ONLINE MATHS CLASS - X - 68 (30 / 11 /2020)

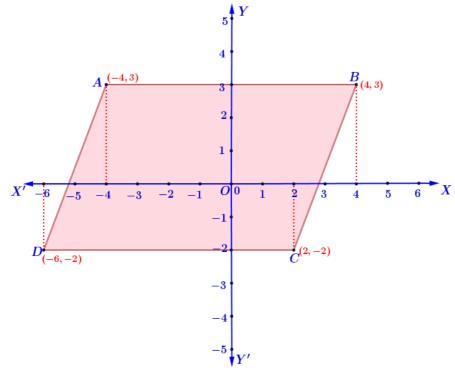
6 . COORDINATES - Class 3

What did we learn in the last class?

Marking of points if its coordinates are given

- lacktriangle Draw the x axis (horizontal line) and the y axis (vertical line).
- Distances to the right or upward from the origin are to be taken positive.
- Distances to the left t or downward from the origin are to be taken negative.
- If we denote points by number pairs, the first number shows distance to the right or left from the origin.
- If we denote points by number pairs, the second number shows distance to the up or down from the origin.
- (1) Mark the points A(-4,3), B(4,3), C(2,-2), D(-6,-2) after drawing coordinate axes. Name the shape obtained by joining the points in order

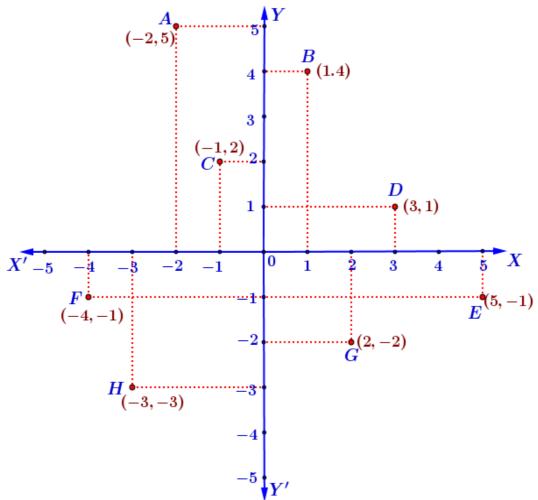
<u>Answer</u>



Parallelogram

(2) Find the coordinates of the following points

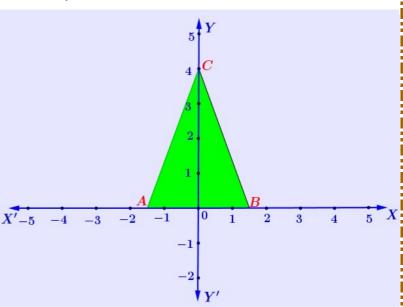
<u>Answer</u>



(1) In the figure ABC is an isosceles triangle. Base is 3 cm long.

The coordinate axes pass through the mid point of the base and the height of the triangle is 4 cm.

Write down the coordinates of the corners of the triangle?



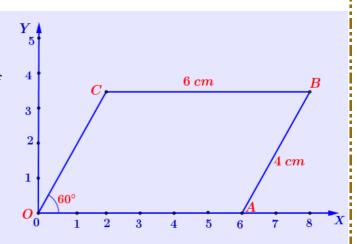
Answer

A(-1.5,0), B(1.5,0), C(0,4)

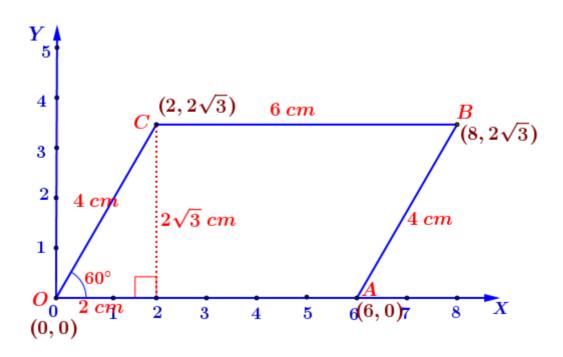
(In any isosceles triangle the perpendicular drawn from the point joining equal sides to the opposite side bisects that side)

(2)

Write down the coordinates of the corners of the parallelogram shown in the figure ?



<u>Answer</u>

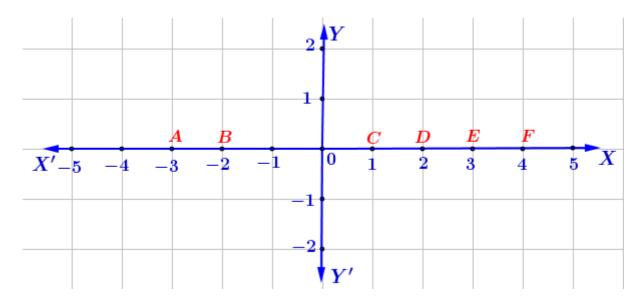


(In any triangle of angles 30 $^{\circ}$, 60 $^{\circ}$, 90 $^{\circ}$ the sides are in the ratio $1:\sqrt{3}:2$

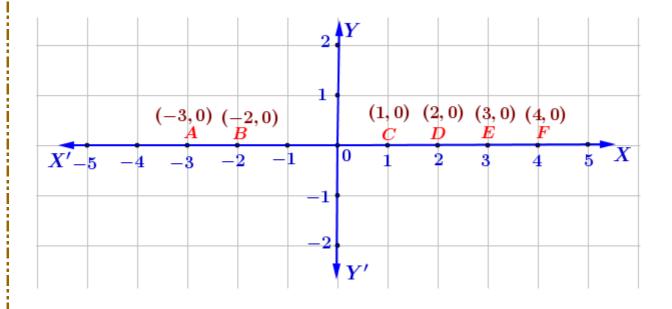
NOTE:

If we draw pictures using coordinate axes, x axis is labelled as X'X (from left to right) and y axis is labelled as YY' (from top to bottom). The point of intersection of the coordinate axis (origin) is labelled as O.

Activity 1 (Points on the x axis)



Write down the coordinates of the points marked on the $oldsymbol{x}$ axis ?

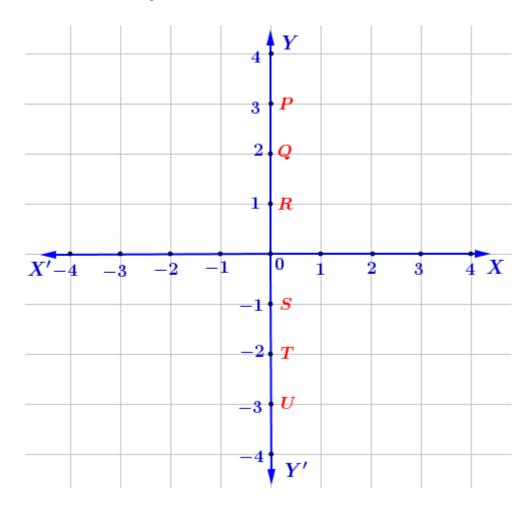


Point	A	В	C	D	E	F
Coordinates	(-3,0)	(-2,0)	(1,0)	(2,0)	(3,0)	(4,0)

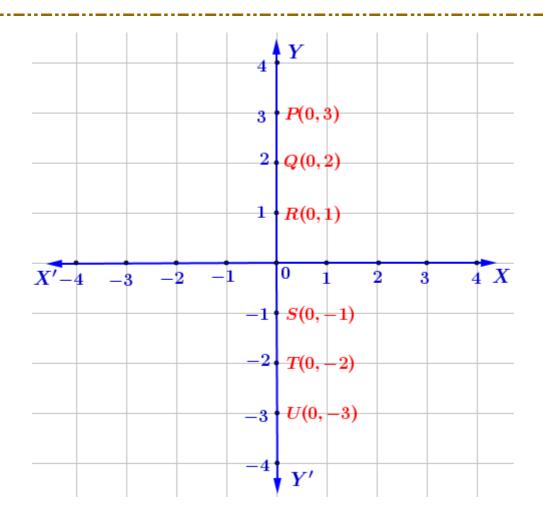
Finding

The y coordinate of any point on the x axis is zero

Activity 2 (Points on the y axis)



Write down the coordinates of the points marked on the $oldsymbol{y}$ axis ?

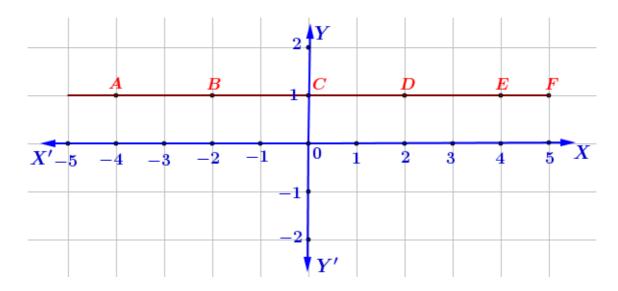


Point	P	Q	R	S	Т	U
Coordinates	(0,3)	(0,2)	(0,1)	(0,-1)	(0,-2)	(0,-3)

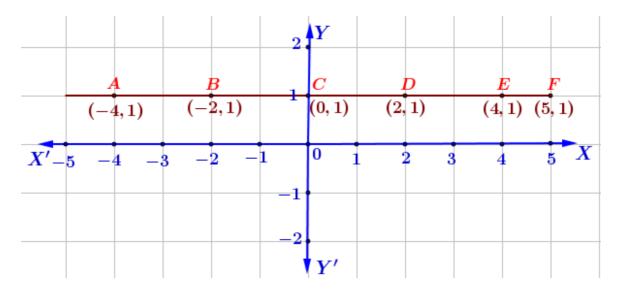
<u>Finding</u>

The x coordinate of any point on the y axis is zero

Activity 3 (Points on a line parallel to the x axis)



Write down the coordinates of the points marked on the line parallel to the the $oldsymbol{x}$ axis ?

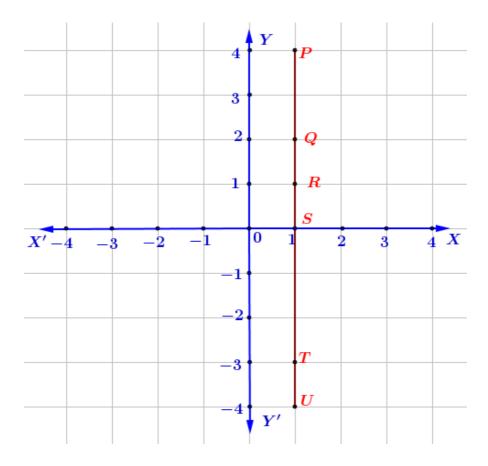


Point	A	В	C	D	E	F
Coordinates	(-4,1)	(-2,1)	(0,1)	(2,1)	(4,1)	(5,1)

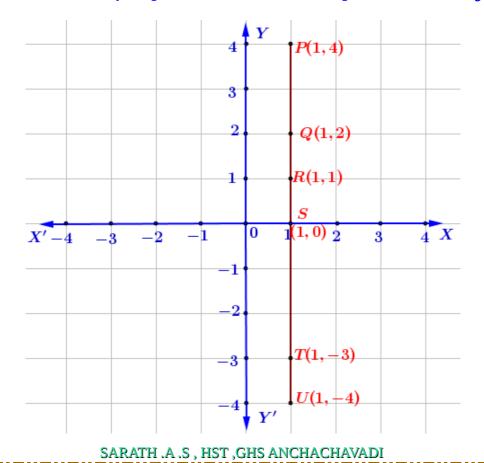
<u>Finding</u>

The y coordinate of any point on a line parallel to x axis are equal

Activity 4 (Points on a line parallel to the y axis



Write down the coordinates of the points marked on the line parallel to the the $oldsymbol{y}$ axis $\, ? \,$



Point	P	Q	R	S	Т	U
Coordinates	(1,4)	(1,2)	(1,1)	(1,0)	(1,-3)	(1,-4)

Finding

The x coordinate of any point on a line parallel to y axis are equal

Conclusion

- lacktriangle The y coordinate of any point on a line parallel to x axis are equal
- The x coordinate of any point on the y axis is zero
- lacktriangle The y coordinate of any point on a line parallel to x axis are equal
- lacktriangle The $m{x}$ coordinate of any point on a line parallel to $m{y}$ axis are equal

Let's solve some problems related to these ideas

(${f 1}$) Sort the following points as their positions – on the ${f x}$ axis , on the ${f y}$ axis , not on the

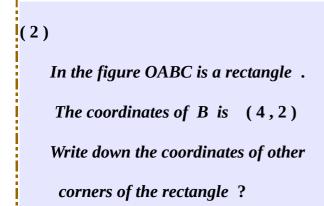
axes.
$$(5,3)$$
, $(5,0)$, $(-4,1)$, $(0,2)$, $(-1,0)$, $(1,1)$, $(0,-4)$

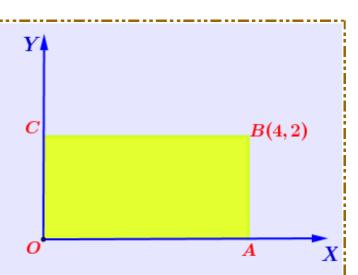
Answer

On the x axis : (5,0), (-1,0)

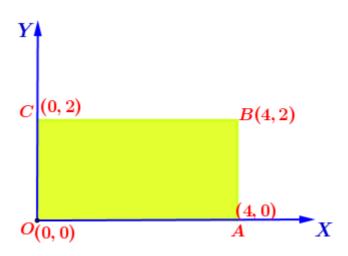
On the y axis : (0,2), (0,-4)

Not on the axes : (5,3), (-4,1), (1,1)





<u>Answer</u>

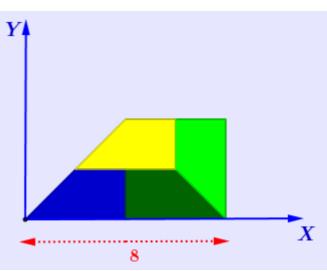


(3)

A large trapezium is made of 4 equal

trapeziums . Find the coordinates of all the

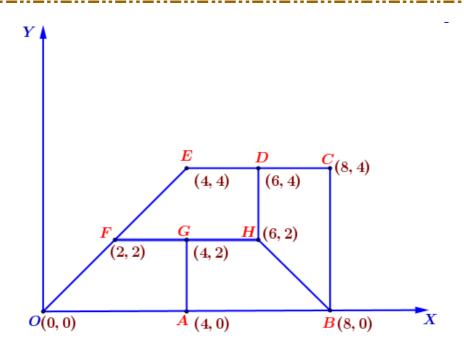
vertices of the trapeziums ?



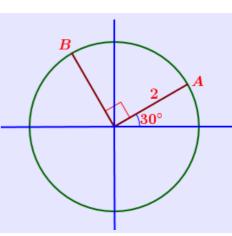
<u>Answer</u>

$$OA = AB = BC = FH = 4$$
 units

$$AG = GF = GH = HD = CD = DE = 2$$
 units



(4)
In the picture, the centre of the circle O is the origin
and A, B are points on the circle. Find the coordinates
of A an B?



<u>Answer</u>

Draw perpendiculars from the points A and

 \boldsymbol{B} to the x axis . These perpendiculars cut the

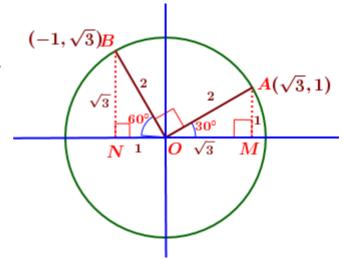
 \boldsymbol{x} axis at M and N

$$< AOM = 30^{0}$$

$$< AOB = 90^{\circ}$$

$$< BON = 180 - (30 + 90) = 180 - 120 = 60^{0}$$

$$OA = OB = 2$$
 units (Radii of a circle are equal)



In triangle AMO,

$$AM = 1$$
 unit

$$OM = \sqrt{3}$$
 units

(In any triangle of angles 30 $^{\circ}$, 60 $^{\circ}$, 90 $^{\circ}$ the sides are in the ratio $1:\sqrt{3}:2$

Coordinates of
$$A = (\sqrt{3}, 1)$$

In triangle BNO,

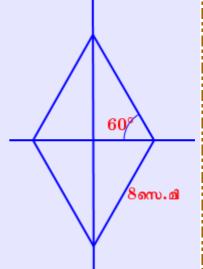
$$ON = 1$$
 unit

$$BN = \sqrt{3}$$
 units

Coordinates of B =
$$(-1, \sqrt{3})$$

More activity

One side of a rhombus is 8 cm and angle made by the side with $m{x}$ axis is 60 0 . Taking the unit as 1 cm , find the coordinates of all its vertices ?



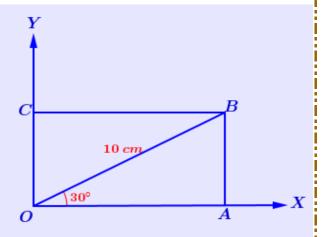
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WORKSHEET

(1) In the figure OABC is a rectangle.

$$< AOB = 30$$
 °, $OB = 10$ cm.

- a) What is the length of AB
- b) What is the length of OA
- c) Find the coordinates of the vertices of the rectangle ?

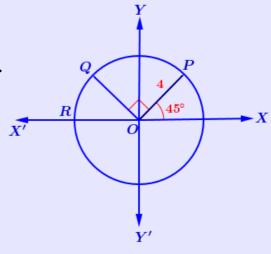


- (${\bf 2}$) In the figure origin is the centre of the circle and
 - P, Q, R are the points on the circle . OP = 4 cm.

The line OP makes an angle 45 0 with the x axis .



- b) What is the measure of < QOR?
- c) Find the coordinates of P and Q?



(3) In the figure LM = 8 cm

$$< L = 30^{0}$$
 , $< N = 60^{0}$

- a) What is the length of OM ?
- b) What is the length of OL?
- c) Find the coordinates of L, M, N?

