Annual Examination 2017 Mathematics

Class:9

Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours Marks: 80

Instructions

- 1. Read and understand each question and then write the answer
- 2. The first fifteen minutes is cool-off time for trying to understand the questions
- 3. Give explanations in the answers, wherever necessary
- 4. Numbers like $\sqrt{2}$ or π maybe given as such in the answers, instead of their decimal approximations. unless specifically asked for in the question

Part 1

(Answer all questions. Each question is of 1 mark)

- 1. The length of a side of a square is 3 centimeters. What is the length of its diagonal?
- 2. A regular hexagon is drawn with vertices on a circle. The length of a side of the hexagon is 2 centimeters. What is the area of the circle?
- 3. The base area of a cylinder is 25 square centimeters and its volume is 400 cubic centimeters. What is its height?
- 4. The base perimeter of a prism is 25 centimeters and its height is 20 centimeters. What is the area of its lateral surface?
- 5. If $p(x) = 2x^3 5x^2 + 6x 3$, then what is p(0)?
- 6. Write three numbers whose average is 10, with two of them greater than 10 and one less than 10 $\,$

Part 2

(Answer all questions. Each question is of 2 marks)

7. See the pattern of the operations on the right	$1 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$
(a) Write the next line	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$
(b) Write the general form of all these, using algebra	$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3}{6}$

- 8. Te perimeter of a rectangle is 40 centimeters and its breadth is 4 centimeters less than the length. Compute the length and breadth
- 9. For $p(x) = x^2 + x + 1$, find (x + 1)p(x) (x 1)p(x)

Part 3

(Answer any 5 questions. Each question is of 3 marks)

10. In the figure, the lines AB and CD intersect at the point P. Prove that the length of PBis a third of the length of AP



- 11. The speed of an object falling downwards is proportional to the time of travel. The speed at 5 seconds is 49 meters/second. What is the speed at 6 seconds?
- 12. In the circle shown alongside, the chords AB and AC are of the same length. The bisector of $\angle A$ intersects the chord BC at D and meets the circle at E
 - (a) Prove that D is the midpoint of BC
 - (b) Prove that AE is a diameter of the circle
- 13. In the figure, the line DB extended and the perpendicular to BC at C, meet at E
 - (a) Prove that the triangles *ADB* and *CBE* have the same angles
 - (b) Compute the length of CE



A

3 cm

- 15. Draw a triangle of sides 4 centimeters, 5 centimeters, 6 centimeters and draw its circumcircle
- 16. (a) Find out the angles of the triangles APC and BPC in the picture
 - (b) What is the relation between the sides of these triangles?
 - (c) Prove that $AP \times BP = CP^2$



Part 4

(Answer any 7 questions. Each question is of 4 marks)

17. The diagonals of a quadrilateral are perpendicular to each other. The midpoints of its sides are joined to form another quadrilateral. What is the specialty of this quadrilateral? What is the reason?



- 18. In the figure, circular arcs of the same radius are drawn centered at the corners and the midpoints of the top and bottom sides of a rectangle. Find the area of the shaded region
- 19. In the figure, a line is drawn inside an isosceles triangle, parallel to the base. What is its length?
 - (a) What is the length of such a parallel line 6 centimeters down from the top of the triangle?
 - (b) Prove that the length of such a line varies proportionally as its downward distance
- 20. The table shows the students in a class sorted according to their marks in an exam

Marks	•								
	3	1	5	6	7	8	9	10	
TUDENTS	2	4	5	6	7		2	1	

9 cm

- (a) The average marks is 6. How many students got 8 marks?
- (b) How many students are there in the class?
- 21. Draw a line and mark five points on it. 3 centimeters apart. Starting from the left. mark these points as -2, -1, 0, 1, 2. Mark the points on this line showing $-1\frac{2}{3}$ and $\sqrt{2}$

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- 22. Draw a triangle of perimeter 11 centimeters and sides in the ratio 2:3:3
- 23. What is area of the circumcircle of an equilateral triangle of sides 6 centimeters?
- 24. The base of a prism is a rectangle of sides 5 centimeters and 12 centimeters and its height is 20 centimeters. It is split vertically along a diagonal of the base into two triangular prisms. What is the surface area of each of these triangular prisms?
- 25. In the semicircle shown, the top chord is parallel to the diameter. What is its length?
 - (a) What is the length of such a chord drawn 2 centimeters down from the top of the semicircle?
 - (b) Is the length of such a chord proportional to the distance from the top? Write the reason



Part 5

(Answer any 5 questions. Each question is of 5 marks)

26. The base diameter of a metallic cylinder is 18 centimeters and its height is 24 centimeters. It is melted and recast into cylinders of base diameter 12 centimeters and height 6 centimeters. How many such small cylinders are got?



Kem



27. Of two cubes of sides 3 centimeters, one is split into two equal right-triangular prisms: and the pieces are joined to the other cube to make a solid as shown on the right. What is the surface area of this solid?



28. The diagonal of a square is 4 centimeters. What is its area?

- (a) What is the general relation between the length of the diagonal of a square and its area?
- (b) How do we state this relation in terms of proportion?
- (c) What is the constant of proportionality in this relation?
- 29. (a) What is the number which gives the midpoint of the points denoted by the numbers x and y on the number line?
 - (b) If the numbers x and y are thought of as points on a number line, what is the geometrical meaning of |x y|?
 - (c) In each of the equations below, find the number x satisfying it: (i) |x-1| = |x-3| (ii) |x-1| = |x+3| (iii) |x+1| = |x-3|
- 30. (a) What are the numbers x which satisfy the equation |x-2| + |x-6| = 4?
 - (b) What are the numbers x satisfying the equation |x 2| + |x 6| = 5?
 - (c) Are there numbers x satisfying the equation |x 2| + |x 6| = 3? Write the reason

31. The table on the right shows 30 workers sorted according to their daily wages.

- (a) What do we take as the mean daily wages of the four workers earning wages between 300 rupees and 400 rupees?
- (b) According to this, what is the total daily wages of the workers in this class?
- (c) Making such assumptions, calculate the total wages of workers in other classes also
- 600
 700

 700
 800

WAGES

300 - 400

400-500

500-600

WORKERS

4

8

10

6

2

(d) Calculate the mean daily wages for the entire group