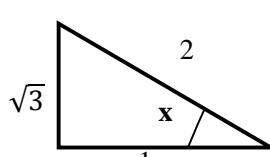


**First Year Higher Secondary Examination -September - 2021**  
**Mathematics-Science -FY -227-Answer Key**

Qn No	Scoring Indicators	Split Score	Total Score
1	(i) $A = \{ 1,2,3,4,5\}$ (ii) $A \cap B = \{1,2\}$ (iii) $A - B = \{3,4,5\}$	1 1 1	3
2	Sequence is 105,110,..... 995 Number of terms $= \frac{995-105}{5} + 1 = 179$ Sum $= \frac{179}{2} ( 105 + 995) = 98450$	1 1 1	3
3	$(2x+3)^5 = {}^5C_0 (2x)^5 + {}^5C_1 (2x)^4 \cdot 3 + {}^5C_2 (2x)^3 \cdot 3^2 + {}^5C_3 (2x)^2 3^3 + {}^5C_4 (2x) \cdot 3^4 + {}^5C_5 3^5$ $= 32x^5 + 240x^4 + 720x^3 + 1080x^2 + 810x + 243$	2 1	3
4	LHL = $2 \cdot 0 + 3 = 3$ RHL = $3(0+1) = 3$ LHL = RHL $\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 3$	1 1 1	3
5	$n(H) = 250, n(E) = 200 \text{ and } n(EUH) = 400$ $n(E \cap H) = n(E) + n(H) - n(EUH)$ $= 250+200- 400$ $= 50$	1 1 1	3

<b>6</b>	<p>Here <math>A = 2</math>, <math>B = 3</math> and <math>C = -6</math></p> <p>(i) Slope <math>= \frac{-A}{B} = \frac{-2}{3}</math></p> <p>(ii) Y intercept <math>= \frac{-C}{B} = \frac{6}{3} = 2</math></p>	1 1 1	3
<b>7</b>	<p>(i) Focus <math>= (a,0) = (3,0)</math></p> <p>(ii) Eq. of directrix is <math>x + 3 = 0</math></p> <p>(iii) Length of LR <math>= 4a = 12</math></p>	1 1 1	3
<b>8</b>	<p>(i) Option (b) = YZ plane</p> <p>(ii) <math>PQ = \sqrt{25 + 9 + 9} = \sqrt{43}</math></p>	1 1 1	3
<b>9</b>	<p><math>P(1) : 7^1 - 3^1 = 4</math> is divisible by 4</p> <p><math>P(k) : \text{Let } 7^k - 3^k \text{ is divisible by 4} \Rightarrow 7^k - 3^k = 4\lambda \Rightarrow 7^k = 3^k + 4\lambda</math></p> <p><math>P(k+1) : 7^{k+1} - 3^{k+1} = 7^k \cdot 7 - 3^k \cdot 3 = 7(3^k + 4\lambda) - 3 \cdot 3^k = 28\lambda + 4 \cdot 3^k = M(4)</math></p>	1 1 1	3
<b>10</b>	<p>(i) <math>T_{r+1} = {}^n C_r a^{n-r} b^r</math>  <math>= {}^{12} C_r x^{12-r} (-2y)^r</math></p> <p>(ii) <math>T_4 = {}^{12} C_3 x^9 (-2y)^3</math></p>	1 1 1	3

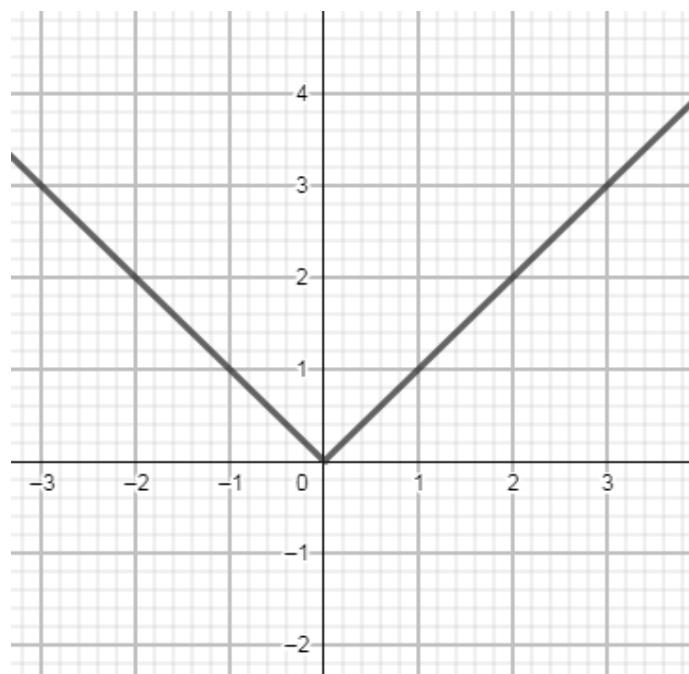
<b>11</b>	<p>Here <math>z = 0</math>  <math>\frac{-8m+10n}{m+n} = 0 \Rightarrow -8m+10n = 0</math>  <math>\Rightarrow m:n = 10 : 8 \text{ or } 5:4</math></p>	1 1 1	3
<b>12</b>	<p>(i) It is false that every natural number is greater than zero.  (ii) Converse: If <math>n</math> is even then <math>n^2</math> is even  Contrapositive: If <math>n</math> is not even then <math>n^2</math> is not even.</p>	1 1 1	3
<b>13</b>	<p>(i) Option (c) = 8  (ii) Subsets are <math>\{1,2\}</math>, <math>\{2,3\}</math> and <math>\{1,3\}</math>  (iii) <math>A' = \{4,5,6\}</math></p>	1 2 1	4
<b>14</b>	<p>(i) <math>x+1 = 3</math> and <math>y-2 = 1</math>  <math>\Rightarrow x = 2</math> and <math>y = 3</math>  (ii) <math>A \times B = \{(1,3), (1,4), (2,3), (2,4), (3,3), (3,4)\}</math></p>	1 1 2	4
<b>15</b>	<p>(i) <math>\cos x = \frac{-1}{2}</math>  <math>\sin x = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}</math>  <math>\tan x = \sqrt{3}</math></p> <p>(ii) <math>\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{6} + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{3} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2</math>  <math>= \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}</math></p>	 1 1 1 1	4

<b>16</b> (i) $P(1) : 1 = \frac{3^1 - 1}{2} \Rightarrow 1=1$ (ii) $P(k) : 1 + 3 + 3^2 + \dots + 3^{k-1} = \frac{3^k - 1}{2}$ $P(k+1) : 1 + 3 + 3^2 + \dots + 3^{k-1} + 3^k$ $= \frac{3^k - 1}{2} + 3^k$ $= \frac{3^k - 1 + 2 \cdot 3^k}{2} = \frac{3 \cdot 3^k - 1}{2}$ $= \frac{3^{k+1} - 1}{2}$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>4</b>
<b>17.</b> (i) Option (b) = i (ii) $3(7+i7)+i(7+i7) = 21 + 21i + 7i + 7i^2$ $= 21 + 28i - 7$ $= 14 + 28i$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>4</b>
<b>18</b> $z = 1 + i\sqrt{3}$ $r = \sqrt{1 + 3} = 2$ $\tan \Theta = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \Theta = 60^\circ$ Polar form is $r(\cos \Theta + i \sin \Theta)$ $= 2(\cos 60^\circ + i \sin 60^\circ)$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>4</b>
<b>19</b> (i) Option (d) = 10 (ii) Number of chords = ${}^{21}C_2 = 210$	<b>1</b> <b>3</b> <b>4</b>
<b>20</b> (i) Three digit numbers formed are 5.4.3 $= 60$ (ii) Number of permutations = $\frac{9!}{4!2!}$ $= 7560$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>4</b>

21	<p>Slope of the given line is <math>\frac{-A}{B} = \frac{1}{7}</math></p> <p>Slope of the perpendicular line is -7</p> <p>Equation is <math>y-y_1 = m(x-x_1)</math></p> $\Rightarrow y+3 = -7(x-2)$ $\Rightarrow 7x+y-11=0$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>4</b>	
22	<p>Here <math>a = 5</math> and <math>c = 4</math></p> $\Rightarrow a^2 = 25, c^2 = 16 \text{ and } b^2 = 25-16 = 9$ <p>(i) Equation is <math>\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1</math></p> $\Rightarrow \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$ <p>(ii) Eccentricity is <math>\frac{c}{a} = \frac{4}{5}</math></p>	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>4</b>	
23.	<p>(i) <math>(uv)' = u'v + uv'</math></p> $= 1(x^2+2x+1) + x(2x+2)$ $= 3x^2 + 4x + 1$ <p>(ii) <math>\left(\frac{u}{v}\right)' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2}</math></p> $= \frac{1.x - (x+1)1}{x^2}$ $= \frac{-1}{x^2}$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>4</b>	
24	<p>Let <math>\sqrt{5}</math> be rational</p> $\Rightarrow \sqrt{5} = \frac{p}{q} \text{ where } p \text{ and } q \text{ have no common factor}$ $\Rightarrow 5q^2 = p^2$ $\Rightarrow p^2 \text{ and hence } p \text{ is a multiple of 5}$ $\Rightarrow p = 5m \text{ for some integer } m$ $\Rightarrow 25m^2 = 5q^2$ $\Rightarrow q^2 \text{ and hence } q \text{ is a multiple of 5}$ $\Rightarrow p \text{ and } q \text{ are multiples of 5 which is a contradiction}$ <p>Thus <math>\sqrt{5}</math> is irrational</p>	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>4</b>	

25

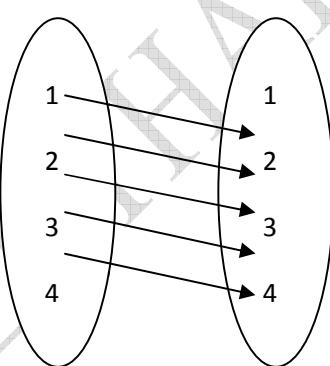
(i) Graph of  $f(x) = |x|$



6

(ii)  $R = \{(1,2), (2,3), (3,4), (4,5), (5,6)\}$

(a) Arrow diagram



2

1

(b) Domain = {1,2,3,4,5}

<p><b>26</b></p> <p>(i) <math>\sin(x+y) = \sin x \cdot \cos y + \cos x \cdot \sin y</math></p> $\begin{aligned}\sin 75^\circ &= \sin(45+30) \\ &= \sin 45 \cdot \cos 30 + \cos 45 \cdot \sin 30 \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2\sqrt{2}}\end{aligned}$ <p>(ii) <math display="block">\begin{aligned}\frac{\sin 5x + \sin 3x}{\cos 5x + \cos 3x} &amp;= \frac{2 \sin 4x \cdot \cos x}{2 \cos 4x \cdot \cos x} \\ &amp;= \tan 4x\end{aligned}</math></p>	<p><b>1</b></p> <p><b>1</b></p> <p><b>1</b></p> <p><b>1</b></p> <p><b>1</b></p> <p><b>1</b></p> <p><b>6</b></p>
<p><b>27</b></p> <p>The graph shows a Cartesian coordinate system with x and y axes. The x-axis is labeled with -2, 0, 2, 4, 6, 8. The y-axis is labeled with 2, 4, 6, -2. Two lines are plotted: <math>2x+y=6</math> and <math>3x+4y=12</math>. The line <math>2x+y=6</math> intersects the x-axis at <math>x=3</math> and the y-axis at <math>y=6</math>. The line <math>3x+4y=12</math> intersects the x-axis at <math>x=4</math> and the y-axis at <math>y=3</math>. The two lines intersect at the point <math>(2, 2)</math>. The region bounded by the x-axis from <math>x=0</math> to <math>x=4</math>, the line <math>2x+y=6</math>, and the line <math>3x+4y=12</math> is shaded in gray.</p>	<p><b>6</b></p> <p><b>6</b></p>

28	<p>(i) Here <math>a = 5</math> and <math>r = 5</math></p> $a_{12} = ar^{11} = 5 \cdot 5^{11}$  <p>(ii) <math>8+88+888+.... = 8(1+11+111+....)</math></p> $= \frac{8}{9}(9+99+999+....)$ $= \frac{8}{9}(10-1+100-1+1000-1+....)$ $= \frac{8}{9} \left( \left( \frac{10(10^n-1)}{9} \right) - n \right)$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>6</b>																																				
29	<table border="1" style="margin-bottom: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>x</th> <th>f</th> <th>fx</th> <th>fx<sup>2</sup></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>35</td><td>3</td><td>105</td><td>3675</td></tr> <tr><td>45</td><td>7</td><td>315</td><td>14175</td></tr> <tr><td>55</td><td>12</td><td>660</td><td>36300</td></tr> <tr><td>65</td><td>15</td><td>975</td><td>63375</td></tr> <tr><td>75</td><td>8</td><td>600</td><td>45000</td></tr> <tr><td>85</td><td>3</td><td>255</td><td>21675</td></tr> <tr><td>95</td><td>2</td><td>190</td><td>18050</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>50</td><td>3100</td><td>202250</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(i) Mean = <math>\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}</math></p> $= \frac{3100}{50} = 62$ <p>(ii) Variance = <math>\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left( \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f} \right)^2</math></p> $= \frac{202250}{50} - (62)^2$ $= 201$ <p>(iii) SD = <math>\sqrt{variance} = 14.18</math></p>	x	f	fx	fx <sup>2</sup>	35	3	105	3675	45	7	315	14175	55	12	660	36300	65	15	975	63375	75	8	600	45000	85	3	255	21675	95	2	190	18050		50	3100	202250	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>6</b>
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30	<p>(i) <math>S = \{HH, HT, TH, TT\}</math></p> <p><math>P(\text{At least one tail}) = \frac{3}{4}</math></p> <p>(ii) <math>P(E) = \frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>P(F) = \frac{1}{2}</math> and <math>P(E \cap F) = \frac{1}{8}</math></p> <p>(a) <math>P(E \text{ or } F) = P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)</math></p> $= \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ <p>(b) <math>P(\text{not } E \text{ and not } F) = P(E' \cap F') = 1 - P(E \cup F)</math></p> $= 1 - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b>	<b>6</b>
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