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# NTSE STAGE – I

# ENGLISH

## PAPER - I - B

## SLS - 2016 - 17

Time	:	45 Minutes
Full Marks	:	50

No. of items : 50

## **INSTRUCTIONS :**

- 1. Each question has four probable answers of which one is correct. You have to choose the correct one and blacken your choice in the OMR answer sheet by a black/blue ball point pen.
- 2. For wrong answer, there is no deduction of marks. One mark shall be awarded for each correct response.
- 3. No mark will be awarded for a question if a candidate darkens more than one choice.

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## **ROLL NO.**

NAME

## **ENGLISH**

#### Directions (1 - 5): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

Poetry is the language of the imagination and the passions. It relates to whatever gives immediate pleasure or pain to the human mind. It comes home to the bosoms and businesses of men, for nothing but what comes home to them in the most general and intelligible shape can be a subject for poetry. Poetry is the universal language which the heart holds with nature and itself. He who has a contempt for poetry cannot have much respect for himself or for anything else. Wherever there is a sense of beauty or power or harmony as in the motion of a wave of the sea.\, in the growth of a flower, there is poetry in its birth.

- Poetry is the language that stems from:
   (A) the imagination
   (C) the imagination and passions
- 2. Poetry relates to that matter:(A) which gives nothing to human mind(C) which irritates human mind
- What can be a subject for poetry:
  (A) that which comes in opaque shape shape
  (C) that which comes in intangible shape
- 4. Poetry is the universal language because:(A) the heart cannot hold with nature(C) the heart holds with nature and itself

- (B) the passions(D) the intellect
- (B) which titillates human mind
- (D) which gives immediate pleasure or pain to human mind
- (B) that which comes in the most general and intelligible
- (D) that which comes in particular shape
- (B) the mind holds with itself
- (D) the passion holds with itself
- 5. There is poetry in its birth wherever:
  - (A) there is a sense of beauty or power or harmony
  - (B) there is a chaotic scene
  - (C) there is music in high pitch
  - (D) there is disharmony and discord

### Directions (6 – 10): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

A gentleman is he who never inflicts pain. He is mainly occupied in merely removing the obstacles which hinder the free and unembarrassed action of those about him and he concurs with their movements rather than takes the initiative himself. His benefits may be considered as a parallel to what are called comforts or conveniences in arrangements of a personal nature, like an easy chair or a good fire which do their part in dispelling cold and fatigue, though nature provides both means of rest and animal heat without them.

6. A gentleman is he:(A) who looks after himself(C) who never inflicts pain

- (B) who behaves politely with others(D) who shies away
- 7. A gentleman is mainly occupied in:
  (A) removing the obstacles which hinder free and unembarrassed action
  (B) causing obstacles
  (C) helping other people
  (D) solving their problem
- 8. His benefits may be considered as a parallel to what are called comforts or convenience in arrangements of: (A) a general nature (B) a social nature (C) a protective nature (D) a personal nature
- 9. An easy chair and a good fire help in:
  (A) diffusing fatigue
  (C) generating comfort zone
- (B) dispelling cold and fatigue(D) provides coziness
- 10. Nature provides both means of rest and animal heat without:

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(A) comforts and convenience(C) a parallel

(B) arrangements of personal nature

### (D) an easy chair or a good fire

## Directions (11 – 15): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

To forgive an injury is often considered to be a sign of weakness, it is really a sign of strength. It is easy to allow oneself to be carried away by resentment and hate into an act of vengeance, but it takes a strong character to restrain those natural passions. The man who forgives an injury proves himself to be the superior of the man who wronged him and puts the wrong doer to shame. Forgiveness may even turn a foe into a friend. So mercy is the noblest form of revenge.

11.	(A) it is an act of piety	and compassion ied away by resentment a ss anger	sign of weakness because and hatred and indulge in an	act of vengeance
12.	<ul> <li>To forgive an injury is really a sign of strength because</li> <li>(A) a weak character likes it</li> <li>(B) a character is not easily ever taken by resentment</li> <li>(C) a character is not carried away by hatred</li> <li>(D) a strong character restrains those natural passions</li> </ul>			
13.	The man who forgives an injury proves himself to be the superior because (A) he shows his generosity and puts the wrong doer to shame (B) he is not easily provoked (C) he who causes injury is inferior (D) he is god fearing			
14.	A foe may be turned in (A) vengeance	to a friend through (B) anger	(C) forgiveness	(D) ignorance
15.	The noblest form of rev (A) hatred	venge is (B) malice	(C) mercy	(D) vengeance

Directions (16 - 17): In the following three-sentence passages the second sentences are missing. Choose the appropriate sentence from the given options to complete the passage.

16. 1 – It is very easy to acquire bad habits such as eating too many sweets, too much food, drinking liquor or smoking.
 2 –

3 - This is called the fore of habit.

(A) bad habits make a person slave to it

(B) the more we do a thing, the more we tend to like doing it

(C) we must fight against bad habits

(D) bad habits cost us dearly

17. 1 -It is the height of selfishness for men who fully appreciate in their own case, the great advantages of a good education 2 -

3 -It is argued that women have their domestic duties to perform and if they were educated they would bury themselves in their books and have little time to manage the household.

- (A) The men deny the advantage of good education to women
- (B) Women are less intelligent
- (C) Women shall dominate men by receiving education
- (D) Women education is imperative for empowerment

Directions (18 - 19): The following passages have five sentence each. In each passage the first and last sentence are given. Choose the order in which the three sentences (PQR) should appear to complete the paragraph.

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18.		s terribly annoyed with the		r and condemned him to death.
	S3 –			
	S5 – The clever jester a		on to his advantaged by sa	ying, "1 choose to die of old age."
	P - But the king refuse $Q - The$ Jester fell on h	d to alter his sentence.	is life.	
	R – At last the king rel	ented and asked the Jester	to choose the mode of deat	
	(A) RPQ	(B) PRQ	(C) QPR	(D) RQP
19.	19. S1 – A certain farmer's daughter was going to market with a can of milk on her head. S2 –			
	S3 –			
	S4 – <u>S5</u> – With great exciter	ment she tossed her head in	pride and the can of milk	fell off her head.
	P - She refused brillian $Q - She$ dreamt of becomes the second secon	nt offers of marriage.		
	R – She asked herself	what she could buy with the		
	(A) PQR	(B) RQP	(C) QRP	(D) PRQ
Dire	ctions (20 – 23): Choos	e the correct spelling of fo	ollowing words from the o	options provided.
20.	(A) pneminia	(B) niemonia	(C) neumunia	(D) pneumonia
21.	(A) accommodation	(B) ackomodation	(C) acommodation	(D) accomodation
22.	(A) anterprenure	(B) interpreneur	(C) entrepreneur	(D) enterprenure
23.	(A) superitedent	(B) supuritedent	(C) separintendent	(D) superintendent
		e following passage there forms of the verb for eac		nks. Fill in the blanks by selecting ptions.
		ne people all over India as the foreigners where we 29		<b>26</b> foolish to <b>27</b> it from our lives just ind by English men.
24.	(A) bound	(B) was binding	(C) has been binding	(D) is bound
25.	(A) were	(B) is	(C) are	(D) was
26.	(A) was	(B) were	(C) is	(D) would be
27.	(A) ban	(B) banned	(C) have banned	(D) banning
28.	(A) was	(B) is	(C) were	(D) will be
29.	C C		<ul><li>(B) have not refrained from</li><li>(D) would not refrain from</li></ul>	
Dire	ctions (30 – 35): Choos	e the appropriate meanin	g from the following und	erlined phrases/idioms.
30.	One must account for o	one's action.		
	(A) describe	(B) avoid	(C) narrate	(D) explain
31.	The meeting was put o (A) terminated	ff due to lack of quorum. (B) continued	(C) postponed	(D) delayed
32.	This kind of conduct ca	alls for severe action		
<i></i>	(A) ignores	(B) declares	(C) requires	(D) acquires

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49.	Conservatives always b (A) alignment	believe in the policy of stat (B) reform	us quo. (C) violence	(D) entanglement
48.	The minister is explicit (A) concealed	on the issue of abortion. (B) velied	(C) implicit	(D) suitable
Dire	Directions (48 – 50): Choose the antonym of the underlined word from the alternatives.			
47.	The politician gave an (A) pertinent	equivocal answer (B) evasive	(C) smart	(D) ambiguous
46.	Concerning an animal (A) accommodative	or vehicle adapted for both (B) bipolar	land and water. (C) amphibious	(D) ingenious
45.	The line of latitude on (A) The tropic of Capri (C) The tropics	the north of the equator.	<ul><li>(B) The tropic of Cancer</li><li>(D) The trough line</li></ul>	
44.	A notice showing only (A) declaration	the good qualities of a thir (B) index	ng (C) nomenclature	(D) advertisement
Dire	ctions (44 – 47): Find si	ingle words for each of th	e following expressions.	
43.	He could not put a (A) robe	on his horse (B) shawl	(C) cloak	(D) bridle
	(A) geometry	(B) trigonometry	(C) calculus	(D) arithmetic
42.	The type of mathematics that deals with the relationship between the sides and angles of a triangle is called			
41.	The two wrestlers are e (A) dual	engaged in a (B) duet	(C) duel	(D) slanging match
40.	A star is a(A) stationery	object but a planet is a mo (B) stationary	oving object (C) rambling	(D) cacophonous
39.	The coach cited a numl (A) decrease	ber of examples to (B) damage	(C) sag	rticipants. (D) boost
	(A) eligible	(B) illegitimate		(D) invisible
38.	His handwriting is tota	lly		
37.	My friend's wife forgo (A) dessert	t to servea a (B) tea	t the end of the dinner. (C) coffee	(D) liquor
36.	An honest and compete (A) sinful	ent man is good for the (B) corrupt		nan. (D) hollowed
Dire	ctions (36 – 43): Fill in	the blanks with the most	appropriate option from	the given alternatives.
35.	The girl takes after her (A) dislikes	mother with her bad tempe (B) resembles	er. (C) misbehaves	(D) imitates
34.	The president gave awa (A) distributed	ay the prizes (B) displayed	(C) threw	(D) held
33.	Superstitions must be d (A) ignored	lone away with (B) continued	(C) carried	(D) abolished

50.	Government should lay	transparent manner.		
	(A) clear	(B) lazy	(C) opaque	(D) confusing

