### SET - II SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - I - 2016 - 2017 SOCIAL STUDIES - Paper - I (English Version) PART - A & B X Class] (Max.Marks: 40) [Time: 2:45 Hrs.

Marks: 30

#### Part - A

- 1. 15 minutes are allotted to read the question paper and 2.30 Hrs. for writing answers.
- 2. Part A must be answered in a separate answer sheet.
- 3. Students can take along the Part A Question paper with them.
- 4. Map and Part B (bit paper) should be tied to the answer sheet and handover to the invigilator.

#### Section - I

#### Note: 1) Answer the following five questions.

#### 2) Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. The sun rises two hours earlier in Arunachal Pradesh as compared to Gujarat in the west. But the clocks show the same time. How does this happen?
- 2. Fill in the following table and write down what do you observe.

Different categories	<b>Development</b> Goals /
of people	Aspirations
Farmers who depend only	
on rain for growing crops.	
An adivasi from mining fields.	
Urban unemployed youth	

3. Draw a pie-chart showing the shares of different sectors in GDP, using the given data.

Agriculture - 43%, Industry - 22%, Trade, hotels, transport communication - 15%, finance, insurance & real estate - 8%

community, social and personal services - 12%.

5X2=10

- 4. How is the service sector different from other sectors ? Illustrate with example.
- 5. Why does Darzeeling have pleasant weather as compared to Kolkata during summer season ?

#### Section - II

#### Note: 1) Answer the following questions in one or two sentences.

#### 2) Each question carries 1 mark.

#### 4X1=4

4X4=16

- 6. Expand AGW.
- 7. Why do Peninsular rivers flow towards East?
- 8. Mark drought prone area Ahmednagar in the given Map.
- 9. Give an example appreciating the efforts made to improve education in Himachal Pradesh.

#### Section - III

#### Note: 1) Answer the following 4 questions.

#### 2) Each question carries 4 marks.

10. The southern most range of the Himalayas are the Shivaliks. Shivaliks extend over a width of 10-50 kms, and have an altitude varying between 900 and 1100 mts. These ranges are called by different names in different regions : Jammu hills in Jammu region; Mishmi hills in Arunachal Pradesh; Cachar in Assom; etc. These parts consist of thick gravel and alluvium. The valleys lying between the Lesser Himalaya and Shivalik ranges are called as Duns - Dehradun, Kotli Dun and Patli Dun are some of the prominent Duns.

#### Read the above paragraph and answer the following questions.

- a) What is the width of Shivaliks?
- b) What is the name of Shivaliks in Arunachal Pradesh?
- c) Where are Duns?
- d) Write the prominent Dun names?

#### (OR)

#### Freak weather offshoot of climate change : Expetrs.

Intermittent showers in Hyderabad have bewildered Meteorological officials, while climate change experts said it is increasingly becoming difficult to predict future weather events in the country. For the last two years, we have noticed that the weather systems are behaving in a peculiar way resulting in unusual weather events.

After observing such unforeseen situations like extreme summer in the country, sudden hailstorm in Chevella region of Ranga Reddy district, cloudbursts in Uttarakhand and early onset of southwest monsoon and a late retreat, experts say that weather systems are behaving in a peculiar way.

Ongole received 341 mm rainfall in one day.which is more than one third of the state's total annual rainfall. The heavy showers across the state have damaged several acres of crops, particularly cotton. But in a good news, 75% of the around 80,000 tanks in Andhra Pradesh are full now. *(adopted from Oct-25,2013 Times of India)* 

#### Read the above News Paper Report and interpretate on climatic changes.

11. In what ways is water bought and sold in your area and for what purposes ?Do you think there should be some cheeks and balances for this ? Discuss.

Why do you think parents accord less priority to girls education as compared to boys ?



*Observe the above climograph and answer the following questions.* a) Which month received highest rainfall?

#### (OR)

b) Why is the maximum amount of rainfall between June and October?

c) Why is the temperature high between March and May?

d) Identify relief conditions causing variation in temperature and rainfall?

#### (OR)

Shares of three sectors in GDP



Look at the above pie-chart and fill in the following table.

Sector	Employment (%)		GDP (%	%)
	1972-73	2009-10	1972-73	2009-10
Agriculture				
Industry				
Services				

13. Mark the following places in the given India Map.

<b>A)</b>	i) Chandigarh	ii) Indian Ocean
	iii)Nagaland	iv)Aravali Mountains
		(OR)
B)	i) Narmada River	ii) Nilagiri Mountains
	iii) Rann of Kutch	iv) Palk strait



# SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - I - 2016 - 2017 SOCIAL STUDIES - Paper - I (English Version) Part - B Part \_ (Marks : 10)

X Class]

Academic Standard	A.S-I	A.S-II	A.S- III	A.S - IV	A.S-V	A.S- VI	Total
Question Numbers	7 <b>,8,9 &amp;</b> 14-33	1	2,10,12	3	4,11,13	5,6	33
Max, Marks Allotted	13	2	10	2	10	3	40
Marks obtained							
Grade							

Nam	e of the Student :		Roll No:	•••••	••••
Instr	uctions : 1. Choose	the correct answer an	d write its letter in	the brack	ets.
	2. Each qu	estion carries ½ mar	k.	20x½	=10
14.	The highest (longe	st) peak in India is		[	]
	A) $K_2$ peak	B)Anaimudi			
	C) Doddabetta	D) Gurusikar peak			
15.	Total length of Hima	alayan Mountains.		[	]
	A) 2400 km B) 2200 km				
	C) 2500 km	D) 2600 km			
16.	Kudankulam thermal electric plant is in which state?		[	]	
	A) Kerala B) Andhra Pradesh				
	C) Tamil Nadu	D) Karnataka			
17.	India ranks by 2016 HDI report.			[	]
	A) 136 B)	135 C) 134	D) 130		
18.	Present Financial ye	ear.		[	]
	A) 2008-09	B) 2010-11			
	C) 2009-10	D) 2007-08			

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19.	Total number of people working according to 2011 census.	[	]	
	A) 46 crore people B) 56 crore people			
	C) 36 crore people D) 45 crore people			
20.	GDP is the total value of produced during a particular year?	[	]	
	A) all goods and services			
	B) all final goods and services			
	C) all intermediate goods and services			
	D) all intermediate, final goods and services			
21.	shows the temperature and rainfall vary in different			
	parts of the country.	[	]	
	A) Isobars B) Isotopes			
	C) Isoheights D) Climo-graphs			
22.	The word "Trade" is derived from language ?	[	]	
	A) Greek B) Latin C) German D) Italy			
23.	The River Brahmaputra is originated from glacier.	[	]	
	A)Chemayungdung B)Gangothri			
	C) Satapnath D) Siachin			
24.	The dispute over water use between Grama Panchayat			
	and coca-cola company happened in state.	[	]	
	A)Tamilnadu B)Kerala C)Karnataka D)Goa			
25.	of India, organises the collection and recording			
	of population in India.	[	]	
	A) Census of India			
	B) Central statistical organisation			
	C) National sample survey of India			
	D) National remote sensing			

26.	Which rivers cannot form meanders in their River flow?			]
	A) Himalayan Rivers B) Des	ert Rivers	_	_
	C) Peninsular Rivers D) Nor	neofthese		
27.	About 50 years ago, the capacity of the Tungabhadra dam reservoir was			
	3,766 million cubic meters but now its capacity reduced to 849 million			
	cubic metres because		[	]
	A) Mining Iron ore			
	B) Mining of Manganese in San	dur		
	C) accumulation of silkt			
	D) all of the above			
27.	is said to be more powerfu	Il green house gas.	[	]
	A) Methane B) $CO_2$ C) Hy	drogen D) Helium		
29.	Arab traders with the help of m	ionsoons came to	[	]
	A) Pakisthan coast B) Ban	gladesh coast		
	C) Indian coast D) Myr	nmar coast		
30.	Which of the following is odd or	•		
	A) Teacher B) Doc			
	C) Engineer D) Vege	etables selling man		
31.	The coastal area between Kolle	eru and Pulicot lake is		
	known as		[	]
	A) Utkal coast B) Sirc	ar coast		
	C) Malabar coast D) Cora	amandal coast		
32.	Region is narrow belt of	foot hills of Shivaliks.	[	]
	A)Bhangar B)Khadhar C	C)Bhabhar D)Terai		
33.	Which of the following land for	ns in India is oldest ?	[	]
	A) Indo-Gangetic plains	B)Himalayas		
	C) Thar desert	D) Deccan plateau		



