## CHAPTER 10

## STRAIGHT LINES

## IMPROVEMENT 2018

1. a) Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of the line joining the points

$$
\begin{equation*}
(0,0) \text { and }(-3,4) . \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) Find the coordinates of the point on the line $y=3 x+2$ that is equidistant from $(0,0)$ and $(-3,4)$
2. a) Reduce the equation $x-y=4$ into normal form.
b) Write the distance of this line from origin.

## IMPROVEMENT 2017

3. a) Slope of the line $2 x+3 y-6=0$ is $\qquad$
i) $\frac{-2}{3}$
ii) $\frac{-3}{2}$
iii) 2
iv) 3
b) Find the equation of the line perpendicular to $2 x+3 y-6=0$ and passing through $(-1,1)$.
c) Find the foot of the perpendicular from $(-1,1)$ to the line $2 x+3 y-6=0$.

## Or

a) Slope of a line making an angle of $120^{\circ}$ with positive direction of $\mathrm{X}-$ axis is $\qquad$
i) $\frac{-1}{2}$
ii) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
iii) $-\sqrt{3}$
iv) $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
b) Find the x and y intercepts of the line

$$
\begin{equation*}
3 x-4 y+10=0 . \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

c) Find the angle between the lines $y=\sqrt{3} x+5$ and $\sqrt{3} y+x+6=0$

## MARCH 2017

4. a) The slope of the line passing through the points $(3,-2)$ and $(7,-2)$ is $\qquad$
i) -1
ii) 2
iii) 0
iv)1
b) Reduce the equation $6 x+3 y-5=0$ into slope-intercept from and hence find its slope and y - intercept.
c) Find a point on the x - axis which is equidistant from the points $(7,6)$ and $(3,4)$.

## IMPROVEMENT 2016

5. a) Which is the slope of the line perpendicular to the line with slope $\frac{-3}{2}$ ?
i) $\frac{-3}{2}$
ii) $\frac{-2}{3}$
iii) $\frac{3}{2}$
iv) $\frac{2}{3}$
b) Find the equation of the line intersecting the $x$-axis at a distance of 3 units to the left of origin with slop -2 .
c) Assume that straight lines work as the plane mirror for a point, find the image of the point $(1,2)$ in the line $x-3 y+4=0$.

## MARCH 2016

6. a) Which one of the following pair of straight lines are parallel?
i) $x-2 y-4=0 \quad ; 2 x-3 y-4=0$
ii) $x-2 y-4=0 \quad ; x-2 y-5=0$
iii) $2 x-3 y-8=0 ; 3 x-3 y-8=0$
iv) $2 x-3 y-8=0 ; 3 x-2 y-8=0$
b) Equation of a straight line is $3 x-4 y+10=0$. Convert it into the intercept form and write the x -intercept and y -intercept.
c) Find the equation of the line perpendicular to the line $x-7 y+5=0$ and having x -intercept 3 .

## SEPTEMBER 2015

7. a) Slope of a line ' $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ ' making an angle $135^{\circ}$ with the positive direction of the $x$ - axis is $\qquad$
i) 1
ii) -1
iii) $\sqrt{3}$
iv) $-\sqrt{3}$
b) Find the equation of the line ' $L_{2}$ ' perpendicular to ' $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ ' and passing through the point $(-2,3)$
c) Find the equation of line passing through the intersection of $4 x-y+7=0$ and which is parallel to $5 \mathrm{x}+4 \mathrm{y}-20=0$

## OR

a) Slope of the line $\mathrm{L}: 2 \mathrm{x}+3 \mathrm{y}+5=0$ is
i) $-\frac{2}{3}$
ii) $\frac{2}{3}$
iii) $-\frac{3}{2}$
iv) $\frac{3}{2}$
b) Find the equation of the line $L^{1}$ parallel to L and passing through $(2,2)$.
c) Find the distance of the lines $L$ and $L^{1}$ from the origin. Also find the distance between the lines L and $\mathrm{L}^{\prime}$.

## MARCH 2015

8. a) Find the equation of the line passing through the points $(3,-2)$ and $(-1,4)$.
b) Reduce the equation $\sqrt{3} x+y-8=0$ into normal form.
c) If the angle between two lines is $\pi / 4$ and slope of one of the lines is $\frac{1}{2}$, find the slope of the other line.

## IMPROVEMENT 2014

9. a) Find the equation of the line passing through the two points $(1,-1)$ and $(3,5)$.
b) Find the angle between the lines

$$
\begin{equation*}
y-\sqrt{3} x-5=0 \text { and } \sqrt{3} y-x+6=0 \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

## MARCH 2014

10. a) Find the slope of the line passing through the point $(3,-2)$ and ( $-1,4$ ).
b) Find the distance of the point $(3,-5)$ from the line $3 x-4 y-26=0$.
c) Consider the equation of the line $3 x-4 y+10=0$. Find its:
i) slope.
ii) x and y intercepts.

## IMPROVEMENT 2013

9. Consider the line joining the points $\mathrm{P}(-4,1)$ and $\mathrm{Q}(0,5)$.
a) Write the coordinates of the midpoint of PQ .
b) Find the equation of the line passing through the midpoint of PQ and parallel to the line $3 x-4 y+2=0$.
10. Consider the $\mathrm{x}+3 \mathrm{y}-7=0$
a) The slope of the line is $\qquad$
b) Find the image of the point $(3,8)$ with respect to the given line.

MARCH 2013
11. a) Find the slope of the line joining the points $(2,2)$ and $(5,3)$.
b) Find the equation of the line joining the points $(2,2)$ and $(5,3)$.
12. a) If two lines are perpendicular, then the product of their slopes is $\qquad$
b) Find the equation of a line perpendicular to the line $x-2 x+3=0$ and passing through the point $(1,-2)$.

## IMPROVEMENT 2012

13. The vertices of $\triangle A B C$ are $A(2,1), B(-3,5)$ and $C(4,5)$.
i) Write the co-ordinates of the midpoint of AC.
ii) Find the equation of the median through the vertex $B$.

## MARCH 2012

14. The vertices of $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$ are $\mathrm{A}(-2,3), \mathrm{B}(2,-3)$ and $C(4,5)$.
a) Find the slope of BC.
b) Find the equation of the altitude of $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$ passing through A.

## MARCH 2011

15. Consider the straight line $3 x+4 y+8=0$.
a) What is the slope of a line which is perpendicular to the given line?
b) If the perpendicular line passes through $(2,3)$, form its equation.
c) Find the foot of the perpendicular drawn from $(2,3)$ to the given line.

## IMPROVEMENT 2010

16. a) Find the slope of the line $\frac{x}{a}+\frac{x}{b}=1$.
b) If the lines joining the points $(0,0),(1,1)$ and $(2,2),(4, y)$ are perpendicular, find $y$.
17. a) Write the equation of $y$-axis.
b) Find the distance between the lines
$8 x+15 y-5=0$ and $8 x+15 y+12=0$

## MARCH 2010

18. i) Find the slope of the line joining $(-2,6)$ and $(4,8)$.
ii) Find the value of x if the above line is perpendicular to the line joining $(8,12)$ and $(x, 24)$.
19. i) Reduce the equation $3 x+4 y-12=0$ into intercept form.
ii) Find the distance of the above line from its origin.
iii) Find the distance of the above line from the line $6 x+8 y-18=0$.

## IMPROVEMENT 2009

20. Consider the points $\mathrm{A}(2,2)$ and $\mathrm{B}(5,3)$.
i) Find the slope of the line through the points A and $B$.
ii) Find the equation of the line passing through the points A and B .
iii) Find the image of the point $(1,2)$ in the line through A and B.

## MARCH 2009

21. a) Find the angle between the $x$-axis and the line joining (2,-1) and (4,-3).
b) Convert the equation of the line $2 x-3 y+6=0$ into intercept form.
22. a) Find the distance between the pair of lines $4 x-3 y-9=0$ and $8 x-6 y-21=0$.
b) Find the distance of the point $(3,-3)$ from the line $3 x-4 y-26=0$.

## IMPROVEMENT 2008

23. Consider the points $\mathrm{A}(6,2), \mathrm{B}(3,-1)$ and $\mathrm{C}(-2,4)$
i) Find $\mathrm{AB}, \mathrm{BC}$ and AC .
(1)
ii) Show that $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$ is a right angled triangle. (1)
24. i) The point of concurrence of the medians of a triangle is called. $\qquad$
ii) Show that the points $(-1,-1),(2,3)$ and $(8,11)$ are collinear.
25. Consider the straight line passing through $\mathrm{A}(-2,6)$ and $\mathrm{B}(4,8)$.
i) Find the slope of the straight line passing through A and B.
ii) Prove that the straight line $A B$ is perpendicular to $\mathrm{y}+3 \mathrm{x}=2$.
(2)
