WANDOOR GANITHAM SSLC MATHEMATICS STUDY MATERIAL : 2023 TANGENTS

QUESTION – 1

In the figure A and B are two points on a circle

with centre O . The tangents through A and B

meet at P.

a) What are the measures of $\angle A$ and $\angle B$?

b) Prove the following .

(i) Tangents have the same length .

(ii) OP is the bisector of $\angle APB$.

(iii) $\angle AOP = \angle BOP$

(iv) Quadrilateral OBPA is cyclic .

QUESTION – 2

In the figure A and B are two points on a circle with

centre O. The tangents through A and B meet at P.

a) What is the measure of $\angle OAP$?

b) Check whether the angles of the triangle AOP are

equal to the angles of the triangle BOP or not .

c) Prove that OP is the perpendicular bisector of the line AB .

QUESTION – 3

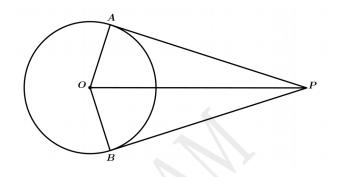
In the figure the circle touches the sides of the triangle

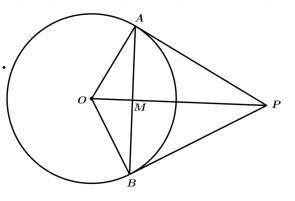
at the points $\ P$, Q and R . PA = 3 centimetres ,

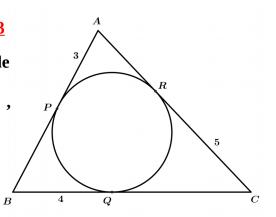
QB = 4 centimetres , RC = 5 centimetres .

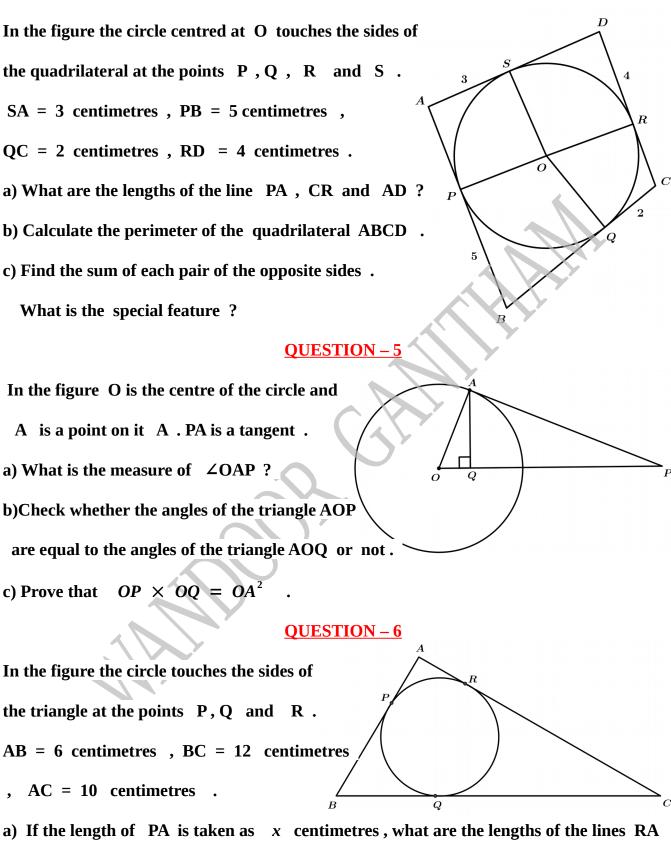
a) What are the lengths of the lines RA and BC ?

b) Calculate the perimeter of the triangle ABC









and PB ?

b) Calculate the lengths of the lines QB and RC .

In the figure the circle centred at O touches the sides of the triangle at the points P, Q, R

$$\angle B = 90^{\circ}$$
, $BC = a$, $AC = b$, $AB = c$

a) What is the measure of $\angle OPB$?

b) Check whether BPOQ is a square or not .

c) If the radius of the circle is taken as r, what are the lengths of the lines CP and AR ?

d) Prove that diameter of the circle is a + c - b

QUESTION – 8

In the figure, tangents at the points A and B

- of the circle meet at P . \angle APB = 60⁰ ,
- PA = 6 centimetres , CA = CB .
- a) What is the length of PB ?
- b) What are the measures of $\angle ABP$ and $\angle ACB$

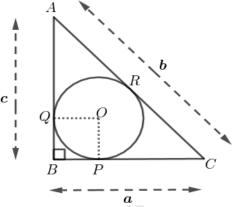
c) Prove that ABC is an equilateral triangle .

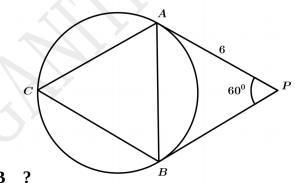
d) Calculate the radius of the circle

QUESTION – 9

In the figure O is the centre of the circle and tangents at the points A and B of the circle meet at P . BC = AC , \angle BOC = 110⁰ . Find the measures of the following angles .

- a) ∠ CAB
- b) ∠ OCA
- c) ∠ ABP
- e) ∠ APB





C O B P

In the figure A is a point on the semicircle with diameter BC . A circle centred at O touches the sides of the triangle at P , Q and R . \angle B = 50^o Find the measures of the following angles .

- a) ∠ BAC
- b) ∠ OPB
- c) ∠ POQ
- d) ∠ POC

QUESTION – 11

In the figure , A, B, C, D are the points on the circle

Tangents through the points A and B meet at P.

PA = 5 centimetres , $\angle APB = 80^{\circ}$

The diagonal BD is parallel to the tangent PA .

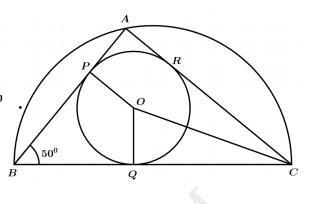
a) What is the length of PB ?

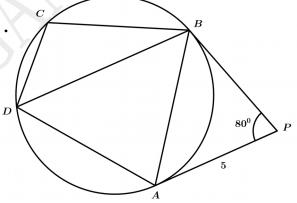
Find the measures of the following angles .

- b) ∠ PAB
- c) ∠ ADB
- d) ∠ ABD
- e) ∠ BCD

<u>QUESTION – 12</u>

In the figure , two circles intersect at P . SR is the common tangent of the circles . Radius of the smaller circle is 4 centimetres and the radius of the larger circle is 8 centimetres . \angle SAQ = 90⁰ .





- a) What are the measures of ∠ ASR and∠ SRQ ?
- b) Prove that AQRS is a rectangle .
- c) What are the length of the lines BQ and AB ?
- d) Calculate the length of the tangent SR .

In the figure a circle centred at O touches the sides

of the triangle at the points P, Q, R.

a) What are the measures of $\angle OPB$ and $\angle ORC$?

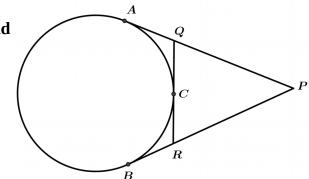
b) If the length of BC is 10 centimetres and the radius of the incircle of the triangle is
3 centimetres , what should be the area

of the triangle BOC ?

- c) Prove that the area of the triangle ABC is half the product of its perimeter and the radius of its incircle .
- d) What is the radius of the incircle of a right triangle with perpendicular sides 12 centime tres and 16 centimetres ?

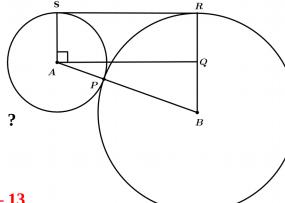
QUESTION – 14

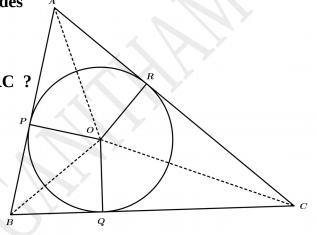
In the figure , tangents through the points A and B of the circle meet at P . Also a tangent at the point C of the circle cuts the tangents through A and B at Q and R .



a) If the length of QA is 2 centimetres, what is the length of QC ?

b) Prove that the perimeter of the triangle PQR is twice the length of the tangent PA





In the figure , a chord AB is extended to meet the tangent through the point C at P .

- a) If \angle BCP = 40°, what is the measure of \angle CAB ?
- b) Check whether the angles of the triangle APC are equal to the angles of the triangle BPC or not
- c) Prove that $PA \times PB = PC^2$.
- d) If AB = 6 centimetres , PB = 2 centimetres , what is the area of the square with side PC ?

QUESTION – 16

In the figure two circles intersect at C and D.

PE is the tangent of the circle drawn below .

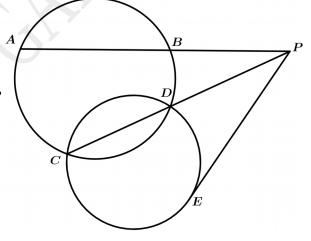
- PA = 12 centimetres, AB = 7 centimetres,
- PD = 6 centimetres .
- a) What is the length of PB?
- b) What is the value of $PC \times PD$?
- c) What is the length of CD ?
- d) Calculate the area of the square with side PE .

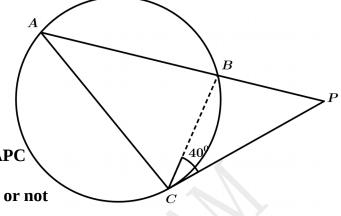
QUESTION – 17

The perpendicular sides of a right triangle are 6 centimetres and 8 centimetres .

- a) What is the length of its hypotenuse ?
- b) Calculate the radius of the circumcircle and radius of the incircle of the triangle .







In the figure , O is the centre of both the circles . A, B, C are three points on the larger circle . Smaller circle touches the lines AB and AC at P and Q . BC cuts the smaller circle at R and S . QA = 4 centimetres , RB = 2 centimetres . a) What is the measure of \angle APO ? b) Calculate the length of the lines PA , AB and BS c) Calculate the perimeter of triangle ABC .



<u>QUESTION – 19</u>

In the figure , two circles meet at B . The tangents

through the points A and B meet at P.

PB is the common tangent of both the circles .

O is the centre of the smaller circle .

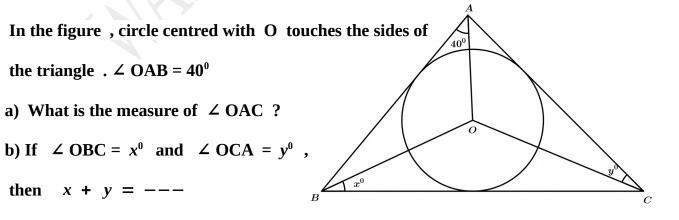
AB = 4 centimetres , $\angle C = 60^{\circ}$.

a) What are the measures of $\angle AOB$ and $\angle APB$?

b) Prove that APB is an equilateral triangle . .

c) Calculate the length of DE

QUESTION – 20



c) What is the measure of \angle BOC ?

