# N 172

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2021 IX 28 1030 -N 172- MATHEMATICS (71) ALGEBRA—PART I (E) (REVISED COURSE)

Time: 2 Hours

(Pages 9)

Max. Marks: 40

- Note: (i) All questions are compulsory.
  - (ii) Use of a calculator is not allowed.
  - (iii) The numbers to the right of the questions indicate full marks.
  - (iv) In case of MCQs Q. No. 1(A) only the first attempt will be evaluated and will be given credit.
  - (v) For every MCQ, the correct alternative (A), (B), (C) or (D) of answers with subquestion number is to be written as an answer.
- 1. (A) For every subquestion four alternative answers are given.

  Choose the correct answer and write the alphabet of it: 4
  - (i) Which number cannot represent a probability?
    - (A)  $\frac{2}{3}$
    - (B) 1.5
    - (C) 15%
    - (D) 0.7

(ii) Find the value of common difference for an A.P. -10, -6, -2, 2, .....

- (A) -16
- (B) -4
- (C) 4
- (D) 16

(iii) Which of the following quadratic equations has roots 3, 5 ?

- (A)  $x^2 15x + 8 = 0$
- (B)  $x^2 8x + 15 = 0$
- (C)  $x^2 + 3x + 5 = 0$
- (D)  $x^2 + 8x 15 = 0$

(iv) Find the value of  $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$ :

- (A) -22
- (B) 2
- (C) 22
- (D) -2

#### (B) Solve the following subquestions:

4

- (i) Decide whether the equation  $m^3 5m^2 + 4 = 0$  is a quadratic equation or not? Justify.
- (ii) For a given A.P. a = 3.5, d = 0, then find  $t_n$ .
- (iii) If x + 2y = 5 and 2x + y = 4, then find the value of x + y.
- (iv) If two coins are tossed simultaneously, write the sample space.

## 2. (A) Complete and write any two activities from the following: 4

(i) First term and common difference of an A.P. are 6 and 3 respectively. Complete the following activity to find  $S_{27}$ .

#### Activity:

$$a = 6, d = 3, S_{27} = ?$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ \sum + (n-1) \times d \right]$$

$$\therefore S_{27} = \frac{27}{2} \left[ 12 + (27 - 1) \times \right]$$

$$\therefore S_{27} = \frac{27}{2} \times \boxed{ }$$

$$\therefore \quad S_{27} = 27 \times 45$$

(ii) To draw the graph of 4x + 5y = 19, complete the following activity to find y, when x = 1.

#### Activity:

$$4x + 5y = 19$$

$$4 \times \boxed{ } + 5y = 19$$

$$5y = 19 - \boxed{ }$$

$$y = \boxed{ } 5$$

$$y = \boxed{ }$$

(iii) A die is rolled. Complete the following activity to find the probability of getting a prime number on the upper face of die.

#### Activity:

'S' is the sample space for a die rolled

$$\therefore S = \left\{ \square \right\}, \quad \therefore \quad n(S) = 6$$

Event A: To get prime number on the upper face

$$\therefore A = \left\{ \square \right\}, \quad \therefore \quad n(A) = 3$$

$$\therefore \quad P(A) = \frac{ }{n(S)} \dots (formula)$$

$$\therefore \quad P(A) = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\therefore P(A) = \frac{1}{\Box}$$

- (B) Solve any four subquestions from the following:
- 8
- Determine nature of the roots of the quadratic equation  $2x^2 5x + 7 = 0$  by using discriminant.
- (ii) Solve the following simultaneous equations:

$$5x + 4y = 17, 4x + 5y = 10.$$

- (iii) A box contains 5 strawberry chocolates, 6 coffee chocolates and 2 peppermint chocolates. Find the probability that the chocolate picked at random from the box is a coffee chocolate.
- (iv) For simultaneous equations in variables x and y, if  $D_x = 49$ ,  $D_y = -63$  and D = 7, then find the value of x and y.
- (v) Find the 24th term of the following A.P.:

12, 16, 20, 24, .....

3. (A) Complete and write any one activity from the following: 3

(i) A two digit number is to be formed from the digits 2, 3, 5 without repetition of the digits. Complete the following activity to find the probability that the number so formed is an odd number.

#### Activity:

Let 'S' be the sample space

$$\therefore$$
 S = {23, 25, 32, \_\_\_\_, 52, 53}

$$\therefore$$
  $n(S) =$ 

Now condition for event 'A' is that number so formed is an odd number.

: A = 
$$\{23, 25, [ ], 53\},$$
 :  $n(A) = 4$ 

$$\therefore P(A) = \frac{}{n(S)} \dots (formula)$$

$$\therefore \quad P(A) = \frac{\phantom{0}}{6}$$

$$\therefore \quad P(A) = \frac{}{3}$$

(ii) If x = 5 is a root of quadratic equation  $kx^2 - 14x - 5 = 0$ , then find the value of k by completing the following activity.

#### Activity:

One of the roots of quadratic equation  $kx^2 - 14x - 5 = 0$  is 5.

 $\therefore$  Substituting x = in the above equation.

$$\therefore \qquad k \boxed{\phantom{a}}^2 - 14 \times 5 - 5 = 0$$

$$\therefore \qquad \qquad \boxed{k-70-5} = 0$$

$$k = \frac{75}{}$$

$$k =$$

- (B) Attempt any two subquestions from the following: 6.
  - (i) In an A.P. sum of three consecutive terms is 27 and their product is 504. Find the terms.

(Assume that three consecutive terms in A.P. are (a-d, a, a+d).

(ii) Solve the following simultaneous equations, using Cramer's rule:

$$4m + 6n = 54$$
,  $3m + 2n = 28$ .

- (iii) A die is rolled and a coin is tossed simultaneously. Write the sample space 'S' and number of sample points n(S). Also write the events A and B in set form and their number of sample points according to the given condition:
  - (a) Condition for event A: To get a head or tail on the coin and a number divisible by 3 on the upper face of die.
  - (b) Condition for event B: To get a number on the upper face of die greater than 7 and a head on the coin.
- (iv) Solve the following simultaneous equations graphically:

$$x + y = 7, \quad x - y = -1.$$

#### 4. Attempt any two subquestions from the following:

Out of the total students of class 10th,  $\frac{7}{2}$  times the square root of total number of students are playing on the ground and remaining 2 students are studying in the classroom. Find the total number of students in class 10th.

- When one is added to the numerator as well as the denominator of a certain fraction, it becomes  $\frac{1}{2}$  and if one is subtracted from the numerator and denominator both, the fraction becomes  $\frac{1}{3}$ . Find the original fraction.
- (iii) In an A.P. 16, 14, 12, ...... the sum of how many terms is 60? Write these terms with all possibilities.

## 5. Attempt any one subquestion from the following:

- (i) For a quadratic equation in variable 'm', the coefficients a, b and c are such that a=2, b=4a, c=3a.
  - Form the quadratic equation and solve it by factorisation method.

3

(ii) Write any one arithmetic progression with common difference 5. Find its nth term and sum of first 'n' terms.