

SAMAGRA SHIKSHA, KERALA FIRST TERM EVALUATION 2022 MATHEMATICS



Time: 2½hours Score : 80

 $(3 \times 2 = 6)$

E 1003

Instructions

- Read the instructions before answering the questions
- · Give explanations wherever necessary
- Simplifications using approximate values of $\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{3}$, π need to be done only if specifically asked.
- First 15 minutes time is cool off time

Answer any 3 Questions from 1 to 4. Each question carries 2 scores.

- 1. a) Which is the 100th term of the arithmetic sequence 1, 2, 3,...
 - b) What is the position of 100 in the arithmetic sequence 2, 4, 6...
- 2. In the figure, O is the centre of the circle.
 - A, B, C, and D are points on the circle and $\angle ABC = 40^{\circ}$
 - a) What is the measure of $\angle AOC?$
 - b) What is the measure of $\angle ADC?$
- 3. A student is asked to say an one digit number.
 - a) What is the probability of it being a multiple of 3?
 - b) What is the probability of it being a perfect square?
- 4. a) The sum of a number and its square is 2. Which of the following is the algebraic form of this statement.

 $(x^{2} + x = 2, x^{2} - x = 2, x^{2} + 2 = x, x^{2} - 2 = x)$

b) What is the number?

Answer any 4 Questions from 5 to 10. Each question carries 3 scores $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

- 5. In the figure $\angle EAD = 20^\circ$, $\angle E = 70^\circ$, $\angle B = 110^\circ$.
 - a) Find the measure of $\angle ADC$.
 - b) What is $\angle DAB + \angle BCD?$
 - c) If a circle is drawn through A, B and C, which among the following is true
 - D is a point on the circle
 - E is a point on the circle



- E is a point inside the circle
- D is a point outside the circle
- 6. a) Find the value of $1 \frac{1}{2}$
- 7. In the figure ABCD is a rectangle. P is the midpoint of DC. The area of the rectangle is 40 square centimetres.
 - a) What is the area of triangle ABP?
 - b) If a dot is put in the rectangle without looking, what is the probability that it would be in the triangle ABP?
 - c) What is the probability that it would be in the triangle APD?
- 8. a) Which of the following is true?

 $x^{2} + 2xy - y^{2} = (x - y)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 2xy + y^{2} = (x - y)^{2}$ $x^{2} + 2xy + y^{2} = (x - y)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 2xy - y^{2} = (x - y)^{2}$



- b) 12 times of a number subtracted from the square of that number gives 13. What is the number?
- 9. Draw a triangle with two angles 30°, 75° and circum radius 4 centimetres.

10. a) $2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} =$ _____

- b) Write the fourth term of the arithmetic sequence 1, $1 + \sqrt{3}$, $1 + 2\sqrt{3}$,
- c) Write the common difference of this arithmetic sequence.

Answer any 8 Questions from 11 to 21. Each question carries 4 scores $(8 \times 4 = 32)$

- 11. a) Draw a rectangle of length 5 centimetres and breadth 3 centimetres.
 - b) Draw a square having the same area
- a) A chord of length 8 centimetres is at a distance 3 centimetres from the centre of a circle. Find the radius of the circle.
 - b) In the figure O is the centre of the circle and C is the midpoint of AB. $AB = 4 \times OC$, $OB^2 = 125$. Find the length of OC.



- 13. a) What is the common difference of the arithmetic sequence 15, 14, 13, ...?
 - b) Find the 15th term of this sequence.
 - c) Find the sum of first 31 terms of the arithmetic sequence 15, 14, 13,...
- 14. In a bag there are 4 red and 8 green beads. In another bag there are 5 red and 9 black beads.
 - a) What is the probability of getting a green bead from the first bag?
 - b) Probability of getting a red bead from which bag is more? Justify
- 15. In the figure, lines AB and DC are parallel. AD = BC and $\angle A = 70^{\circ}$.
 - a) What are the measures of $\angle B$ and $\angle D$?
 - b) Is ABCD a cyclic quadrilateral? Justify.
- 16. a) Which is the decimal form of $\frac{1}{3}$?

(0.111...; 0.222...; 0.333...; 1.333...)



- b) Write the algebraic form of the arithmetic sequence 1.333..., 2.333..., 3.333.....
- c) Find the sum of first 21 terms of the arithmetic sequence 1.333..., 2.333..., 3.333.....
- 17. A box contains four paper slips numbered 1, 3, 6, and 9. Another box contains three paper slips numbered 1, 2, and 4. One paper slip is taken from each box.
 - a) How many pairs of numbers are possible?
 - b) What is the probability of both being even?
 - c) What is the probability of one being even and the other odd?
 - d) What is the probability of getting at least one even number?
- 18. a) Find the sum of first 20 odd numbers?
 - b) Find the sum of first 20 even numbers?
 - c) What is the sum of first 40 natural numbers?
 - d) Find the sum of first 40 terms of the arithmetic sequence
 - $\frac{1}{40}, \frac{2}{40}, \frac{3}{40}, \dots$
- In the figure PQ is the diameter of the circle. R is a point on the circle. The measures of ∠PQR, ∠A, ∠R, ∠B are in arithmetic sequence. One of the angles is 120°.



Find the measures of $\angle PQR$, $\angle A$, $\angle R$, $\angle B$.

3/5 E 1003

- 20. a) What is the remainder when 100 is divided by 7?
 - b) Write the sequence of all three digit numbers which are the multiples of 7.
 - c) How many multiples of 7 are there below 100?
- 21. In the figure, ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral.
 - $\angle CBE = 80^\circ$, $\angle BDC = 30^\circ$, $\angle ABD = 45^\circ$
 - a) Find the measure of $\angle ABC$
 - b) Find the measures of $\angle DAB$, $\angle DCB$?



Answer any 6 Questions from 22 to 29. Each question carries 5 scores $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

- 22. a) Write the first term of the arithmetic sequence 3n + 1.
 - b) Is 16 a term in this arithmetic sequence? Why?
 - c) Prove that the squares of all terms of the sequence 3n + 1 belongs to this arithmetic sequence.
- 23. In the figure, the chords AB and CD are extended to meet at P.
 - a) If $\angle A = 70^\circ$, $\angle C = 80^\circ$, find the measures of $\angle P$ and $\angle PBD$
 - b) If $\angle P = 30^\circ$, and PB = PD, then what is the measure of $\angle A$?
 - c) If PB = 3 centimeters, AB = 5 centimeters and PD = 4 centimeters, then find the length of the chord CD?



- 24. Each two digit number is written on paper slips and these are all put in a box.
 - a) How many paper slips are there in the box?
 - b) If a slip is taken from the box what is the probability that both the digits are prime numbers?
 - c) What is the probability for the product of digits is a prime number?

25. In the figure, chords AB and CD meet at P. AB = 8 centimetres and PA = 6 centimetres.

- a) Find the length of PB
- b) If PC : PD = 4:3, find the length of CD.





- 26. The sum of *n* terms of an arithmetic sequence is $4n^2 + 2n$
 - a) What is its common difference?
 - b) Write the second term of this arithmetic sequence?
 - c) Find the sum of first 25 terms of this arithmetic sequence?
 - d) Is the sum of some terms of this arithmetic sequence be 7321? Justify.
- 27. In the figure BC = 4 centimetres and the length of arc BPC
 - is $\frac{1}{6}$ of the perimeter of the circle.
 - a) What is the central angle of arc BPC?
 - b) Find the measure of $\angle A$.
 - c) Find the radius of the circumcircle of the triangle ABC ?
- 28. A number pattern is given below
 - 2
 - 4 6
 - 8 10 12
 - 14 16 18 20
 -
- b) What is the first number in the 10th line?

a) Write the numbers in the next line?

c) Find the sum of all numbers in the first 10 lines?

4

P

29. Read the given passage and answer the questions given below. The following is a number line

-3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3

The points on this line are represented by natural numbers, fractions, irrational numbers negatives of these numbers and zero. The distance between 3 and 0 is 3 and the distance between -2 and 0 is 2. In short, it is written as |3| = 3 and |-2| = 2. Similarly we can write |4| = 4 and |-4| = -(-4) = 4. If x is a positive number then |x| = x and if, x is a negative number, then |x| = -x and x = 0, |x| = 0

- 1. |5| =
- 2. $|4| + |-3| = \dots$
- 3. $|4 + (-3)| = \dots$
- 4. |x| = 1, |y| = 3, and |x|, |y|, |z| are in arithmetic sequence. What are the numbers z?