

ಒಟ್ಟು ಮುದ್ರಿತ ಪುಟಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 12]
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ಒಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 47]
Total No. of Questions : 47]

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Question Paper Serial No. **600**

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : **97-E**

Code No. : 97-E

ವಿಷಯ : ರಾಜ್ಯಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ

Subject : POLITICAL SCIENCE

(ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ / English Medium)

(ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / Regular Repeater)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 27. 06. 2022]

[Date : 27. 06. 2022

ಸಮಯ : ಬೆಳಿಗ್ಗೆ 10-30 ರಿಂದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ- 1-45 ರವರೆಗೆ]

[Time : 10-30 A.M. to 1-45 P.M.

ಪರಮಾವಧಿ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80]

[Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions to the Candidate :

1. This Question Paper consists of objective and subjective types of 47 questions.
2. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.
3. Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
4. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks.
5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.

600



RR (A)-(600)-13009



[Turn over

ಇಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿ

TEAR HERE TO OPEN THE QUESTION PAPER

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ-ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು-ತೆರೆಯಲು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿ

Tear here

- I. **Four choices are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet.**



10 × 1 = 10



1. The Chairman of the Constitution Drafting Committee of India was

(A) Sachchidananda Sinha



(B) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

(C) Dr. Babu Rajendra Prasad

(D) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.



2. The total number of committees made to frame the constitution were

(A) 18

(B) 20

(C) 22

(D) 25.



3. The base for the Preamble of the Constitution of India is

(A) American Constitution



(B) England Constitution

(C) Canada Constitution

(D) Ireland Constitution.



4. "Preamble is a yardstick of measuring the worth of the constitution" is stated by



(A) N. A. Palkiwala

(B) K. M. Munshi

(C) Jawaharlal Nehru



(D) Thakur Das Bhargav.



5. "Article 32 is the very soul and heart of the Constitution of India." was stated by



(A) Jawaharlal Nehru

(B) Mahatma Gandhi

(C) B. R. Ambedkar



(D) K. M. Munshi.

6. The Parliament of India framed the Act of Right to Information in the year

(A) 2005

(B) 2008

(C) 2011

(D) 2014.



7. The highest court in a state is



(A) Lok Adalat (B) Session Court

(C) Civil Court (D) High Court.



8. The retirement age of the judges of the High Court is

(A) 62 years (B) 63 years



(C) 64 years (D) 65 years.



9. The father of Panchayat Raj system in Karnataka is

(A) M. Y. Ghorpade



(B) Abdul Nazir Sahib

(C) Ramakrishna Hegde



(D) M. P. Prakash.



10. The headquarters of Karnataka Public Service Commission is in

(A) Belagavi

(B) Bengaluru

(C) Mysuru

(D) Kalaburgi.

II. 11. Match list 'A' with list 'B' and write the answer along with its letter of alphabet :

5 × 1 = 5

A

B

a) 73rd Constitutional Amendment

i) Party based election

b) 74th Constitutional Amendment

ii) Party-less election

c) Village Panchayat

iii) Rural local bodies

d) Zilla Panchayat

iv) Urban local bodies

e) Administrative head of Zilla Panchayat

v) Commissioner

vi) Chief executive officer

vii) Panchayat Development officer



III. Answer the following questions in a sentence each :**15 × 1 = 15**

12. What is single citizenship ?



13. Who was the Chairman of the Constituent Assembly ?

14. Which is the biggest National Constitution in the world ?

15. What is democracy ?



16. Who moved the objective resolution in the Constituent Assembly ?



17. What is Republic ?



18. Which is the backbone chapter of the fundamental rights ?



19. In which session was the resolution of fundamental rights presented ?



20. Who appoints the Chief Justice of High Court ?



21. Which is the method followed to remove the judges of High Court ?



22. What are the members of City Corporation called ?



23. Which is the first state to adopt Panchayat Raj system ?

24. From which constitution are the Directive Principles of State Policy borrowed ?



25. What are liberal principles ?



26. Which is called as the Magna Carta of the constitution ?



IV. Answer the following questions in about *two to four* sentences**each :****14 × 2 = 28**

27. Which provisions are borrowed from the government of India

Act of 1935 ?



28. What is parliamentary form of government ?

29. What is the necessity of fraternity ?



30. Which are the types of justice ?



31. What are the features of fundamental rights ?

32. What is the importance of Right to Information Act ?



33. Effective implementation of socialist principles provide social

justice. How ?



34. The Directive Principles of State Policy have occupied a unique position in the Constitution of India. Why ?



35. How does the High Court control the subordinate courts ?

36. Which are the special orders that can be issued to protect fundamental rights ?



37. Mention the classifications of urban local governments.

38. Name the Standing Committees of Village Panchayat.



39. What are the qualifications required to be a member of the Union Public Service Commission ?



40. What is Joint Public Service Commission ?



V. Answer the following questions in about *three to six*

sentences / points each :



6 × 3 = 18

41. Mention the important contents of the Preamble.

42. Make a list of fundamental rights discussed in our constitution.



43. List out the differences between Fundamental Rights and the Directive Principles of State Policy.



44. Mention the original powers of the High Court.



45. Which are the Standing Committees in Zilla Panchayat ?



46. List out the functions of Karnataka Public Service Commission.

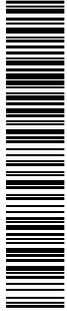


VI. Answer the following question in about *eight to ten* sentences /

points :



1 × 4 = 4



47. Which are the salient features of Constitution of India ?



