

1. In the figure $\angle B=90^{\circ}, \angle C=44^{\circ}$

a) What is the measure of $\angle A$ ?
b) Which is the following is $\tan 44^{\circ}$ ?
$\left(\frac{A B}{B C}, \frac{A B}{A C}, \frac{B C}{A B}, \frac{B C}{A C}\right)$
C) Prove that $\tan 44 \times \tan 46=1$
2. In triangle $A B C$, length of $A B=6 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle A=70^{\circ}, \angle B=55^{\circ}$

a) Find $\angle C$ ?
b) Find AC
c) Find the area of triangle $A B C(\sin 70=0.93)$
3. In the figure $\angle B=90^{\circ}, \angle C=x^{\circ}, \angle A=y^{\circ}$

a) What is $x+y$
b) Prove that $\sin x=\cos y$
c) If $\sin x=\cos x$, find the value of ' $x$ '
4. ABCD is a parallelogram. $\mathrm{AB}=8 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AD}=4 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle B=120^{\circ}$

a) What is $\angle A$ ?
b) What is the perpendicular distance from $D$ to $A B$.
c) What is the area of $A B C D$.
5. A 1.75 m tall man, standing at the foot of a tower. Sees the top of a hill 40 m away at an elevation of $60^{\circ}$ climbing to the top of the tower, he sees it at an elevation of $50^{\circ}$. Calculate the height of tower and the hill
$(\tan 60=1.73, \tan 50=1.19)$
6. The picture below shows a circle. What is the radius of the circle. ( $\tan 40=0.64$ )

