

## SSLC -Chemistry -Class -13

### Unit 2 : Gas Laws and Mole Concept

#### Calculation of the number of minute particles from mass

*If the particles having the same size and mass, even though they are in crores, we can determine their accurate number on the basis of mass.*

Thus we can calculate the number of particles on the basis of their masses .

#### Relative Atomic Mass

#### Look at the atomic mass of certain elements

Element	Hydrogen	Helium	Sodium
Atomic mass	1	4	23

The numbers given above are not the real mass of the atoms. But they are the relative atomic masses.

*In this method, the mass of an atom is compared to the mass of another atom and expressed as a number which shows how many times it is heavier than the other atom. The atomic mass of elements are expressed by considering 1/12 mass of an atom of carbon-12 as one unit.*

**Eg:**

(ELEMENT)	(RELATIVE ATOMIC MASS)
H	1
He	4
N	14
Na	23
Cl	35.5

### Gram atomic Mass

Each element is taken with mass in grams equal to their atomic masses. The number of atoms ( $6.022 \times 10^{23}$ ) present in them are found to be equal.

(ELEMENT)	(ATOMIC MASS)	(MASS IN GRAMS)		(NUMBER OF ATOMS)
കാർബൺ (CARBON)	12	12g	1GAM	$6.022 \times 10^{23}$
ഓക്സിജൻ (OXYGEN)	16	16g	1GAM	$6.022 \times 10^{23}$
നൈട്രജൻ (NITROGEN)	14	14g	1GAM	$6.022 \times 10^{23}$
ക്ലോറിൻ	35.5	35.5g	1GAM	$6.022 \times 10^{23}$

One gram atomic mass of any element contains  $6.022 \times 10^{23}$  atoms. This number is known as Avagadro number. This is indicated as  $N_A$ .

## Questions

1) The atomic mass of elements are expressed by considering  $1/12^{\text{th}}$  mass of an atom of .....as one unit.

( Nitrogen-14, Helium-4 , carbon-12 , Oxygen-16 )

2) Calculate the number of atoms present in each of the sample ?

a) 42g Nitrogen

b) 80g Oxygen

3)Which among the following is the Avagadro number ?

(  $6.022 \times 10^{21}$  ,  $6.022 \times 10^{23}$  ,  $6.022 \times 10^{24}$  )

4) How many atoms are present in 70g Nitrogen ?

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