3. Find out the conventional colours used to represent information and prepare a chart.

Features	colours
 Latitudes and longitudes Non perennial waterbodies Railway lines, telephone and telegraph lines Boundary lines 	Black
Oceans, rivers, wells, tube wells (perennial waterbodies)	Blue
 Forests Grasslands Trees and shrubs Orchards 	Green
Cultivable land	Yellow
 Settlements, roads, paths Grid lines (eastings, northings and their numbers) 	Red
 Contour lines and their values Sand dunes and hills 	Brown
A variety of colours are used for portraying graphical features. For example, dense for shown with deep green colour, while grass shown with light green colour. Observe the try to notice the difference.	orests are slands are

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Signs and symbols	Gleognaphic featumes	Signs and Symbols	Geogenaphi c featuries
	Roads metalled rooad Unmetalled rooad	6ettien	Boundary International
Rect ho	Footpath Capt-troack	10111000 and	State boundary District boundary Taluk boundary
	Boidge with road	esseid	
	Railway - brooad gauge		Waterbodies
RS	Railway with station	All of the second secon	Stream
	Railway-meteor gauge	Stands -	Riven
Spot height	OHS.		Tidal slvon
Holder Holder	Level crossing	anticont-	Sparing
	Railway with bridge	doof A	Well
	1. Starter	GRAND	

Lighthouse Vegetation 11 GIALASS Palms House Healthcone DISPENSARY Aimpont Coniferous trees 1000 Stechoole Post office PO Bamboo Telegraph office TO DENSE FORS Dense forcest Post and Telegraph PTQ Reserve forest Police station PSA settlements Permanent house Inspection bunglow IB Temporarryhouse Clustered house RH Rest house. boidge with mad Dispersed settlements Lineon settlements Rollway 100 Monuments and Elevation buildings Fogit Contous lines N. S. Starter with station Temple Rantuge-rection gauge Formline Church Spot height 240 Mosque DUMBS (190) A 200 Tolongulated height · BM215 Tomb Benchmank Grave