Class X Exam 2022-23

English-Language and Literature (184)

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. 15-minute prior reading time allotted for Q-paper reading.
- 2. The Question Paper contains THREE sections READING, GRAMMAR & WRITING and LITERATURE.
- 3. Attempt question based on specific instructions for each part.

SECTION A- READING SKILLS

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I. Read the passage given below.

- 10
- I. The modern classroom has taken several steps forward in its evolution of the learning environment in the past 25 years. Many of the benefits that we have seen in this setting are due to the introduction of new technology options for students. Instead of having a single computer for a class to use or a laboratory environment for the entire school placed in one room, we can now help students learn at their table or desk with items issued to them directly. Thus, there are quite a lot of advantages of having technology in classrooms.
- 2. Technology helps children to stay motivated during the learning process. Most students don't like to go to school if they feel like they are wasting their time. When there is technology allowed in the classroom, then teachers have an opportunity to let children work at a pace which suits them the best without disturbing others. They can look up additional information about a subject they are learning about that day, play educational games that reinforce the lesson, or work on advanced material using a program.
- 3. Because many of today's technology options allow students to see how well they are doing compared to the average of all users, it gives them a chance to push harder for themselves and their education. Many of the programs that encourage learning also issue rewards or award certificates, which helps to make the lessons fun as well.
- 4. Technology encourages more communication between teachers and parents. When there is technology in the classroom, then there are more opportunities for parents and teachers to connect with each other. Using a blog for the classroom can help parents get to see what their children are learning each day. Apps and software options allow teachers to instantly report on a child's behaviour to let parents know in real-time what is happening throughout the day. There are

- options for chat boxes, instant messaging, and other forms of communication as well.
- Let's not forget about email here either. Since the 1990s when this technology option came into the classroom, it created more reliability in messaging between teachers and parents should there be a need to talk.
- 6. Technology also creates new ways to learn for today's student. There are three critical forms of intelligence that we see in children today: emotional, creative, and instructional. The traditional classroom environment, which typically encourages lecture-based lessons, focuses more on the latter option. Standardized tests and similar ranking tools do the same. When children have access to technology today, then those who excel outside of the standard learning setup can still achieve their full potential.
- 7. Technology allows children to embrace their curiosity in multiple ways. They can try new things without embarrassment because their tech access gives them a level of anonymity. This process allows children to work, through trial-and error if they wish, to see if a different strategy helps them to learn more effectively.
- 8. It even encourages students to stay engaged with their learning environment. Children get bored very easily when they feel like they already know what is being taught in their classroom. Some children will transform into mentors or leaders in this situation to help their fellow students, but there are many more who disengage because they lack stimulation. By introducing technology to the classroom, there are fewer places where repetitive learning must take place. Teachers can introduce new subjects, try new techniques, or use different projects to encourage ongoing learning, which creates more overall engagement.

Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the questions given below.

- i. Most children don't like to go to school if:
 - (a) they don't understand what is being taught in class.
 - (b) they feel like they are wasting their time.
 - (c) they find class too boring.
 - (d) they can get away with it.
- ii. Supply one advantage of having a technology that allows students to see how well they are doing compared to the average of other students.
- iii. Select the appropriate option to fill in the blanks: Technology allows children to embrace their _____ in multiple ways.
 - (a) intelligence
 - (b) hard work
 - (c) curiosity
 - (d) passion
- iv. State whether the following statement is TRUE or FALSE.

Technology creates new ways to learn for today's student.

v. Based on your reading of the text, list 2 ways through which technology helps children to stay motivated during the learning process.

1.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2.										

- vi. The three critical forms of intelligence that we see in children today are :
 - I. motivational
 - II. creative
 - III. instructional
 - IV. competitive
 - V emotional
 - (a) I, II and III
 - (b) II, III and IV
 - (c) II, III and V
 - (d) I, IV and V
- vii. Who is a mentor?
 - (a) someone who gives someone help and advice related to something
 - (b) someone who leads someone to become a better person
 - (c) someone who helps someone in their time of need
 - (d) someone who provides a better learning standard

viii. Infer one reason for the following, based on information in paragraph 7.

Children can try new things with the help of technology without embarrassment.

- ix. State 1 method through which technology encourages more communication between teachers and parents.
- x. Technology helps children to see if a different strategy helps them to learn more effectively through:
 - (a) hard work and diligence.
 - (b) trial and error method.
 - (c) advanced software programs.
 - (d) strategies and lessons.

II. Read the passage given below.

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1. In addition to using libraries and visiting art museums, historic site visitation is another common form of public engagement with the humanities. According to the National Endowment for the Arts' Survey of Public Participation in the Arts (SPPA). the percentage of people making at least one such visit fell steadily from 1982 to 2012, before rising somewhat in 2017. Visits to historic sites managed by the National Park Service (NPS) were substantially higher in 2018 than 1980, despite a decline in recent years.

In 2017, 28% of American adults reported visiting a historic site in the previous year. This represented an increase of 4.4 percentage points from 2012 but a decrease of 8.9 percentage points from 1982. The bulk of the decline in visitation occurred from 2002 to 2008.

The recent increases in visitation rates were statistically significant for the 35-44- and 45-54-year-old age groups 1. The larger change was found among 35-to-44-year-olds, whose visitation rate increased 8.7 percentage points. Despite the increase from 2012 to 2017 for these groups, there was a net decline in historic site visitation since 1982 for Americans of virtually all ages. Only among the oldest Americans (age 75 or older) was the rate of visitation higher in 2017 than 35 years earlier.

From 1982 to 2017, the differences among age groups with respect to rates of historic site visitation decreased. For example, in 1982, the rate of visitation among 25-to-34-year-olds (the group most likely to visit a historic site in that survey) was approximately 11 percentage points higher than that of the youngest age group (18-to-24-year-olds). and more than 17 points higher than that of people ages 65-74. By 2017, however, the visitation rate of 25-to-34-year-olds had dropped to within five percentage points of the younger cohort and was virtually identical of that for the older group.

2. While visitation rates are converging among the age cohorts, the differences by level of educational attainment are still pronounced. In 2017, as in earlier years, the visitation rate among college graduates was more than twice as high as the rate among those who finished their studies with a high school diploma (43% as compared to 17%). Among those who did not finish high school, visitation rates were below 10% throughout the 2008-2017 time period. Conversely, among Americans with a graduate or professional degree, visitation rates were in the vicinity of 50% during these years. Data from the National Park Service (NPS) indicate the types of historical sites visited most and also the demands made of these sites' physical infrastructure and staff. Visits to NPS historic sites rose from approximately 59.5 million in 1980 to almost 112 million in 2018. Throughout this time period, visits to historic sites constituted approximately a third of total NPS recreational visitation.

- 3. Since hitting a recent low in visits in 1995, total visits to historic sites of all types increased 58% to a high of 120.3 million in 2016, before falling 7%, to 111.9 million visits in 2018.
- Much of the recent growth in visits to historic sites occurred among parks classified as national memorials and was driven by a particularly high level of visitation at sites that did not exist in 1995, such as the Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial (3.3 million visitors in 2018), the Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial (3.6 million visitors), and the World War II Memorial (4.7 million visitors). As a result, visits to national memorials increased more than 300% from 1995 to 2016, even as the number of sites increased just 26% (from 23 to 29). In comparison, visits to national monuments increased only 3\%, even as the number of sites in the category increased by 9% (from 64 to 70). From 2016 to 2018, the number of visits fell in every category, with the largest decline occurring at the memorial sites (down 10%), and the smallest drop at national monuments (3%).

Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the questions given below.

- i. Which of the following is not a common form of public engagement with the humanities.
 - (a) visiting public memorials
 - (b) visiting art museums
 - (c) using libraries
 - (d) historic site visitation
- ii. Which age group had a higher rate of visitation to historic sites in 2017 than 35 years earlier in America?
- iii. After the year 1995, total visits to historic sites of all types increased 58% in the year ____.
 - (a) 2014
 - (b) 2015

(c) 2016	(c)	2016
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(d)	2017
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	(-)
iv.	Based on your reading of the text, list 2 historical memorial in America? 1 2
v.	The number of historical sites visits fell in every category from the year 2016 to the year 2018, with the largest decline occurring at:
	(a) the national monuments.
	(b) the archaeological sites.
	(c) the art museums.
	(d) the memorial sites.

vi.	Select the appropriate option to fill in the blanks.	
	Though the visitation rates are converging among the	1e
	age groups, the differences by the level of are	re
	still pronounced.	

- (a) employment attainment
- (b) gender category
- (c) international visitation
- (d) educational attainment

vii.	The	rate	of	visitation	among	25-34	year	${\rm olds}$	was
	appr	oxima	atel	у	_ points	highe	r tha	n tha	it of
	the v	voung	est	age group	i.e. 18-2	4 vear	olds.		

- (a) 11 percentage
- (b) 13 percentage
- (c) 15 percentage
- (d) 17 percentage

viii.	Complete	the	following	analogy	correctly	with	a
	word/phra	se fro	om paragra	aph 2.			
	$general: _$:: my	$thical: _$			
	(Clue: Ju	st like	e general is	s an anton	nym for pa	rticulo	ir,
	similarly n	nythi	cal is an ar	ntonym fo	(r)		

- ix. In earlier years the visitation rate among college graduates was more than twice as high as the rate among those:
 - (a) who were employed individuals.
 - (b) who had a graduate or professional degree.
 - (c) who finished their studies with a high school diploma.
 - (d) who did not finish high school.
- x. In America most of the ____ in visitation of historic sites occurred from the year 2002 to the year 2008.
 - (a) decline

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- (b) increase
- (c) diverging
- (d) converging
- xi. State whether the following statement is TRUE or FALSE.

Data from the National Park Service (NPS) only indicate the types of historic sites visited most.

xii. Substitute the word 'classified' with ONE WORD similar in meaning, in the following sentence from paragraph 4:

Much of the recent growth in visits to historic sites occurred among parks $\underline{\mathbf{classified}}$ as national memorials and...

III. SECTION B- GRAMMAR 10

Attempt ANY TEN of the following questions.

i. Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option to complete the sentence.

The higher you go, the more difficult it _____ to breathe.

- (a) had become
- (b) becomes
- (c) is becoming
- (d) became
- ii. Read the conversation between Abhishek and Inspector. Complete the sentence by reporting Abhishek's reply correctly.

Abhishek: I have lost my wallet. Inspector: How did you lose it? Abhishek: My pocket was picked.

Abhishek reported to the inspector that he had lost his wallet. The inspector asked him how he had lost it. Abhishek replied that _____

iii. Select the correct option to fill in the blank for the given line.

I $____$ go on with the work, cause what may.

- (a) may
- (b) will
- (c) shall
- (d) can
- iv. Select the option that identifies the error and supplies the correction for the following line:

I don't think there will be a severe shortage of usable water because there was some rain fall yesterday.

Option No.	Error	Correction
(a)	some	a lot of
(b)	will	should
(c)	think	thinks
(d)	was	were

v. Complete the given sentence, by filling in the blank with the correct option:

Had the police not reached there in time, the bandits ____ him.

- (a) did have killed
- (b) will have killed
- (c) would kill
- (d) would have killed
- vi. Fill in the blank by using the correct form of the word in the bracket.

The level of intoxication ____ (vary) from subject to subject.

vii. Report the dialogue between Buddha and his disciple, by completing the sentence:

Buddha: Honesty is the best policy.

Disciple: Does honesty always pay?

Buddha: It may or may not, but at least you will never feel guilty.

Buddha in his preaching said that honesty is the best policy. A disciple asked him if honesty always pays. Buddha replied that _____

viii. Identify the error in the given sentence and supply the correction.

Neil Alden Armstrong was an American astronaut and aeronautical engineer, and the first person to walking on the Moon.

Use the given format for your response.

Error	Correction

ix. Transform the following direct speech into reported speech:

I said to my friend, "Can I borrow your dictionary for one day ?"

x. Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option, to complete the sentence.

We ____ eat lots of fruit and vegetables every day.

(a) ought to

- (b) may
- (c) can
- (d) could

xi. Select the correct option to complete the narration of the dialogue between Garima and Karan.

Garima: So, after a decade in the industry, are you truly 'satisfied'?

Karan: I love the film industry. It has its flaws though.

Garima asked Karan if after a decade in the industry he was truly 'satisfied'. Karan told her that _____ although it had its flaws.

- (a) he loved the film industry
- (b) I loved the film industry
- (c) I love the film industry
- (d) he loves the film industry
- xii. Identify the error in the given sentence and supply the correction.

Our defence academies are better than that of Afghanistan.

Use the given format for your response.

Error	Correction

IV. SECTION B- CREATIVE WRITING SKILLS 10

All the names and addresses used in the questions are fictitious. Resemblance, if any, is purely coincidental.

1. Attempt ANY ONE from A and B given below. 5

A. You are Tushar Mathur of D-95, Sindhu Nagar, Jaipur. Write a letter to the General Manager of the Jaipur Transport Undertaking complaining about the local bus service.

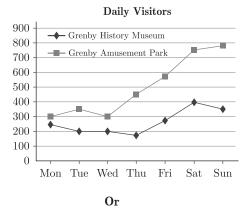
\mathbf{Or}

B. You are Anita/Amit, the student prefect and incharge of the school library. You have been asked to place an order for textbooks on Mathematics. Write a letter to M/s Good Marks (P) Ltd., 8A/1, Ansari Road, Daryaganj, New Delhi placing an order for the books. Invent the necessary details.

2. Attempt ANY ONE from A and B given below. 5

A. The graph below shows the number of visitors to two different tourist attractions in the city of Grenby during one particular week. Write an analytical paragraph in

100-120 words by selecting and reporting the main features, and making comparisons where relevant.



B. "The ban on single-use plastic is impractical. The purpose of articles like bags and packaging is ultimately to make human life easier. Plastic articles do this well, so they shouldn't be banned."

Write an analytical paragraph in 100-120 words to analyse the given argument. You could think about what alternative explanations might weaken the given conclusion and include rationale/evidence that would strengthen/counter the given argument.

SECTION C- LITERATURE 40

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5

V. Reference to the Context

1. Attempt ANY ONE of two extracts given.

1.A That evening, after I'd finished the rest of my homework, the note about the essay caught my eye. I began thinking about the subject while chewing the tip of my fountain pen. Anyone could ramble on and leave big spaces between the words, but the trick was to come up with convincing arguments to prove the necessity of talking. I thought and thought and suddenly I had an idea. I wrote the three pages Mr. Keesing had assigned me and was satisfied. I argued that talking is a student's trait and that I would do my best to keep it under control, but that I would never be able to cure myself of the habit since my mother talked as much as I did if not more, and that there's not much you can do about inherited traits.

(From the Diary of Anne Frank)

i. What is the main feature of an essay according to Anne?

- ii. Anne's argument about talking was that:
 - (a) talking is a fundamental right
 - (b) talking is a student's trait
 - (c) talking is a birth-right
 - (d) talking is a duty
- iii. Anne would never be able to cure herself of this habit since:
 - (a) her mother also talked much
 - (b) her father also talked much
 - (c) her grandma also talked much
 - (d) her grandpa also talked much
- iv. The word 'trait' means:
 - (a) a particular quantity
 - (b) a particular quality
 - (c) a particular touch
 - (d) a particular lesson
- v. Complete the following with a phrase from extract:

Opinion	Reason
	to attract attention

\mathbf{Or}

1.B Ausable did not fit any description of a secret agent Fowler had ever read. Following him down the musty corridor of the gloomy French hotel where Ausable had a room, Fowler felt let down. It was a small room, on the sixth and top floor, and scarcely a setting for a romantic adventure. Ausable was, for one thing, fat. Very fat. And then there was his accent. Though he spoke French and German passably, he had never altogether lost the American accent he had brought to Paris from Boston twenty years ago. "You are disappointed," Ausable said wheezily over his shoulder.

(The Midnight Visitor)

- i. Substitute the word 'musty' with ONE WORD similar in meaning, in the following sentence from extract: "Following him down the <u>musty</u> corridor of the gloomy French hotel where Ausable had a room..."
- ii. Amy is an American woman who teaches French and German in a primary school. This means that Amy is
 - (a) an empathetic teacher.
 - (b) a rational human being.
 - (c) an experienced guide.
 - (d) a multilingual instructor.

- iii. It can be inferred from the extract that a secret agent is expected to be
 - 1. fit.
 - 2. compassionate.
 - 3. apologetic.
 - 4. suave.
 - 5. violent.
 - (a) Option 1, 3 & 5
 - (b) Option 1 & 4
 - (c) Option 2, 4 & 5
 - (d) Option 2 & 3
- iv. Based on your reading of the extract, list one reason for the following:

Fowler was disappointed by Ausable when he met him.

- v. Choose the option that lists the CORRECT statements about the given passage.
 - 1. Fowler had no expectations at all from Ausable.
 - 2. Fowler was elated when he met Ausable.
 - 3. Ausable was living in France as a spy.
 - 4. Ausable had acquired the French accent over twenty years ago.
 - (a) 1, 2
 - (b) 3, 4
 - (c) 1, 3
 - (d) 2, 4
- 2. Attempt ANY ONE of two extracts given.
- 2.A He hears the last voice at night,
 The patrolling cars,
 And stares with his brilliant eyes
 At the brilliant stars.

(A Tiger in the Zoo)

 $\mathbf{5}$

i. Fill in the blank by selecting the correct option.

The animal referred to in the extract is in $____$.

- (a) the forest
- (b) a zoo
- (c) a circus
- (d) a wildlife sanctuary
- **ii.** Complete the following analogy correctly with a word/phrase from extract:

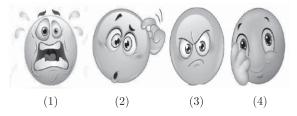
battles: history::____: astronomy
(Clue: Just like battles make up history, similarly...
are a component of astronomy)

- iii. To go around an area at regular times to check that it is safe is called
 - (a) Brightning

- (b) Staring
- (c) Patrolling
- (d) Searching
- iv. Where does the tiger look at in the night?
- v. The word in the extract opposite in meaning to the word, 'dull' is
 - (a) brilliant
 - (b) stare
 - (c) patrolling
 - (d) stars

 \mathbf{Or}

- 2.B Don't bite your nails, Amanda!
 Don't hunch your shoulders, Amanda!
 Stop that slouching and sit up straight, Amanda!
 (Amanda!)
- i. The purpose of the speaker's words in the given extract is to
 - (a) show the speaker's power over the listener.
 - (b) make the listener a better human being.
 - (c) advise the listener as an elder.
 - (d) improve the listener's posture and habits.
- ii. Pick the option that lists the image which correctly corresponds to the speaker's mood in the extract.



- (a) Image (1)
- (b) Image (2)
- (c) Image (3)
- (d) Image (4)
- **iii.** Alliteration is a literary device used in the extract. Which of the following options does not include examples of this literary device?
 - (a) The moon and the shimmering stars watched over us
 - (b) With that charming chat, Catherine chose comfort
 - (c) Away ran the pathetic pooch pouting like a princess
 - (d) Dee dee was driving down day after day

- iv. What does the repetition of "Amanda!" at the end of each line reflect?
- v. Complete the following analogy correctly with a word from extract:

lazy : agile :: slouching : _____

(Clue: Just like lazy is an antonym for agile, similarly slouching is an antonym for...)

VI Answer ANY FOUR of the following in about 40-50 words each. $4 \times 3 = 12$

i. What ideals does Mandela set out for the future of South Africa in his speech?

(Nelson Mandela - Long Walk to Freedom)

ii. What did Frederick Forsyth think when he called Paris Control?

(Two Stories About Flying)

iii. What attractions in Coorg wait to be discovered by tourists?

(Glimpses of India)

iv. With what does the poet compare the fog?

(Fog)

v. 'Dust of Snow' is one of Frost's most loved poems. Elaborate why you think this is so.

VII Answer ANY TWO of the following in about 40-50 words each. $2 \times 3 = 6$

- i. Why did Mrs. Pumphrey take Tricki to the doctor?

 (A Triumph of Surgery)
- ii. How did Ebright's mother encourage his interest in learning?

(The Making of a Scientist)

iii. What was Oop's opinion about the 'sandwiches' he had eaten?

(The Book that Saved the Earth)

VIII Answer $\underline{ANY\ ONE}$ of the following in about 100-120 words.

i. "If you don't help me, my family and I will go hungry this year." Lencho had faith in God but he didn't manage to solve the problem by himself. Did he lack the courage to resolve his matter himself? What values did he lack? Explain.

(A Letter to God)

 \mathbf{Or}

ii. Being impressed by Custard's feat, the young seagull's sister wrote a letter to Custard seeking advice on addressing the situation with her young brother. Write

Custard's response to this letter. Base the advice from his experiences.

You may begin like this:

Dear Ms Seagull,

Thank you for seeking me out. I am humbled. Based on my limited experiences I feel...

(The Tale of Custard the Dragon)

IX Answer $\underline{ANY\ ONE}$ of the following in about 100-120 words.

i. Who do you think is the real culprit in the story 'A Question of Trust'? Explain.

 \mathbf{Or}

- ii. Read the following quote.
 - "We are too involved in materialistic things, and they don't satisfy us. The loving relationships we have, the universe around us, we take these things for granted."
 - Mitch Albom Matilda was never satisfied with her life and desired more. The given quote reflects her character. Justify.

(The necklace)
