## THIRUVANANTHAPURAM EDUCATIONAL DISTRICT MATHEMATICS -UNIT 1 <br> WS2MT <br> Standard X <br> 101 E

1. Consider the sequence $0,3,8,15$, terms are 1 less than the perfect squares in the order
(a) Write the next term.
(b) What is the $10^{\text {th }}$ term.
(c) What is the largest two digit term of the sequence.
2. a). What is the common difference of the arithmetic sequence $70,77,84$.
(b) What is the difference between the $10^{\text {th }}$ and $20^{\text {th }}$ term of this sequence.
(c) Write two terms of this sequence such that one term is twice the other.
3. If $8^{\text {th }}$ and $10^{\text {th }}$ terms of an arithmetic sequence are 36 and 28. Find its
(a) Common difference.
(b) First term.
(c) $n^{\text {th }}$ term.
(d) $11^{\text {th }}$ term.
4. Consider the arithmetic sequence $4,9,14,19 \ldots . .$.
(a) What is the common difference.
(b) Write the next two terms of the sequence.
(c) Find the algebraic expression of the sequence.
5. The $n^{\text {th }}$ term of an arithmetic sequence is $8 n+3$.
(a) Find the common difference.
(b) Write the arithmetic sequence.
(c) Write the reminder got when the terms are divided by 8.
(d) How many terms of this sequence lie between 200 and 400.
6.The sum of first three consecutive terms of an arithmetic sequence is 36 .
(a) Find the middle term.
(b) If the common difference of the sequence is 2 , write the sequence.
6. The sum of first 9 terms of an arithmetic sequence is 45 and the sum of first 18 terms is 171 .
(a) Find the $5^{\text {th }}$ term.
(b) What is the sum of its $10^{\text {th }}$ term to $18^{\text {th }}$ term.
(c) What is its $14^{\text {th }}$ term.
7. $6,12,18 \ldots$ is an arithmetic sequence,
(a) Find the $20^{\text {th }}$ term of the sequence.
(b) Find the sum of first 20 terms of the sequence.
(c) Find the sum of the first 20 terms of the sequence $7,13,19 \ldots$.
8. An algebraic form of sum to $n^{\text {th }}$ terms of an arithmetic sequence is $3 n^{2}+n$.
(a) Find the first term of the sequence.
(b) Find the common difference.
(c) Write the arithmetic sequence.
(d) Find the expression for $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ term of the sequence.
9. Find the sum of the followings
a) $1+2+3+\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~+30 . ~$
b) $3+6+9+\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .+30$.
c) $5+8+11+\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .+32$.
d) $2+5+8+. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .+29$.
