PART – II LANGUAGE TEST

Time: For General – 45 Minutes, For Disabled (Visually Impaired) - 60 Minutes

Full Marks:

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. All the questions of this part are related to Language Test.
- 2. This part contains 50 questions in Hindi Language and 50 questions in English Language. The candidate has to choose and attempt this test only in **one Language i.e. either in Hindi or in English.**

Language Sub	Full Marks	No. of Questions	Marks allotted to each Question	Page No.
Hindi Or	50	50	1 (One)	14-16
English	50	50	1 (One)	17-20

- 3. Before answering the questions, read these instructions very carefully.
- 4. Each question carries 1 (One) mark.
- 5. Answer to all the question is essential.

1. Who are the first dwellers of North America.

(A) The Europeans

(A) kindly(C) cruelly

- **6.** This questions are to be answered on OMR Answer Sheet supplied in the Examination Hall.
- 7. Every question has four alternatives of which only one is correct.
- **8.** Answer to each question is to be indicated by darkening the number of the correct alternative in the Answer Sheet from amongst the ones given for the corresponding question in the Test (Question) Booklet.

Q. 1 – 5: Read the passage given below and answer the questions that fallow. The original inhabitants of North America are the Red Indians. The European settlers occupied the Red Man's land and ruthlessly chased them away. Sometimes they were compensated for the loss of their land, sometimes they were not. The Red Indians considered earth as precious.

(B) The Red Indians

(B) graciously

(D) friendly

	(C) The Americans	(D) The Americans
2.	Which word or words in the passage mean ' (A) Occupied (C) Chased them away	made amends for'? (B) Ruthlessly (D) compensated for
3.	The earth was precious to (A) Red Indians (C) Settlers	(B) Europeans (D) Chasers

5. Who compensated for the loss of land?

(A) Red Indians (B) Europeans

4. How did the European settlers treat the Red Indians?

(C) Indians (D) European settlers

Q. 6-10. Read the passage given below and answer the questions the fallow. "Once upon a time there was an old woman. Blind but wise". Or was it an old man? A guru, perhaps. Oragriot soothing restless children. I have heard this story, or one exactly like it, in the lore of several cultures. "Once upon a time there was an old woman. Blind, wise." In the version I know, the woman is the daughter of slaves, black, American, and lives alone in a small house outside the town. Her reputation for wisdom is without peer and without question. Among her people, she is both law and its transgression. The honour she is paid and the awe in which she is held reach beyond her neighbourhood to places far away, to the city where intelligence of rural prophets is the source of much amusement.			
6.	How many versions of the story 'once upon (A) one (C) five	a time' is there (B) two (D) many	
7.	Who is the father of the old woman? (A) Oragriot (C) a black slave	(B) a rural prophet (D) a wise man	
8.	How is her reputation for wisdom? (A) questionable (C) average	(B) common (D) matchless	
9.	For the urban people her wisdom is source of (A) honour (C) fear	of (B) amusement (D) wonder	
10.	Where does the old woman live? (A) A small house away from the town (B) A small house in the town (C) A small luxurious house (D) a lonely house in the town		
give	11-12: The following five sentences come from the from the following five sentences come from the fire sentences.	om a paragraph. The first and the last sentences are ences (PQR) should appear to complete the	
11.	Indian culture. S _{2.} S ₃	en breaks.	
12.	S ₁ There was a certain young man who learn S ₂	ned archery from an expert archer.	

	Q He began to boast that he was a greater a	nen cleave that arrow into two with the next shot archer than his guru. ent archer soon became proficient in his chosen field.
	(A) RQP (C) QRP	(B) PQR (D) QPR
Q.	13-22 Choose the word which best fills the bl	ank in the sentences from the four options given.
13.	You should consult afor (A) chemist (C) physician	your cold and cough. (B) druggist (D) surgeon
14.	Smoking ishere (A) prohibited (C) stopped	(B) banned (D) delayed
15.	There is notreatment f (A) alternate (C) optional	for the disease besides surgery. (B) alternative (D) alter
16.	He his arrival date to his p (A) appraised (C) apprised	parents. (B) praised (D) prised
17.	Meena is anteacher (A) ingenious (C) initial	(B) ingenous (D) intense
18.	A dog never bites (A) crying (C) roaring	(B) howling (D) barking
19.	He challenged his enemy for a(A) dual (C) duality	(B) duel (D) duelity
20.	The bridegrooms's sister wash (A) flouting (C) flaunting	er jewellery. (B) floating (D) fleeting
21.	I wanted to the sweet dis (A) test (C) tested	sh (B) taste (D) like
22.	She appeared before us in agare	ment.

(B) loose

(A) lose

	(C) close	(D) like	
Q. 23-27 Select the meaning of the given phrases / idioms			
23.	Chase a rainbow (A) pursue an illusion (C) pursue a noble task	(B) move with determination pursue a noble task (D) move in definite direction	
24.	Dogs eat dogs (A) to make vain killing (C) a ruthless competition	(B) heinous killing (D) an easy competition	
25.	To beat the air (A) to make vain efforts (C) to be on the right path	(B) to do brave acts (D) to succeed	
26.	Wet behind the ears (A) experienced (C) inexperienced	(B) eager (D) mature	
27.	Give someone way (A) help (C) do charity	(B) betray (D) revolt	
Q. 28-32 In the following passage there are some blanks with numbers. Fill in the blanks by selecting the most appropriate word for each blank from given options of each number. The devils28 a meeting. The one point agenda of the discussion –29, how to destroy the world <u>30</u> but easily. One of the devils named 'Anger' <u>31</u> . He said, "let me go and <u>32</u> the world."			
28.	(1) were holding(3) are holding	(2) were receiving(4) is holding	
29.	(1) are (3) is	(2) was (4) were	
30.	(1) slow (3) fast	(2) fastly (4) hard	
31.	(1) stand up (3) went	(2) went up (4) stood up	
32.	(1) destroy(3) do destruction	(2) save (4) do saving	
Q. 33-36 Select the world which means the opposite of the given word.			
33.	Banish (1) deport (3) expel	(2) transport (4) accept	

34.	Collision (1) opposition (3) agreement	(2) accident (4) impact
35.	Drown (1) immerse (3) sink	(2) float (4) overcome
36.	Urge (1) curb (3) impulse	(2) drive (4) good
Q. :	37 - 40 Select the word which means nearly	the same as the given word.
37.	Virile (1) impotent (3) weak	(2) vigorous(4) effeminate
38.	Testimony (1) concealment (3) attestation	(2) contradiction (4) denial
39.	Sabotage (1) support (3) assist	(2) damage (4) save
40.	Apology (1) censure (3) accusation	(2) wrong (4) atonement
	11-50 In each of the following sentences you vions.	will find a blank. Fill in the blank from the given
41.	The investigatorsthe case and (1) dug into (3) dig out	came up with interesting facts. (2) dug up (4) dig inot
42.	We shoulddowry system. (1) do with (3) did with	(2) do away (4) do away with
43.	Her entreaties for help(1) fell of deaf (3) fell on deaf ears	(2) fell deaf ears(4) fell at deaf ears
44.	The situation is rather complicated and it will (1) get the hang of (3) have the hung of	take me sometime toit. (2) get hang of (4) have hanged
45.	A sensible manof the latest dev (1) keeps breast	elopments in different fields. (2) keeps abreast

	(3) gets breast	(4) gets abreast
46.	A wise personsome of his money (1) lays side (3) lays aside	for a rainy day. (2) keeps aside (4) lays right
47.	The passage is so complicated that I am abl (1) make little of (3) make few of	e toit. (2) make a little of (4) stripe off
48.	The doctor asked the patient to so t (1) strip of (3) stripe of	hat he could examine him (2) strip off (4) stripe off
49.	The Patna bound Sampurna Kranti Express (1) crashed (3) met	
50.	Having won the competition, he was very (1) pensive (3) thoughtful	(2) sad (4) happy