



**SRI BHAGAWAN MAHAVEER JAIN COLLEGE**

Vishweshwarapuram, Bangalore.

**Mock Question Paper 2 – January 2020**

**Course:** II year PUC

**Subject:** Chemistry

**Max. Marks:** 70

**Duration:** 3:15hrs

**INSTRUCTIONS:** DO NOT write or mark anything on the question paper.

**A. The Question paper has Five Parts, A, B C, D<sub>4</sub> & D<sub>5</sub>.**

**B. Write balanced chemical equation and draw neat labelled diagram wherever necessary.**

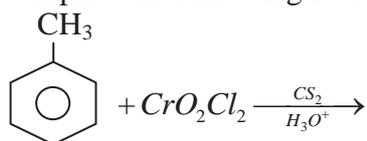
**C. R = 8.314 JK<sup>-1</sup>mol<sup>-1</sup>, At. Number: Ni-28, Co-27, Mn-25**

### PART-A

**I. Answer all the following:**

**10 x 1 = 10**

1. What are isotonic solutions?
2. At a given temperature and pressure, N<sub>2</sub> gas is more soluble than He gas in water. Which of them has higher value of K<sub>H</sub>?
3. What is the SI unit of molar conductivity?
4. Give an example for pseudo first order reaction.
5. Out of Na<sup>+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Al<sup>3+</sup>, which ion is needed in lower concentration to coagulate As<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> sol?
6. Give the composition of copper matte.
7. Among Cr<sup>2+</sup> and Mn<sup>3+</sup>, which ion acts as reducing agent?
8. Why boiling point of ethyl bromide is higher than ethyl chloride?
9. Complete the following reaction:



10. Name the base that is present in RNA but not in DNA.

### PART-B

**II. Answer any FIVE of the following:**

**5 x 2 = 10**

11. Mention any two differences between n-type and p-type semiconductors.
12. Write Nernst equation for single electrode potential. Explain the terms involved.
13. What happens to half life of a first order reaction when temperature is increased? Give reason.
14. Transition elements are good catalyst. Give reason.
15. Explain Williamson's ether synthesis using a suitable example.
16. How do you convert propene to propan – 2 – ol? Give equation.
17. What are tranquilisers? Give an example.
18. What are food preservatives? Give an example.

### PART-C

**III. Answer any FIVE of the following:**

**5 x 3 = 15**

19. Explain the extraction of aluminum by Hall-Heroult's process with a neat labelled diagram (3)
20. Arrange NH<sub>3</sub>, PH<sub>3</sub>, AsH<sub>3</sub>, SbH<sub>3</sub> & BiH<sub>3</sub> as directed.
  - (i) Increasing order of their basic strength
  - (ii) Decreasing order of their thermal stability
  - (iii) Decreasing order of their reducing character. (1+1+1)
21. Complete the following reaction.
  - (i)  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_{11} \xrightarrow{\text{Conc. H}_2\text{SO}_4}$
  - (ii)  $2\text{KClO}_3 \xrightarrow[\Delta]{\text{MnO}_2}$
  - (iii)  $\text{SO}_3^{2-} + 2\text{H}^+ \rightarrow$  (1+1+1)
22. a) How is chlorine manufactured by Deacon's process?  
b) Name the main commercial source of helium. (2+1)

23. a) Zero spin magnetic moment in its +1 and +2 oxidation state.  
b) Name the metal of first row transition series that has highest value of magnetic moment. (2+1)
24. a) Write any two difference between lanthanoids and actinoids.  
b) What is the product formed when lanthanoid reacts with nitrogen gas? (2+1)
25. Explain the hybridisation, geometry and magnetic property of  $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{-2}$ . (3)
26. Explain crystal field splitting in tetrahedral complex. (3)

**PART-D<sub>4</sub>****IV. Answer any THREE of the following:****3 x 5 = 15**

27. a) Calculate the packing efficiency in fcc unit cell.  
b) Cu crystallises in a fcc unit cell having the edge length  $3.608 \times 10^{-8}$  cm and density of  $8.92 \text{ g/cm}^3$ . Calculate the atomic mass of Cu. ( $N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23}$ ). (3+2)
28. (a)  $200 \text{ cm}^3$  of an aqueous solution of protein containing 1.26g of protein. The osmotic pressure of such a solution at 300K is found to be  $2.57 \times 10^{-3}$  bar. Calculate the molar mass of protein. ( $R = 0.0831 \text{ L bar mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ ).  
(b) If the solubility of  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  in water at 0.987 bar is 0.195m, calculate Henry's law constant. (At. mass of H=1.O=16) (3+2)
29. (a) Explain the mechanism of rusting of iron. Write the half-cell reactions.  
(b) What are fuel cells? Give an example. (3+2)
30. (a) Derive the integrated rate equation for velocity constant of zero order reaction.  
(b) Define: i) Collision frequency ii) Activation energy.  
(c) Rate constant for a reaction is  $1.6 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . What is the order of the reaction? (2+2+1)
31. (a) Mention any two application of colloids.  
(b) Explain dialysis.  
(c) Name the phenomenon in which colloidal particles move in zig-zag motion. (2+2+1)

**PART-D<sub>5</sub>****V. Answer any Four of the following.****4x5=20**

32. (a) Give the balanced chemical equations for the following conversions.  
(i) bromo ethane to iodoethane.  
(ii) Benzene diazonium chloride to chloro benzene.  
(iii) Chloromethane to ethane.  
(b) Identify A and B in the following reaction



33. (a) Explain the mechanism of acid catalyzed conversion of ethanol to ethene.  
(b) How is salicylic acid converted to aspirin? Give equation. (3+2)
34. (a) Explain Cannizzaro's reaction using an example.  
(b) Explain HVZ reaction using a suitable example.  
(c) Give the IUPAC name of the following compound  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH} = \text{CHCHO}$  (2+2+1)

35. (a) How is  $1^{\circ}$  amine prepared by Gabriel's phthalimide synthesis?  
(b) Write equation for the conversion of p-amino azobenzene from benzene diazonium chloride.  
Name the reaction.  
(c) What is Hinsberg reagent? (2+2+1)
36. (a) How do you show that glucose contains aldehydic group? Give equation.  
(b) Write the Haworth structure of  $\beta$ -D-(-) fructose.  
(c) Name the protein present in hair. (2+2+1)
37. (a) Write the partial structure of Neoprene, Dacron and Nylon-6  
(b) What is vulcanisation of rubber?  
(c) Mention one use of bakelite. (3+1+1)

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