SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER-1

MATHEMATICS

THIRUVANANTHAPURAM EDUCATIONAL DISTRICT

STANDARD X



Time: 2 ¹/₂ hours

Maximum Score: 80

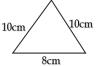
PART 1

A. Answer any four questions from 1 to 6. Each question carries 1 score. (4x1=4)

- 1) Algebraic form of an arithmetic sequence is 3n + 2. What is its first term?
- 2) In the figure, O is the centre of the circle. What is the measure of <BAC?



- 3) Natural numbers from 1 to 5 are written in paper slips and put in a box. If one slip is taken out from it without looking, then what is the probability of it being an even number?
- 4) Among the points (-4,0), (2,4), (0,6), which is the point on the X-axis?
- 5) A cone is made by rolling up a semicircle of radius 8cm. What is the base radius of the cone?
- 6) If (x-2) is a factor of the polynomial $P(x) = x^2 4$, what is the second factor?
- B. Answer all questions from 7 to 10. Each question carries 1 score. (4x1=4)
 - 7) One lateral face of a square pyramid is given in the figure. What is the base area of this square pyramid?



(100 sq.cm, 64 sq.cm, 80 sq.cm, 32 sq.cm)

- 8) (3, a) is a point on the line x + y = 4. What is the value of a?
 (5, 4, 3, 1)
- 9) In the figure, the diameter of the circle is 8cm. What is the length of the



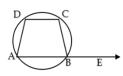
chord BC?

 $(8\sqrt{3}\text{cm}, 4\sqrt{3}\text{cm}, 4\text{cm}, 8\text{cm})$

10) Perimeter of a triangle is 18cm and area is 27sq.cm. What is the radius of the incircle of this triangle? (3cm, 6cm, 9cm, 7cm)

PART 2

- A. Answer any three questions from 11 to 15. Each question carries 2 scores. (3x2=6)
 - 11) Write the arithmetic sequence with first term 7 and common difference 3. Find the 21st term of the sequence
 - 12) In the figure ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral. AB is extended to E. If <CBE= 100⁰,



- a) Find <CBA?
- b) Find <CDA?
- 13) In the figure, PQRS is a square formed by joining the midpoints of the sides of the square ABCD.



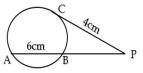
- a) In the square PQRS, if we join PR and QS, how many small right triangles will you get?
- b) If a dot is put in the figure without looking, what is the probability that the dot is within the square PQRS?

 120°

- 14) In the figure, ABCD is a parallelogram. AD = 4cm, $<B = 120^{0}$
 - a) What is <A?
 - b) What is the perpendicular distance from D to AB?
- 15) Scores awarded to a student in five consecutive test papers is given below 42,38,37,44,39

Find the Mean and Median of the scores.

- B. Answer any two questions from 16 to 18. Each question carries 2 scores each. (2x2=4)
 - 16) Sum of first n terms of an arithmetic sequence is $3n^2 + n$. Find the first term and common difference.
 - 17) In the figure, the length of the chord AB is 6cm. The chord is extended to P and the tangents drawn from that point, have length 4cm. Find the length of BP.



- 18) The equation of a circle is $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25$
 - a) Write the coordinates of the centre of the circle?
 - b) What is its radius?

PART 3

- A. Answer any three questions from 19 to 23. Each question carries 4 scores. (3x4=12)
 - 19) Draw a circle of radius 4cm. Draw a triangle with two of its angles 60⁰ and 70⁰ with all its vertices on the circle.
 - 20) a)The perimeter of a rectangle is 40 cm. Length of its smaller side is 7cm. What is the length of its larger side?
 - b) Find the sides of a rectangle with perimeter 40cm and area 96 sq.cm.
 - 21) Draw a circle of radius 3cm. Mark a point P outside the circle at a distance 7cm from the centre. Draw tangents from P to the circle. Measure of the length of the tangents.

- 22) A sector of central angle 216⁰ is cut from a circular disc of radius 25cm. The sector is then rolled up to make a cone.
 - a) What is the slant height of the cone?
 - b) Find the base radius of the cone.
 - c) Find the height of the cone.
 - d) Find the volume of the cone.

23) In the figure, P, Q, R are the midpoints of the sides of the triangle ABC.

R(1,2) A P(2,1) B

 40^{0}

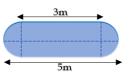
- a) What type of the quadrilateral is PQCR?^A
- b) Write the coordinates of vertices A, B, and C.

B. Answer any one question from 24 to 25. Each question carries 4 scores. (1x4=4)

- 24) A box contains 6 red beads and 5 white beads. Another box contains 8 red beads and 4 white beads. If one bead is taken from each box, then
 - a) What is the number of possible pairs?
 - b) What is the probability of both beads being red?
 - c) What is the probability of one being white and other being red?
 - d) What is the probability of getting at least one red bead?
- 25) In triangle PQR, PQ=14cm, PR=10cm, <P=40⁰.
 - a) Find the length of the perpendicular from R to PQ.
 - b) Find the area of triangle PQR. $(\sin 40^{\circ} = 0.64, \cos 40^{\circ} = 0.76)$

PART 4

- A. Answer any three questions from 26 to 29. Each question carries 6 scores. (3x6=18)
 - 26) a) Draw a rectangle of area 12sq.cm.
 - b) Draw a square having the same area of the rectangle.
 - 27) A man standing at the edge of a river sees the top of a tree at an elevation of 60°. Stepping 20 metres back he sees it at an elevation of 30°. Draw a rough figure. Find the width of the river and height of the tree.
 - 28) a) Draw the coordinates axes and mark the points O (0,0), A (4,0), B (7,6), C (3,6).
 - b) Join these points in order to form a quadrilateral OABC. Write a suitable name for this quadrilateral.
 - c) Find the area of the quadrilateral OABC.
 - 29) A tank is in the shape of a cylinder with two hemispheres attached to both ends as shown in the figure.



The length of the cylinder is 3 metres and total length of the tank is 5 metres.

- a) What is the radius of the hemisphere?
- b) Find the volume of cylindrical part and one hemispherical part.
- c) How many litres can the tank hold? $(1m^3 = 1000 \text{ litre})$

B. Answer any two questions from 30 to 32. Each question carries 6 scores. (2x6=12)

- 30) Consider the arithmetic sequence 7,11,15, ...
 - a) What is the algebraic form of this sequence?
 - b) What is the sum of first n consecutive terms of the above sequence?
 - c) How many terms of this sequence, starting from the first, are to be added to get 250?
- 31) a) If $P(x) = x^2 7x + 13$. What is P (3)?
 - b) Find P(x) P(3).
 - c) Write the polynomial P(x)-P (3) as the product of two first degree polynomials
 - d) Find the solutions of the equation P(x) P(3) = 0
- 32) The table below shows the number of children in a class, sorted according to their heights.

Height(cm)	Number of children
130 -140	7
140-150	9
150-160	10
160-170	10
170-180	9

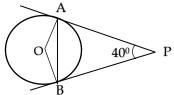
If the students are directed to stand in a line according to the order of their heights starting from the smallest, then

- a) The height of the child at what position is taken as the median?
- b) What is the assumed height of the child in the 17th position?
- c) Find the median height.

PART 5

A. Answer any two questions from 33 to 35. Each question carries 8 scores. (2x8=16)

- 33) a) Write the sequence of three digit numbers which are multiples of 5. How many numbers are there in this sequence?
 - b) Write the first three digit number which leaves a remainder 2 on division by 5. How many numbers are there in this sequence?
 - c) Find the sum of all three digit numbers which leaves a remainder 3 on division by 5.
- 34) In the figure, PA and PB are tangents.



D

A(2,3)

C(6,7)

В

- a) What is the measure of <AOB?
- b) What are the measures of <PAB and <OBA?
- c) Draw a circle of radius of 2.5cm. Draw a triangle of angles 60⁰, 70⁰ with the sides touches the circle.
- 35) In the figure, ABCD is a rectangle with the sides parallel to the axes.
 - a) Write the coordinates of the vertices of B and D.
 - b) Calculate the area of the rectangle
 - c) Find the length of the diagonal AC.
 - d) If draw a circle with AC as the diameter, what are the coordinates of the centre?