# SSLC MODEL QUESTION PAPER 2021 <br> <br> MATHEMATICS 

 <br> <br> MATHEMATICS}

## THIRUVANANTHAPURAM EDUCATIONAL DISTRICT

## Questions 1-5. Choose the correct answer from the bracket. (One mark each)

2


If $\angle \mathrm{AOB}=120^{\circ}$. What is the measure of $\angle \mathrm{APB}$ ?

$$
\left(30^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}, 240^{\circ}, 120^{\circ}\right)
$$



From the above picture, $\mathrm{PA}=9 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~PB}=4 \mathrm{~cm}$, what is the length of PC ?

$$
(3 \mathrm{~cm}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}, 5 \mathrm{~cm}, 10 \mathrm{~cm})
$$

4 A sector of central angle $60^{\circ}$ is cut from a circle of radius 10 cm .It is bended to form a cone, what is the slant height of the cone?
( $5 \mathrm{~cm}, 7 \mathrm{~cm}, 10 \mathrm{~cm}, 15 \mathrm{~cm}$ )
5 Which of the following is a point on the X axis ?

$$
((4,1),(-4,1),(0,4),(4,0))
$$

## From questions 6-10, each question carries Two marks.

6 (a) Write the arithmetic sequence with first term 4 and common difference 3.
(b) Write the algebraic form.


If $\angle \mathrm{AOB}=130^{\circ}$, Find
(a) $\angle \mathrm{P}$
(b) $\angle \mathrm{Q}$

8 The weights of 11 children in a school cricket club are 35, 39, 32, 36, 40, 30, 34, 37, 38, 33, 31 (kgs). Find the median weight.

9 Write the polynomial $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{x}^{2}-9$ as the product of two first degree polynomials
10 (a) Find the midpoint of the line segment joining the points $(-2,6)$ and $(3,1)$.
(b) Find the slope of the line
[From questions 11-20, each question carries Three marks]
11 In the arithmetic sequence $6,11,16 \ldots . .$. fin
(a) Common difference
(b) $7^{\text {th }}$ term
(c) Sum of 15 terms

12 Tenth term of an arithmetic sequence is 15 and fifteenth term is 10.
(a) Find the common difference
(b) Find the First term
(c) What is $25^{\text {th }}$ term

In the figure O is the centre of the circle

(a) What is the measure of $\angle \mathrm{APO}$
(b) What is the measure of $\angle \mathrm{BPO}$
(c) What is the measure of $\angle \mathrm{AOB}$

Base radius and height of a cone are respectively 3 cm and 4 cm .
(a) Find slant height
(b) What is the curved surface area?
(c) What is the volume?

Draw tangent at a point on the circle with radius 3 cm .
Each two digit number is written on a paper slip and these are all put in a box. If a slip is taken from it
(a) What is the probability to get a number with both digits same?
(b) What is the probability that the product of the digits is a perfect square?


ABCD is a parallelogram. $\mathrm{AB}=8 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AD}=4 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{~B}=60^{\circ}$
(a) What is the perpendicular distance from C to AB ?
(b) What is the area of parallelogram ABCD ?
(a) Draw tangents from an external point which is at a distance of 7 cm away from the centre of circle with radius 3 cm .
(b) Measure the lengths of tangents?
$(3,3)$
19
$\Delta_{\mathrm{Y}}$


What are the coordinates of the other three vertices?
$P(x)=x^{2}-8 x+14$
(a) Find P(2)
(b) Write $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{x})-\mathrm{P}(2)$ as the product of two first degree polynomials.

## [From questions 21-30, each question carries Four marks]

Perimeter of a rectangle is 42 cm and its area $20 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.
(a) Find the sum of length and breadth .
(b) Form a second degree equation connecting length breadth and area.
(c) Find the length and breadth of rectangle .
(a) What is the sum of first 20 natural numbers
(b) Find the sum of first 20 terms of the sequence $5,10,15, \ldots .$.
(c) If 3 is added to each term of the sequence write its algebraic form.
(d) Find the sum of first 20 terms of the new sequence.
' O ' is the centre of the circle. $\angle \mathrm{D}=80^{\circ}$ find the following

(a) $\angle \mathrm{E}$
(b) $\angle \mathrm{ABC}$
(c) $\angle \mathrm{AFB}$
(d) $\angle \mathrm{AOB}$


In the figure, the sides of the large triangle are tangents of the circumcircle of smaller triangle through its vertices. Find
(a) $\angle \mathrm{A}$
(b) $\angle \mathrm{RPQ}$
(c) $\angle \mathrm{PQR}$
(d) $\angle \mathrm{PRQ}$

The perimeter of the base of a square pyramid is 96 cm and its height is 16 cm .
(a) What is the length of a base edge?
(b) What is the slant height?
(c) Find the lateral surface area?

27 Draw a rectangle of sides 4 cm and 3 cm .Draw a square having area equal to the area of the rectangle.


PA and PB are two tangents of circle with centre ' O ' Radius of the circle is $5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{PO}=13 \mathrm{~cm}$,
(a) Find the length of PA
(b) Find the length of PB
(c) Find the Area of $\triangle \mathrm{PAO}$
(d) Find the Area of quadrilateral PAOB


In the figure $\angle \mathrm{B}=45^{\circ} \angle \mathrm{C}=30^{\circ} \mathrm{BD}=2 \mathrm{~cm}$
(a) Find the length of AD
(b) Find the length of CD
(c) Find the area of $\Delta \mathrm{ABC}$


In the figure the incircle of $\triangle A B C$ touches the sides at the points $P, Q, R$.
$\mathrm{BP}=2 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{CQ}=4 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AR}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$ then
(a) Find AP , BQ , CR
(b) Find the length of the sides of $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$
(c) Find the radius of the circle
(d) Find the area of $\triangle A B C$

## [From questions 31-45, each question carries Five marks]

The sum of first and $21^{\text {st }}$ terms of an arithmetic sequence is 140 .
(a) Find the sum of $6^{\text {th }}$ term and $16^{\text {th }}$ term.
(b) What is the $11^{\text {th }}$ term.
(c) Find the sum of first 21 terms
(d) Find the sum of first 11 terms of the sequence $20,25,30, \ldots$.
32. ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral and $\angle \mathrm{CAD}=30^{\circ}, \angle \mathrm{DBA}=50^{\circ}, \angle \mathrm{BDC}=40^{\circ}$. Find the measures of all angles of the quadrilateral and angle between the diagonals.


33 A box contains 6 red beads and 5 white beads. Another box contains 8 red beads and 4 white beads. If one bead is taken from each box, then
(a) What is the number of possible pairs?
(b) What is the probability of both beads being red ?
(c) What is the probability that both beads are white?
(d) What is the probability of getting at least one red bead ?

34 Draw a triangle of circumradius 2.5 cm and two of the angles $30^{\circ}$ and $70^{\circ}$.
35 The sides of a rectangle ABCD are parellel to axes. If $\mathrm{A}(2,3)$ and $\mathrm{AB}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{BC}=3 \mathrm{~cm}$ Find
(a) The coordinates of the vertices B , C, D
(b) Length of the diagonals

36 The base perimeter of a cone is $20 \pi \mathrm{~cm}$ and slant height is 18 cm . It is made by rolling a sector sheet.
(a) What is the radius of the sector?
(b) What is the radius of the cone?
(c) What is the central angle of the sector ?
(d)Find the curved surface area of the cone ?

37 Draw a circle of radius 3 cm . Draw a triangle of angles $60^{\circ}, 70^{\circ}$ with all its sides touching the circle

38 Sum of the first 4 terms of an arithmetic sequence is 72 . Sum of the first 9 terms is also 72 .
(a) What is the $5^{\text {th }}$ term of the sequence?
(b) Find the sum of the first 5 terms
(c) Write the sequence.

39 A boy standing on the bank of a river sees the top of a tree on the other bank at an angle of elevation of $60^{\circ}$. Stepping 20 m back he sees the top at an angle of elevation of $30^{\circ}$.
Draw a rough figure and calculate the height of the tree and width of the river.
(a) What is the radius of the largest sphere that can be carved from a cube of edge 12 cm ?
(b) Find the surface area and volume of the sphere.
(c) What is the volume of the cone of maximum size that can be carved
from a cube of edge 12 cm ?
41 (a) Write the sequence which leaves remainder 2 when dividing the numbers in between 200 and 500 by 4 .
(b) Find the first term
(c) Find the last term
(d) Find the sum of all terms of the sequence

42 A circle is drawn with $(5,3)$ as centre. $(5,6)$ is a point on the circle
(a) What is the radius of the circle?
(b) Write the equation of the circle
(c) What is the distance from the centre of the circle to the x - axis?
(d) What is the length of the tangents from the origin to the circle?
$43 \quad \mathrm{P}(2,-1), \mathrm{Q}(3,4), \mathrm{R}(-2,3)$ and $\mathrm{S}(-3,-2)$ are the vertices of a quadrilateral.
(a) Find the lengths of the sides of the quadrilateral.
(b) Find the length of its diagonals.
(c) Suggest a suitable name for the quadrilateral.
(d) Calculate the area of the quadrilateral.

44 Longest side of a rectangle is 8 cm more than the shorter side. Area is $180 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.
Take the shorter side as ' x '
(a) Write the longest side in terms of x
(b) Write the algebraic equation involving the sides and area
(c) Find the sides of the rectangle

45 The table given below shows the number of children in a class arranged according to their heights.

| Height <br> (Centimetres) | Number of children |
| :---: | :---: |
| $120-130$ | 7 |
| $130-140$ | 9 |
| $140-150$ | 10 |
| $150-160$ | 10 |
| $160-170$ | 9 |

(a) The mark of the student at what position is taken as the median.
(b) Calculate the median mark

UJJWALAM -2021
SSLC Self Evaluation Tool
Headmasters Forum
Tirur Educational District
Sub: Mathematics (set 1)
Time:45 minutes
marks:20

Instructions
*Answer any questions from 1 to 14
*Maximum score is 20
*First 10 minutes given as cool of time
Questions 1 to 3 carries 1 score for each
1)Fourth term of the sequence $6,10,14, \ldots$
$[15,16,17,18]$
2)In the figure $O$ is the centre of the circle . If $<A O B=---$ [ $30^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}$ ]

3)One is asked to say a two digit number . What is the probability of it is a prime number?

$$
\left[\frac{1}{10}, \frac{2}{10}, \frac{3}{12}, \frac{4}{10}\right]
$$

Questions 4 to 6 carries 2 score for each
4)The algebraic form of an arithmetic sequence is $2 n+3$.
a)What is the common difference ?
b) Write the $10^{\text {th }}$ term
$5)$ in the figure $A D$ is the diameter of the circle. $C$ and $B$ are two point on the circle. If $\angle \mathrm{C}=30^{\circ}$
a) $<\mathrm{D}=---$ ?
b) $<\mathrm{ABD}=---$ ?
6)Consider an arithmetic sequence $5,9,13 \ldots$

a) what is the algebraic expression?
b)Is 91 a term of this sequence? Why?

## Questions 7 to 9 carries 3 score for each

7) $7^{\text {th }}$ term of an arithmetic sequence is 17 and $17^{\text {th }}$ term is 7
a)What is its common difference?
b)Find $24^{\text {th }}$ term?
c) Find the sum of first 47 terms.
8)In triangle $\mathrm{ABC},<\mathrm{BAC}=70^{\circ}$
a) $<\mathrm{BDC}=---$ ?
b)How many cyclic quadrilateral are there in the figure? which are they?
c) Find $<$ BEC.

8) Numbers 1 to 20 are written on paper slips and put in a box. One slip is taken from it
a)What is the probability of being a multiple of 5 ?
b)What is the probability of getting an even number?
c)What is the probability of getting a prime number?

## Questions 10 to 12 carries 4 score for each

10) Draw the triangle $A B C$ of circumradius 4 cm and with the angles $60^{\circ}$ and $50^{\circ}$
11)The sum of the first five terms of an arithmetic sequence is 150 and the sum of the first ten terms is 550
a)What is the third term of the sequence?
b)What is the sum of $3^{\text {rd }}$ term and $8^{\text {th }}$ term?
c)Find the common difference of the sequence?
12)A rectangle is to be made with perimeter 100 cm and area $600 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
a)Calculate the sum of length and breadth
b)Taking the breadth as X, Find the length
c)Write down a second degree equation based on the given facts.
d) find the length and breadth using this equation

Questions 13 to 14 carries 5 score for each
13) 4

7,10
13, 16, 19
22 , 25, 28,31
a) Write next two lines
b)How many numbers contain in the first 10 lines
c)What is the last number in the $10^{\text {th }}$ line
d) What is the first number in the $10^{\text {th }}$ line
e) Find the sum of all the numbers in the first 10 lines
14) Draw a rectangle of side 5 cm and 4 cm . Draw a square of the same area.

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SSLC Self Evaluation Tool
Headmasters Forum
Tirur Educational District
Sub: Mathematics (set 1)

Standard -X
Time:45 minutes
marks:20

## Instructions

*Answer any questions from 1 to 13
*Maximum score is 20
*First 10 minutes given as cool of time
Questions 1 to 3 carries 1 score for each

1) Which of the following points lies on the y-axis?
[ a) $(4,0)$,
b) $(2,3)$,
c) $(0,-2)$,
d) $(1,1)]$
2) PA and PB are two tangents to the circle from the point $P$. Which of the following is right angle?
[ a) $<\mathrm{AOB}$,
b) <OAP,
c) $<$ BAP,
d) $<\mathrm{ABP}$ ]

3)In the square $A B C D, A C=8 \mathrm{~cm}$. How much is one side?
[ a) $8 \sqrt{ } 2 \mathrm{~cm}$,
b) $4 \sqrt{ } 2 \mathrm{~cm}$,
c) 8 cm ,
d) 4 cm ]

## Questions 4 to 5 each carries 2 Marks

4)What is the radius of the sector to be used to make a cone of base radius 5 cm and slant height 15 cm ? And central angle?
5)In the figure $A B$ is the diameter and $C D$ is a tangent through the point P . If $\angle \mathrm{BPD}=40^{\circ}$, find $<\mathrm{PAB}$ and $<\mathrm{PBA}$.


## Questions 6 to 7 each carries 3 marks

6) Draw a circle of radius 3 cm . Mark a point 7 cm away from its centre. Draw tangents to the circle from the point. Measure the tangents.
7) When the sun is at an elevation of $60^{\circ}$,the length of the shadow of a tree is 15 m . What is the height of the tree.

## Questions 8 to 10 each carries 4 marks

8) Draw a circle of 2.5 cm and draw a triangle with angles $55^{\circ}, 80^{\circ}$ and all three sides touching the circle.
9) $A(2,1), B(3,4), C(-3,6)$ are three vertices of a triangle.
a)Calculate the length of the sides.
b)Prove that the points are the vertices of a right triangle.
10)A cone shaped toy has height 16 cm and base radius 12 cm
a) Find the slant height
b) Calculate the total surface area
c) What is the total cost of painting 500 such toys, at 80 rupees per square meter?

## Questions 11 to 13 each carries 5 marks

11) In triangle $A B C, \angle B=45^{\circ}, \angle C=30^{\circ}$, $A D=6 \mathrm{~cm}$
a)find $<$ BAC
b) Find the angles in the triangle ABD
c) Find the sides of triangle ABC

12) A cylinder with radius 15 cm and height 32 cm is melted and recast in the form of cones, its radius and slant height 3 cm and 5 cm respectively
a) Find the volume of cylinder
b) Find the height of the cone
c) Calculate the curved surface area of the cone
d)Find the volume of the cone
e) How many cones can be made?
13) A boy saw the top of a building under construction at an elevation of $30^{\circ}$. The completed building was 12 m higher and the boy saw its top at an elevation of $60^{\circ}$ from the same spot .
a) Draw a rough sketch
b) What is the height of the building?
c) Find the distance between boy and building

UJJWALAM -2021
SSLC Self Evaluation Tool
Headmasters Forum
Tirur Educational District
Sub: Mathematics (set 2)
Standard-X
Time:45 minutes
marks:20

## Instructions

*Answer any questions from 1 to 14
*Maximum score is 20
*First 10 minutes given as cool of time

## Questions 1 to 3 carries 1 score for each

1. Which of the following is a point on the x - axis

$$
[(3,2),(2,3),(0,3),(3,0)]
$$

2. In the figure $A B=6 \mathrm{~cm}$.Find the length of $A C$ ?

$$
\left[\begin{array}{llll}
6, & 6 \sqrt{ } 2, & 6 \sqrt{ } 3, & 12
\end{array}\right]
$$


3. Find the slant height of a cone which made by a sector with radius 6 cm

$$
[12,6,9,3]
$$

## Questions 4 to 6 carries 2 score for each

4. $\mathrm{A}(2,1), \mathrm{B}(8,9)$ are the coordinates of end points of diameter of the circle. Find the radius?
5.Draw a tangent at any point on the circle of radius 4 cm .
6.A circle divided in to 12 equal parts, one of the sector is rolled up to create a cone
(a) Find the central angle of the sector.
(b) What is the ratio of the slant height and radius of the cone.

## Questions 7 to 9 carries 3 score for each

7. Draw a circle of radius 3 cm . Mark a point 7 cm away from its centre. Draw tangents from this point to the circle and measure it.
8. A cone - shaped tent has 4 m height and base diameter 6 m
(a) What is the slant height of the tent.
(b) Calculate the area of canvas is used to make it.
9.ln the figure o is the centre of circle and $\mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{BD}$ are tangents. If $\mathrm{OB}=17 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{BD}=15 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AP}=2 \mathrm{~cm}$.
(a) Find the length of OC.
(b) Find the perimeter of triangle AOC.


## Questions 10 to 12 carries $\mathbf{4}$ score for each

10. Draw a circle of radius 2.5 cm and draw a triangle of angles $55^{\circ}, 65^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}$ with all it's Sides touching the circle.
11. A rhombus with sides 10 cm and one angle is $37^{\circ}$
(a) What is the smallest distance between two opposite sides.
(b) What is the length of the smallest diagonal.
12. Draw $x$-axis and $y$-axis and mark the points $P(-2,1), \quad Q(4,4)$.
(a) Draw a rectangle with diagonal PQ.
(b) Write the coordinates of the other vertices of the rectangle.

## Question 13 to 14 carries 5 score for each

13. The boy is standing at the riverside sees the top of a tree in the opposite side at an elevation $60^{\circ}$. When he stepped back 14 m he sees it at an elevation of $30^{\circ}$.
(a) Draw a rough figure
(b) Find the height of the tree
(c) What is the width of the river?
(d) Find out the distance between the boy and tree.

14 .Prove that $\mathrm{A}(2,4), \mathrm{B}(4,-2), \mathrm{C}(-2,4), \mathrm{D}(-4,2)$ are the vertices of a square.

