## TANGENTS

## QUESTION - 1

In the figure $A$ and $B$ are two points on a circle with centre $O$. The tangents through $A$ and $B$ meet at $\mathbf{P}$.
a) What are the measures of $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ ?
 b) Prove the following •
(i) Tangents have the same length .
(ii) OP is the bisector of $\angle \mathrm{APB}$.
(iii) $\angle \mathrm{AOP}=\angle \mathrm{BOP}$
(iv) Quadrilateral OBPA is cyclic .

## QUESTION - 2

In the figure $A$ and $B$ are two points on a circle with centre $O$. The tangents through $A$ and $B$ meet at $P$
a) What is the measure of $\angle O A P$ ?
b) Check whether the angles of the triangle AOP are equal to the angles of the triangle BOP or not .

c) Prove that OP is the perpendicular bisector of the line AB .

QUESTION - 3
In the figure the circle touches the sides of the triangle at the points $P, Q$ and $R . P A=3$ centimetres , $\mathrm{QB}=\mathbf{4}$ centimetres , $\mathrm{RC}=5$ centimetres .
a) What are the lengths of the lines RA and BC ?

b) Calculate the perimeter of the triangle ABC .

## QUESTION - 4

In the figure the circle centred at $\mathbf{O}$ touches the sides of the quadrilateral at the points $\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{R}$ and $\mathbf{S}$.

SA = 3 centimetres , $P B=5$ centimetres , QC = 2 centimetres , $\mathbf{R D}=4$ centimetres .
a) What are the lengths of the line $\mathrm{PA}, \mathrm{CR}$ and AD ?
b) Calculate the perimeter of the quadrilateral ABCD .
c) Find the sum of each pair of the opposite sides .

What is the special feature ?


## QUESTION - 5

In the figure $O$ is the centre of the circle and
A is a point on it A.PA is a tangent .
a) What is the measure of $\angle O A P$ ?
b)Check whether the angles of the triangle AOP are equal to the angles of the triangle $A O Q$ or not .
c) Prove that $O P \times O Q=O A^{2}$.

## QUESTION - 6

In the figure the circle touches the sides of the triangle at the points $P, Q$ and $R$. $A B=6$ centimetres,$B C=12$ centimetres , $A C=10$ centimetres .

a) If the length of $P A$ is taken as $x$ centimetres, what are the lengths of the lines RA and PB ?
b) Calculate the lengths of the lines QB and RC.

## QUESTION - 7

In the figure the circle centred at $\mathbf{O}$ touches the sides of the triangle at the points $\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{R}$ $\angle B=90^{\circ}, B C=a, A C=b, A B=c$
a) What is the measure of $\angle$ OPB ?
b) Check whether BPOQ is a square or not .

c) If the radius of the circle is taken as $r$, what are the lengths of the lines $C P$ and $A R$ ?
d) Prove that diameter of the circle is $a+c-b$.

## QUESTION - 8

In the figure , tangents at the points $A$ and $B$ of the circle meet at $P$. $\angle \mathrm{APB}=\mathbf{6 0}^{\circ}$, $P A=6$ centimetres , $C A=C B$.
a) What is the length of PB ?
b) What are the measures of $\angle \mathrm{ABP}$ and $\angle \mathrm{ACB}$ ?

c) Prove that ABC is an equilateral triangle .
d) Calculate the radius of the circle

## QUESTION - 9

In the figure $\mathbf{O}$ is the centre of the circle and tangents at the points $A$ and $B$ of the circle meet at $\mathbf{P} \cdot \mathrm{BC}=\mathrm{AC}, \angle \mathrm{BOC}=110^{\circ}$. Find the measures of the following angles .
a) $\angle \mathrm{CAB}$

b) $\angle \mathrm{OCA}$
c) $\angle \mathrm{ABP}$
e) $\angle \mathrm{APB}$

In the figure A is a point on the semicircle with diameter BC. A circle centred at $\mathbf{O}$ touches the sides of the triangle at $P, Q$ and $R . \angle B=50^{\circ}$ Find the measures of the following angles .

a) $\angle \mathrm{BAC}$
b) $\angle$ OPB
c) $\angle \mathrm{POQ}$
d) $\angle \mathrm{POC}$

## QUESTION - 11

In the figure , A , B , C , D are the points on the circle
Tangents through the points $A$ and $B$ meet at $P$. $\mathrm{PA}=5$ centimetres,$\angle \mathrm{APB}=80^{\circ}$. The diagonal BD is parallel to the tangent PA .
a) What is the length of PB ?

Find the measures of the following angles .

b) $\angle \mathrm{PAB}$
c) $\angle \mathrm{ADB}$
d) $\angle \mathrm{ABD}$
e) $\angle \mathrm{BCD}$

## QUESTION - 12

In the figure, two circles intersect at $\mathbf{P}$. SR is the common tangent of the circles . Radius of the smaller circle is 4 centimetres and the radius of the larger circle is 8 centimetres . $\angle \mathrm{SAQ}=90^{\circ}$.
a) What are the measures of $\angle \mathrm{ASR}$ and $\angle$ SRQ ?
b) Prove that AQRS is a rectangle .
c) What are the length of the lines
$B Q$ and $A B$ ?
d) Calculate the length of the tangent SR .

## QUESTION - 13



In the figure a circle centred at $\mathbf{O}$ touches the sides of the triangle at the points $\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{R}$.
a) What are the measures of $\angle O P B$ and $\angle O R C$ ?
b) If the length of $\mathbf{B C}$ is 10 centimetres and the radius of the incircle of the triangle is 3 centimetres, what should be the area
 of the triangle BOC ?
c) Prove that the area of the triangle $A B C$ is half the product of its perimeter and the radius of its incircle .
d) What is the radius of the incircle of a right triangle with perpendicular sides $\mathbf{1 2}$ centime tres and 16 centimetres ?

## QUESTION - 14

In the figure, tangents through the points $A$ and $B$ of the circle meet at $\mathbf{P}$. Also a tangent at the point $C$ of the circle cuts the tangents through $A$ and $B$ at $Q$ and $R$.

a) If the length of QA is 2 centimetres, what is the length of QC ?
b) Prove that the perimeter of the triangle PQR is twice the length of the tangent PA .

In the figure, a chord $A B$ is extended to meet the tangent through the point $C$ at $P$.
a) If $\angle B C P=40^{\circ}$, what is the measure of $\angle \mathrm{CAB}$ ?
b) Check whether the angles of the triangle APC are equal to the angles of the triangle BPC or not

c) Prove that $P A \times P B=P C^{2}$.
d) If $A B=6$ centimetres , $P B=2$ centimetres, what is the area of the square with side PC ?

## QUESTION - 16

In the figure two circles intersect at C and $D$.
PE is the tangent of the circle drawn below .
$\mathrm{PA}=12$ centimetres, $\mathrm{AB}=7$ centimetres , PD $=6$ centimetres .
a) What is the length of PB ?
b) What is the value of $P C \times P D \quad$ ?

c) What is the length of CD ?
d) Calculate the area of the square with side PE .

## QUESTION - 17

The perpendicular sides of a right triangle are 6 centimetres and 8 centimetres .
a) What is the length of its hypotenuse ?
b) Calculate the radius of the circumcircle and radius of the incircle of the triangle .

## QUESTION - 18

In the figure , $\mathbf{O}$ is the centre of both the circles . A, B , C are three points on the larger circle .

Smaller circle touches the lines $A B$ and $A C$ at $P$ and $Q$. BC cuts the smaller circle at $R$ and $S$. $\mathrm{QA}=4$ centimetres, $\mathrm{RB}=2$ centimetres .
a) What is the measure of $\angle \mathrm{APO}$ ?
b) Calculate the length of the lines $P A, A B$ and $B S$
c) Calculate the perimeter of triangle ABC .


## QUESTION - 19

In the figure, two circles meet at B. The tangents through the points $A$ and $B$ meet at $P$.

PB is the common tangent of both the circles .
0 is the centre of the smaller circle .
$\mathrm{AB}=4$ centimetres,$\angle \mathrm{C}=60^{\circ}$.

a) What are the measures of $\angle \mathrm{AOB}$ and $\angle \mathrm{APB}$ ?
b) Prove that APB is an equilateral triangle . .
c) Calculate the length of DE

## QUESTION - 20

In the figure, circle centred with $\mathbf{O}$ touches the sides of the triangle $. \angle \mathrm{OAB}=40^{\circ}$
a) What is the measure of $\angle \mathrm{OAC}$ ?
b) If $\angle \mathrm{OBC}=x^{0}$ and $\angle \mathrm{OCA}=y^{0}$, then $x+y=---$

c) What is the measure of $\angle B O C$?

