## Answer Key – Std. VIII Biology

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11

## 27 Mark

2.	<ul> <li>Mango tree – Vanda</li> <li>Palode Tropical Botanical Garden is an example for Ex-situ conservation</li> <li>a) Pollen tube b) It grows towards the ovary</li> </ul>					1 Mark 1 Mark 1 Mark
4.	Lysos Ribos Endo		-Destroys f - Protein s	t of materials		2 Mark
5.				rvous tissue ntrols and co-ordinate physiological functions		
6.	<ul> <li>a) It increase nitrogen content of soil</li> <li>b) Proper irrigation should be provided. Ensure the availability of biofertilizers in the soil</li> <li>2 Mark</li> </ul>					
7.	. a) Bacteria b) Archaea c) Eukarya d) Protista					2 Mark
8.	<ol> <li>Yes, I agree with this statement.</li> <li>Alcoholism, use of drug, panmasala etc. are bad habits we become addited to, Used initially oot of curiosity or under the influence of friends, they subdue us physiologically and we cannot escape even if we desire to do so.</li> </ol>					
9.	<ul> <li>a) Anaemia</li> <li>b) Deficiency of iron in the food causes anemia.</li> <li>It can be remedied by including iron rich food items in the diet</li> </ul>					2 Mark
10.						
	a)	Ecologically importa located in populated		Community reserve	Kadalundi	
	b)	Protect wild lives alc protection of historic monuments and geo features of an area	al	National Park	Silent Valley	
	c)	Areas rich in endem but facing the threat destruction		Ecological hot spot	North Eastern Himalaya	

3 Mark

11.a) Lion - Fourth trophical level

Tiger – Third trophical level

b)They control the number of organisms that they eat. If they become extinct, the number of organism in the lower trophic levels will be increasing in number beyond a certain limit. It will cause imbalance to the environment 3 Mark

12.a) Placenta. Placenta is the part by which the embryo attaches itself to the endometrium develops. It is composed of foetal tissues and uterine tissues.

b) Oxygen and nutrients reach the foetus through the umbilical cord developed from placenta waste materials are also eliminated through placenta 3 Mark

## 13.a) Sperm

b) Testis

C) Temperature less than body temperature (35 -36<sup>o</sup>C) is favourable for the formation of sperms. The scrotal sac helps to maintain this temperature. 3 Mark

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