

KARNATAKA SCHOOL EXAMINATION AND ASSESSMENT BOARD
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S.S.L.C. STATE LEVEL PREPARATORY QUESTION PAPER 2022-23
SOCIAL SCIENCE

Answers

I. Four choices are given for each incomplete statements. Choose the correct answer and write the same along with the letter of alphabet in your answer paper. 8x1=8

1. Blue water policy was implemented by

- A. Francisco De Almeda B. Vasco Da Gama
C. Count De Lally D. Robert Clive

Ans: A. Francisco De Almeda

2. The rain that occurs in West Bengal due to local temperature and winds during April and may is called

- A. Andhis B. Kalabaisaki C. Coffee Blossom D. Mango Showers

Ans: B. Kalabaisaki

3. The father of Green Revolution of India is

- A. Sir M V Vishweshwaraiah B. Dr. Shivaram Karanth
C. Dr. M S Swaminathan D. Sundarlal Bahuguna

Ans: C. Dr. M S Swaminathan

4. The nation that formed Triple Entente pact during the First World War were

- A. Germany, Austria, Hungary B. Britain, France, Russia
C. Italy, Germany, Austria D. Britain, France, Germany

Ans: B. Britain, France, Russia

5. The environment movement led by Dr. Shivaram Karanth is

- A. Narmada Bachao Movement B. Chipko Movement
C. Agitation against Kaiga D. Silent valley Movement

Ans: C. Agitation against Kaiga

6. Ladakh plateau lies

- A. In Central Himalayas B. In Greater Himalayas
C. In Siwalik Ranges D. In peninsular plateau of India

Ans: B. In Greater Himalayas

7. December 10th 1948 is an important day because on that day

- A. UNO declared human rights.
- B. UNO was established.
- C. India signed the declaration of human rights.
- D. Child marriage protection Act was implemented in India.

Ans: A. UNO declared human rights.

8. Consumer Protection Movement first started in

- A. Russia B. China C. India D. United States of America

Ans: D. United States of America

II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each:

8x1=8

9. Why was Dr. Haralu awarded the title Kaiser -E -Hind?

- Gave information to British about Gaidin Liu.

OR

- Helped British to imprison Gaidin Liu.

10. Disarmament has become the need of present day world. Why?

- For preservation and continuation of our globe.

OR

In order to overcome all the evils of disarmament like global fear, insecurity, tension and fear of war.

11. 15th March 1962 has become an important day in the world history. Why?

- Four basic rights of consumers were given.

12. Why did Wellesley resign to his post and return to England?

- Wellesley's battle thirstiness increased the financial burden on the Company
Was strongly criticized.

13. Western parts of Western Ghats receive maximum rainfall. Why?

- Monsoon winds are obstructed by the Western Ghats.

14. Why was National Planning Commission formed?

- To prepare plans for effective utilization of the resources.

15. What is the significance of the Article 17 of the constitution of India?

- Prohibits untouchability.

16. Mention any two major causes for unemployment.

- Over-population.
- Mechanization.
- Division of labour.
- Illiteracy

III. Answer the following questions in two to four sentences/points each. 8x2=16

17. What are the reasons for the strained relationship between India and China?

- Attack on Tibet.
- China invaded India in 1962
- China's claim over Arunachal Pradesh.
- Maoists' terrorism.
- Border disputes.
- Nuclear threat.
- Water disputes.
- Foreign trade challenges.
- Military advancements in border.

OR

What are the main problems faced by the world after Second World War?

- Denial of Human rights.
- Arms race.
- Economic inequality.
- Terrorism.

18. What is the nature of Riots?

- Uncontrollable.
- Harmful.
- Destructive.
- Destroying everything.
- Create chaos.
- Do not have any particular aim or cause.
- Cause loss of property and lives.

OR

What are the evil effects of Dowry system?

- Diminishes women's self-respect.
- Leads to domestic conflicts.
- Creates inequality between men and women.
- Increase immorality.

- Increase violence increase.
- Family relationships suffer.
- Families suffer.
- Child marriage.
- Female foeticide.
- Female infanticide.
- Rise in number of divorces.

19. What are the conditions of Subsidiary Alliance?

- King had to keep the British Army.
- King had to pay maintenance charges.
- Appointment of Resident.
- King could not appoint any other European.
- Company would offer protection to the state.

20. What are the direct taxes imposed by Government?

- Personal Income Tax.
- Corporate Tax.
- Wealth Tax.
- Stamp Duty

21. Mention the types of Accounts opened in bank?

- Savings Bank Account.
- Current Account.
- Recurring Deposit Account.
- Term Deposit Account

22. The people of Eastern coast mostly face natural disasters. Explain with reasons.

- **Cyclones-** Most of the cyclones originate in Bay of Bengal hit east coast and cause damage.
- **Coastal erosion:** Large amount of land mass submerge into the sea due to coastal erosion by waves.

23. What are the reasons for increasing demand for paper industries in recent days in India?

- Paper is used in writing.
- Paper is used in wrapping.
- Paper is used in packing.

- Paper is used in printing.
- Growth of Education.
- Rise in literacy level.

24. How did Marhtanda Varma become cause for the decline of Dutch power in India?

- Occupied the pepper growing areas.
- Cancelled pepper trade rights of Dutch.
- Controlled the surrounding areas.
- Made the other rulers to oppose the Dutch.
- Captured trading centers of Dutch.
- Defeated Dutch in many battles.

IV. Answer the following questions in about three to six sentences each 9x3=27

25. Which are the land use types in present in India?

- Net sown area.
- Forest area.
- Fallow land.
- Grassland.
- Uncultivated land.
- Land use for non-agricultural purpose.

OR

Which are the major ports found in eastern coast of India?

- Tuticorin.
- Chennai
- Visakhapatnam
- Para deep
- Haldia
- Kolkata

26. Explain the role of Panchayat Raj institutions in rural development.

- Provide basic facilities.
- Encouraging primary education.
- Encouraging middle school education.
- Encouraging adult education.
- Expansion of health facilities.
- Public distribution system in villages.
- Development of rural & cottage industries.

- MGNREGS Programme for employment.
- Providing Housing schemes like Indira Awas Yojana.
- Creating employment opportunities.
- Development of agriculture.
- Improving the standard of living of people.
- Extending irrigation facility.
- Establishment of food processing units.
- Removal of poverty Programme.

OR

Explain non -tax revenue sources.

- Net profit earned by the Reserve Bank of India.
- Net profit generated by the Indian Railways.
- Revenue generated by the Public Sector Industries.
- Revenue generated by the Coins and Mints.
- Various types of fees and penalties
- Revenue generated by the Departments of Post and Telecommunications.

27. What are the advantages of opening bank account?

- Helps in making payments.
- Helps in collection of money.
- Helps holders get loans.
- Helps in smooth financial transactions.
- Helps holders to get safe deposit locker facility.
- Facilitates safe custody of money.

OR

What are the characteristics of an entrepreneur?

- Creativity.
- Innovation.
- Dynamism.
- Leadership.
- Team building.
- Problem solving.
- Risk taking.
- Decision making.
- Commitment.
- Self Confidence.

28. What were the impacts of British land tax system in India?

- A new class of Zamindars created.
- Farmers were exploited.
- Farmers became landless.
- Land became a commodity.
- Agriculture sector commercialized.
- Money lenders became strong.
- Zamindars also had to mortgage their lands in order to pay the land taxes.

OR

How was Hyderabad and Junagadh merged into Indian union?

Hyderabad merged into Indian union	Junagadh merged into Indian union
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hyderabad ruled by Nizam's rule.• Decided to remain independent.• Nizam refused to join the Union of India.• Armed struggle of the farmers of Telangana began.• People hated Razakar.• Indian government sent an army.• Defeated the Nizam.• Hyderabad joined Union of India in 1948.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Nawab was planning to join Pakistan.• People came on to streets against the king.• King ran away.• Dewan made request with Indian government.• Army was sent to Junagadh.• Junagadh joined India in 1949.

29. How are organized sector workers different from unorganized sector workers?

Organized sector workers	unorganized sector workers
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Work in organized sectors.• Guided by rules & regulations.• Get fixed wages.• Pay taxes.• Get medical facility.• Subject to specific terms and conditions.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Work in unorganized sectors• Not guided by rules & regulations.• Not get fixed wages.• Not pay taxes.• Not get medical facility.• Subject to specific terms and conditions.

30. Krishnaraja Wodeyar IV become the cause for transforming Mysore state into a Model state. Substantiate.

- Abolished fees in primary schools.
- Helped girls' education.
- Started the University of Mysore.

- Established Indian Institute of Science.
- Developed Irrigation.
- New railway lines were laid.
- Started small and large scale industries.
- Legislative council was formed.
- Encouraged musicians.

31. Mention the aims and objectives of UNO.

- To maintain international peace and security.
- To develop friendly relations among nations.
- To establish faith in fundamental human rights.
- Solving international problems.
- To establish justice and respect.
- To function as a center for harmonizing the actions of nations

32. The Government is striving hard to conserve the forests. Justify.

- Planting saplings.
- Sowing seeds.
- Control of plants from grazing.
- Protecting trees from diseases.
- Preventing illegal cutting of trees.
- Creating awareness among people.
- Social forestry.

33. 19th century in Indian history is referred to as period of Indian renaissance.

Why?

- Indians contact with Western civilization.
- English education.
- Growth of Rationalism.
- Questioning superstitions.
- Growth of scientific outlook.
- Introduction of Western thoughts.
- Ideas of democracy, freedom & equality.
- Indians were enlightened by Western education.
- Efforts of social reformers.

V. Answer the following questions in about eight to ten sentences each. 4x4=16

34. The first war of Indian independence failed due to many reasons. Justify the statement.

- Not organized struggle.
- Lack of unity.
- No proper direction.
- Lack of leadership.
- Lack of strategy & expertise among soldiers.
- Lack of discipline.
- Lack of proper direction.
- Lack of support from Indian kings.
- Did not spread to the whole country.
- People lost confidence in the soldiers due to their arson and looting.

OR

Extremists played a major role in the Indian freedom struggle. Justify

- Criticized the moderate thinking.
- Propagated extremist ideas.
- Opposed the partition of Bengal.
- Popularized Swadeshi movement.
- Boycotted foreign goods.
- Encouraged the people to use Indian goods.
- Declared "Swaraj is my birthright."
- Prepared common people for freedom struggle.
- Started religious functions to organize Indians.
- Published "Kesari" & "Maratha" newspaper.
- Called people for the active participation in freedom struggle.

35. British education created a new generation in India. Justify the statement.

- Indians developed modernity, secularism.
- Developed democratic attitudes.
- Developed Nationalistic ideals.
- Local literature developed.
- Local languages developed.
- Periodicals started.
- Fresh thinking began.
- Social and religious reformation movements began.
- Influenced Indian freedom struggle.
- Universities were established.

- Schools & colleges started.
- Made Indians to understand and appreciate their rich tradition.

36. What are the challenges faced by India?

- Communalism
- Status of Women
- Over - population
- Profiteering
- Corruption
- Illiteracy
- Economic inequality
- Poverty
- Regionalism
- Smuggling

37. How can we conserve soil?

- Counter ploughing.
- Prevention of deforestation.
- Encourage afforestation.
- Control of livestock grazing.
- Planned use of water.
- Construction of check dams.
- Construction of bunds around the agriculture land.
- Development of terraced agricultural fields.

VI. 38. Draw an outline map of India and mark the following:

- a. $82\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ East longitude b. Vishakhapatnam. c. Bhadravati. d. River Narmada.

