

# <u>Common Half Yearly Examination – 2022</u>

Model Question Paper - 01	
Std : XII	Marks : 70
Subject : Chemistry	Time : 3 hrs
PART - I	
Choose the best answer :	15 ×1 = 15
1) The crystal with a metal deficiency defect is	
a) NaCl b) FeO c) ZnO	d) KCI
<ul> <li>2) The number of electrons that have a total charge of 965 cd a) 6.022 x 10<sup>-34</sup> b) 6.022 x 10<sup>21</sup> c) 6.022 x 10<sup>22</sup></li> <li>3) Which of the following is a copolymer ? <ul> <li>a) Orlon</li> <li>b) PVC</li> <li>c) Teflon</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>4) which one of the following is not fersible ?</li> <li>a) Zn (s) + Cu<sup>2+</sup> (aq) → Cu (s) + Zn<sup>2+</sup> (aq)</li> <li>b) Cu (s) + Zn<sup>2+</sup> (aq) → Zn (s) + Cu<sup>2</sup> (aq)</li> <li>c) Cu (s) + 2Ag<sup>+</sup> (aq) → 2Ag (s) + Cu<sup>2+</sup> (aq)</li> <li>d) Fe(s) + Cu<sup>2+</sup> (aq) → Cu (s + Fe<sup>2+</sup> (aq)</li> <li>5) Among the following the correct order of acidity is <ul> <li>a) HCIO<sub>2</sub> &lt; HCIO &lt; HCIO<sub>3</sub> &lt; HCIO<sub>4</sub></li> <li>b) HCIO<sub>4</sub> &lt; HCIO<sub>2</sub> &lt; HCIO &lt; HCIO<sub>3</sub></li> </ul> </li> <li>6) The transition element exhibit only +2 exidation state is</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>6) The transition element exhibit only +3 oxidation state is</li> <li>a) Cr</li> <li>b) Mn</li> <li>c) Tc</li> </ul>	d) Sc
7) Benzoic acid _PCl₅ ABenzene B, then B is Anhy. AlCl₃	
<ul> <li>a) Acetone b) acetophenone c) benzophenone d) benzaldehyde</li> <li>8) The rate constant of a reaction is 5.8 x 10<sup>-2</sup> S<sup>-1</sup> the order of the reaction is</li> <li>a) First order b) zero order c) second order d) third order</li> <li>9) The trialkyl borate on reaction with sodium hydride in tetrahydrofuran to form</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>a co-ordination compound is</li> <li>a) Na [ BH (OR)<sub>3</sub> ] b) Na [(OR)<sub>3</sub>] c) Na [B(OR)<sub>3</sub>] d) Na [BH(OR)]</li> <li>10) Which one of the following is the strongest acid ? <ul> <li>a) 2 - nitrophenol</li> <li>b) 4 - chlorophenol c) 4 - nitrophenol d) 3 - nitrophenol</li> </ul> </li> <li>11) Which one of the following complex is not an anionic complex ? <ul> <li>a) K<sub>4</sub> [ Fe (CN)<sub>6</sub>]</li> <li>b) K<sub>3</sub> [ Fe (CN)<sub>6</sub>]</li> <li>c) [Co (NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> Cl<sub>3</sub>]</li> <li>d) [ Ni (CN)<sub>4</sub>]<sup>2-</sup></li> </ul> </li> <li>12) The P<sup>H</sup> of an aqueous solution is zero. The solution is <ul> <li>a) slightly acidic</li> <li>b) strongly acidic</li> <li>c) neutral</li> <li>d) basic</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

- 13) The self condensation of two molecules of propanenitrile in the presence of sodium and ether to form 3 – imino – – methyl pentanenitrile. This reaction is known as \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Levine and Hauser acetylation
  - b) Thorpe nitr le condensation
  - c) Sabatier- Mailhe method
  - d) Gomberg reaction
- 14) Which of the following characteristics are associated with adsorption ?
  - a)  $\Delta G$  and  $\Delta H$  are negative but  $\Delta S$  is positive
  - b)  $\Delta G$  and  $\Delta S$  are negative but  $\Delta H$  is positive
  - c)  $\Delta G$  is negative but  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta S$  are positive
  - d)  $\Delta G$ ,  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta S$  all are negative
- 15) The IUPAC name of  $C_6H_5NC$  and  $C_6H_5CN$  are
  - a) Benzenenitrile and phenyl carbylamine
  - b) phenyl carbylamine and benzonitrile
  - c) phenyl carbylamine and benzene carbonitrile
  - d) benzene carbonitrile and phenyl cyanide.

## PART – I

#### Answer any 6 questions : Q.No. 24 is compulsory

6 × 2 = 12

- 16) What is auto reduction ?
- 17) Give the ses of neon.
- 18) Transition elements exhibit variable oxidation state. Why ?
- 19) If the radius ratio of the compound is b/w 0.414 0.732, find out the coordination number and structure of a compound
- 20) Give two examples for zero order reaction
- 21) Calculate the P<sup>H</sup> of 0.1 M CH<sub>3</sub>COONa solution. (Pka for CH<sub>3</sub>COOH is 4.74)
- 22) Convert glycol into 1,4-dioxane
- 23) Write a note on denatu ion of proteins.
- 24) Identify A and B

 $C_{6}H_{5}NO_{2} \xrightarrow{Sn/HCl} A \xrightarrow{Br_{2}} B$   $6 (H) \qquad KOH$ 

# Answer any 6 quest ons : Q.NO. 33 is compulsory

 $6 \times 3 = 18$ 

- 25) Write a note on anomalous propert es of the first element of p-block.
- 26) Mention the consequences of lanthanoid contraction.
- 27) In an tetrahedral field, draw the figure to show splitting of d-orbitals
- 28) The dissociation of water is an endothermic reaction. Why ?
- 29) What is intercalation ?
- 30) Write Tollen's reagent test.
- 31) Name the vitamins whose deficiency cause i) cheilosis ii) ber-beri

- 32) What are bio degradable polymers? Give an example.
- 33) Identify the enzyme catalyst in the following reactions.
  - a) Oxidation of ethanol into acetic acid
  - b) Hydrolysis of starch into maltose
  - c) Hydrolysis of urea.

Answer the following :

### PART – IV

5 × 5 = 25

- 34) a) i) Describe a method for refining nickel.
  - ii) Draw the structure of orthophosphoric acid and mention its basicity.

(or)

- b) i) Write a note on Fischer Tropsch synthesis.ii) Write a note on Holme's signal.
- 35) a) W ite the main assumption of VBT.

(or)

- (b) i) Explain Frenkel defect.
  - ii) Identify the autocatalyst in the following
    - a) CH<sub>3</sub>COOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O  $\longrightarrow$  CH<sub>3</sub>COOH + C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH

b) 2AsH<sub>3</sub> → 2As + 3H<sub>2</sub>

- 36) a) i) Explain the effect of surface area of the reactant.
  - ii) Derive Henderson Hasselbalch equation.

(or)

b) Explain lead storage batte y.

37) a) i) Name the factors affecting adsorption.

ii) Write swern oxida ion of 1<sup>o</sup> alcohol.

(or)

b) i) How is phenol prepared from isopropyl benzene ?

ii) Write a note on vulcanization of rubber.

38) a) Write the me hanism of esterification.

(or)

- b) i) Write Gabriel phthalimide synthesis.
  - ii) Write retention reaction of diazo group.

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By,