

QB365

Important Questions - Alcohols , Phenols and Ethers

12th Standard CBSE

Chemistry

Reg.No. :

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Time : 01:00:00 Hrs

Total Marks : 50

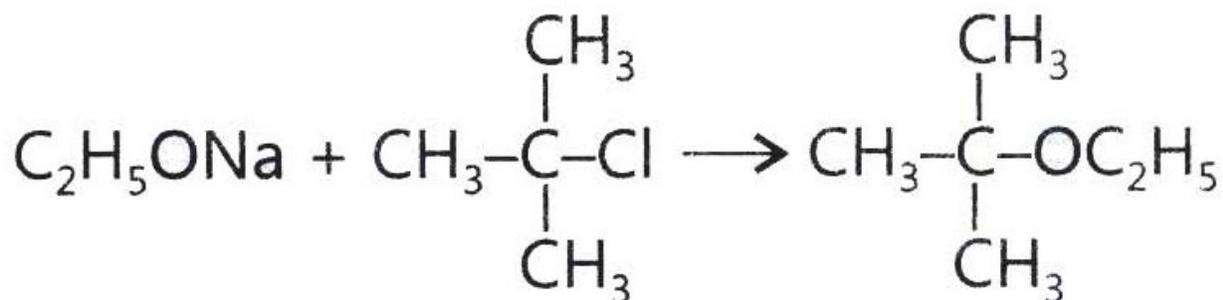
Section - A

- 1) Products obtained when HI reacts with isopropyl methyl ether at 373 K are 1
(a) isopropyl iodide and methyl alcohol (b) isopropyl alcohol and methyl iodide
(c) isopropyl iodide and water (d) methyl iodide and water
- 2) Which among the following compounds will give a secondary alcohol on reacting with Grignard reagent followed by acid hydrolysis? I.HCHO II.C₂H₅CHO III.CH₃COCH₃ IV.RCOOC₂H₅ Select the correct answer using the code given below: 1
(a) Only II (b) Only III (c) II and IV (d) III and IV
- 3) An unknown alcohol is treated with the "Lucas reagent" to determine whether the alcohol is primary,secondary or tertiary.Which alcohol reacts fastest and what mechanism? 1
(a) tertiary alcohol by S_N2 (b) secondary alcohol by S_N1 (c) tertiary alcohol by S_N1
(d) secondary alcohol by S_N2
- 4) Which of the following will not be soluble in sodium bicarbonate? 1
(a) 2, 4, 6-Trinitrophenol (b) Benzoic acid (c) o-Nitrophenol (d) Benzenesulphonic acid
- 5) Among the following sets of reactants which one produces anisole? 1
(a) CH₃CHO;RMgX (b) C₆H₅OH;CH₃I (c) C₆H₅OH;neutral FeCl₃ (d) C₆H₅CH₃;CH₃COCl;AlCl₃
- 6) Solvent used in perfumes (1) Ethanol 1
- 7) Wood spirit (2) Methanol 1
- 8) Kolbe's reaction (3) Conversion of phenol to o-hydroxybenzoic acid 1
- 9) Reimer-Tiemann reaction (4) Conversion of phenol to salicylaldehyde 1
- 10) Fermentation (5) Ethyl alcohol 1

Section - B

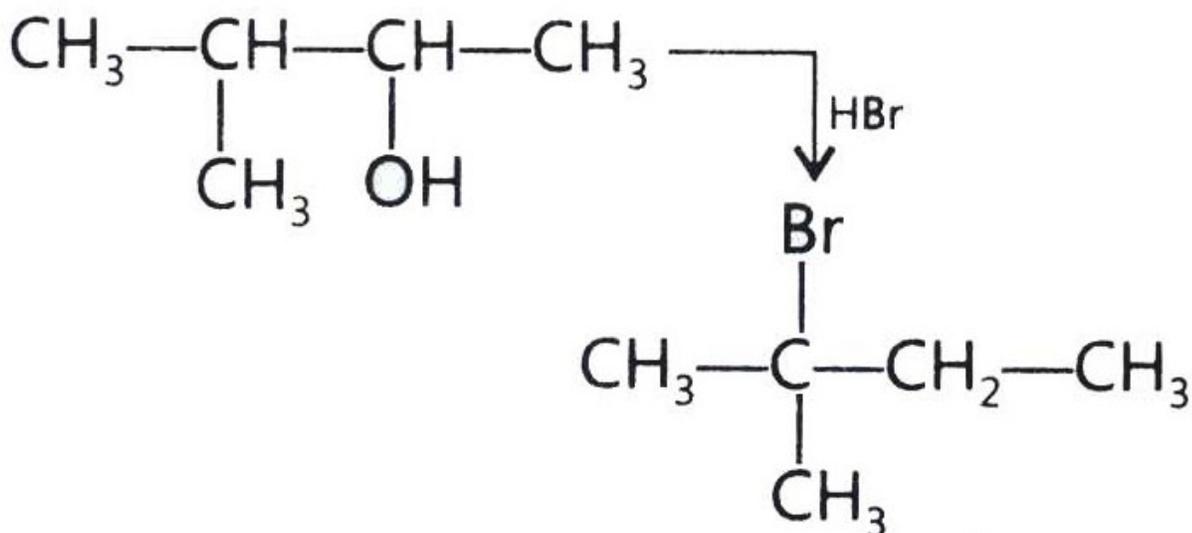
- 11) Etherial solution of an organic compound 'A' when heated with magnesium gave 'B'. 'B' on treatment with ethanal followed by acid hydrolysis gave 2-propanol. Identify the compound 'A'. What is 'B' known as? 2
- 12) Give equations of the following reactions: (i) Oxidation of propan-1-ol with alkaline KMnO₄ solution. (ii) Bromine in CS₂ with phenol. (iii) Dilute HNO₃ with phenol. (iv) Treating phenol with chloroform in presence of aqueous NaOH. 2
- 13) Illustrate with examples the limitations of Williamson's synthesis for the preparation of certain types of ethers. 2

- 14) Arrange the following sets of compounds in order of their increasing boiling points, (a) Pentan-1-ol, butan-1-ol, butan-2-ol, ethanol, propan-1-ol, methanol (b) Pentan-1-ol, n-butane, pentanal, ethoxyethane. 2
- 15) The following is not an appropriate reaction for the preparation of t-butyl ethyl ether. 2



(i) What would be the major product of this reaction? (ii) Write a suitable reaction for the preparation of i-butyl ethyl ether.

- 16) When 3-methylbutan-2-ol is treated with HBr following reaction takes place; 2



Give a mechanism for this reaction. (Hint: The secondary carbocation formed in step II rearranges to a more stable tertiary carbocation by a hydride ion shift from 3rd carbon atom.)

- 17) Give two reactions that show the acidic nature of phenol. Compare its acidity with that of ethanol. 2
- 18) Write the mechanism of the following reaction: 2
- $$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{HBr}} \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Br} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$$
- 19) Account for the following: (i) Propanol has higher boiling point than butane. (ii) Ortho-nitrophenol is more acidic than ortho-methoxyphenol. (iii) Preparation of ethers by acid dehydration of secondary or tertiary alcohols is not a suitable method. 2
- 20) Give two reactions that show the acidic nature of phenol. Compare acidity of phenol with that of ethanol. 2

Section - C

- 21) Explain why alcohols do not react with NaBr but H_2SO_4 is added they form alkyl bromides. 5

- 22) Miss Usha was asked to synthesize alcohol by acidic hydration of 'l-butene. She was unaware of the fact that the vessel she used had some coating of a metal, and in addition to alcohol, compound X was isolated X forms bisulphate compound as well as 2, 4-dinitrophenylhydrazone. Separation of alcohol could be made by physical as well as by chemical methods. 5
- (i) How are alcohol and X formed?
(ii) Can alcohol and X give iodoform test?
(iii) Give different methods of separation?
(iv) What value did Miss. Usha lack?
- 23) A compound A ($C_4H_{10}O$) is found to be soluble in concentrated sulphuric acid. (A) does not react with sodium metal or potassium permanganate. When (A) is heated with excess of HI, it gives a single alkyl halide. Deduce the structure of compound (A) and explain all the reactions involved. 5
- 24) An organic compound (A) on treatment with $CHCl_3$ and KOH gives two compounds B and C. Both B and C give the same product (D) when distilled with zinc dust. Oxidation of D gives E having molecular formula $C_7H_6O_2$. The sodium salt of E on heating with soda-lime gives F which may also be obtained by distilling A with zinc dust. Identify A to F 5

