

NTSE - NOVEMBER, 2016 (stage-1 - AP)

TIME : 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 200

INSTRUCTIONS

Read the following instructions carefully before you answer the questions. Answers are to be SHADED on a SEPARATE OMR Answer Sheet given, with HB Pencil. Read the Instructions printed on the OMR Sheet carefully before answering the question.

1. Please write your Center Code Number and Roll Number very clearly (only one digit in one block) on the OMR Sheet as given in your admission card. Please see that no block is left unfilled and even zeros appearing in the Center Code Number are correctly transferred to the appropriate blocks on the OMR Sheet as shown in the example given in the OMR Sheet. For all the subsequent purpose your Center Code Number and Roll Number shall remain the same as given on the Admission Card.
2. The Test is in THREE PARTS. Part – I (Mental Ability) consists of 50 Questions (Q. Nos. 1 to 50), Part-II (Language Comprehensive Test) consists of 50 Questions (Q. Nos. 51 to 100) and Part- III (Aptitude Test) consists of 100 questions (Q. Nos. 101 to 200).
3. All questions carry one mark each.
4. Since all questions are compulsory do not try to read through the whole question paper before beginning to answer it.
5. Begin with the first question and keep trying one question after another till you finish all three parts
6. If you do not know the answer to any question, do not spend much time on it and pass on to next one. If time permits, you can come back to the questions which you have left in the first instance and try them again.
7. Since the time allotted to the question paper is very limited, you should make the best use of it by not spending too much time on any question.
8. A black page is provided for rough work at the end of each part.
9. REMEMBER YOU HAVE TO SHADE ANSWERS ON A SEPARATE OMR SHEET PROVIDED.
10. Answer to each question is to be indicated by SHADING the circle having the number of the correct alternative in OMR Sheet from among the ones given for the corresponding question in the booklet.
11. Now turn to the next page and start answering the questions.
12. After the examination, you should hand over the OMR Sheet to the Invigilator of the room.
13. The candidate need not return this Question Paper booklet and can take it after completion of the examination. No candidate should leave the examination hall before the end of the examination.

Mental Ability and Scholastic Aptitude Test

Name of the Candidate : _____

Registration No. : _____ Date : _____

School Name : _____

PART-I
MENTAL ABILITY TEST (Q. Nos. 1 to 50)
Max. Marks - 50

Note: SHADE the correct alternatives in the OMR Answer Sheet provided, from amongst the ones given against the corresponding question in the Question Booklet. For shading the circles, use HB Pencil.

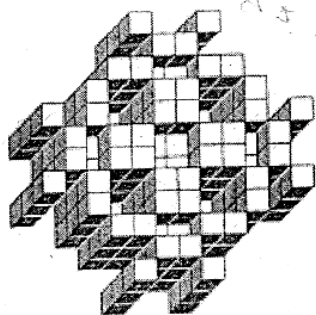
NTSE

Directions: Questions (11 to 15) : Read the following information carefully and answer the questions below.

11. In a certain code LAWN is written as JCUP. How will SLIT be coded in that code?
 1) QNGV (2) QJGV (3) QNVG (4) NJGV (5) QGVN
12. In a certain code LOUD is written as JOSF, then which one of the following English words shall be coded PKQG?
 1) RISE 2) ROPE 3) ROAD 4) RICE 5) RAIN
13. In a certain code LONG is written as 5123 and GEAR is written as 3748. How is LANE written in that code?
 1) 5427 2) 5247 3) 5847 4) 5237 5) 5347
14. If KEDGY is coded as EKDYG, then how will LIGHT be coded?
 (1) ILHTG (2) ILQHT (3) ILGTH (4) THGIL (5) IGLTH
15. If STRAY is coded as TUSBZ, then how will MOURN be coded?
 (1) LPVSO (2) NPVSO (3) NVPSO (4) NPSVO (5) NSPOV

Direction : Questions (16 to 20) : Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

16. Count the number of cubes in the given figure.



- 1) 167 2) 168 3) 169 4) 170 5) 171

17. The four different positions of a dice are given in the figure. Find the number on the face opposite the face showing 6?



(i)



(ii)



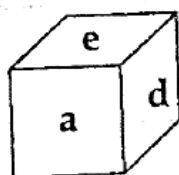
(iii)



(iv)

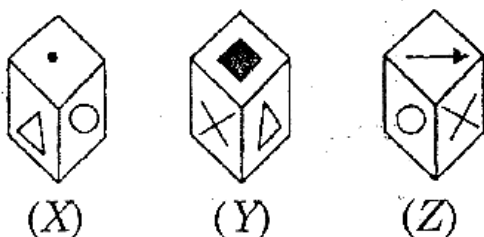
- 1) 1 2) 2 3) 4 4) 5 5) 3

18. In a dice a, 5, c and d are written on the adjacent faces, in a clockwise order e and f at the top and bottom. When c is at the top, what will be at the bottom?

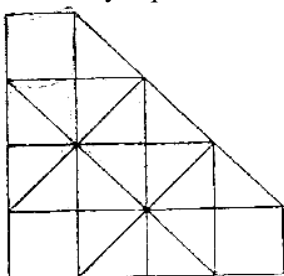


- 1) a 2) b 3) c 4) d 5) e

19. A cube has six different symbols drawn over its six faces. The symbols are dot, circle, triangle, square, cross and arrow. Three different positions of the cube are shown in figures X, Y and Z. Which symbol occurs at the bottom of figure Y?



- 1) Arrow 2) Triangle 3) Circle (4) Dot (5) Square
20. How many squares are there in the given figure?



- 1) 15 2) 18 3) 12 4) 16 5) 20

Directions: Questions (21 to 25) : In each of the following questions a letter series is given, in which some letters are missing. The missing letters are given in the proper sequence as one of the alternative. Find the correct alternative.

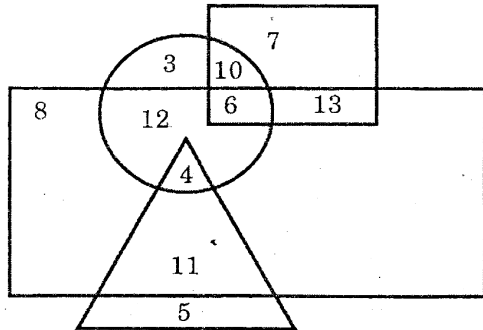
21. a ___ aba ___ ba ___ ab
 1) abbbba 2) abbab 3) babb 4) bbaba 5) aaabb
22. ab ___ b ___ bbaa
 1) abaab 2) abbab 3) baaab 4) babba 5) ababa
23. ___ baa ___ aab ___ a ___ a
 1) aabb 2) aaba 3) abab 4) baab 5) aaab
24. ___ babbba ___ a ___
 1) ababb 2) baaab 3) bbaba 4) babb 5) abbbb
25. ___ op ___ mo ___ n ___ pnmop ___
 1) mnpmon 2) mpnmop 3) mnompn 4) mnpomn 5) mnmnpo

Directions: Questions (26 to 30) : Choose odd number questions. Certain numbers are given, out of which all except one are alike in some manner while one is different and this number is to be chosen as the answer

26. 2468, 2648, 4826, 6482
 (1) 2468 (2) 2648 3) 4826 4) 6482 5) 2864
27. 2, 16, 56, 128
 1) 2 2) 16 3) 56 4) 128 5) 32
28. 9611, 7324, 2690, 1754
 1) 9611 2) 7324 3) 2690 4) 1754 5) 1547
29. 7, 5, 31, 57
 (1) 7 (2) 5 (3) 31 (4) 57 (5) 65
30. 232, 431, 612, 813
 1) 232 2) 431 3) 612 4) 813 5) 831

Directions: Questions (31 to 35) These questions are based on the diagram given below.

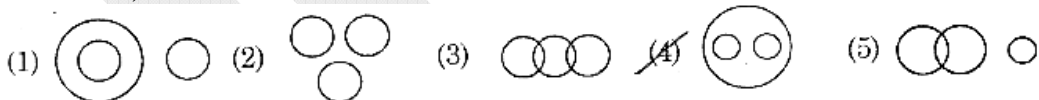
- A) Rectangle represents males.
- B) Triangle represents educated.
- C) Circle represents urban resident
- D) Square represents civil servant



31. Who among the following is an educated male who is not an urban resident?
 1) 4 2) 5 3) 8 (4) 11 (5) 6
32. Who among the following is neither a civil servant nor educated but is urban and not a male?
 (1) 2 2) 3 (3) 6 4) 10 5) 7
33. Who among the following is a female, urban resident and also a civil servant?
 1) 6 2) 7 3) 10 (4) 13 (5) 8
34. Who among the following is an educated male who hails from urban area?
 1) 1 2) 2 3) 11 4) 5 5) 7
35. Who among the following is uneducated and also an urban male?
 1) 2 2) 3 3) 11 4) 12 5) 7

Directions: Questions (36 to 40) : Answer the following as per the "Instructions".

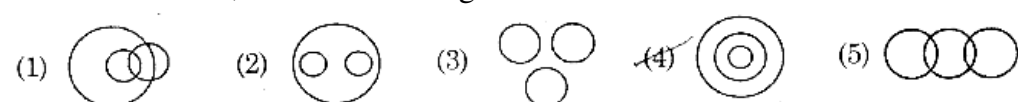
36. Which one of the following diagrams indicates the best relation between travellers, train and bus.



37. Which one of the following diagrams indicates the best relationship between profit, dividend and bonus?



38. Which one of the following diagrams indicates the best relationship between women, mother and engineers?



39. Which one of the following diagrams indicates the best relationship between factory, product and machinery?

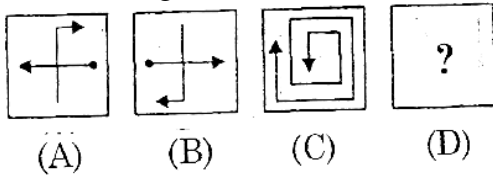


40. Which one of the following diagrams indicates the best relationship between author, lawyer and singer?

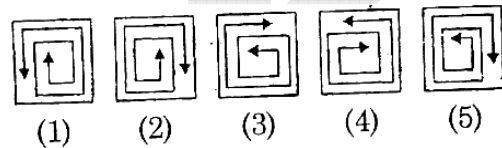


Directions: Questions (41 to 45) : Each of the following questions consists of two sets of figures. Figures A, B, C and D constitute the problem set, while figures 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 constitutes the answer set. Select a suitable figure from the answer figure that would replace the question mark (?).

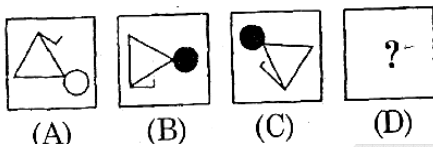
41. Problem Figures



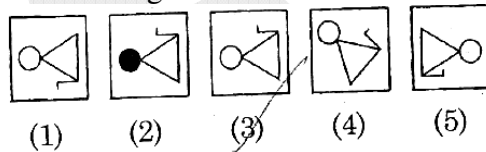
Answer Figures



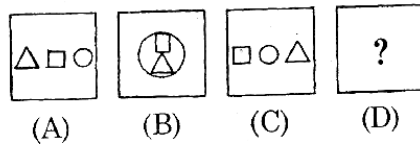
42. Problem Figures



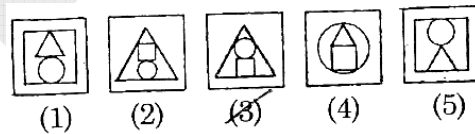
Answer Figures



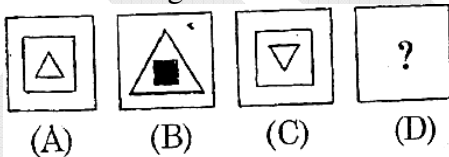
43. Problem Figures



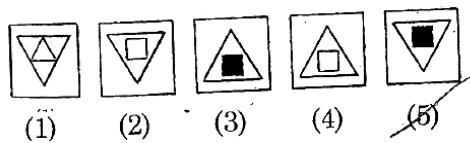
Answer Figures



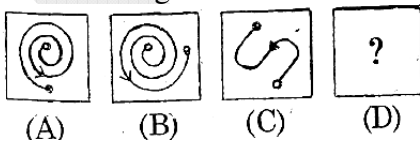
44. Problem Figures



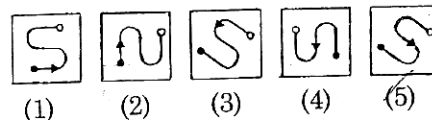
Answer Figures



45. Problem Figures

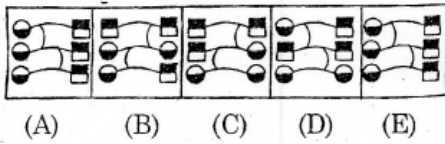


Answer Figures

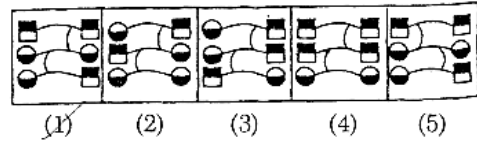


Direction : Questions (46 to 50) : Each of the following questions consists of the five figures marked A, B, C, D and E called the problem figures followed by five alternatives marked 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 called the answer figures. Select a figure which will continue the same series established by the five problem figures.

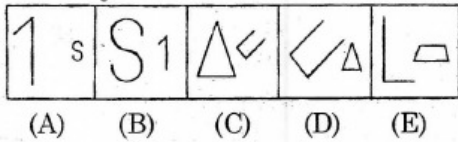
46. Problem Figures



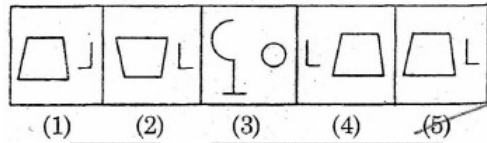
Answer Figures



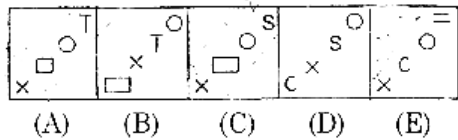
47. Problem Figures



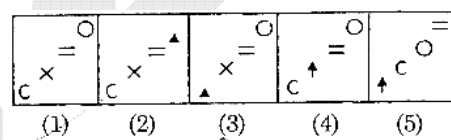
Answer Figures



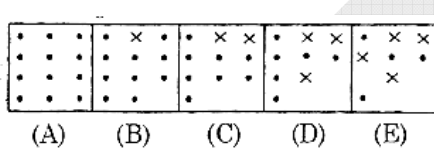
48. Problem Figures



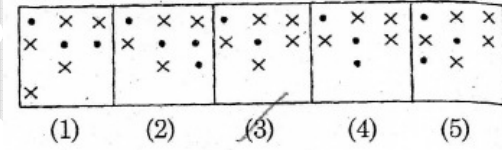
Answer Figures



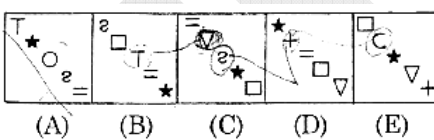
49. Problem Figures



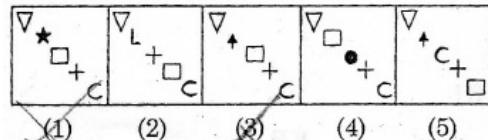
Answer Figures



50. Problem Figures



Answer Figures



PART-II
LANGUAGE COMPREHENSIVE TEST
(Q. Nos. 51 to 100)
Max. Marks - 50

Note:

- i) SHADE the correct alternatives in the OMR Answer Sheet provided, from amongst the ones given against the corresponding question in the Question Booklet. For shading the circles, use HB Pencil.
- ii) Q. No. 51 to 100 of Language Comprehensive Test contains English Language along with a blank sheet for rough work.

Directions:**Questions (51 to 55) :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions given after it.

When you are being interviewed for a job, remember that it's normal for many people to be nervous, particularly in such a stress producing situation. There are plenty of jobs-indeed, probably most where a little nervousness isn't looked at askance. It does help to dry a damp brow or a clammy hand just before meeting the interviewer, but otherwise, don't be too concerned about the outward manifestations of your nervousness. Experienced interviewers will discount most physical signs of nervousness. The only one that people have a hard time ignoring is a fidgety hand. Interviewees who constantly twist their hands or make movements that are dramatically distracting are calling to their nervousness. Remember that interviewers talk to people in order to hire, not because they enjoy embarrassing, uneasy applicants. One way to overcome a flustered feeling, or "butterflies in the stomach", is to note that interviewers want to hire people who have something to offer the company. If interviewers think you will fit into their organization, you will be the one who is sought after. It's almost as if you are interviewing them to see if they are good enough for you.

51. According to the passage, the outward sign of nervousness that attracts the attention of interviewers is
- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| (1) a damp brow | (2) clammy hands |
| (3) restless hand gestures | (4) jittery stomach |
52. An interviewer is someone who
- (1) is looking for a job
 - (2) seeks facts from prospective employees
 - (3) has already hired you
 - (4) is always on the lookout to trip applicants
53. It can be inferred from the passage that overcoming nervousness is a matter of
- (1) wiping your head and hands before entering the interview room
 - (2) taking several tranquilizers before the interview
 - (3) being dramatic and aggressive
 - (4) realizing that interviews are two sided and making the most of it.
54. "Butterflies in the stomach" means
- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) a nervous feeling | (2) feeling of happiness |
| (3) woes | (4) sufferings |
55. "discount" in the passage means
- | | | | |
|--------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|
| (1) remember | (2) ignore | (3) discontinue | (4) discharge |
|--------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|

Directions: Questions (56 to 60) :

Read the following passage and answers the questions given after it.

I hated almost everyday of my time at a boarding school and in any case, my first term was a disaster. I found it very difficult to settle down and my unhappiness was made worse because I was also unhappy at home. A happy home life gives you a base from which you can go into the world with confidence. But if life at home is difficult, life away at boarding school is almost impossible. Apart from having to keep to great many rules, we were never allowed to be alone. You had to be with another boy at all time. Though the other boys managed pretty well, daily life at school was very hard for me as I was extremely dependent on being alone part of everyday. In the middle of the first term, I developed a cough. The school nurse said it was a "stomach cough", whatever that may be and gave me some pills. However, afterwards, playing football in a snowstorm, I suddenly could not breathe properly and was taken to hospital, ill with bronchitis and pneumonia.

Almost at once I was put into a small room with another boy who was also very ill. He died and I nearly did. My main memory of my stay at the hospital was that the night-nurses

used to get together in my room and play cards and chat. Keeping The light on and keeping me awake when I was seriously ill didn't bother them. When I had recovered I was sent home for a few weeks and missed a term.

When I returned to school, I was sent to bed early because of my illness, and so managed to get a brief period alone every day. Later on, when I went into the senior part of the school, I was allowed to go to the school library by myself, which was a great improvement. The day I left the school, the headmaster said good bye and asked whether it was a sad day for me. I replied that it was the happiest day of my life. He said I would come to think of my time at the school very differently. I said that I was sure that, would not. Though, I have had unhappy day since that day, I have found that my conclusions then that nothing afterwards could ever be so bad as boarding school - have been proved true.

56. The author's illness during the first term was
- (1) so serious he nearly died
 - (2) caused by getting cold when playing games
 - (3) not so bad as he had feared
 - (4) not treated by the school nurse
57. In the hospital he
- (1) felt very sorry for the other patients
 - (2) was afraid to bother nurses
 - (3) didn't notice whether it was night or day
 - (4) found the nurses' behaviour disturbed him
58. The result of Isis illness was that he
- (1) was away from school for a year
 - (2) was taught in the school library
 - (3) had some private time for himself
 - (4) had to do his home work in bed
59. When the author was leaving school, the headmaster believed the author would
- (1) realize how good school life had been
 - (2) be unhappy after he left school
 - (3) be thankful to be leaving school
 - (4) regret his last day at school
60. The author concluded that
- (1) the school nurse disturbed him at school
 - (2) the headmaster was happy to leave the boarding school
 - (3) nothing could be more sad than staying at boarding school
 - (4) because of boarding school, he survived from pneumonia

Directions: Questions (61 to 65): Hatred is a fundamental human emotion that has deep roots in society and culture. Psychologists believe that group identity and cohesion depend to a large extent on having a common enemy. It seems that the existence of "bad guys" is an important element in defining who we are within a large realm. It could be said that human beings love to hate. The first signs appear early in life when a child, faced with blame for some mistakes, immediately accuses another child or an inanimate object such as a teddy bear. Later on the school playground children in rival groups vie for attention and influence. These basic responses translate into more powerful emotions later in life. One area where deep rooted hatred is exhibited is in the ethnic clashes that constantly occur around the globe. These conflicts are not only over territory but also involve emotional issues of group identity and unity of purpose.

For many, there is no "us" without a "them" to hate. In a world where conflict between super powers is on decline, it may be that humanity will have difficulty adapting so a state of mutual respect and cooperation.

61. The best title for the passage!
- (1) Roots of society
 - (2) Group unity
 - (3) Social and cultural problem
 - (4) A basic emotion

62. What is believed to be an important aspect to defining group identity?
 (1) Being reluctant to hate
 (2) Facing a common enemy
 (3) Ignoring a large realm
 (4) Accepting the blame for past actions
63. According to the passage, early childhood responses to blame
 (1) are not related to stronger feelings in adulthood
 (2) are not well understood by psychologists
 (3) are complex expressions of emotion
 (4) demonstrate how human beings love to hate
64. The author suggests that when children make mistakes, they
 (1) join rival gangs on school playgrounds
 (2) rarely accept responsibility for their actions
 (3) need emotional support from personal objects like a teddy bear
 (4) readily admit to their errors
65. According to the passage, ethnic conflicts
 (1) are on the decline
 (2) occur only occasionally
 (3) serve to resolve differences
 (4) have their roots in childhood rivalries

Directions: Questions (66 - 71) : In the following passage, there are some numbered blanks. Fill in the blanks by selecting the most appropriate word for each blank from the given options.

Can we see 66 the earth is a globe? Yes, we can, when we watch a ship that sails out to sea. If we watch closely, we see that the ship begins 67. The bottom of the ship disappears first and then the ship seems to sink lower and lower, 68 we can only see the top of the ship, and then we see nothing at all. What is hiding the ship from us? It is the earth. Stick a pin most of the way into an orange, and 69 turn the 70 away from you. You will see the pin disappear 71 a ship does on the earth.

66. (1) if (2) where (3) that (4) whether
67. (1) being disappeared (2) to be disappeared
 (3) to disappear (4) to have disappeared
68. (1) until (2) since (3) after (4) unless
69. (1) reluctantly (2) slowly (3) accidentally (4) passionately
70. (1) orange (2) S h i p (3) pin (4) e a r t h
71. (1) the same (2) alike (3) just as (4) by the way

Direction : Questions (72 and 73) : The following sentences come from a paragraph. The first and the last sentences/parts are given. Choose the order in which the three sentences/parts (PQR) should appear to complete the paragraph.

72. S₁ All nations which have risen to greatness
 S₂
 S₃
 S₄
 S₅ In the course of three decades Germany was twice all but destroyed.
 P. So do the Germans
 Q. Have been characterized by a sense of mission
 R. The Japanese have it in large measure.
 Choose from the options given below.
 (1) PRQ (2) QRP (3) RPQ (4) RQP
73. S₁ The first step towards knowledge is awareness of areas of ignorance.
 S₂
 S₃
 S₄
 S₅ A person who thinks he knows everything has the most to learn.
 P. The more he realizes
 Q. What areas he is ignorant in
 R. The more knowledge a person gets
 Choose from the options given below.
 (1) QRP (2) RQP (3) QPR (4) PRQ

Direction : Questions (74 to 77) : For each of the following groups of four words, find the incorrectly spelt word.

74. (1) embarassed (2) questionnaire
 (3) immediately (4) mischeivous
75. (1) guaranty (2) colleague (3) changeable equipment (4) possession
76. (1) dicsipline (2) possession (3) cemetary (4) committee
77. (1) competent (2) maintenance (3) fulfillment (4) homogenous

Direction : Questions (78 to 85) : Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks from the given alternatives.

78. Has your lost car been located? It was foundon the highway.
 (1) to be abandoned (2) to be abandoning
 (3) abandoned (4) abandon
79. He passed himself off as a noble man.
 (1) was thought to be (2) pretended to be
 (3) was regarded as (4) was looked upon
80. They went to Manali..... train.
 (1) into (2) by (3) from (4) on
81. Wesome flowers and put them in a vase.
 (1) picked upon (2) picked on (3) picked (4) picked up
82. My work is precise. I work with.....
 (1) perfection (2) precision (3) precaution (4) perception

83. Perhaps she ought to go away, anda new start somewhere else.
 (1) originate (2)begin (3)make (4) do
84. Shephonedwrote after she left home.
 (1)either, or (2)while, and (3)though, or (4)neither, nor
85. The window was alreadywhen I got here.
 (1) breaking (2)broken (3) broke (4) break

Direction : Questions (86 to 90) : Choose the one, which best expresses the meaning of the given phrase.

86. Break into
 (1) stop (2) enter by force (3) to raise (4) to repair
87. Come off
 1) fail (2) walk fast (3) succeed (4) to lend
88. Give in
 (1) discuss (2) surrender (3) to struggle (4) to require
89. Put off
 (1) to suppress (2) wear (3) extinguish (4) postpone
90. Set aside
 (1) by the side of (2) to form (3) cancel (4) to make

Direction : Questions (91 to 95) : Select the word which means the same as the given words.

91. Complacent
 (1) Complete (2) self satisfied (3) brightly coloured (4) alliance
92. Scorn
 (1) admiration (2) Contempt (3) Applaud (4) Praise
93. Audacious
 (1) timid (2) cowardly (3) related to sound (4) bold
94. Seeping
 (1) seeing through (2) smiling (3) flowing slowly (4) whine
95. dexterous
 (1) Skilful (2) confused (3) profound (4) resign

Direction : Questions (96 to 100) : Select the word which means the opposite of the given words.

96. Faithful
 (1) loyal (2) treacherous (3) sincere (4) honest
97. enrich
 (1) equip (2) empower (3) impoverish (4) prosper
98. Convict
 (1) acquit (2) deficit (3) inflict (4) reflect
99. Assemble
 (1) sacrifice (2) resemble (3) overcome (4) disperse
100. Abundance
 (1) dearth (2) plentiful (3) surplus (4) obstruction

PART- III
APTITUDE TEST (Q. Nos. 101 to 200)

Max. Marks - 100

Note:

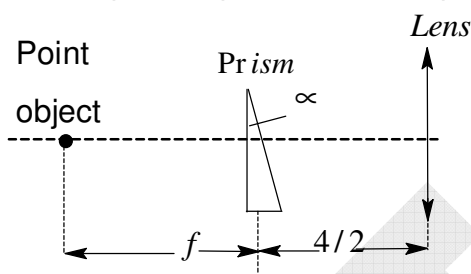
i. Subjects, Questions S1.No. and Marks allotted:

1.	Physics	101 to 113 Questions	13 Marks
2.	Chemistry	114 to 126 Questions	13 Marks
3.	Biology	127 to 140 Questions	14 Marks
4.	Mathematics	141 to 160 Questions	20 Marks
5.	History	161 to 172 Questions	12 Marks
6.	Geography	173 to 184 Questions	12 Marks
7.	Political Science	185 to 192 Questions	08 Marks
8.	Economics	193 to 200 Questions	08 Marks

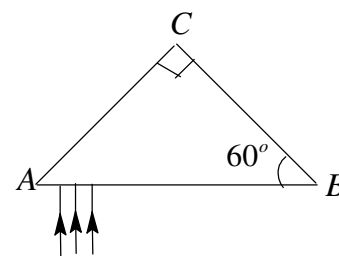
ii. **SHADE** the circle having the correct alternative in the OMR Sheet provided, from among the ones given against the corresponding question in the Question Paper Booklet. For shading the circles, use **HB Pencil**.

PHYSICS

101. A man in a boat A pulls a rope with a force 100N. The other end of the rope is tied to a boat B of mass 200 kg. the total mass of boat A and man is 300kg, disregard the weight of the rope and the resistance of the water. The power developed by the man by the end of the third second is
 a) 100W b) 200 W c) 150W d) 250 W
102. A launch takes 3 hours to go downstream from point A to B and 6 hours to come back to A from B. The time taken by the launch to cover the same distance downstream when its engine cutoff is
 a) 12 hrs b) 9 hrs c) 4.5 hrs d) 18 hrs
103. An ammeter and a voltmeter are joined in series to a cell. Their readings are A and V respectively. If a resistance is now joined in parallel with the voltmeter,
 a) A will increase, V will decrease b) both A and V will increase
 c) both A and V will decrease d) A will decrease, V will increase
104. System is shown in the figure. Light rays from a point object are first deviated by a prism and then focused by a thin lens of focal length f . The prism is made of material with refractive index $3/2$ and has small apex angle 2° ie, small angle approximations are valid $\sin\alpha \cong \alpha$ and $\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \alpha + \beta$, whered α and β are angles. The final image is

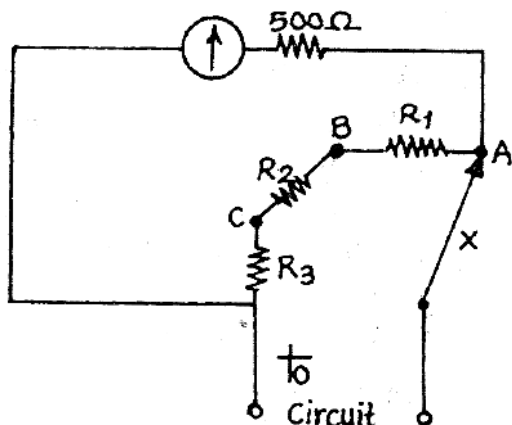


- a) virtual and formed at a distance $2f$ from the lens
 b) real and formed at a distance $2f$ from the lens
 c) real and formed at a distance $3f/2$
 d) real and formed at a distance $3f$ from the lens
105. A narrow beam of light is incident on a $30^\circ - 60^\circ - 90^\circ$ prism perpendicular to the surface AB. Assume that light beam is close to A. The index of refraction of prism is 2.1. See figure and take $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{10}{21}\right) = 28^\circ 26'$. The beam emerges from the face.....
 a)CB
 b)AB
 c)AC
 d) Some light through AC and remaining light through AB



106. A spherical iron ball is placed on a large block of dry ice at $0^\circ C$. The ball sinks into the ice until it is half submerged. Density of iron is $7.7 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$. Density of ice is 920 kg/m^3 . Specific heat capacity of iron is 504 J/kg - K and latent heat of fusion of ice is $336 \times 10^3 \text{ J/kg}$. The initial temperature of iron is
 a) $37.64^\circ C$ b) $39.82^\circ C$ c) $42.62^\circ C$ d) $38.64^\circ C$

107. A galvanometer is used to measure small currents. A certain galvanometer has a resistance 500Ω and gives a full-scale deflection for a current of $200\mu\text{A}$. This meter is connected as shown in the figure to make a multirange current meter.



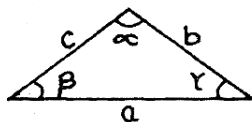
Connection to the circuit is made at the terminals shown. The currents in the external circuit needed to give full scale deflections when X is connected to A, B and C in turn are shown the table

X connected to	Current in the external circuit (mA)
A	I
B	10
C	100

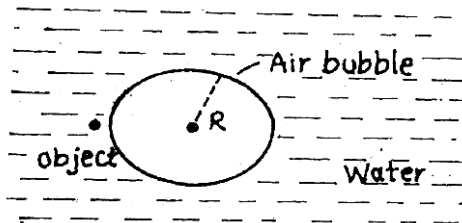
The value of R_3 is

- a) 2.25Ω b) 0.25Ω c) 1.25Ω d) 3.25Ω
108. Light rays from a very small object immersed in water falls on the bubble of radius R. Assume that the object is very close to the surface of the bubble. Refractive index of water is $4/3$. Take the approximation $\sin\theta \cong \theta$ and $\cos\theta \cong 1$ where ' θ ' is angle and consider the rays close to a diameter of the bubble. Use the following formula to solve the problem $\frac{\sin\alpha}{a} = \frac{\sin\beta}{b} = \frac{\sin\gamma}{c}$

(see figure)

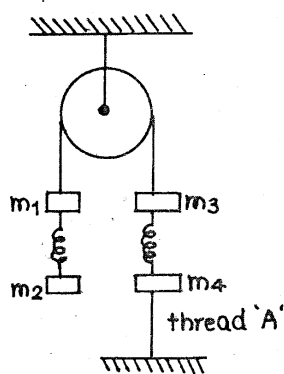


The image is(from the center of the bubble)



- a) Virtual and formed at a distance $3R/2$
 b) Virtual and formed at a distance $2R/3$
 c) Virtual and formed at a distance $3R/5$
 d) Real and formed at a distance $3R/2$
109. At what height above the earth's surface is the acceleration due to gravity 1% less than its value at the surface Radius of earth is 6400 km. Take $(1+x)^{-2} = 1-2x$ when $x \ll 1$
- a) 16 km b) 32 km c) 64 km d) $32\sqrt{2}\text{km}$

110. An ant runs from an ant-hill in a straight line so that its velocity is inversely proportional to the distance from the center of ant-hill. When the ant is at a point A at a distance 1m from the center of the hill, its velocity is 2 cm/s. Point B is at a distance of 2 m from the center of the ant-hill. The time taken by the ant to run from A to B is
- a) 25 s b) 75s c) 55s d) 65s
111. The two ends of a horizontal conducting rod of length l are joined to a voltmeter. The whole arrangement moves with a horizontal velocity u , the direction of motion being perpendicular to the rod. The vertical component of earth's magnetic field is B . The voltmeter reading is
- a) Blv only if the rod moves eastward b) Blv only if the rod moves westward
 c) Blv only if the rod moves in any direction d) zero
112. A ball of uniform density $2/3$ of that of water is dropped freely into a pond from a height 10m above its surface. The maximum depth the ball can travel in water is
- a) 21m b) 10m c) 20m d) 30m
113. System is shown in figure. System is in equilibrium state. Assume that springs, threads and pulley are weightless. If the lower thread 'A' has been cut, immediately masses m_1, m_2, m_3 and m_4 get accelerations $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$ and α_4 respectively. Which of the following is TRUE?



- a) $\alpha_1 \neq 0; \alpha_2 \neq 0; \alpha_3 \neq 0; \alpha_4 \neq 0$ b) $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = 0; \alpha_4 = 0$
 c) $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0; \alpha_3 \neq 0; \alpha_4 \neq 0$ d) $\alpha_2 \neq 0; \alpha_1 \neq 0; \alpha_3 = 0; \alpha_4 \neq 0$

CHEMISTRY

114. Chemical tests of four metals A,B,C,D shown the following results :]
 * Only B and C react with 0.5 M HCl to give H_2 gas
 * When B is added to a solution containing the ions of the other metals
 * A reacts with 6 M HNO_3 , but D does not
 Arrange the metals in the increasing order as reducing agents
 a) B,C,A,D b) C,A,D,B c) A,D,B,C d) D,A,C,B
115. Classify each of the following reactions :
- a) $Zn_{(s)} + 2AgNO_{3(aq)} \rightarrow Zn(NO_3)_{2(ag)} + 2Ag_{(s)}$
 b) $Ca(OH)_{2(s)} \xrightarrow{\text{Heating}} CaO_{(s)} + H_2O_{(g)}$
 c) $Cu(NO_3)_{2(aq)} + Na_2S_{(aq)} \rightarrow 2NaNO_3_{(aq)}$
 d) $H_2SO_{3(aq)} + 2KOH_{(aq)} \rightarrow K_2SO_{3(aq)} + 2H_2O_{(l)}$
- | | Reaction/Type of reaction | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| 1) Precipitation | Neutralization | Decomposition | Redox, reaction |
| 2) Neutralization | Precipitation | Redox reaction | Decomposition |
| 3) Redox reaction | Decomposition | Precipitation | Neutralization |
| 4) Decomposition | Redox reaction | Neutralization | Precipitation |

116. Consider the following pairs of elements :

- I and H
- C and F
- B α and F
- N and F
- K and O

The correct statement regarding these pairs is

- 1) The two pairs B α and F, K and O most likely to form ionic bonds
 - 2) The least polar bond is formed between C and F
 - 3) Between I and H an ionic bond is formed
 - 4) Between N and F the covalent bond is most polar
117. We have to get the problem of acid rain under control. We must do whatever it takes to get the pH down to zero". The quote is
- 1) absolutely correct
 - 2) wrong
 - 3) meaningless because pH rain water has no relation with its acidic nature
 - 4) quite meaningful
118. Match the following

Compound formula	Class of the compound
a) C_2H_4	i) Alkane
b) C_7H_{12}	ii) Alkene
c) $C_{13}H_{28}$	iii) Alkyne
d) C_5H_{10}	iv) Possible cyclo alkane

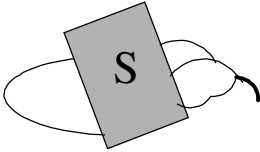
- 1) a-iii, b-ii, c-I, d-iv 2) a-ii, b-iii, c-I, d-iv 3) a-iv, b-iii,c-ii, d-i 4) a-iii,b-ii,c-iv, d-i
119. Which of the following class of organic compound does not contain (C=O) group in some form ?
- 1) Aldehydes
 - 2) Ehters
 - 3) Carboxylic acids
 - 4) Esters
120. Sodium azide NaN_3 decomposes explosively to sodium metal and nitrogen gas and is used in automobile air bags $2NaN_3 \rightarrow 2Na + 3N_2$ Azide ion is isoelectronic to
- 1) CO
 - 2) NO
 - 3) CO_2
 - 4) H_2O
121. The path of light gets illuminated when passed through the solution
- 1) Blood solution (aq)
 - 2) Brine solution (aq)
 - 3) Cpper sulphate solution (aq)
 - 4) Acetic acid solution (aq)
122. Which one of the following is the smallest in size ?
- 1) N^{3-}
 - 2) O^{2-}
 - 3) F^{-1}
 - 4) Na^+
123. The action of cleaning of oily dirt by soap is based on
- 1) solubility in water
 - 2) hydrophilic property
 - 3) hydrophobic property
 - 4) presence of both hydrophilic and hydrophobic groups
124. Graphite is very soft as compared other substances because
- 1) carbon atoms are arranged in such a way that they form flint layers
 - 2) carbon atoms are arranged in such a way that they form flint layers
 - 3) linkages between atoms within layer of graphite are weak
 - 4) linkages between atoms of the layers are weak

125. The gaseous hydrocarbon acetylene C_2H_2 used in welder's torch releases 1300kJ. When 1 mole C_2H_2 under goes combustion, the which of the following is not true
- 1) Combustion of acetylene is exothermic reaction
 - 2) The balanced chemical reacting combustion of acetylene is $C_2H_2 + 5O_2 \rightarrow 2CO_2 + H_2O$
 - 3) 2 moles of water produced 2 moles of acetylene reacts
 - 4) 44 g of CO_2 produced when of acetylene reacts
126. You have the mythical metal element 'X' that can exhibit variable value 1,2 and 5. Which of the following are not the correct chemical for formulae for the compounds of by the combination of the "X" with different radicals ?
- A) XPO_4 B) X_2SO_4 C) X_5ClO_4 D) X_3NO_3
- 1) Only B 2) B and C 3) A,C and D 4) B and D

BIOLOGY

127. Your friend is unable to identify the colours of flowers. What would be the reason ?
- A) Malfunctioning of rods B) Malfunctioning of Cones
C) Haemophilia D) Colour blindness
- Choose the correct answers
- a) A,B b) A,C c) B,C d) B,D
128. Bioluminescence is a feature exhibited by animals of
- a) Abyssal zone b) Euphotic zone c) Bathyal zone d) Photic zone
129. Match the items in Group-1 with Group-2

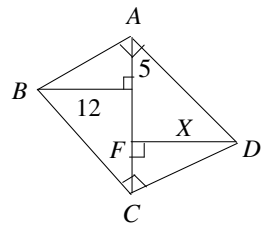
Group –1	Group – 2
A) Instinct	i) Doucklings
B) Imprinting	ii) Pavlov
C) Imitation	iii) Reflexes
D) Conditioning	iv) Monkey and hat merchant

- Choose the correct answer:
- a) A-iv, B-i, C-iii, D-ii b) A-iii, B-i, C-iv, D-ii
c) A-iii, B-iv, C-i, D-ii d) A-ii, B-i, C-iv, D-iii
130. In muscular tissues contractile proteins play a role in
- a) Osmosis and diffusion b) Contraction and relaxation
c) Transpiration and transportation d) Excretion and secretion
131. At the end of the experiment to prove that light is necessary for photosynthesis, when the leaf was tested with iodine, the 'S' shaped figure on the leaf was found to be
- a) green – presence of starch
b) blue – black presence of starch
c) green – absence of starch
d) blue black absence of starch
- 
132. One boy as not able to see in the night. Which kind of vitamins you suggest him to take ?
- a) Calciferol b) Tocoferol c) Retinol d) Riboflavin
133. Which of the following statements are TRUE about respiration ?
- i) Hemoglobin has greater affinity for CO_2 than O_2
 - ii) The gaseous exchange takes place in the alveoli
 - iii) During inhalation ribs move inward and diaphragm is raised
 - iv) Hemoglobin has greater affinity for O_2 than CO_2
- a) ii and iv b) i and iii c) ii and iii d) i and ii
134. 'Edema' is related to
- a) Digestive system b) Excretory system c) Lymphatic system d) Arterial system

147. If $a < b < c < d < e$ are consecutive positive integers, such that $b + c + d$ is a perfect square and $a + b + c + d + e$ is a perfect cube. What is the smallest possible value of c ?
 1) 675 2) 576 3) 475 4) 384
148. Product of two roots $x^4 + 11x^3 + kx^2 + 269x - 2001$ is -69 , then the value of $k = \dots$
 1) 5 2) -7 3) -10 4) 8
149. In triangle ABC , $AC = 3AB$, let AD bisect angle A with D lying on BC and let E be the foot of the perpendicular from C to AD . Then $\frac{\text{area of } \triangle ABD}{\text{area of } \triangle CDE} = \dots$

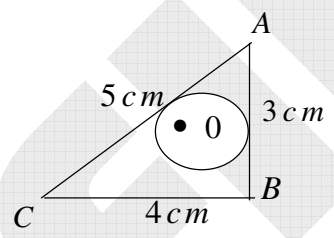
- 1) 2 2) $\frac{1}{3}$ 3) $\frac{1}{4}$ 4) $\frac{2}{3}$

150. 3 sides of triangle are consecutive integers and the largest angle is twice the smallest angle. The perimeter of triangle is
 1) 15 units 2) 10 units 3) 12 units 4) 16 units
151. In a triangle ABC , D is the mid point of AB , E is the mid point of DB and F is the mid point of BC . If the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 96, then the area of $\triangle AEF$ is
 1) 16 2) 24 3) 32 4) 36
152. In the quadrilateral $ABCD$, $\angle A = \angle C = 90^\circ$, $AE = 5$ cm, $BE = 12$ cm and $AC = 21$ cm. If $DF = x$, then the value of $x = \dots\dots\dots$



- 1) $4\frac{3}{5}$ cm 2) $5\frac{1}{4}$ cm 3) $6\frac{2}{3}$ cm 4) 7 cm

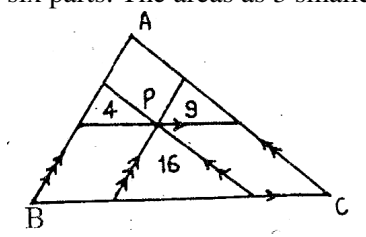
153. In the figure 'O' is the in center of $\triangle ABC$ where $AB = 3$ cm, $BC = 4$ cm and $AC = 5$ cm. Area of $\triangle ABC = rs$. Where r is in radius and s is the semiperimeter, then the value of $OC =$



- 1) $\sqrt{10}$ cm 2) 8 cm 3) $\sqrt{5}$ cm 4) $2\sqrt{2}$ cm

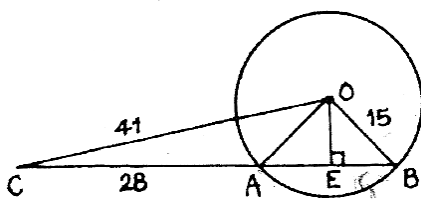
154. If $p(x) = x^4 + ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ $p(1) = p(2) = p(3) = 0$, then the value of $p(4) + p(0) = \dots\dots\dots$
 1) 10 2) 24 3) 25 4) 12

155. In the adjoining figure ABC is a triangle, P is an interior point in it. Three lines are drawn through the point P , parallel to three sides as shown in the figure. The triangle is divided into six parts. The areas as 3 smaller triangle are 4, 9 and 16 units, then the area of $\triangle ABC$ is



- 1) 64 2) 81 3) 42 4) 65

156. In the figure O is the center of the circle, CAB is a secant, CO = 41 cm, CA = 28 cm and OB = 15. $OE \perp AB$, then AE =



- 1) 8 cm 2) 10 cm 3) 12 cm 4) 15 cm
157. If $\sin \alpha$ and $\cos \alpha$ are the roots of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, then $a^2 + 2ac = \dots$
 1) c^2 2) $-2ab$ 3) b^2 4) 0
158. The area enclosed by the curve $|x| + |y| = 1$ is

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} |x| = x \text{ for } x > 0 \\ \quad = -x \text{ for } x < 0 \\ \quad = 0 \text{ for } x = 0 \end{array} \right]$$
 1) 1 square unit 2) 2 square units 3) 3 square units 4) 4 square units
159. $3^9 + 3^{12} + 3^{15} + 3^n$ is a perfect cube, $n \in \mathbb{N}$, then the value of $n = \dots\dots\dots$
 1) 18 2) 17 3) 14 4) 16
160. A four digit number has the following properties
 i) It is a perfect square
 ii) Its first two digits are equal to each other
 iii) Its last two digits are equal to each other
 Then the four digit number is
 1) 5566 2) 7744 3) 2288 4) 3399

HISTORY

161. Who sought to build a cooperative community called New Harmony in Indiana (USA)?
 (1) Robert Owen (2) Louis Blanc (3) Friedrich Engels (4) Karl Marx
162. "One people, one empire, one leader", whose slogan is this?
 (1) Stalin (2) Adolf Hitler (3) Lenin (4) Benito Mussolini
163. According to the 1878 Forest Act, even the villagers cannot take anything from these classified forests?
 (1) Village forests (2) Protected forests (3) Reserved forests (4) All of these
164. Who argued that the state had not created the wind, water, earth and wool, so it could not own it?
 (1) Surontiko Samin (2) Dirk van Hogendorp (3) Ho Chi Minh (4) San Jose
165. Find the CORRECT statement in relation with 'Bugyal'?
 (1) A dry forest area below the foothills of Garhwal and Kumaon.
 (2) Lower ends of grain stalks left in the ground after harvesting
 (3) Pastoral community of Maharashtra
 (4) Vast meadows in high mountains
166. Find out the WRONG statement.
 (1) The head quarters of International Cricket Council is located in Dubai.
 (2) Parsis founded the first Indian Cricket Club, the Oriental Cricket Club in Bombay in 1848
 (3) The World's First Cricket Club was formed in Hambledon in 1760's.
 (4) First One Day International Cricket Match was played in 1977.

167. Who was called Mad Bonza by the French?
 (1) Huynh Phu So (2) Phan Boi Chau
 (3) Liang Qichao (4) Henri Navarre
168. As a part of this movement, Naidhobi bandhs were organized by panchayats to deprive landlords of the services of even barbers and washermen?
 (1)Gudem Hills of Andhra Pradesh (2)Peasant Movement of Awadh
 (3)Mepla Movement in Kerala (4)Kheda Satyagraha in Gujarat
169. "Malabar Beauty" painting was made by
 (1)Raja Ravi Varma (2)Chandu Menon
 (3) Abanindranath Tagore (4) Natesha Shastri
170. The architect who rebuilt Paris in 1852 was
 (1)Baron Haussmann (2)T. E. Turner
 (3)Francis Garnier (4) Carl Wecker
171. Inquisition means
 (1) Action, speech or writing that is seen as opposing the government
 (2)A former Roman Catholic Court for identifying and punishing heretics
 (3)A parchment made from the skin of animal
 (4)A sixteenth century movement to reform the Catholic Church dominated by Rome
172. By the 1860's weavers faced a new problem. They could not get sufficient supply of raw cotton of good quality. Why?
 (1)Drought conditions in India and China
 (2)Ganjam famine
 (3)American civil war
 (4) All of these

GEOGRAPHY

173. The famous valley of Kashmir is situated between the mountain ranges of
 (1)Karakoram and Ladakh (2)Ladakh and Zaskar
 (3)Zaskar and Greater Himalayas (4)Greater Himalayas and Pirpanjal
174. Which of the following is NOT correct in relation with Terai region?
 (1)Dachigam National Park is located in this region.
 (2)It is a swampy and marshy region
 (3)This is a thickly forested region full of wild life
 (4)The forests in Terai region have been cleared to create agricultural land and to settle the migrants from Pakistan after partition.
175. The northern plains get rainfall in winter from
 (1)North east monsoons
 (2)Local convection
 (3)Depressions originating in the mediterranean sea
 (4)South west monsoons
176. In India, which one of the following types of forests is teak a dominant tree species?
 (1) Tropical evergreen forests
 (2)Tropical moist deciduous forests
 (3)Tropical thorn scrub forests
 (4)Alpine forests

177. What is the share of India's population in world's population, according to 2001 Census?
 (1) 14.2% (2) 16.7% (3) 19.3% (4) 11.8%
178. Birth rate means
 (1) the number of live births for every 1000 persons in a year
 (2) The number of live births for every 100 persons in a year
 (3) The number of live births_ for every 1000 persons in a decade
 (4) The number of live births for every 100 persons in a decade
179. Which one of the following is the main cause of land degradation in Maharashtra?
 (1) Intensive cultivation (2) Over irrigation
 (3) Deforestation (4) Overgrazing
180. Which one of the following is wrongly matched?
 (1) Endangered species — Indian Rhino '
 (2) Endemic species — Mithun
 (3) Extinct species — Pink head duck
 (4) Vulnerable species — Asiatic Cheetah
181. Match the list **A** with **B** and select the correct answer.

(A)	(B)
A) Wheat	i) Moist and humid climate with rainfall of more than 200 cm
B) Rice	ii) Hot and moist climate with rich soil
C) Tea	iii) Cool growing season and bright sunshine at the time of ripening
D) Rubber	iv) Warm and moist climate with high altitude

Codes	A	B	C	D
1)	iii	ii	iv	i
2)	i	iii	ii	iv
3)	iii	ii	i	iv
4)	iv	iii	i	ii

182. Find out the CORRECT statements.
 i) Balaghat mines in Madhya Pradesh produce 52% of India's copper.
 ii) Odisha is the largest Bauxite producing state in India with 45% of the country's total production.
 iii) Mica deposits are found in the North western part of the Deccan Plateau.
 iv) Kudremukh Mine's iron ore is transported as slurry through a pipe line to port near Mangalore.
 1) i,iii, iv (2) ii, iii, iv (3) i, ii, iv (4) i, ii, iii, iv
183. Which one of the following statements is NOT CORRECT?
 (1) Kandla is a tidal port.
 (2) Kolkata is an inland riverine port.
 (3) Mangalore is the deepest land locked port.
 (4) Cochin is a natural harbour.

184. In which state is the Shivpuri National Park located?
 (1) Maharashtra (2) Madhya Pradesh
 (3) Rajasthan (4) Uttar Pradesh

POLITICAL SCIENCE

185. Nearly half of the voting power in the IMF is in the hands of only seven countries. Which among these is NOT in the seven countries?
 (1) Saudi Arabia (2) United Kingdom
 (3) Germany (4) France
186. Find the wrong sentence.
 (1) Women do not have the right to „vote in Saudi Arabia.
 (2) PRI (Institutional Revolutionary Party) is the winning party in Mexico from 1930 to 2000.
 (3) In China, the government is always formed by the Chinese Communist Party.
 (4) Indian-Fijians have not been given right to vote in Fiji.
187. Which of these was the most salient underlying conflict in the making of a democratic constitution in South Africa?
 (1) Between South Africa and its neighbours.
 (2) Between Christians and Muslims
 (3) Between- the white majority and the black minority
 (4) Between the white minority and the black majority
188. Match list A with list B and select the correct answers using the codes given below the lists

[A]	[B]
A) Universal adult franchise	i) Reservation of seats for the SC's and ST's
B) representation of weaker sections	ii) any one can form a party or contest elections
C) Open political competition	iii) each constituency has roughly the same population
D) one vote one value	iv) every one who is 18 years of age or older has a right to vote

Codes	A	B	C	D
(1)	ii)	iii)	iv	i
(2)	iii)	ii)	i	iv)
(3)	iv	i	ii	iii
(4)	i)	iii)	iv)	ii)

189. A coalition government in a country is generally formed where there is
 (1) one party system (2) two party system
 (3) no party system (4) multi party system dominated by one party
190. Which of these is a mostly spoken language in India after Hindi ?
 1) Tamil 2) Bengali 3) Telugu 4) Kannada
191. Which of these related to political party founders is WRONG ?
 1) Bahujans Samaj Party – Kanshiram 2) Jharkhand Party – Baldev Singh
 3) Swatantra Party – K.M. Munshi 4) Republican Party of India – B.R. Ambedkar
192. Studies on political and social inequalities in democracy show that
 1) inequalities exist in democracies 2) inequalities do not exist under dictatorship
 3) democracy and development together 4) dictatorship is better than democracy

ECONOMICS

193. Find the CORRECT statement(s)
 i) Small farmers constitute about 80 percent of total farmers in India.
 ii) Labour is the most abundant factor of production
 iii) Money is called as fixed capital
 iv) Out of every 100 workers in the rural areas in India, only 24 are engaged in non-farm activities
 1) i, iii, iv 2) i, iv 3) i, ii, iv 4) ii, iii, iv
194. Infant mortality rate means
- (1) Death of a child under one year of age
 - (2) Death of a child under two years of age
 - (3) Death of a child under three years of age
 - (4) Death of a child under four years of age
195. Which of the following states, has the high poverty ratio than the India's average poverty ratio?
 (1) Bihar (2) Assam (3) Himachal Pradesh (4) Uttar Pradesh
196. Among the following, who are eligible to benefit from MGNREGA?
 (1) Adult members of only SC and SI households
 (2) Adult members of B P I. households
 (3) Adult members of households of all backward communities
 (4) all adult members of any household
197. What is the body mass index of a person weighing 90 kgs and is 1.82 mts tall?
 (1) 27.17 (2) 21.42 (3) 29.92 (4) 19.96
198. Consider the following statements about human development index.
 i) HDI stands for Human Development of India.
 ii) Three levels are considered under Gross Enrollment Ratio.
 iii) Per capita income is calculated in dollars.
 iv) According to the Human Development Index, India is a developed nation. Which of the given statements are TRUE?
 1) i, ii, iii 2) ii, iii 3) ii, iii, iv 4) i, ii, iii, iv
199. Find the one who DOES NOT belong to primary sector
 1) Fisherman 2) Flower cultivator 3) Potter 4) Bee-keeper
200. Find the one that is NOT related to starvation deaths
 1) Kalahandi – Odisha 2) Baran – Rajasthan
 3) Kashipur – Madhya Pradesh 4) Palamau - Jharkhand