

2010 - GG

Test Paper Code: GG

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 300

INSTRUCTIONS

- The question-cum-answer booklet has 24 pages and has 44 questions. Please ensure that the copy of the question-cumanswer booklet you have received contains all the questions.
- Write your Registration Number, Name and the name of the Test Centre in the appropriate space provided on the right side.
- Write the answers to the objective questions against each Question No. in the Answer Table for Objective Questions, provided on Page No. 7. Do not write anything else on this page.
- 4. Each objective question has 4 choices for its answer: (A), (B), (C) and (D). Only ONE of them is the correct answer. There will be negative marking for wrong answers to objective questions. The following marking scheme for objective questions shall be used:
 - (a) For each correct answer, you will be awarded 3 (Three) marks.
 - (b) For each wrong answer, you will be awarded -1 (Negative one) mark.
 - (c) Multiple answers to a question will be treated as a wrong answer.
 - (d) For each un-attempted question, you will be awarded 0 (Zero) mark.
 - (e) Negative marks for objective part will be carried over to total marks.
- Answer the subjective question only in the space provided after each question.
- 6. Do not write more than one answer for the same question. In case you attempt a subjective question more than once, please cancel the answer(s) you consider wrong. Otherwise, the answer appearing last only will be evaluated.
- All answers must be written in blue/black/ blue-black ink only. Sketch pen, pencil or ink of any other colour should not be used.
- All rough work should be done in the space provided and scored out finally.
- No supplementary sheets will be provided to the candidates.
- 10.Clip board, log tables, slide rule, calculator, cellular phone or electronic gadgets in any form are NOT allowed.
- 11. The question-cum-answer booklet must be returned in its entirety to the Invigilator before leaving the examination hall. Do not remove any page from this booklet.

2010 - GG

READ INSTRUCTIONS ON THE LEFT SIDE OF THIS PAGE CAREFULLY

7
oye

Do not write your Registration Number or Name anywhere else in this question-cum-answer booklet.

I have read all the instructions and shall abide by them.

Signature of the Candidate

I have verified the information filled by the Candidate above.

Signature of the Invigilator

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PACE.

Part Or Supersulated a sector

IMPORTANT NOTE FOR CANDIDATES

- Questions 1-30 (objective questions) carry <u>three</u> marks each and questions 31-44 (subjective questions) carry <u>fifteen</u> marks each.
- Write the answers to the objective questions in the <u>Answer Table for</u> <u>Objective Questions</u> provided on page 7 only.

Q.1	Aste	roids are minor p	planet	ary bodies located	l betwee	en		
	(A)	Earth and Mars			(B)	Jupiter and S		
	(C)	Mars and Jupit	er		(D)	Mercury and	Venus	
Q.2		ch one of the fo		ig options does c ne earth's crust?	orrectly	represent the	e eleme	nts in order of
	(A)	Fe > Si > O > A	1		(B)	O > Si > Al >	Fe	
	(C)	Si > O > Al > Fo	e		(D)	Si > Al > Fe >	• O	
Q.3	Win	d-facetted pebble	s are	known as				
	(A)	Lag-gravel	(B)	Blowouts	(C)	Yardangs	(D)	Ventifacts
Q.4	The	pitch of a fold ax	is on 1	the axial plane, d	ipping a	t 45° is 88°. Ti	ne fold i	s
	(A)	Vertical fold			(B)	Inclined fold		
	(C)	Reclined fold			(D)	Recumbent fo	old	
Q.5		ch one of the for bottom to top?	llowin	g successions do	es repro	esent the corr	ect stra	tigraphic order
	(A)	Uttatur Group-	Trichi	inopolly Group-Ai	riyalur (Group-Niniyur	Group	
	(B)		_	Uttatur Group-Ai	-			
	(C)	-		inopolly Group-N	-			
	(D)	Niniyur Group	Trich	inopolly Group-U	ttatur G	roup-Ariyaiur	Group	
Q.6	Silic	on has a co-ordin	nation	number six in				
	(A)	Coesite	(B)	Stishovite	(C)	Tridymite	(D)	Cristobalite

$\mathbf{Q}.7$	Which one of the following is an INCORRECT statement:										
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	Hematite is an Limonite is a h	iron o ydrate	e of carbonate comp re with ferro-magn ed iron ore ore that crystallizes	etic ch	aracter	ystem				
		,									
Q.8				n a horizontal sand t direction towards		oed have an	attitude o	f N20°E/22°S	Е.		
	(A)	S22°E	(B)	N20°W	(C)	S70°E	(D)	N70°E			
Q .9	An e		l secti	on of a mineral co	ntaini	ng two sets	of cleavag	ges at an ang	le,		
	(A)	Hornblende	(B)	Diopside	(C)	Calcite	(D)	Sanidine			
								n. a			
Q .10	Whi	ch one of the foll	owing	stratigraphic unit	s does			alli Craton?			
	(A)	Berach Granite			(B)	Untala Gra					
	(C)	Gingla Granite	!		(D)	Closepet G	ranite				
Q.11	Mat	ch the dentition	type i	n Group I with the	e Bival	via genus ir	Group I	I.			
		Group I		Group II							
		P. Heterodont		1. Trigonia							
		${\bf Q}. {\bf Desmodont}$		2. Cerastod	erma						
		R. Dysodont		3. Mya							
		S. Schizodont	_	4. Mytilus		D - 00 F					
		P-2, Q-3, R-1, S				P-1, Q-3, F P-1, Q-2, F					
	(0)	P-2, Q-3, R-4, \$	5-1		(D)	r-1, v _q -2, 1	F0, D-T				
Q.12		ich one of the acture?	follow	ing constituents o	f lime	stone is ch	aracterize	d by concent	ric		
	(A)	Peloid			(B)	Ooid					
	(C)	Sparry calcite			(D)	Intraclast					

									L
Q.13	The	crystal class wh	ich is i	NOT a pla	nar point grou	p is			
	(A)	3 m	(B)	4 mm	(C)	3	(D)	6/m	
Q.14	Circ	ular reefs enclos	ing sh	allow body	of water are o	alled			
	(A) (C)	Barrier reefs Spits			(B) (D)	Fringing reefs Atolls			
Q.15	The	mineral assemb	lage w	hich DOE	S NOT correct	ly define a metar	norph	nic facies	is
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	Albite + Epidot Hornblende + l Omphacite + G Orthopyroxene	Plagioo arnet	clase + Ilm + Plagiock	enite ase	+ Hornblende			
Q.16	bedo	ded sandstone ar	Cros	s-bedding	hale mestone			ímestone	, cross
	(A) (C)	Synformal sync Antiformal syn			(B)	Synformal antic			
		•			,-,		-		
Q.17	Con	mercial magnes	ite dep	osit can b	e hosted in				
	(A)	Serpentinite			(B)	Potassic Granit	e		

Addition of a centre of symmetry converts the crystal class 622 to

(D) Nepheline syenite

6/m 2/m 2/m

 $(D)=\bar{\hat{6}}\,2m$

(C) Gabbro

 $6~\mathrm{mm}$

 $(C) = \bar{6} \; m2$

(A)

Q.18

Match textures in Group I with its corresponding rock types in Group II. Q.19Group I Group II 1. Dolerite P. Spinifex texture Q. Graphic texture 2. Lamprophyre 3. Pegmatite R. Ophitic texture 4. Komatiite S. Panidiomorphic texture (B) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2 (A) P-1, Q-4, R-3, S-2 (D) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3 (C) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4 The chemical formula of clivine containing 60 mole % forsterite and 40 mole % fayalite is Q.20(B) Mg₁₄ Fe₀₆ SiO₄ (A) Mg_{1.2} Fe_{0.8}SiO₄ (C) $Mg_{1.6} Fe_{0.4} SiO_4$ (D) $Mg_{18} Fe_{02} SiO_4$ Which one of the following sedimentary structures DOES NOT mark the top surface of a Q.21bed? (C) Wave ripple (D) Rain print (A) Flute cast **(B)** Current ripple Match the economic deposits in Group I with their corresponding occurrences in Q.22 Group II. Group I Group II 1. Jaduguda P. Lignite Malanjkhand Q.Petroleum 3. Neyveli R. Copper 4. Rudrasagar S. Uranium ... (B) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3 (A) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2 (D) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1 (C) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1 A copper-nickel-sulphide ore deposit occurring in the basal part of a layered gabbro can Q.23originate by the following process Early magmatic segregation (\mathbf{A}) Late magmatic residual liquid segregation Early magmatic injection (C)(D) Late magmatic immiscible liquid segregation Which one of the following flora belongs to the Lower Gondwana? Q.24

Gangamopteris (B) Cladophlebis

(C) Sphenopteris

(D) Ptilophyllum

Q.25	A fault plane dips at an angle of 45° due east and shows N-S trending slickenside. The rake of net slip of this fault is							
	(A)	90°	(B)	45°	(C)	22.5°	(D)	0°
Q.26	Mat	ch the hydrologi	cal ter	ms in (Group I with thes	se in Group	ο Π.	
		Group I		·	Group II			
		P. Aquifer			1. Non porous, no	n permeabl	e	
		Q. Aquiclude			2. Porous, non pe	rmeable		
		R. Aquitard			3. Poorly perous a	and poorly p	ermeable	
		S. Aquifuge			4. Porous and per	meable		
	(A)	P-1, Q-2, R-3, S	8-4		(B)	P-2, Q-3, 1	R-4. S-1	
		P-4, Q-2, R-3, S				P-4, Q-3, 1	•	
Q.27					ngle of 30° due E ne bed in meters is		th of 30 m	on a horizontal
	(A)	17	(B)	21	(C)	34	(D)	42
Q.28	8 Match the modes of occurrence of igneous rocks in Group I with their corresponding rock types in Group II .							
		Group I			Group II			
		P. Batholith			1. Kimberlite			
		Q.Lopolith			2. Granite			
		R. Pahoehoe lav	/a		3. Basalt			
		S. Pipe			4. Gabbro-norit	e		
	(A)	P-4, Q-2, R-3, S	3-1		(B)	P-2, Q-1, I	R-3, S-4	
	(C)	P-2, Q-4, R-3, S	6-1		(D)	P-4, Q-3, 1	R-1, S-2	
Q.29		illowed metabas ote + chlorite inc			g the mineral as	semblage g	laucophane	e + lawsonite +
	(A)	Ocean floor me	tamor	phism				
	(B)	Continent-cont	inent	collisio	n metamorphism			
	(C)	Contact metam	orphis	ŝm				
	(D)	Subduction-zon	ie met	amorpl	nism			
Q.30	The	rock, which DO	ES NO	OT have	e a volcanic equiv	alent is		
	(A)	Anorthosite	(B)	Grani	te (C)	Syenite	(D)	Gabbro
					GG-5/24			

A

Answer Table for Objective Questions

Write the Code of your chosen answer only in the 'Answer' column against each Question No. Do not write anything else on this page.

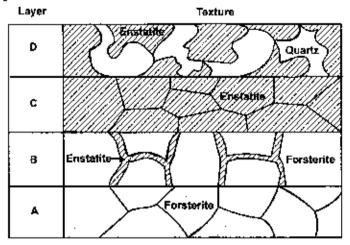
Question No.	Answer	Do not write in this column	Question No.	Answer	Do not write in this column
01			16		
02			17		
03			18		
04			19		
05			20		
06			21		
07			22		
08			23		
09			24		
10			25		
11			26		
12			27		
13			28		
14			29		
15	:		30		

FOR EVALUATION ONLY

I OIL CIMEONIQUE GITCI			
No. of correct answers	Ма	ırks	(+)
No. of incorrect answers	Ma	ırks	(-)
Total marks in que	()		

(3)

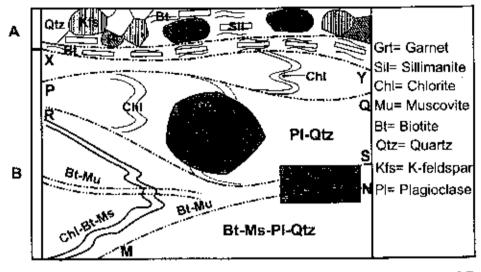
Q.31 The diagrammatic sketch below shows textures and mineral assemblages of rocks from a layered igneous province.



- (a) (i) Name the rock in layer A.
 - (ii) Name a simplified binary chemical system which can explain the origin of rocks A to D. (3)
- (b) (i) Which broad process of magmatic crystallization can give rise to the sequence of rocks shown in the above figure? (3)
 - (ii) Name the layers of rocks which represent crystallization at binary eutectic and binary peritectic. (6)

GG-8/24

Q.32 (a) Given below is a thin section sketch (not to scale) of a banded metamorphic rock of normal pelite bulk rock composition. The rock shows development of different generations of schistosity and mineral assemblage. Band A has a mineral association of Kfs+Qtz+Grt+Sil+Bt+Pl, while band B contains Mu+Bt+Qtz+Grt+Chl+Pl. Answer the following questions.



(i) Identify the facies of metamorphism indicated by bands A and B.

(6)

(ii) Giving suitable reason, identify a possible tectonic discontinuity surface in the sketch. (3)

(b) Name the high-P, low-T and low-P, low-T polymorphs of $\mathrm{Al_2SiO_5}$.

(6)

Α

- Q.33 (a) Given below is an equation relating to the decay of a radioactive atom, $N(t) = N(t_0)e^{-\lambda t}$ where N(t) = Number of atoms present at time t, $N(t_0) = O$ riginal number of radioactive atoms at time t = 0 and $\lambda = D$ ecay constant.
 - (i) Deduce an equation relating the half life of the radioactive atom to decay constant.

(ii) Using equation in 33(a)(i), estimate the decay constant, which would be suitable for dating 4.2 Ga old rock. Assume that the rock has roughly equal proportions of parent and daughter atoms at present. Consider $\ln 2 = 0.693$. (3)

(b) Name the radioactive isotopes, which yield ²⁰⁶Pb, ²⁰⁷Pb and ²⁰⁸Pb.

(9)

- Q.34 (a) Consider a biaxial mineral with a hypothetical pleochroic scheme, X = Green, Y = Yellow, Z = Pink. Answer the following questions.
 - (i) For an optic orientation with the maximum birefringence, what will be the range of colour of the mineral under plane polarized light? Give reason. (6)

(ii) For an optic orientation showing yellow colour under plane polarized light, what will be the nature of biaxial indicatrix section? (3)

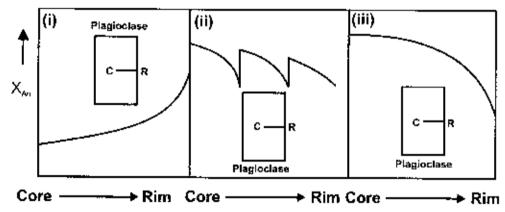
(b) (i) Draw a neatly labelled sketch of the indicatrix of a uniaxial positive mineral. (3)

(ii) What is the optic sign of nepheline?

(3)

Q.35 (a) (i) Why is the binary cutectic absent in an isobaric T-X diagram in the chemical system, $CaAl_2Si_2O_8$ -NaAl Si_3O_8 ? (3)

- (ii) Name the species of plagioclase with a chemical composition of An₄₀Ab₆₀. (3)
- (b) Name the type of plagioclase compositional zoning indicated in diagrams (i), (ii) and (iii). X_{An} = Mole fraction of anorthite in plagioclase. The arrow indicates the direction of increasing X_{An} . (9)



(i)

(ii)

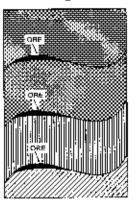
(iii)

Q.36 (a) (i) Some of the important stratigraphic units of the Aravalli Craton are as follows:
Delhi Supergroup, Marwar Supergroup, Aravalli Supergroup and Banded
Gneissic Complex. Arrange these into a correct stratigraphic order. (6)

- (ii) Which is the oldest stratigraphic unit amongst the following: Bhander Limestone, Kajrahat Limestone, Rohtas Limestone? (3)
- (b) (i) Name the Neoproterozoic felsic volcanic rock that is found in northwestern India. (3)

(ii) What is the name of the 200-km long, arcuate volcanic belt, lying to the north of the Singhbhum Craton? (3)

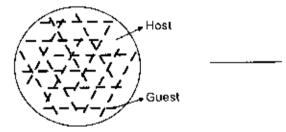
Q.37 (a) (i) Identify the following ore structures formed by hydrothermal processes: (6)



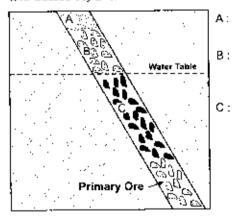


(ii) Identify the ore texture shown below:





(b) (i) Given below is an idealized sketch showing the development of different alteration zones (A, B and C) above a primary copper sulphide ore body. Name the zones A, B and C. (3)



(ii) Write the names of $\underline{\mathbf{two}}$ characteristic ore minerals from each zone B and C. (3)



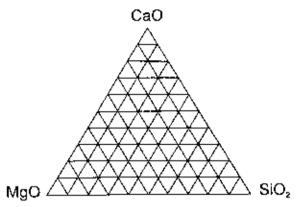
Q.38 (a) Draw the stratum contour patterns of the following structural features:

(i) Non-plunging synform, (ii) Dome, (iii) E-W trending doubly plunging antiform with the southern limb dipping steeper than the northern limb. (9)

(b) A square is subjected to (i) Pure shearing and (ii) Simple shearing. Show the resultant geometric shapes. (6)

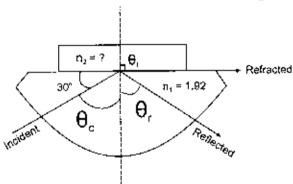


Q.39 (a) (i) Plot the chemical composition of the mineral, $Ca_2MgSi_2O_7$ in the ternary compositional space, $MgO-SiO_2-CaO$. (3)



(ii) Draw the stereogram of crystal class 2/m. Name the relevant crystal system. (6)

(b) The RI of a hemicylinder is 1.92. An unknown mineral is placed on the flat surface of the hemicylinder. Determine the RI of the mineral (n₂). (6)



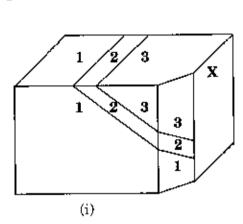
Q .40	(a)	(i)	Draw rectangular- and trellis-type d	rainage patterns.	(A
			Rectangular Pattern	Trellis Pattern	
		(ii)	Define an antecedent stream.		(3
	(b)	(i)	Show characteristic shapes in profile and river in an actively rising mount	sections of two valleys, formed by	y glacie (3
					(0

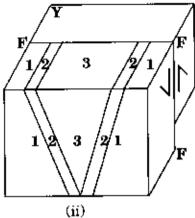
(ii) How are terminal moraines formed?

(3)



Q.41 (a) Draw the outcrop patterns of beds 1, 2 and 3 on X and Y surfaces of the block diagrams (i) and (ii) respectively. (6)

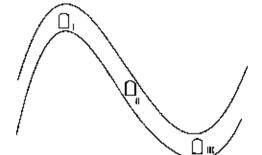




- (b) With the help of three labelled block diagrams, show the sequence of events stated in (i) to (iii). (9)
 - (i) On a flat ground surface, a normal sequence of westerly dipping beds 1 (oldest), 2 (intermediate) and 3 (youngest) are exposed. A N-S striking vertical fracture, cutting across the beds has developed.
 - (ii) Along this fracture, these beds are faulted with the upthrown block (UTB) in the west.
 - (iii) The upthrown block is then eroded to the level of the downthrown block, resulting in the repetition of beds.

(6)

Q.42 (a)



Three locations (I, II and III) are indicated in the competent layer of a non-plunging cylindrical fold for possible tunnel construction. The tunnel axis is assumed to be parallel to the fold axis. Which location is considered to be the best for tunnelling? Give reasons for your answer.

(b) Define the following hydrological terms:

(9)

Zone of Aeration, Water Table and Perched Water Table.

- Q.43 (a) Indicating the direction of aperture, show by labelled diagrams the typical geometrical patterns of suture lines found in the following ammonoids. (9)
 - (i) Nautiloid, (ii) Goniatite and (iii) Ceratite

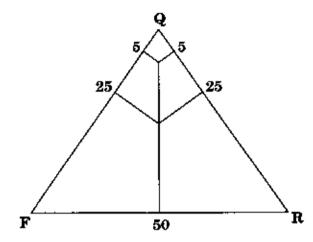
(b) (i) What is the age of Syringothyris Limestone?

(6)

(ii) Amongst the fossils named below, find out the burrowing and the swimming forms (one each):

Lima, Venus, Teredo, Gryphea, Lithophaga, Pecten, Lucina

Q.44 (a) (i) Identify the fields of subarkose and lithic arenite in the ternary Quartz (Q)-Feldspar (F)-Rock Fragment (R) diagram. (6)



(ii) Name the sandstone which is mineralogically mature but texturally immature.

 (b) With the help of diagrammatic sketches, distinguish between flaser lamination and lenticular lamination.

A

A

 $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PACE

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE