year 3 March, 2018

Dr			Cr
Expenditure	₹	Income	₹
To Rent of ground	12,000	B Re of hall received	6,000
To Printing Charges	5,000	B Sub ription received	9,000
To Bank charges	00	By Locker rent received	2,000
To Tournament expenses	16 0	y Deficit	26,000
To Audit fees	3,00	(Excess of expenditure over income)	
To Sports materials purchased	00		
To Insurance for building	2,000		
	43,000		43,000

(OR)

Comparativ balanc heet of Muthu Ltd as on 31st March, 2017 and 31st March, 2018

		artic lars	2016-17 ₹	2017-18 ₹	Absolute amount of increase (+) or decrease (-) ₹	Percentage increase (+) or decrease (-)
	I	Eq ity and Liabilities				
		Share holders fund	4,00,000	4,40,000	+ 40,000	+ 10
		Non-current Liabilities	1,50,000	1,65,000	+ 15,000	+ 10
		Current Liabilities	75,000	82,500	+ 7,500	+ 10
		Total	6,25,000	6,87,500	+ 62,500	+ 10
	II.	Assets				
		Non-current assets	5,00,000	6,00,000	+ 1,00,000	+ 20
		Current assets	1,25,000	87,500	- 37,500	- 30
		Total	6,25,000	6,87,500	+ 62,500	+ 10

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46. (a)

Profit and loss appropriation account for the year ended 31st March 2019

	Dest 1						
	Particulars	₹	₹	Particulars	₹	₹	
Т	Го Interest on capital A/c			By Profit and loss A/c		20,000	
	Durai (25,000 × 5%)	1,250		By Interest on drawings A/c			
	Velan (30,000 × 5%)	1,500	2,750	Durai	300		
Т	Го Salary to Durai A/c		5,000	Velan	450	750	
Т	Го Commission to Velan A/c		2,000				
Т	Го Partner's capital A/c						
	(profit transferred)						
	Durai (11,000 × 2/5)	4,400					
	Velan (11,000 × 3/5)	6,600	11,000				
			20,750		20,750		
(i)	Debt equity ratio Long term debt Shareholder's funds	Shareholders funds $5,0\ 000$ rm debt = 9% Debentures = ₹ 4,00,0 0 elder's funds = Equity share capital Pre ence share capital +Reserves and surplus = ₹1,50,000 + ₹2,00 00 1,50,000 = ₹5,00,000					
(ii)	Proprietary ratio]	eholder Γta sse	ts 10,00,000 000 the t			
(iii)	Capital gearing ratio = $\frac{\text{Funds bear ng fixed interest and fixed dividend}}{\text{Equity Shareholder's funds}} = \frac{6,00,000}{3,00,000} = 2:1$						
	Funds bearing fixed						
	interest or dividend	= % Pi	reference	capital + 9% Debentures			
		2,00,0	000 + 4,00	,000 =₹ 6,00,000			
	Equity shareholder s fund	s = Equit	y share ca	pital + Reserve and Surplus			
= 1,50,000 + 1,50,000 = ₹3,00,000							

47. (a)

Trend analysis for Mullai Ltd

articular		₹ In lakshs		Trends percentage			
aiticulai	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	
eve ue from operations	100	120	160	100	120	160	
Add: Other income	20	24	20	100	120	100	
Total revenue	120	144	180	100	120	150	
Less: Expenses	20	14	40	100	70	200	
Profit before tax	100	130	140	100	130	140	
Less: Income tax (30 %)	30	39	42	100	130	140	
Profit after tax	70	91	98	100	130	140	

(OR)

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(b)	In the books of Joy Company Journal entries							
	Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹			
		Bank A/c (9,000 × 5)DiTo Equity share application A/c(Application money received)	r.	45,000	45,000			
		Equity share application A/c Dr To Equity share capital A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital A/c		45,000	45 00			
		Equity share allotment A/c Dr To Equity share capital A/c (Allotment money due)		27,000	27,000			
		Bank A/cDrTo Equity share allotment A/c(Allotment money received)		27 00	27,000			
		Equity share first and final call A/c D To Equity share capital A/c (Call money due)	\mathbf{P}	18,000	18,000			
		Bank A/c Dr To Equity share first and fin a A/ (Call money received)		18,000	18,000			

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