KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, KHAMMAM									
FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT -I (2016-17)									
तत् त्वं पूषन् अपावृणु केन्दीय विद्यालय संगतन	CLASS: VIII	SUB: MATHS							
	TIME: 90 MINS	MAXIMUMMARKS: 40							

# **I.MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS**

### 5X1=5

1. Which of the following is the multiplication identity for a rational number [ ]						
a) 0 b) 1 c) 1/ 2 d) 2						
2. What is the reciprocal of 8 / 21 is [ ]						
a) -8/21 b) 21/8 c) 8/21 d) 0						
3. The highest power of a variable of a linear expression is [ ]						
a) 0 b) -1 c) 1 d) 1/2						
4. The sum of two adjacent angles of a parallelogram are[ ]						
a) 180 b) 360 c) 540 d) 0						
5. The sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a polygon[ ]						
a) 360 b) 180 c) 120 d) 90						
II. Very short answer questions 4X2=8						

1. Find two rational numbers between 1/4 and  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

2. Find the number of sides of a regular polygon whose each exterior angle has a measure of 45. Degrees.

3. Represent the numbers on the number line.

i) 7/4 ii) -5/6

4. Find y 15(y-4)- 2(y-9) + 5 (y+6)=0.

# **III.Short answer questions**

1. Write all the properties of a Parallelogram.

2. The sum of three consecutive multiples of 11 is 363. Find the multiples.

3. Explain Rational number, Positive rational number and Negative rational number with an example.

4. Find the value of X + Y + Z

14. The ages of Asha and Usha are in the ratio 5: 7. Four years from now the ratio of their ages will be 3:4.Find the present ages

# **IV.Long answer questions**

### 3 x 4 = 12

1. Solve 5x-2(2x-7) = 2(3x-1) + 7/2.

2. What is a Polygon, Diagonal, Regular Polygon and Quadrilateral?

.3. The denominator of a rational number is greater than its numerator by 8. If the numerator is increased by 17 and the denominator is decreased by 1, the number obtained is 3/2. Find the rational number.

#### BLUEPRINT

#### SUB: MATHS

## CLASS: VIII

S.NO	CHAPTER NAME		VSA	SA	LA	TOTAL MARKS
1	RATIONAL NUMBERS	2(1)	2(2)	1(3)		9
2	LINEAR EQUATION IN ONE VARIABLE	1(1)	1(2)	2(3)	2(4)	16
3	UNDERSTANDING QUADRILATERALS	2(1)	2(2)	2(3)	1(4)	15
	TOTAL	5(1)	4(2)	5(3)		40