# **S S LC Top Test Series**

#### KP(G) Std 10

### Chemistry (Chapter 5, 6, 7)

Time: 45 Mnts Score: 20

#### Instructions:

- The first 7 minutes are cool-off time.
- Time is spent for reading the question paper you are not suppose to write any thing during cool-off time.
- Read the instructions carefully and attempt this questions.

## Type-A

# [Attempt any 2 questions from 1 to 3. Each question carries 1 score]

[2×1=2]

(3H2

The catalyst used in the industrial preparation of sulphuric acid is 1.

The general molecular formula of alkynes is

The monomer of PVC is

[Attempt any 2 questions from 4 to 6. Each question carries 2 score] [2×2=4] \*

4.a) What is the functional group of esters?

- b) What is meant by esterification?
- 5.a) Write down the IUPAC name of the compound  $CH_3 CH_2 CH_2 CH_2 CI$ .
- Write down the structural formula of its position isomer. b)
- 6.a) What happens on dropping concentrated  $H_2SO_4$  on a cotton cloth?
- b) Which property of concentrational  $H_2SO_4$  is revealed here?

### [Attempt any 2 questions from 7 to 9. Each question carries 3 score] [2×3=6]

- Consider the reaction  $H_{2(g)} + I_{2(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2HI_{(g)}$ 7.
  - Which are reactants and products in this reaction? a)
  - Does pressure affect the reaction at equilibrium ? Why? b)
- The molecular formula of an organic compound is  $C_5H_{12}$ . 8,
  - Write down its structural formula. a)
  - b) Write down the structural formula of 2 chain isomers of the above compound? [P.T.O]

Page 2

9.a) Write down the structural formula and IUPAC name of product A in the given chemical equation.

CH2=CH2+H2 NI, A,

Name the types of reaction. b)

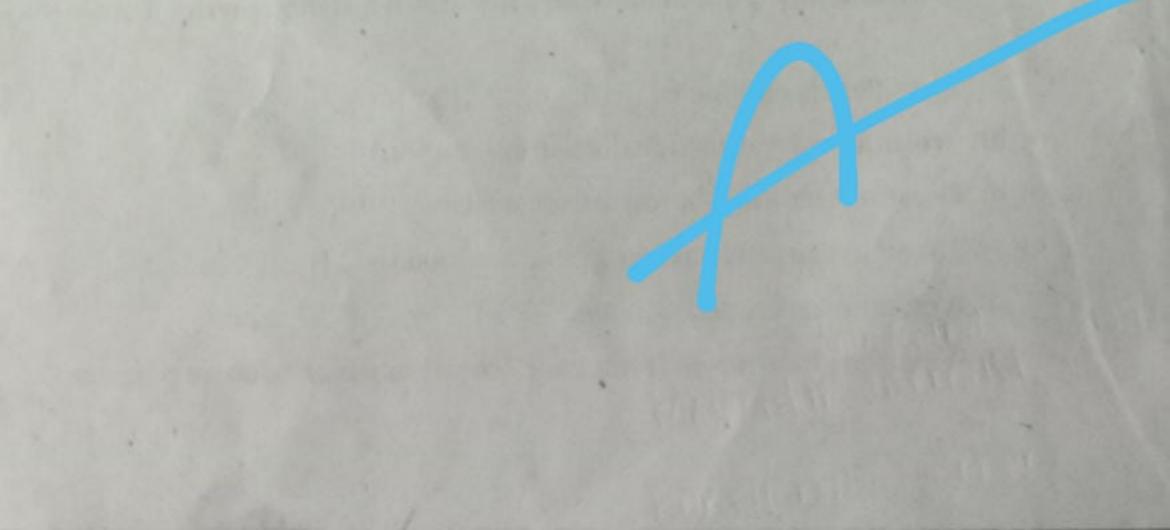
[Attempt any 2 questions from 10 to 12. Each question carries 4 score ] [2×4=8]

- The structural formula of two organic compounds are given. 10.
  - i) CH, -O-CH, -CH, C3H80 ii) CH\_-CH\_-CH\_-OH C3 H80
- a) Write down the IUPAC names of these compounds.
- Write down one similarity and one differences between these two compounds. b)
- What is the phenomenon in these compounds known as? c)

(A)

(B)

- Identify A and B. Given their IUPAC names. a)
- Write down the structural formula and IUPAC name of the next homologue of b) compound (B).
- 12.a)How is ammonia gas prepared in the lab?
  - Why is ammonia gas passed through quick lime? b)
  - Ammonia is collected in a gas jar. Which is kept inverted. Why? c)



# Type-B

[Attempt any 2 questions from 1 to 3. Each question carries 1 score] [2×1=2]

- process. The industrial preparation of ammonia is known as \_\_\_\_\_
- The general molecular formula of alkenes is 2.
- Polythene is the polymer of \_ 3.

[Attempt any 2 questions from 4 to 6. Each question carries 2 score] [2×2=4]

- 4.  $CH_3$ -COOH + HO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>  $\xrightarrow{Con.H_2SO_4}$  A + H<sub>2</sub>O ethanoic acid ethanol
  - a) Complete the above chemical equation.
  - Write down the IUPAC name of A.
- Write down the IUPAC name of the following. 5.
  - a) CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH -CH<sub>3</sub>

CH,-CH,

b) CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>

How is a sulphate identified? 6.

[Attempt any 2 questions from 7 to 9. Each question carries 3 score] [2×3=6]

7.a) Write down the structural formulae of propan-1-o1 and propan-2-o1.

- Name the type of isomerism shown by them at equilibrium. b)
- Consider the reaction at equilibrium  $N_2 + 3H_2 \longrightarrow 2NH_3$  +heat 8. What is the effect of the following changes on the rate of forward reaction?
  - More N2 is added to the system. a)
  - Temperature is decreased. b)
- Pressure is increased. c)
- 9.a) Soaps do not lather well in hard water. Give reason.
  - b) List out one merit and one demerit of detergents compared to soaps.

KP(G)/Std 10/ Top Test /Chemistry

Page 4 [Attempt any 2 questions from 10 to 12. Each question carries 4 score] [2×4=8]

10. Match the columns A, B & C suitably.

Reactants (A)	Products (B)	Name of the reaction (C)
C2H6+O2	CH_=CH_+CH_	<ul> <li>Substitution reaction</li> </ul>
CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub>	CH,-CH,CI+HCl	Addition reaction
$CH \equiv CH + H_{2}$	CO,+H,O	Thermal cracking
CH,-CH,+CI,	CH,=CH,+H,	Combustion

11.a) What change do you observe when a few drops of concentrated  $H_2SO_4$  is added to sugar taken in a watch glass?

- b) Which property of concentrated H2SO4 is shown in the reaction?
- How do dehydrating agents differ from drying agents? c)
- Find out the isomeric pairs from the following? To which type of isomerism do each 12. pair belong?
- a)  $CH_3 CH_2 CH_2 OH$   $C_3 H_8 O$ b)  $CH_3 CH_2 OH$   $C_2 H_6 O$

- c) CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>3</sub> C3H8<sup>O</sup> d) CH<sub>3</sub>-CH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub> C5 H10
- CH<sub>3</sub> e) CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-Cl C<sub>2</sub> H<sub>5</sub> (1
- A) CH3-CH2-CH2-CH2-CH3 C5-H12

