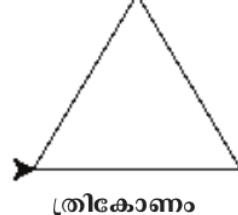
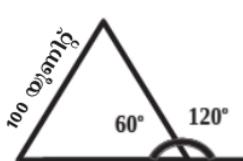


Ch 4. പെത്തൻ ഗ്രാഫിക്സ് – ബാണ്ഡലെൻ ഫോൺ 11 (25.09.20)

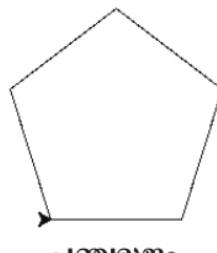
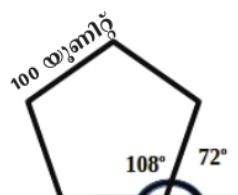
1. സമഉച്ചരിക്കോണം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്ന വിധം

```
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
from turtle import*
for i in range(3):
    forward(100)
    left(120)
Ln: 5 Col: 0
```



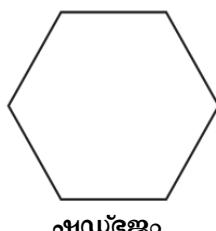
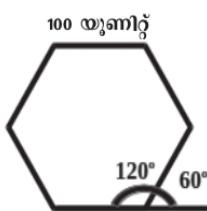
2. സമപദ്ധജം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്ന വിധം

```
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
from turtle import*
for i in range(5):
    forward(100)
    left(72)
Ln: 4 Col: 11
```



3. സമഷ്ടിജം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്ന വിധം

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(6):
    Forward(100)
    right(60)
```



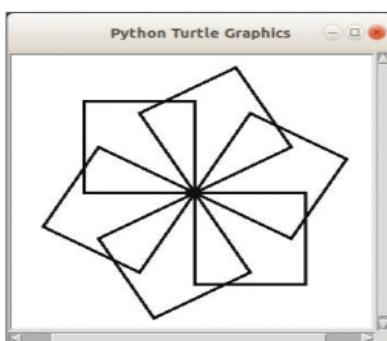
4. സമചതുരമുകളിലൂടെ പാദ്രോകൾ നിർമ്മിക്കുന്ന വിധം

പാദ്രോൾ 1

```
nested_loop.py - /home/has/Desktop...
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
from turtle import*
clear()
pensize(3)
for i in range(6):
    right(60)
    for j in range(4):
        forward(100)
        right(90)
Ln: 8 Col: 3
```

സമചതുരം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നതുകൂടെ
കൊണ്ടുകൾ

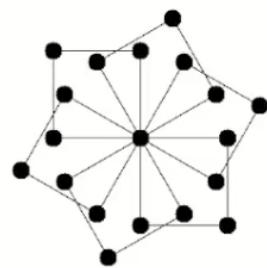
സമചതുരം 6 തവണ പ്രിൻ്റ് ചെയ്യുന്നും ഓരോ
തവണ പ്രിൻ്റ് ചെയ്യുന്നേയാണും 60 ഡിഗ്രി
വലതെന്നൊരു തിരിയാനുമുള്ള കോണുകൾ.



ഒരു പട്ടം

ಪಾಡೋಣಿ 2

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(6):
    right(60)
    for j in range(4):
        forward(100)
        dot(20)
        right(90)
```



5. ಕೆಣ್ಣುಯೆ ಖಚಿತಗಳು

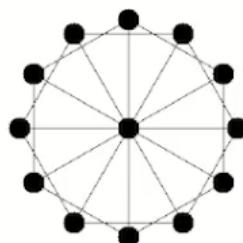
ಅವರುತ್ತಾಗಿರುವುದುಂಡಣಿಗೆ ಅಥವಾ ಗಂಡಿನ ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟ

ಅವರುತ್ತಾಗಿರುವುದುಂಡಣಿಯಾಗಿ ಕೆಣ್ಣುಯೆ ಖಚಿತಗಳು
ಎನ್ನಾ ಪರಿಣಾಮ

```
from turtle import*
clear()
pensize(3)
for i in range(6):
    right(60)
    for j in range(4):
        forward(100)
        right(90)
```

6. ಸಮಾನಾಂತರ ಮಾತ್ರಾದಲ್ಲಿ ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸುವ ಪಾಡೋಣಿ

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(12):
    right(30)
    for j in range(3):
        forward(100)
        dot(20)
        right(120)
```



7. ಪಾರ್ಶ್ವಾಂಗಂ, ಹಿಂಬಾಂಗಂ ಗ್ರಹಣಿಯವ ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸ್ತು, ತಾಣ ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟ ಮಾತ್ರಾಕ್ಯಾತಿ ಪಾಡೋಣಿಗಳನ್ನು ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟಿಸಿ



ಪಾರ್ಶ್ವಾಂಗಂ ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸುವ ಪಾಡೋಣಿ

ಹಿಂಬಾಂಗಂ ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸುವ ಪಾಡೋಣಿ

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(8):
    right(45)
    for j in range(5):
        forward(100)
        right(72)
```

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(8):
    right(45)
    for j in range(6):
        forward(100)
        right(60)
```

8. ಪಾಡೋಣಿಗಳ ಉಣಿಕೊಂಡಿರುವ ಜ್ಯಾಮಿತೀಯಗ್ರಹಣಿಗಳನ್ನು ಎನ್ನಿಸಿ ಅವ ತಿರಿಯಾಗಿ ಕೊಂಡಿರುವ ತಮಿಲುಭೂತಿ ವಿಧಾನದಲ್ಲಿನ ಅರ್ಥ?

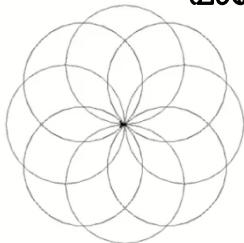
ಚರಿವಿಗಳು ಯಿಗ್ರಿ ಅಂತರ್ವೀ (ತಿರಿಯಾಗಿ ಕೊಂಡಿರುವ) X ಪ್ರಿಂಟ್ ಚೆಯಾಗಿ ಕೊಂಡಿರುವ
ಎಣ್ಣಂ (ಜ್ಯಾಮಿತೀಯಗ್ರಹಣಿಗಳನ್ನು ಎನ್ನಿಸಿ) = 360

Std 10 - Information and Communications Technology



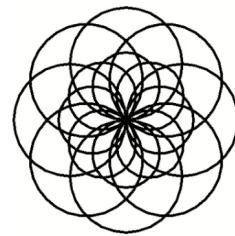
9. ಯಾತಂ ಉಪಯೋಗಿಶ್ವಿಹ್ಯಾಕ್ ಪಾಡೆಸಾಕರು

ಪಾಡೆಸಳ 1



$$45 \times 8 = 360$$

ಪಾಡೆಸಳ 2

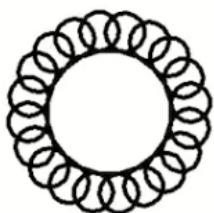


```
from turtle import*
for i in range(8):
    right(45)
    circle(100)
```

```
from turtle import*
pensize(5)
for i in range(8):
    right(45)
    circle(60)
    circle(100)
```

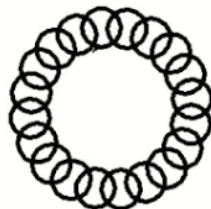
ಪಾಡೆಸಳ 3

$$18 \times 20 = 360$$



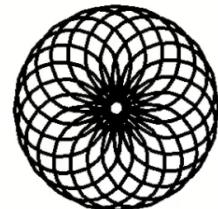
```
from turtle import*
pensize(5)
for i in range(20):
    circle(20)
    forward(20)
    right(18)
```

ಪಾಡೆಸಳ 4

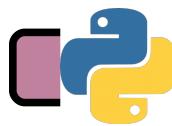


```
from turtle import*
pensize(5)
for i in range(20):
    circle(20)
    penup()
    forward(20)
    pendown()
    right(18)
```

ಪಾಡೆಸಳ 5



```
from turtle import*
pensize(5)
for i in range(20):
    circle(60)
    penup()
    forward(40)
    pendown()
    left(18)
```



ಈ ಕ್ಷಾಸ್ ಕಾಲ್ಯಾಂಸಿ ಇವಿದೆ ಕ್ವಿಕ್ ಚೆಫ್‌ಕ್



OR

QR code ಸ್ತಾನ್ ಚೆಫ್‌ಕ್

Ch 4. Python Graphics- Online class 11 (25. 09. 20)

1. To create an equilateral triangle

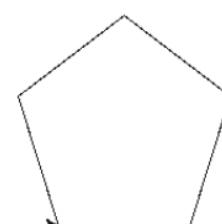
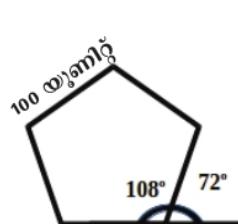
```
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
from turtle import*
for i in range(3):
    forward(100)
    left(120)
Ln: 5 Col: 0
```



equilateral triangle

2. To create an regular pentagon

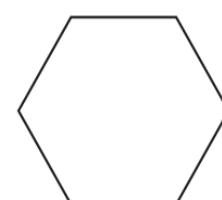
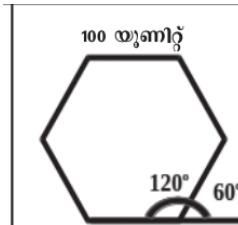
```
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
from turtle import*
for i in range(5):
    forward(100)
    left(72)
Ln: 4 Col: 11
```



Regular pentagon

3. To create an regular hexagon

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(6):
    Forward(100)
    right(60)
```



Regular hexagon

4. To create patterns using squares

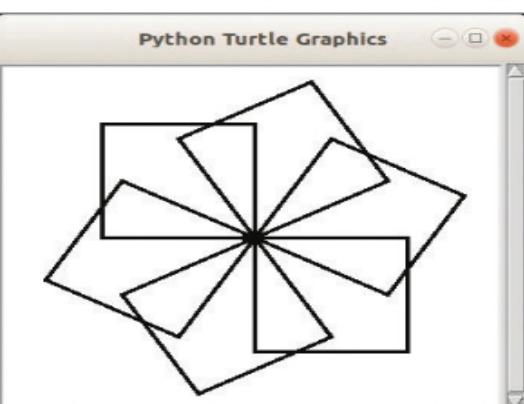
Pattern 1

```
nested_loop.py - /home/has/Desktop/
File Edit Format Run Options Window
Help
from turtle import*
clear()
pensize(3)
for i in range(6):
    right(60)
        for j in range(4):
            forward(100)
            right(90)
Ln: 8 Col: 3
```

Program 4.3

Codes for drawing a square

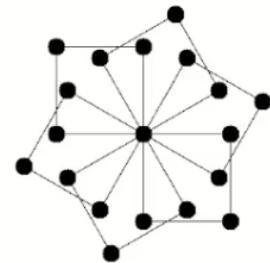
Codes for printing the square 6 times and for rotating the square by 60 degrees each time it prints.



Pattern 2

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(6):
    right(60)
    for j in range(4):
        forward(100)
        dot(20)
        right(90)
```

Output



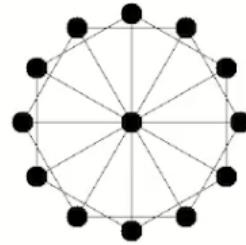
5. Nested loops

nested loops are the loop statements given within a loop.

6. Pattern using equilateral triangle

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(12):
    right(30)
    for j in range(3):
        forward(100)
        dot(20)
        right(120)
```

```
from turtle import*
clear()
pensize(3)
for i in range(6):
    right(60)
    for j in range(4):
        forward(100)
        right(90)
```



7. Draw patterns as given below using pentagons and hexagons.



Pattern using Pentagon

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(8):
    right(45)
    for j in range(5):
        forward(100)
        right(72)
```



Pattern using Hexagon

```
from turtle import*
for i in range(8):
    right(45)
    for j in range(6):
        forward(100)
        right(60)
```

8. What is the relation between the angle of rotation and number of geometric shapes used to make a Pattern

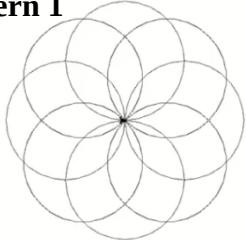
The angle of rotation \times number of geometric shapes = **360**

Std 10 - Information and Communications Technology



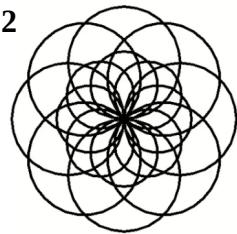
9. Patterns using circle

Pattern 1



```
from turtle import*
for i in range(8):
    right(45)
    circle(100)
```

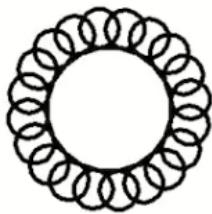
Pattern 2



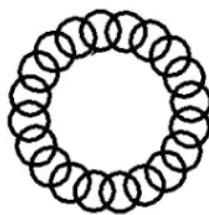
$$45 \times 8 = 360$$

```
from turtle import*
pensize(5)
for i in range(8):
    right(45)
    circle(60)
    circle(100)
```

Pattern 3



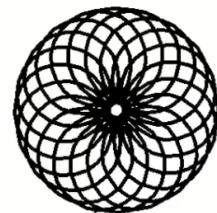
Pattern 4



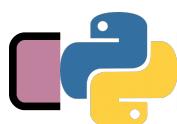
$$18 \times 20 = 360$$

```
from turtle import*
pensize(5)
for i in range(20):
    circle(20)
    forward(20)
    right(18)
```

Pattern 5



```
from turtle import*
pensize(5)
for i in range(20):
    circle(60)
    penup()
    forward(40)
    pendown()
    right(18)
```



Touch or click here to watch this class



Or

scan the QR code