PART 03 — C M L ENGINEERING AND GEOINFORMATICS

(Answer ALL questions)

- 76. The acceleration of a particle moving along the circumference of a circle with a uniform speed is directed
 - 1. radially
 - 2. tangentially at the point
 - 3. away from the center
 - 4. towards the center
- 77. The inherent property of a body which offers reluctance to change its state of rest or uniform motion is
 - 1. weight
 - 2. mass
 - 3. inertia
 - 4. momentum
- 78. A satellite goes on moving along its orbit round the earth due to
 - 1. gravitational force
 - 2. centrifugal force
 - 3. centripetal force
 - 4. none of the above
- 79. Stress in a beam due to simple bending is
 - 1. directly proportional
 - 2. inversely proportional
 - 3. curvilinearly released
 - 4. none of the above
- 80. The phenomenon of slow growth of strain under a steady tensile stress is called
 - 1. yielding
 - 2. creeping
 - 3. breaking
 - 4. none of the above
- 81. Vicats apparatus is used to perform the test of
 - 1. finess
 - 2. setting time
 - 3. consistency
 - 4. compressive strength

- 82. For M 150 mix concrete, according to I.S. specification local bond stress is
 - 1. 5 kg/cm^2
 - $2. 10 \text{ kg/cm}^2$
 - 3. 15 kg/cm^2
 - 4. 20 kg/cm²
- 83. A prestressed concrete member is
 - 1. made of concrete
 - 2. stressed
 - 3. made of reinforced concrete
 - 4. none of the above
- 84. A column splice is used to increase
 - 1. length of column
 - 2. strength of column
 - 3. cross sectional area of column
 - 4. none of the above
- 85. The stress in the wall or a thin cylinder subjected to internal pressure is
 - 1. hoop compression
 - 2. shear
 - 3. torsional shear
 - 4. hoop tension
- 86. The inventor of the term soil mechanic was
 - 1. Kray
 - 2. Dr. Karl Terzaghi
 - 3. Laygue
 - 4. Fellenius
- 87. Pycrometer is used to determine
 - 1. void ratio
 - 2. dry density
 - 3. watercontent
 - 4. density index

 The co-efficient	of compressibility of soil is	S
the ratio of		

- 1. stress to strain
- 2. strain to stress
- 3. stress to settlement
- 4. rate of loading to that of settlement

89. The ultimate bearing capacity of soil is

- 1. total load on the bearing area
- 2. safe load on the bearing area
- 3. load at which soil fails
- 4. load at which soil consolidates

90. Under reamed piles are generally

- 1. driven piles
- 2. board files
- 3. precast piles
- **4.** all of the above

91. The unit of Kinematic viscosity is

- 1. m^2/sec
- 2. newton sec per m²
- 3. $newton sec^2 per m^3$
- 4. m² per sec

92. From a nozzle exposed to atmosphere, the liquid jet traverses along

- 1. a straight line
- 2. a circular path
- 3. an elliptical path
- 4. a parabolic path

93. The standard height of a standard rain gauge is

- 1. 10 cm
- 2. 20 cm
- 3. 30cm
- **4.** 50 cm

94. The formula $V = 4001 (D_{10}^{2} / 4)$ used for determining the velocity of groundwater flow in meter per day is known as

- 1. Meinzer's formula
- 2. Slichter's formula
- 3. Darcy's formula
- 4. Hazen's formula

95. For the estimate of high floods in fan – shaped catchment, the formula used is

- 1. Dicken's formula
- 2. Ryves formula
- 3. Inglish formula
- **4.** None of the above

96. A circular sewer section is preferred to other shapes because

- 1. it is cheaper in construction
- 2. it provides a maximum area for a given perimeter
- 3. it provides maximum hydraulic mean depth
- 4. all of the above

97. The coagulant widely used for sewage treatment is

- 1. alum
- 2. ferricchloride
- **3.** ferric sulphate
- 4. chlorinated sulphur

98. The maximum pressure to which a pipe is subjected to during its operation is known as

- 1. working pressure
- 2. design pressure
- 3. test pressure
- 4. pipe pressure

99. For controlling the algae, the most commonly used chemical is

- 1. copper sulphate.
- 2. alum
- 3. lime
- 4. bleaching powder

- 100. The most commonly used chemical for dechlorination of water is
 - 1. sodium thiosulphate
 - 2. sodium bisulphate
 - 3. sodium sulphate
 - 4. all of the above
- 101. The boundary of water of a still lake, represents a
 - 1. level surface
 - 2. horizontal surface
 - 3. contour line
 - 4. concave surface
- 102. Removal of parallax may be achieved by
 - 1. refocusing the objective
 - 2. refocusing the eye-piece
 - 3. refocusing the objective and eye piece
 - 4. none of the above
- 103. International date line is located along
 - 1. Standard meridian
 - 2. Greenwich meridian
 - 3. Equator
 - 4. 180° longitude
- 104. The position of the sun when its north declination is maximum is known as
 - 1. Vernal equinox
 - 2. Autumnal equinox
 - 3. Summer solstice
 - 4. Winter solstice
- 105. Triangulation surveys are carried out for providing
 - 1. planimetric control
 - 2. height control
 - 3. both planimetric and height control
 - 4. none of the above

- 106. If no super evaluation is provided on a road along curves pot holes may develop at
 - 1. Inner edge of the road
 - 2. Outer edge of the road
 - 3. Centre of the road
 - 4. No where on the road
- 107. The length of transition curve is governed by
 - 1. rate of change of radial acceleration
 - 2. rate of change of super-elevation
 - 3. both (1) and (2)
 - 4. neither (1) nor (2)
- 108. The basic formula for the determination of thickness of pavements was first suggested by
 - 1. Spanglar
 - 2. Picket
 - 3. Kelly
 - 4. Gold beck
- 109. Maximum wheel base distance provided on Indian B.G. track is
 - 1. 4.096 m
 - 2. 5.096 m
 - 3. 6.096 m
 - 4. 7.096 m
- 110. The spike commonly used to fix rails to wooden sleepers in Indian railway is
 - 1. dog spike
 - 2. screw spike
 - 3. round spike
 - 4. all of the above

- 111. The relation between the air base (B) photographic base (b) flying height (H) and the focal length (f) of a vertical photograph is
 - 1. B = bH/f
 - 2. B = f/bH
 - 3. B = b / fH
 - 4. B = H/bf
- 112. The rotation of the aircraft about 'Y' axis is designated by the letter
 - 1. 'w' is sometimes called 'roll'
 - 2. 'Φ' is sometimes called 'pitch'
 - 3. 'z' is sometimes called 'swing'
 - 4. none of the above
- 113. The satellite launched by USA is
 - 1. IRS 1C
 - 2. SPOT
 - 3. ERS
 - 4. Landsat
- 114. The spatial resolution of IRS IC PAN satellite data is
 - 1. 23.5 m
 - 2. 36.25 m
 - **3.** 5.8 m
 - $4 \quad 20 \, \text{m}$
- 115. During the cloud, the satellite sensor used to take observation is
 - 1. optical sensor
 - 2. microwave sensor
 - 3. both optical and microwave sensor
 - 4. none of the above

- 116. The vector data base structure used in GIS is
 - 1. Network database structure
 - 2. Hierarchical data structure
 - 3. relational data base structure
 - 4. all of the above
- 117. Data used to study the details of data available in GIS environment is called
 - 1. relational data base
 - 2. oracle
 - 3. meta data
 - 4. Informix
- 118. The input device used to enter the data in GIS environment is
 - 1. scanner
 - 2. digitizer
 - 3. key board
 - 4. all of the above
- 119. GIS is used for
 - 1. urban planning
 - 2. utility planning
 - 3. disaster management
 - 4. all of the above
- 120. The two data models used in GIS are
 - 1. TIN model and grinded DEM
 - 2. DEM and DTM
 - 3. Raster and vector
 - 4. None of the above

PART 04 — MECHANICAL, AUTOMOBILE AND AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Answer ALL questions)

76. The efficiency of a Screw Jack is given by

1.
$$\frac{\tan \alpha}{\tan(\alpha + \phi)}$$

$$2. \qquad \frac{\tan \alpha}{\tan(\alpha - \phi)}$$

3.
$$\frac{\tan(\alpha+\phi)}{\tan a}$$

4.
$$\frac{\tan(a-\phi)}{\tan a}$$

77. The train value of a gear train is

- 1. equal to velocity ratio of a gear train
- 2. reciprocal of velocity ratio of a gear train
- 3. always greater than unity
- 4. always less than unity

78. The ratio of the maximum displacement of the forced vibration to the deflection due to the static force is known as

- 1. damping factor
- 2. damping coefficient
- 3. logarithmic decrement
- 4. magnification factor

79. A plate with a circular hole is subjected to a transverse load. The magnitude of stress infront of the hole in the axial direction is

- 1. same as the stress in the transverse direction
- 2. 3 times the stress in the transverse direction
- 3. 2 times the stress in the transverse direction
- 4. the magnitude of the stress is zero

80. The main constituent of duralumin is

- 1. aluminium
- 2. manganese
- 3. copper
- 4. magnesium

81. The steel used for rails under heavy traffit and on sharp curves is

- 1. manganese steel
- 2. chrome steel
- 3. cast steel
- 4. mild steel

82. Corrosion resistance of stainless steel is due to

- 1. Chromium
- 2. Vanadium
- 3. Carbon
- 4. Sulphur

83. Which material will have highest limiting strength?

- 1. Aluminium
- 2. Cast iron
- 3. Mild steel
- 4. Wrought. iron

84. A 3 m² hot black surface at 80° C is losing heat to the surrounding air at 25" C by convection with a convection coefficient of

 $12~\rm{W/m^2\,^\circ C},~and~by~radiation~to~the~surrounding~surfaces~at~15^{\circ}~C.$ The total heat loss from the surface is

- 1. 1987 W
- 2. 2239 W
- **3.** 2348 W
- 4. 3451 W

85. For an irreversible process, entropy change is

- 1. greater than $\delta Q/T$
- 2. equal to SQ/T
- 3. less than $\delta Q/T$
- 4. equal to zero

	T 1 (771)			
- 17	Joule-Thomson	coefficient is	given by	7

- $(\delta T/\delta P)_h$
- 2. $(\delta T/\delta V)_b$
- 3. $(\delta T/\delta V)_s$
- 4. (SSISP),

87. Following relationship defines the Gibbs free energy G

- 1. G = H + TS
- 2. G = H TS
- G = U + TS
- 4. F = U TS

88. Internal energy and enthalpy of an ideal gas are functions of

- 1. temperature and pressure
- 2. pressure only
- 3. temperature only
- 4. temperature and specific volume

89. In S.I. Units one ton of refrigeration is equal to

- 1. 210 kJ/min
- 2. 21 kJ/min
- 3. 420 kJ/min
- 4. 840 kJ/min

90. Domestic refrigerator working on vapour compression cycle uses the following type of expansion valve

- 1. electrically operated throttle valve
- 2. capillary tube
- 3. expansion valve
- 4. thermostatic valve

- 91. Which of the following refrigerants has the lowest freezing point?
 - 1. Freon -12
 - 2. NH,
 - 3. CO_2
 - 4. Freon 22
- 92. The most suitable refrigerant for a commercial ice plant is
 - 1. Brine
 - 2. Freon 12
 - 3. NH,
 - 4. CO₂

93. Air is dehumidified by

- 1. heating
- 2. cooling
- 3. injecting water
- 4. injecting steam
- 94. In which type of welding a pool of molten metal is used
 - 1. electroslag
 - 2. submerged arc
 - 3. MIG
 - 4. TIG
- 95. A brazed joint may be satisfactorily used on components made of
 - 1. tin plate
 - 2. brass
 - 3. copper
 - 4. aluminium
- 96. In sand moulding, the middle part of flask is called
 - 1. cope
 - 2. check
 - 3. drag
 - 4. flask-middle

- 97. For grinding cast iron, brass and aluminium which one of the following material is used for wheel?
 - 1. Aluminium oxide
 - 2. Silicon carbide
 - 3. Borazon
 - 4. Diamond
- 98. The process in which higher hydrocarbons are decomposed into smaller hydrocarbons is called
 - 1. cracking
 - 2. reforming
 - 3. polymerization
 - 4. alkylation
- 99. One effect of detonation is
 - 1. delay in ignition
 - 2. interruption in lubrication
 - 3. loss of power
 - 4. deterioration in the quality of air-fuel mixture
- 100. An indication of ignition quality of diesel fuel is given by
 - 1. detonation
 - 2. octane number
 - 3. pre-ignition
 - 4. cetane number
- 101. The most widely used fuel supply system for car engine is
 - 1. Gravity system
 - 2. Pressure system
 - 3. Vacuum system
 - 4. Pump system
- 102. Fuel pump pressure should be approximately
 - 1. 3 kPa
 - 2. 30 kPa
 - 3. 100 kPa
 - 4. 300 kPa

- 103. The inertia of the rotating parts of the classic should be
 - 1. maximum
 - 2. minimum
 - 3. zero
 - 4. 50 % of minimum
- 104. Cushioning springs in clutch plate are mean; to reduce
 - 1. torsional vibrations
 - 2. vehicle speed
 - 3. jerky starts
 - 4. engine speed
- 105. The thrust bearings should come into contact with the release levers when the
 - 1. vehicle is stationary
 - 2. vehicle is running very fast
 - 3. vehicle is driven very slow
 - 4. clutch pedal is depressed
- 106. Free pedal play in car clutches is about
 - 1. 3 mm
 - 2. 30 mm
 - 3. 60mm
 - 4. 100 mm
- 107. Thin airfoil theory predicts the lift curve slope of a thin airfoil is
 - 1. π per degree
 - 2. π per radian
 - 3. 2π per degree
 - 4. 2n per radian
- 108. NACA 0014 implies that the airfoil is
 - 1. symmetric
 - 2. positively cambered
 - 3. negatively cambered
 - 4. cusped

- The component of a transonic airplane for which transonic area rule applied is
 - . nose
 - 2. wing
 - 3. tail
 - 4. fuselage
- 110. Induced drag of an airplane can be reduced by
 - 1. boundary layer fence
 - 2. spoilers
 - 3. winglets
 - 4. decreasing aspect ratio
- 111. V-n diagram is a plot of
 - 1. Velocity Vs normal force
 - 2. Volumetric flow Vs normal force
 - 3. Velocity Vs load factor
 - 4. Volumetric flow Vs load factor
- 112. The order of temperature in the primary zone of a can type coinbustor is
 - 1. 2600 K
 - 2. 1200 K
 - **3.** 400 K
 - 4. 3400 K
- 113. The overall air to fuel ratio in a turbojet engine is approximately
 - 1. 67
 - 2. 15
 - **3.** 8
 - 4. 4
- .14. The order of pressure ratio that can be achieved in a single sided centrifugal compressor is
 - 1. 24
 - 2. 6
 - **3.** 42
 - 4. 2
- 115. For turbine blade cooling, the coolant air is tapped from the following range of stages of a multistage-axial flow compressor
 - 1. 10 to 12
 - 2. 4 to 6
 - 3. 18 to 20
 - 4. 1st and 2nd stages only

- 116. In an optimally expanded jet engine nozzle, the nozzle exit pressure is equal to
 - 1. half of ambient pressure
 - 2. ambient pressure
 - **3.** one-fourth of combustion chamber pressure
 - **4.** pressure at inlet section of the intake of the engine
- 117. In case of pure shear at a point, the sum of normal stresses on two rectangular orthogonal planes is equal to
 - 1. maximum shear stress
 - 2. twice the maximum shear stress
 - 3. half the maximum shear stress
 - 4. zero
- 118. A hollow shaft of same cross sectional area as solid shaft transmits
 - 1. same torque
 - 2. less torque
 - 3. more torque
 - 4. depends on the external diameter
- 119. The effective length of a column with one end fixed and the other end free is
 - 1. its own length
 - 2. twice its length
 - 3. half its length
 - 4. $2^{-1/2}$ x its length
- 120. A spherical vessel with an inside diameter of 2 m is made of material having an allowable stress in tension of 500 kgf / cm². The thickness of the shell to withstand a pressure of 25 bar should be
 - 1. 5 cm
 - 2. 10 cm
 - 3. 2.5 cm
 - 4. 1.25 cm

PART 05 — ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONICS, COMMUNICATIONAND INSTRUMENTATION ENGINEERING

(Answer ALL questions)

76.	How	much	energy	is	stored	by	a	100	mH
	inductance with a current of 1 A?								

- 1. 100 J
- 2. 1 J
- 3. 0.05 J
- 4. 0.01 J

- 1. B (N 1)
- 2. N (B 1)
- 3. B N 1
- 4. (B+N)-1

78. When
$$R = 10 \Omega$$
, $X_C = 18 \Omega$ and $X_L = 12 \Omega$, the current

- 1. leads the applied voltage
- 2. lags behind the applied voltage
- 3. is in phase with the voltage
- 4. is in quadrature with the voltage

- 1. **3.5** VA
- 2. 2 V A
- 3. 4.03 VA
- 4. 3 V A

- 1. increases
- 2. decreases
- **3.** remains the same
- 4. is zero

- 1. 150 V
- 2. 175 V
- 3. 240 V
- 4. 290 V

- 1. increase
- 2. decrease
- 3. remain unaffected
- 4. fluctuate heavily

83. D.C. motors are widely used in

- 1. Pump sets
- 2. Air compressors
- 3. Electric traction
- 4. Machine shops

84. The starting winding of a single-phase motor is placed in

- 1. armature
- 2. field
- **3.** rotor
- 4. stator

85. An over-excited synchronous motor takes

- 1. leading current
- 2. lagging current
- 3. both (1)and (2)
- 4. in phase current

- In open loop system the control action
 - 1. depends on the size of the system
 - 2. depends on system variables
 - 3. depends on the input signal
 - 4. is independent of the output
- 87. A controller is essentially a
 - 1. Sensor
 - 2. Clipper
 - 3. Comparator
 - 4. Amplifier
- 88. A signal flow graph is a
 - topological representation of a set of differential equations
 - 2. polar graph
 - 3. log log graph
 - 4. special type of graph to analyse modern control systems
- 89. When the gain margin is positive and the phase margin is negative, the system is
 - 1. stable
 - 2. unstable
 - **3.** stable or unstable depending on the system
 - 4. undeterministic
- 90. The effect of adding poles and zeros can be determined quickly by which of the following?
 - 1. Root locus
 - 2. Nyquist plot
 - 3. Bode plot
 - 4. Nicholar chart

- 91. A Norton's equivalent is
 - 1. parallel circuit
 - 2. series circuit
 - 3. series-parallel circuit
 - 4. none of the above
- 92. A resistor of **5** ohms is connected in one branch of a complex network. The current in this branch is 5 A. If this **5** Ω resistor is replaced by **10** Ω resistor the current in this branch will be
 - 1. 10 A
 - 2. 2.5 **A**
 - 3. 5 A
 - 4. less than 5 A
- 93. To determine the polarity of the voltage drop across a resistor, it is necessary to know the
 - 1. value of the resistor
 - 2. value of current through the resistor
 - 3. direction of current through the resistor
 - 4. power consumed by the resistor
- 94. In a network the number of tree branches
 - 1. is equal to the number of links
 - 2. cannot be equal to number of links
 - 3. is twice the number of links
 - **4.** has no relation with the number of link branches

- 95. For a voltage source
 - the source emf and terminal voltage are equal
 - 2. terminal voltage is always lower than source emf
 - terminal voltage cannot be higher than source emf
 - 4. terminal voltage is zero
- 96. Kirchoffs voltage law states that the
 - total voltage drop in a series circuit is always finite
 - sum of emf and voltage drops in a closed mesh is zero
 - 3. sum of emfs in a series circuit is zero
 - 4. sum of emf and voltage drops in a closed mesh is not zero
- 97. In a thyristor, the magnitude of anode current will
 - 1. increase if gate current is increased
 - 2. decrease if gate current is decreased
 - 3. increase if gate current is decreased
 - 4. not change with variation in gate current
- 98. For an SCR, dildt protection is achieved through the use of
 - 1. R in series with SCR
 - 2. L in series with SCR
 - 3. RL in series with SCR
 - 4. RLC in series with SCR

- 99. Inverter gain is given by the ratio
 - 1. dc output voltage/ac input voltage
 - 2. ac output voltage/ac input voltage
 - 3. dc output voltage/dc input voltage
 - 4. ac output voltageldc input voltage
- 100. A zener diode works on the principle of
 - tunnelling of charge carriers across the junction
 - 2. thermionic emission
 - diffusion of charge carriers across the junction
 - 4. hoping of charge carriers across the junction
- 101. The major application of chopper drive is in
 - 1. traction
 - 2. computers
 - 3. heating furnishes
 - 4. miniature motors
- 102. When a thyristor gets turned on, the gate drive
 - 1. should not be removed or it will turn off the SCR
 - 2. may or may not be removed
 - **3.** should be removed
 - 4. should be removed in order to avoid increased losses and higher function temperature
- 103. Computer cannot do anything without a
 - 1. chip
 - 2. memory
 - 3. output device
 - 4. program

- 104. The first computer made available for commercial use was
 - 1. Mark-I
 - 2. ENIAC
 - 3. EDSAC
 - 4. UNIVAC
- 105. When did Intel announce its 16-bit 80286 chip?
 - 1. 1980
 - 2. 1982
 - 3. 1984
 - 4. 1986
- 106. How many bits can be stored in the 8 K RAM?
 - 1. 8000
 - 2. 8192
 - **3.** 4000
 - 4. 4096
- 107. The larger the RAM of a computer, the faster its processing speed is since it eliminates the
 - 1. need of ROM
 - 2. need for external memory
 - 3. frequent disk I/Os
 - 4. need for wider data path
- 108. Which of the following types of transducers can be used for measuring the angular position?
 - (a) Circular potentiometer
 - (b) LVDT
 - (c) E-Pick off
 - (d) Synchro

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- 1. (a), (b), (c) and (d)
- 2. (a) and (c)
- 3. (a), (b) and (d)
- 4. (a) and (d)

- 109. The most suitable thermocouple to be used for measuring temperature in the range of 1300° C to 1500" C is
 - 1. Chromel-Constantan
 - 2. Iron-Constantan
 - 3. Chromel-Alumel
 - 4. Platinum-Rhodium
- 110. LVDT is a
 - 1. displacement transducer
 - 2. velocity transducer
 - 3. acceleration transducer
 - 4. pressure transducer
- 111. In a strain measuring equipment using a resistance strain gauge the output quantity is
 - 1. resistance
 - 2. voltage
 - 3. current
 - 4. impedance
- 112. If the temperature increases by 100° C, the resistivity of a thermistor is likely to become
 - 1. one half of initial value
 - 2. one fiftieth of initial value
 - 3. twice the initial value
 - 4. no change
- 113. The purpose of duplexer is
 - 1. to convert TDM to FDM
 - 2. to provide same antenna both for transmission and reception
 - 3. to convert pulsed transmission to CW transmission
 - 4. both (1)and (3)

- 114. In FM transmission, amplitude of the modulating signal determines
 - 1. rate of frequency variations
 - 2. amount of frequency shift
 - 3. total balance of transmission
 - 4. distance of broadcast
- 115. The highest harmonic generated in human voice is
 - 1. 1 kHz
 - 2. 5 kHz
 - 3. 3kHz
 - 4. 10 kHz
- 116. If the reflection coefficient of a line is zero, the line is
 - 1. Infinite line
 - 2. Open-circuited
 - 3. Short-circuited
 - 4. Very short line
- 117. The receiving antenna most commonly used for TV broadcasting in the UHF band is
 - 1. turnstile antenna
 - 2. dipole antenna
 - 3. yagi antenna
 - 4. rhombic antenna

- 118. Generally the aircraft electrical system uses supply frequency of
 - 1. 50 Hz
 - 2. 60 Hz
 - **3.** 400 Hz
 - 4. 115 Hz
- 119. In GPS Navigation, there can be integration between
 - 1. GPS and INS
 - 2. GPS and LORAN C
 - 3. GPS and ILS
 - 4. GPS and DME
- 120. Mach Number is defined as the ratio betweenTrue air speed and speed of the sound at
 - 1. sea level
 - 2. any altitude
 - 3. a particular altitude
 - 4. all altitudes

PART 06 — EARTH SCIENCES

- 76. The margins at which the plates neither gain nor lose surface area are called
 - 1. Continental margins
 - 2. Destructive margins
 - 3. Conservative margins
 - 4. None of the above
- 77. Geosynclines located on the tectonically stable margins of the continents are referred as
 - 1. Paralia-geosynclines
 - 2. Mio-geosynclines
 - 3. Exo-geosynclines
 - 4. Eugeosynclines
- 78. A network of parallel or sub-parallel streams developed along strike and dip direction is known as
 - 1. Resequent
 - 2. Trellis
 - 3. Dendritic
 - 4. Pinnate
- 79. The Hawaiian islands are examples of
 - 1. Transform fault
 - 2. Fissure eruption
 - 3. Interplate volcanoes
 - 4. Intra volcanic chain
- 80. Part of the sea floor adjoining a landmass is known as
 - 1. Continental shelf
 - 2. Continental slope
 - 3. Beach
 - 4. Continental rise
- 81. The crustal model of isostasy was proposed by
 - 1. Washington and Clark
 - 2. Wegener
 - 3. Jacob
 - 4. Sir George Airy
- 82. Higher roundness of grains indicates
 - 1. Degree of Weathering
 - 2. Longer distance of transport
 - 3. Maturity of sediment
 - 4. Shorter distance of transport

- 83. Amphibolite Schist is a rock associated with
 - 1. Tin
 - 2. Gold
 - 3. Copper
 - 4. Aluminium
- 84. Which among the following is the first to crystallize on cooling?
 - 1. Quartz
 - 2. Feldspar
 - 3. Olivine
 - 4. Mica
- 85. Diamonds are usually associated with
 - 1. Granite
 - 2. Sandstone
 - 3. Dolerite
 - 4. Kimberlite
- 86. Leucocratic rocks are
 - 1. Dark coloured
 - 2. Medium grey coloured
 - 3. Light grey coloured
 - 4. Medium to dark grey coloured
- 87. Dolerite is a rock that possesses
 - 1. Porphyro-blastic texture
 - 2. Granitic texture
 - 3. Vesicular texture
 - 4. Ophitic texture
- 88. Joints that are perpendicular to fold axes and having steep dips are called
 - 1. Release joints
 - 2. Extension joints
 - 3. Shear joints
 - 4. None of the above
- 89. Petrofabric diagram occurring as girdle will represent
 - 1. B-Tectonite
 - 2. R-Tectonite
 - 3. S-Tectonite
 - 4. Both (1) and (2)

- 90. Dome and basin structures are characteristic of
 - 1. Type I interference pattern
 - 2. Type II interference pattern
 - 3. Type III interference pattern
 - 4. None of the above
- 91. The ratio of transverse strain to axial strain is called
 - 1. Compressibility
 - 2. Poisson's ratio
 - 3. Modulus of Elasticity
 - 4. Breaking strength
- 92. A group of beds which are able to lift their own weight and that of overlying rock strata without much internal flowage is called
 - 1. Incompetent beds
 - 2. Ductile material
 - 3. Competent beds
 - 4. Rheid
- 93. The hingeline of a doubly plunging fold will be
 - 1. Curvilinear
 - 2. Horizontal
 - 3. Rectilinear
 - 4. None of the above
- 94. The host rocks for banded iron formation are
 - 1. Quartzites
 - 2. Dolerite
 - 3. Granite
 - 4. Schist
- 95. Fluorspar deposits at Amba Dongar are associated with
 - 1. Granites
 - 2. Carbonatites
 - 3. Phyllites
 - 4. Marbles
- 96. Bauxite mining in India is mainly done in
 - 1. Deccan traps
 - 2. Lateritic terrains
 - 3. Phyllites
 - 4. Granites

- 97. Blue Quartz veins are of special value in searching for
 - 1. Gold
 - 2. Silver
 - 3. Lead
 - 4. Zinc
- 98. The metallic mineral known to be a good conductor of electricity is
 - 1. Hematite
 - 2. Chromite
 - 3. Braunite
 - 4. Galena
- 99. In cavity filling deposits, the ore is built up in successive layers called
 - 1. Vugs
 - 2. Geode
 - 3. Druse
 - 4. Crustification
- 100. The geophysical technique in which the fields measured are not stationary but vary with time is
 - 1. Electrical
 - 2. Magnetic
 - 3. Gravity
 - 4. Seismic
- 101. Overbreak is a term associated with
 - 1. Construction of dams
 - 2. Tunneling operation
 - 3. Bridge construction
 - 4. Drilling bore wells
- 102. Idukki dam in Kerala is an example of
 - 1. Masonry dam
 - 2. Arch dam
 - 3. Gravity dam
 - 4. Embankment dam
- 103. Well diameter and mud content of the walls of a well can be measured by
 - 1. Caliper logging
 - 2. Neutron logging
 - 3. Photoelectric logging
 - 4. Electrical logging

- 104. The geophysical method that can successfully locate copper, lead and zinc deposits is
 - 1. Seismic method
 - 2. Magnetic method
 - 3. Gravity method
 - 4. Airborne electromagnetic method
- 105. Airborne magnetometry, used to locate magnetic minerals can be effective upto a depth of
 - 1. 600 to 800 metres
 - 2. 400 to 600 metres
 - 3. 1000 to 1200 metres
 - 4. 200 to 400 metres
- 106. The fastest method of drilling for groundwater is
 - 1. Cable tool method
 - 2. Hydraulic rotary method
 - 3. Boring method
 - 4. None of the above
- 107. In an unconsolidated aquifer, where the water table is at shallow depth, the suitable well would be
 - 1. Dug well
 - 2. Driven well
 - 3. Bored well
 - 4. Jetted well
- 108. Water of magmatic origin is known as
 - 1. Meteoric water
 - 2. Capillary water
 - 3. Connate water
 - 4. Juvenile water
- 109. Recharge area is that region which
 - 1. Supplies water to perched aquifer
 - 2. Supplies water to unconfined aquifer
 - 3. Receives water from confined aquifer
 - 4. Supplies water to confined aquifer

- 110. The coefficient of permeability (T) is expressed as
 - $1. T = \frac{b}{k}$
 - 2. T = QA
 - 3. T = Kb
 - 4. None of the above
- 111. Which one of the following has the highest porosity?
 - 1. Limestone
 - 2. Sandstone
 - 3. Clay
 - 4. Gravel
- 112. The water stored and released after flood is called as
 - 1. Specific retention
 - 2. Specific yield
 - 3. Flood yield
 - 4. Bank storage
- 113. Specific retention may be expressed as

$$1. \qquad S_r = \frac{Y}{100 \,\mathrm{W}}$$

$$2. S_r = \frac{100W}{Y}$$

$$3. \qquad S_r = \frac{V}{100W_r}$$

$$4. \qquad S_r = \frac{100W_r}{V}$$

- 114. Water containing less than 1 gm of salts per kilogram of water is classified as
 - 1. Hot water
 - 2. Salt water
 - 3. Cold water
 - 4. Fresh water
- 115. The relationship between fresh and saline water can be understood by
 - 1. Hill's method
 - 2. Ghyben-Herzberg principle
 - 3. Darcy's law
 - 4. Reynold's number

PART 07 — PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

- 76. Electroforming is particularly useful for
 - 1. Non-ferrous components
 - 2. Thin walled parts requiring high order of accuracy and internal surface finish
 - 3. Manufacturing electrical conductors
 - 4. Parts that cannot be machined
- 77. The investment castings tolerances may be expected to the extent of
 - 1. +1 mm
 - 2. ± 0.1 mm
 - 3. $\pm 0.05 \text{ mm}$
 - 4. $\pm 0.001 \, \text{mm}$
- 78. Shot peening
 - 1. is done at recrystallisation temperature
 - 2. changes the crystalline structure of materials
 - 3. improves the fatigue life of small parts
 - 4. refines the grain structure
- 79. The process used for manufacturing the body of a carburettor is
 - 1. Fine sand casting
 - 2. Metal spraying
 - 3. Die casting
 - 4. Continuous casting
- 80. Construction of FLD curve is based upon
 - 1. Applied load during forming
 - 2. Circumferential strains
 - 3. Frictional stresses
 - 4. Chemical composition of material
- 81. Hidden welding is mainly carried out by
 - 1. TIG
 - 2. Under water welding
 - 3. EBW
 - 4. LBW

- 82. The concept of HAZ can be easily explained by
 - 1. Lap joint
 - 2. T joint
 - 3. Butt joint
 - 4. V joint
- 83. The shielding gases used in GMAW is
 - 1. any gas
 - 2. only inert gas
 - 3. combination of gases where inert gas is a must
 - 4. combination of two different inergases only
- 84. In machine tools chatter occurs due to
 - 1. Free vibration
 - 2. Forced vibration
 - 3. Random vibration
 - 4. Self excited vibration
- 85. In cutting tool materials, considering the property of hardness, the next hard material to diamond is
 - 1. Stellite
 - 2. CBN
 - 3. Coated carbides
 - 4. SiC
- 86. Profile of a gear tooth can be checked by
 - 1. Sine bar
 - 2. Bench micrometer
 - 3. Optical pyrometer
 - 4. Optical projector
- 87. Optical flats are made of
 - 1. Quartz
 - 2. Glass
 - 3. Plastic
 - 4. Silicon
- 88. Vee Block used in the workshop is to check the
 - 1. Roundness of a cylindrical work
 - 2. Surface roughness
 - 3. Dimensions of an oval job
 - 4. Taper on a job

- 89. Electron beam machining removes materials by
 - 1. Shear
 - 2. Melting and vapourisation
 - 3. Erosion
 - 4. Abrasive action
- 90. The type of chip produced when cutting cast iron is
 - 1. Discontinuous
 - 2. Continuous
 - 3. With built up edge
 - 4. Curled
- 91. The percentage of Pearlite present in 0.4 % C steel is
 - 1. 25
 - 2. 50
 - 3. 75
 - 4. 100
- 92. Duralumin is an alloy of Aluminium and
 - 1. Copper
 - 2. Magnesium
 - 3. Zinc
 - 4. Silicon
- 93. Which one of the following pair constitutes Pearlite?
 - 1. Ferrite + Austenite
 - 2. Austenite + Cementite
 - 3. Cementite + Ferrite
 - 4. Ferrite + Martensite
- 94. The corrosion resistance of stainless steel is due to the presence of
 - 1. Chromium
 - 2. Nickel
 - 3. Silicon
 - 4. Tungsten
- 95. During Vulcanizing, the rubber is heated with
 - 1. Sodium
 - 2. Sulphur
 - 3. Silicon
 - 4. Zinc

- 96. The coding system which consist of 5 digit form code and 4 digit supplementary code is
 - 1. MICLASS system
 - 2. OPITZ system
 - 3. DCLASS system
 - 4. COFORM system
- 97. The hardware/software protocol developed jointly by industries for Network Communication is
 - 1. MAP
 - 2. JIT
 - 3. TOM
 - 4. SNA
- 98. The data structure used to represent the B-Rep model is known as
 - 1. Edge vertice data structure
 - 2. Winged edge data structure
 - 3. Model based data structure
 - 4. Linked list data structure
- 99. The Euler-Pontcare formula to check the validity of the solid model is
 - $1. \qquad F + E V = 4$
 - $2. \qquad F E + V = 4$
 - 3. F E + V = 2
 - 4. F + E V = 2
- 100. Which of the following datum selection is difficult for process planning engineer?
 - 1. The machine datum
 - 2. The fixture datum
 - 3. The part datum
 - 4. The tool datum
- 101. A small firm produces 100 pens per day. The direct material cost is found to be Rs. 160, direct labour cost is Rs. 200 and factory overheads chargeable to it is Rs. 250. If the selling on cost is 40 % of the factory cost, what must be the selling price of each pen to realise a profit of 14.6 % of the selling price?
 - 1. Rs. 8.54
 - 2. Rs. 10
 - 3. Rs. 6.10
 - 4. Rs. 8.10

For a shop producing one type (or) class of product, the suitable over-head allocation method would be

- 1. Man-hour rate
- 2. Machine hour rate
- 3. Unit rate
- 4. Machine and man hour rate
- 103. The material used for the manufacture of Jig Bush is
 - 1. Bronze
 - 2. Brass
 - 3. Copper
 - 4. Hardened Steel
- 104. The locator used in milling operation is
 - 1. Stepping block
 - 2. Height gauge
 - 3. Setting block
 - 4. V-block
- 105. In press operation, the size of the blanked part is dependent on the size of
 - 1. die and clearance
 - 2. punch and clearance
 - 3. die
 - 4. punch
- 106. Queuing theory deals with problems of
 - 1. material handling
 - 2. reducing the waiting time
 - 3. better utilization of manpower
 - 4. effective utilization of machines
- 107. PERT has the following time estimates
 - 1. One time estimate
 - 2. Two time estimate
 - 3. Three time estimate
 - 4. Four time estimate
- 108. The simplex method is the basic method for
 - 1. Value analysis
 - 2. Queueing problems
 - 3. Linear programming
 - 4. Network analysis

- 109. The probability distribution of project completion in PERT follows
 - 1. Normal distribution
 - 2. Binomial distribution
 - 3. Beta distribution
 - 4. Exponential distribution
- 110. A two person zero sum game is known as
 - 1. *n* person game
 - 2. Fair game
 - 3. Zero sum game
 - 4. Rectangular game
- 111. Work study is concerned with
 - 1. improving present method and finding standard time
 - 2. motivation of workers
 - 3. improving production capability
 - 4. improving production planning and control
- 112. String diagram is used when
 - 1. a team of workers is working at a place
 - 2. material handling is involved
 - 3. idle time is to be reduced
 - **4.** machining time is to be reduced
- 113. ABC analysis deals with
 - 1. analysis of process chart
 - 2. flow of material
 - 3. scheduling of jobs
 - 4. controlling inventory costs
- 114. Process layout is employed for
 - 1. batch production
 - 2. continuous production
 - **3.** effective utilization of machines
 - 4. mass production
- 115. The economic order, quantity is the
 - 1. highest level of inventory
 - 2. lot corresponding to break even point
 - 3. capability of the plant
 - 4. optimum lot size

PART 08 — COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

- Which of the following languages cannot be expressed using regular expression?
 - A string of a's followed by an equal number of b's
 - II. All possible strings consisting of a's and b's
 - III. A string with zero or more occurrences of a's followed by zero or more occurrences of b's
 - IV. A string in which every occurrence of 'a' is followed by an even number of b's
 - 1. I
 - 2. I1
 - 3. III
 - 4. IV
 - 77. The contrapositive of the formula $P \rightarrow Q$ is
 - 1. $Q \rightarrow P$
 - 2. $\neg P \rightarrow Q$
 - 3. $\neg Q \rightarrow P$
 - 4. $\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$
 - 78. Given the premises $H1: P \rightarrow Q$ and H2: P, the conclusion is
 - 1. Q
 - 2. *P*
 - 3. $\neg Q$
 - **4**. ¬*P*
 - 79. The instructions for which equivalent object code are not generated during assembling are
 - 1. machine operations
 - 2. pseudo operations
 - 3. binary operations •
 - 4. macro operations
 - 80. The tool Yacc in UNIX generates
 - 1. lexer
 - 2. parser
 - 3. code generator
 - 4. code optimizer

- 81 Top down parsers cannot be built for the following grammar
 - 1. left factored
 - 2. right factored
 - 3. left recursive
 - 4. right recursive
 - 82. The tenn 'dead code' refers to that section of the source program that is
 - 1. dead
 - 2. reentrant
 - 3. unreachable
 - 4. redundant
 - 83. The descriptor table registers are used for implementing
 - 1. task switches
 - 2. interrupt transfers
 - 3. virtual memory
 - 4. control transfers
 - 84. Call gates are used for Accessing
 - 1. higher privileged code
 - 2. interrupt service routines
 - 3. subroutines
 - 4. control segments
 - 85. Which of the following cannot be used to connect external devices?
 - 1. PCI
 - 2. SCSI
 - 3. USB
 - 4. Firewire
 - 86. Masking of an interrupt
 - 1. enables the interrupt
 - 2. disables the interrupt permanently
 - 3. changes the priority of the interrupt
 - 4. temporarily hides the interrupt from the processor

- 87. Pick out the odd one
 - 1. 8087
 - 2. 80287
 - **3.** 80387
 - 4. 8257
- 88. The Intel family of microprocessors supports

 number of privilege levels
 - 1. 2
 - 2. 3
 - 3. 4
 - 4. 1
- 89. The ASSUME assembler directive is used to
 - 1. load the segment registers with their appropriate values
 - 2. indicate which logical segment is to be associated with the physical segment
 - 3. make the assembler assume certain default settings
 - 4. tell the assembler to ignore certain default settings
- 90. The value represented by the hex number 411000, representing a floating point number, with 1 is
 - 1. 4.5
 - 2. 45000000
 - 3. 2.5
 - 4. 0.22
- 91. A microprogramme control unit is better than a hardwired control unit, because it is
 - 1. flexible
 - 2. faster
 - 3. easier to design manually
 - 4. cheaper
- 92. Which of the following is not part of a microprogrammed control unit?
 - 1. Micro PC
 - 2. Control store
 - 3. Clock
 - 4. Control step counter

- 93. A delayed branch
 - 1. is a branch that is executed after a certain delay
 - 2. is the penalty paid for speculating a branch
 - **3.** refers to placing useful instructions after the branch instructions
 - 4. none of the above
- 94. A superscalar processor is
 - 1. a vector processor
 - **2.** a processor which issues more than one instruction per cycle
 - **3.** a number of scalar processors working together
 - 4. all of the above
- 95. Segmentation results in
 - 1. internal fragmentation
 - 2. external fragmentation
 - 3. both external and internal fragmentation
 - 4. neither external nor internal fragmentation
- 96. A computer with a 32-bit address uses a two level page table. Virtual addresses are split into a 9-bit top level page table field, a 11-bit second level page table field and an offset. How large are the pages?
 - 1. 9 K
 - 2. 11 K
 - 3. 12 K
 - 4. 4 K
- 97. Consider a swapping system in which memory consists of the following hole sizes in memory order:

10 K, 4 K, 20 K, 18 K, 7 K, 9 K, 12 Kand 15 K

Which hole is taken for successive segment requests of 12 K, 10 K, 9 K for best fit?

- 1. 10 K, 20 K, 18 K
- 2. 20 K, 18 K, 10 K
- 3. 12 K, 10 K, 9 K
- 4. 20 K, 10 K, 18 K

- Disk requests come into the disk driver for cylinders 10, 22, 20, 2, 40, 6 and 38 in that order. A seek takes 4 m sec per cylinder moved. How much seek time is needed for First Come First Served disk scheduling? The arm is initially at cylinder 15.
- 1. 569 m sec
- 2. 564 m sec
- 3. 596 m sec
- 4. 112 m sec
- 99. The system call to create a process in UNIX is
 - 1. execve
 - 2. wait
 - 3. creat
 - 4. fork
- 100. Process P_1 holds resource R_1 and waits for resource R_2 Process P_2 holds resource R_2 and waits for resource R_1 . There are only single instances of R_1 and R_2 . The system is said to be
 - 1. synchronized
 - 2. deadlocked
 - 3. waiting
 - 4. running
- 101. A running process makes a read system call. Then the process will
 - 1. move to ready state
 - 2. remain in running state
 - 3. move to blocked state
 - 4. move to terminated state
- 102. MAR register maintains the
 - 1. address of data values in the memory
 - 2. address of the current instruction being executed
 - 3. contents of the word being addressed
 - 4. address of the next instruction to be executed
- 103. Pseudocode
 - 1. is a counterfeit and abbreviated version of actual computer instruction
 - 2. is used for machine level programming
 - 3. is used to solve complex logical programming
 - 4. is used in transmission of signals

- 104. The output of assembler in machine code is referred to as
 - 1. assembly program
 - 2. object program
 - 3. source program
 - 4. macro instructions
- 105. The speed of computers used for AI application is measured in per second
 - 1. cycles
 - 2. instructions
 - 3. logical inferences
 - 4. revolutions
- 106. LISP machines are known as
 - 1. AI work stations
 - 2. Super mini computers
 - 3. Time sharing terminals
 - 4. Graphic work stations
- 107. Which of the following value for SQLCODE indicates successful execution of embedded SQL statements
 - 1. Negative
 - 2. Zero
 - 3. Positive
 - 4. Hundred
- 108. Recovery in distributed databases uses the
 - 1. Two phase locking protocol
 - 2. Two phase commit protocol
 - **3.** Three phase commit protocol
 - 4. Mobile locking protocol
- 109. Which of the following is not a recovery technique?
 - 1. Deferred update
 - 2. Immediate update
 - 3. Shadow paging
 - 4. Write ahead logging

- 110. Which of the following is an integrity constraint?
 - 1. Domain constraint
 - 2. Entity integrity
 - 3. Referential integrity
 - 4. All of the above
- 111. Which of the following is not a front end tool?
 - 1. Oracle
 - 2. Visual Basic
 - 3. VC++
 - 4. Power Builder
- 112. The physical layer protocol directly specified for the $X \cdot 25$ protocol is
 - 1. RS **232**
 - 2. $X \cdot 21$
 - **3.** DB-15
 - 4. DB 37

- 113. In frame relay which bit in the address field is set to one to signify the last address byte?
 - 1. DE (discard eligibility)
 - 2. EA (extended address)
 - 3. C/R (command/response)
 - 4. FECN (forward explicit congestion notification)
- 114. A bridge has access to the address of a station on the same network
 - 1. physical
 - 2. network
 - 3. service access point
 - 4. IP
- 115. A device that has two IP addresses is
 - 1. a computer
 - 2. a router
 - **3.** a gateway
 - 4. any of the above

PART 09 — CHEMISTRY, CHEMICAL ENGINEERING AND CERAMIC TECHNOLOGY

(Answer ALL questions)

- 76. How much work is done by 1 mol of a gas during a reversible non-flow isothermal expansion from an initial volume V_1 to a final volume V_2 when the equation of state is P(V-b) = RT, where b is a positive constant?
 - $1. W = RT \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$
 - $2. W = RT \ln(V_2 V_1)$
 - $3. \qquad W = RT \ln \frac{V_1 b}{V_2 b}$
 - $4. \qquad W = RT \ln \frac{V_2 b}{V_1 b}$
- 77. Clausius-Clapeyron equation is applicable in
 - 1. melting processes only
 - 2. vaporization processes only
 - 3. sublimation processes only
 - 4. all of the above
- 78. Mollier chart is a
 - 1. pressure Vs enthalpy chart
 - 2. pressure Vs volume chart
 - 3. enthalpy Vs entropy chart
 - 4. temperature Vs entropy chart
- 79. Which of the following factors control the deactivation of a porous catalyst pellet?
 - 1. decay reactions
 - 2. pore diffusion
 - 3. form of surface attack by poison
 - 4. all of the above
- 80. Which of the following is an autocatalytic reaction?
 - 1. Photochemical reactions
 - 2. Microbial fermentation reaction
 - 3. Enzyme fermentation reaction
 - 4. Ammonia synthesis reaction

- 81. Viscous heat sensitive liquids are concentrated in
 - 1. open pan evaporators
 - 2. long tube vertical evaporators
 - 3. agitated film evaporators
 - 4. none of the above
- 82. In a boiling curve, the peak heat flux is called ———— point
 - 1. the melting
 - 2. Leiden frost
 - 3. the boiling
 - 4. burn out
- 83. The binary diffusivity in gases and liquids vary respectively as
 - 1. $T^{3/2}$ and T
 - 2. T and $T^{3/2}$
 - 3. \sqrt{T} and $T^{3/2}$
 - 4. $T^{3/2}$ and \sqrt{T}
- 84. In McCahe-Thiele method, at infinite reflux ratio
 - 1. the overhead product is minimum
 - 2. both the operating lines coincide with diagonal
 - 3. both (1) and (2)
 - 4. neither (1) nor (2)
- 85. Peclet number (N_{Pe}) for mass transfer is defined as
 - 1. N_{Re}/N_{SC}
 - 2. N_{Re}N_{SC}
 - 3. N_{sc}/N_{Ro}
 - 4. $N_{Sh} \cdot N_{SC}$

33

- 86. Dynamic similarity is the similarity of
 - 1. shapes
 - 2. streamline pattern
 - 3. forces influencing the fluid motion
 - 4. discharge
- 87. The pressure drop in laminar flow through pipe is equal to
 - 1. $\frac{8\,\mu\,\overline{V}L}{g_cD^2}$
 - $2. \qquad \frac{g_c D}{32 \, \mu \, \overline{V} L}$
 - $3. \qquad \frac{32\,\mu\,\overline{V}L}{\rho\,g_cD^2}$
 - $4. \qquad \frac{32\,\mu\,VL}{g_cD^2}$
- 88. The discharge through a sharp-crested rectangular weir is proportional to
 - 1. H
 - 2. $H^{5/2}$
 - 3. $H^{3/2}$
 - 4. H^{1/2}
- 89. Turbulent flow generally occurs for cases involving
 - 1. highly viscous fluid
 - 2. very narrow passages
 - **3.** very slow motion
 - 4. none of the above
- 90. The continuity equation
 - 1. represents the conservation of energy
 - 2. represents the conservation of mass
 - 3. represents the conservation of momentum
 - 4. none of the above
- 91. Which of the following impurities in feed water for high pressure boiler is most detrimental?
 - 1. Silica
 - 2. Dissolved oxygen
 - 3. Suspended salt
 - 4. Dissolved salt

- 92. Catalytic oxidation of naphthalene produces
 - 1. Styrene
 - 2. Phenol
 - 3. Phthalic anhydride
 - 4. None of the above
- 93. In a fuel cell
 - 1. electrical energy is converted into chemical energy
 - 2. chemical energy is converted into electrical energy
 - 3. electrical energy is converted into mechanical energy
 - 4. mechanical energy is converted into electrical energy
- 94. Yeast cannot be used in the manufacture of
 - 1. loaf of bread in bakeries
 - 2. pencillin
 - 3. wine
 - 4. all of the above
- 95. In Kraft process of paper manufacture, white cooking liquor consists of caustic soda
 - 1. Sodium sulphide, Sodium carbonate
 - 2. Sodium sulphite, Sodium carbonate
 - 3. Sodium sulphite, Sodium sulphide
 - 4. None of the above
- 96. The optical component in IR is made up of
 - 1. Nernst Glower
 - 2. Copper Chloride
 - 3. Sodium Chloride
 - 4. **Pyro** electric cell
- 97. Which one among the following compounds is IR active?
 - 1. N₂
 - 2. *O*,
 - 3. CO,
 - 4. H₂

- = - b	Inter	r and Intra molecular hydrogen bonding	105.	Cera	umic materials generally have an			
		be distinguished by		extremely low value of				
	1.				elastic modulus			
	2.	through a chromatographic column diluting the sample and recording IR		2.	hardness			
	2.	spectra		3.	strength			
	3.	using C, H, N, O, S analyzer		4.	fracture toughness			
	4.	applying Beer-Lambert's law						
99.	The	NMR signal for ethanol would be	106.	The	strength is highest for a			
	1.	a triplet, a doublet, a singlet		1.	glass-ceramic			
	2.	two triplet, one doublet		2.	annealed glass			
	3.	two triplet, one singlet		3.	glass fiber			
	4.	two singlet, one triplet		4.	tempered glass			
100.	Usin do	ng GC-mass spectrophotometer, we can	107.	Glass which is completely soluble in water is				
	1.				1. Sodium Silicate			
	2.	Separation of compounds from mixture		2.	Borosilicate			
		and identification		3.	Vitreous Silica			
	3.	Quantitative determination		4.	None of the above			
	4.	(2) and (3)		••	Tione of the doore			
101.	The	108.		prescribed cooling rate for a fiber of				
	1.			0.065 cm diameter with 1000 g of suspended load as per ASTM is				
	2.	zircon			-			
	3.	diamond		1.	0.4' C/sec			
	4.	carbon		2.	4° C/sec			
102.	Whi	skers are		3.	0.4' C/min			
	1.	1. Monocrystalline		4.	4.0" C/min			
	2.	Polycrystalline						
	3.	Nono-crystalline	109.	The operating temperature of rotary leading to the cement making is				
	4.	Noncrystalline						
103.		hulls are used to produce —		1.	1700 – 1800° C			
		whiskers		2.	900 – 1000° C			
	1. 2.	Carbon SiC		3.	1400 – 1500° C			
	2. 3.	Cellulose		4.	700 – 800° C			
	<i>3</i> . 4.	SiO ₂						
	••		110.	Rin	g formation inside a rotary kiln occurs in			
104.		The material used as a dehumidifying and dehydrating agent is			steaming zone			
	-				transition zone			
	1.	Hydro gel		3.	sintering zone			

2.

3.

4.

Ionic gel

Silica gel

Alumina gel

35 NG 27

cooling zone

4.

- 111. Which of the following characteristic is not represented by graphite refractories?
 - 1. High resistance to corrosion action of slag and bases
 - 2. They do not allow the heat to pass through them
 - 3. Closure texture
 - 4. Excellent refractory material and can be used under neutral or reducing conditions
- 112. Periclase refractory contains mainly
 - 1. CaO
 - 2. Al_2O_3
 - 3. MgO
 - 4. SiO_2
- 113. Heat conduction of a fired brick when compared to unfired brick is
 - 1. high
 - 2. low
 - 3. similar
 - 4. none of the above
- 114. Point out the wrong statement in addition polymerisation
 - 1. The presence of one or more double bonds in monomers and generally only one monomer is used
 - 2. Monomer units simply add to one another
 - 3. Small molecules such as H_2O , HCl, CO_2 are evolved during reaction
 - 4. Process is faster than condensation polymerisation
- 115. An injection molding machine may be a
 - 1. plunger type
 - 2. piston type preplasticating
 - 3. reciprocating screw
 - 4. any one of above

- 116. The sequence of various steps involved in galvanising process is
 - 1. preliminary treatment, pickling, zinc bath treatment and annealing respectively
 - 2. pickling, preliminary treatment, zinc bath treatment and annealing respectively
 - 3. preliminary treatment, pickling, annealing and zinc bath treatment
 - 4. annealing, pickling, preliminary treatment and zinc bath treatment respectively
- 117. Strong electrolytes are those which
 - 1. dissolve readily in water
 - 2. dissolve readily in organic solvents
 - 3. completely dissociate into ions at all concentrations
 - 4. pass electricity
- 118. According to Debye-Bueche theory, the viscosity of a polymer solution or melts is proportional to
 - 1. concentration
 - 2. molecular weight
 - 3. both (1) and (2)
 - 4. none of the above
- 119. Hydrogen bonding is maximum in
 - 1. ethanol
 - 2. diethyl ether
 - 3. ethyl chloride
 - 4. trimethylamine
- 120. Which of the following compounds is oxidised to prepare methyl ethyl ketone?
 - 1. Propanol-2
 - 2. Butanol-1
 - 3. 2-butanol
 - 4. t-butyl alcohol

PART 10 — TEXTILE TECHNOLOGY

(Answer ALL questions)

		(Answer ALL)	questi	ons)		
76.	The tensile strength of polynosic fibre is around				tenacity range of acrylic fibre in denier is	
	1.	3 to 3.5 gmsldenier		1.	1.0 to 1.2	
	2.	8 to 10 gms/denier		2.	5.0 to 5.2	
	3.	12 to 14 gmsldenier		3.	2.2 to 3.5	
	4.	0.5 to 1 gm/denier		4.	10 to 10.2	
77.	In viscose solution preparation xanthation 82. process takes normally from			can impart false twist in to moving yarn at		
	1.	10 minutes		the ra		
	2.	60 to 180 minutes		1.	upto six million RPM	
	3.	5 hours		2.	12 million RPM	
	4.	24 hours		3.4.	only upto 30,000 RPM	
78.	The 1	The temperature of molten polymer in nylon			upto 1 lakh RPM only	
	66 manufacture is around			High bulk yarns are produced from		
	1. 280 to 300°C			1.	relaxed fibres	
	2.	100°C		2.	unrelaxed fibres	
	3.	27°C		3.	a blend of relaxed and unrelaxed fibres	
	4.	120°C		4.	filaments	
79.	In acrylic fibre manufacture, the polymer concentration ranges from				cord fabrics used in conveying belt cations approximately weigh	
		2 to 5 %		1.	1 kg/sq.metre	
	2.	15 to 40 %		2.	100 gms / sq.metre	
	3.	80 to 90 %		3.	25 kg/sq.metre	
	4.	70 to 80 %		4.	25 kg/sq.cm	
80.	The	The work factor of viscose staple fibre is around			cotton cloth construction normally ed in V-belts in ends/inch. and picks/inch	
	1.	1. 0.62		1.	23×4	
	2.	0.2		2.	30×10	
	3. 0.1			3.	50×50	

4. 0.4

4. 12×12

86.	The	standard	breaking	strength	of	nylon
	para	chute cloth	in kgs/cm	width is		

- 1. 2 to 3
- 2. 7 to 10
- 3. 25 to 30
- 4. 50 to 100

87. The number of twistslmetre involved in high stretch yarns is around

- 1. 100
- 2. 2500
- 3. 500
- 4. 250

- 1. Polka rib
- 2. Royal rib
- 3. Eight lock
- 4. Derby rib

- 1. 48 wales
- 2. 24 wales
- 3. 144 wales
- 4. 182 wales

- 1. 24
- 2. 48
- **3.** 72
- 4. 88

- Total number of needles x wales per inch
- 2. Total number of needles / wales per inch
- Total number of needles wales per inch
- 4. Wales per inch / Total no. of needles

$$1. K_S = l^2/S$$

$$2. S = \frac{K_S}{l^2}$$

$$3. K_S = l^2 + S$$

$$4. \qquad l^2 + K_S = S$$

where S = Stitch density

$$K_S$$
 is constant

$$l = Stitch length$$

- 1. 60°
- 2. 120°
- 3. 180°
- 4. 90°

- 1. 90°
- 2. **120°**
- 3. 180°
- 4. 240°

- 95. The width of Raschel machines varies from
 - 1. 480 to 600 cm
 - 2. 200 to 350 cm
 - 3. 1000 to 1500 cm
 - 4. 150 to 200 cm
- 96. In the dielectric phenomenon of fibres water is considered to be
 - 1. Induced dipole
 - 2. Permanent dipole
 - 3. Temporary dipole
 - 4. An ordinary molecule
- 97. The percentage amorphous region in wool fibre is around
 - 1. 44
 - 2. 20
 - 3. 65
 - 4. 25
- 98. Higher the bi-refringence of a fibre
 - 1. higher will be the orientation
 - 2. lower will be the orientation
 - 3. higher will be the amorphous portions
 - 4. higher will be the crystallinity
- 99. The optical orientation factor of an isotropic fibre is
 - 1. 0.8
 - 2. 0.21
 - 3. 0
 - 4. 1
- 100. With increase in relative humidity, the strength of wool fibre
 - 1. increases
 - 2. decreases
 - 3. first increases and then decreases
 - 4. does not change

- 101. The best synthetic fibre for good elastic recovery is
 - 1. Polyester
 - 2. Nylon
 - 3. Acrylic
 - 4. Polypropylene
- 102. The % absorption moisture regain of nylon 6.6 at 65% R.H. and 20°C is
 - 1. 4.1
 - 2. 2.1
 - **3.** 8.0
 - 4. 0.4
- 103. The chemical potential of a solute in an ideal solution may be expressed as
 - 1. $A = \mu + RT \ln C$
 - 2. $C = A + RT \ln \mu$
 - 3. $\mu = A + RT \ln C$
 - 4. $R = A + T \ln C$
- 104. The reactive dyeing process for 100 % cotton garment involves duration of dyeing as
 - 1. 1 to 2 hours
 - 2. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours
 - 3. 3 to 4 hours
 - 4. 5 to 6 hours
- 105. The interfibrillary swelling takes place in
 - 1. water solution
 - 2. acid and strong alkali solution
 - 3. water and weak alkali solution
 - 4. alkali solution
- 106. The heat of combustion for cotton fibre is
 - 1. 17.9 kJg⁻¹
 - 2. 18.2 kJg^{-1}
 - 3. 16.3 kJg^{-1}
 - 4. 27.8 kJg^{-1}

107.	The s	simple test for mercerization of cotton is	111.		top roller of two bowl calender used for ndering process is made of
	1.	Examining under sunlight		1.	hard plastic
	2.	Examining under U.V. light		2.	hard steel
	3.	Examining through microscope		3.	soft paper
	4.	Examining through infra-red light		4.	wood
108.		cross-section of cotton fibre changes due	112.		ch one of the following fibres is not used the production of tyre cord?
	1.	Flat shape to oval shape		1.	Viscose rayon
	2.	Bean shape to round shape		2.	Glass
		•		3.	Polyester
	3.	Round shape to elliptical shape		4.	Silk
	4.	Elliptical shape to bean shape	113.	The	stelometer is made of CRL system by
109.	The	removal of sericine results in a weight		1.	step synchronous motor
	loss of silk by			2.	dashpot damping device
	1.	40 to 75 %		3.	cam drive
	2.	70 to 90 %		4.	beam design
	3.	20 to 25 %	114.		3% trash in mixing the cleaning iency expected in blowroom is
	4.	12 to 17 %		1.	65 %
110	The o	california hearing ratio resistance in gan-		2.	35 %
110.		The california bearing ratio resistance in geotextiles is expressed as			80 %
	1.	CBR resistance = failure load / cross- sectional area		3.4.	25 %
	2.	CBR resistance = cross-sectional area / failure load	115.		ingle yarn tensile strength test, higher train rate ———— will result
	3.	CBR resistance = failure load x cross-		1.	lower the strength
	٠.	sectional area CBR resistance = cross-sectional area -		2.	no change in strength
	4.			'3.	higher the strength
	-▼	failure load		4.	no change in extension

NG 27 40

PART 11 — LEATHER TECHNOLOGY

- 76. The cells that synthesis collagen are called as
 - 1. myoblasts
 - 2. fibroblasts
 - 3. lymphocyte
 - 4. erythrocytes
- 77. Hair and wool are made up of
 - 1. β-keratin
 - 2. gelatin
 - 3. a-keratin
 - 4. elastin
- 78. Collagen in animal skin is mainly of the type
 - 1. l
 - 2. II
 - 3. IV
 - 4. IX
- 79. Iso-electric point of native collagen in skin is at a pH of
 - 1. 4.25 4.5
 - 2. 5.0 5.25
 - 3. 6.0 6.25
 - 4. 6.75 7.0
- 80. The percentage of nitrogen present in collagen is around
 - 1. 1.75
 - 2. 2.75
 - 3. 17.5
 - 4. 27.5
- 81. During soaking of wet salted skins/hides, which of the following protein is released into spent liquor?
 - 1. collagen
 - 2. keratin
 - 3. elastin
 - 4. globulin
- - 1. 65, 45
 - 2. 60, 45
 - 3. 65, 35
 - 4. 65, 15

- 83. The mechanism of unhairing by sodium sulphide and lime system can be better described as
 - 1. nucleophilic addition
 - 2. nucleophilic substitution
 - 3. oxidative addition
 - 4. free radical displacement
- 84. Fibre opening in liming is enhanced by the addition of
 - 1. common salt
 - 2. hypo
 - 3. KC1
 - 4. glucose
- - 1. Upper
 - 2. Glove
 - 3. Sole
 - 4. Harness
- 86. Which part of the tree does the vegetable tannin wattle is sourced predominantly?
 - 1. Fruits
 - 2. Root
 - 3. Bark
 - 4. Leaves
- 87. How many electrons are there in 4d orbital for Zirconium(IV)?
 - 1. 0
 - 2. 1
 - 3. 2
 - 4. 4
- 88. Synthetic fatliquors are based on long chain hydrocarbons of chain length
 - 1. $C_2 C_8$
 - 2. $C_{10} C_{14}$
 - 3. $C_{14} C_{24}$
 - 4. C₃₀ C₃₈

1. <-10°C 2. 0°C 3. <10°C 3. <10°C 4. >10°C 4. >10°C 5.	89.		glass transition temperature of a film ing material for leather application	96.	wast	O standard for the discharge of tannery te water in inland water bodies is
2. O°C 3. <10°C 4. >10°C 5. Adopm 6. Adopm 97. Which of the following is an import requirement for upholstery leather? 1. high angle of weave 2. medium angle of weave 3. low angle of weave 4. none of the above 91. The Indian cow hide is referred to in the international trade as 1. light cow 2. freezer hide 3. kip 4. butty 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 2. increases 2. increases 2. increases 3. fire resistance 4. wrinkle free 4. metalement system 1. primary 2. secondary 3. tertiary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 11. crushed bones 22. meat meal 33. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 - 2000 2. 2000 - 4000 3. 4000 - 6000 4. 6000 - 10000 4. 6000 - 10000 4. 6000 - 10000 4. 6000 - 10000 5. Speed of the liming drum should be aroun 1. 3 rpm 2. 6 rpm					_	
3. <10°C 4. >10°C 5. High angle of weave 7. In high angle of weave 8. In high angle of weave 92. medium angle of weave 93. Iow angle of weave 94. none of the above 94. In Indian cow hide is referred to in the international trade as 95. It ight cow 96. Treatment using trickling filters is treatment system 1. primary 2. secondary 3. kip 4. butty 96. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 97. Which of the following is an import requirement for upholstery leather? 1. primary 1. primary 1. primary 1. primary 1. crushed bones 1. primary 2. secondary 3. tertiary 4. aerobic 97. Treatment using trickling filters is treatment system 1. primary 2. secondary 3. tertiary 4. aerobic 97. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 1. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500-2000 2. 2000-4000 3. 4000-6000 4. 6000-10000 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans ————————————————————————————————————		2				**
4. >10°C 90. The abrasion resistant sole leather is characterized by 1. high angle of weave 2. medium angle of weave 3. low angle of weave 4. none of the above 91. The Indian cow hide is referred to in the international trade as 1. light cow 2. freezer hide 3. kip 4. butty 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of					3.	30 ppm
90. The abrasion resistant sole leather is characterized by 1. high angle of weave 2. medium angle of weave 4. none of the above 91. The Indian cow hide is referred to in the international trade as 1. light cow 2. freezer hide 3. kip 4. butty 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans — the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 97. Which of the following is an import requirement for upholstery leather? 1. fullness 2. sofnness 3. fire resistance 4. wrinkle free 1. primary 4. wrinkle free 1. primary 4. aerobic 98. Treatment using trickling filters is treatment system 1. primary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500-2000 2. 2000-4000 3. 4000 - 6000 4. 6000 - 10000 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans — the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases					4.	40 ppm
characterized by 1. high angle of weave 2. medium angle of weave 3. low angle of weave 4. none of the above 91. The Indian cow hide is referred to in the international trade as 1. light cow 2. freezer hide 3. kip 4. butty 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 1. fullness 2. softness 3. firre resistance 4. wrinkle free 98. Treatment using trickling filters is treatment system 1. primary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. aerobic 2. 2000-4000 4. 6000-10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. tertiary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. aerobic 2. 2000-4000 3. 4000-6000 4. 6000-10000 4. 6000-10000 95. USB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. tertiary 4. serobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. serobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors argue in the or of (ppm) 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. tertiary 4. derobic		4.	>10°C	97.	Whi	ch of the following is an important
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2. medium angle of weave 4. none of the above 91. The Indian cow hide is referred to in the international trade as 1. light cow 2. freezer hide 3. kip 4. butty 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of			•			
3. low angle of weave 4. none of the above 91. The Indian cow hide is referred to in the international trade as 1. light cow 2. freezer hide 3. kip 4. butty 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 102. Speed of the liming drum should be aroun light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 4. wrinkle free 4. wrinkle free 98. Treatment using trickling filters is treatment system 1. primary 2. secondary 3. tertiary 4. aerobic 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 – 2000 2. 2000 – 4000 3. 4000 – 6000 4. 6000 – 10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. tertiary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 – 2000 2. 2000 – 4000 3. 4000 – 6000 4. 6000 – 10000 4. 6000 – 10000 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. source deathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. source deathers 1. source deathers 1. seriary 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. source deathers 1. seriary 1. seriary 1. deathers 1. deathers 2. secon		2.	medium angle of weave			
4. none of the above 91. The Indian cow hide is referred to in the international trade as 1. light cow 2. freezer hide 3. kip 4. butty 4. acrobic 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 102. Speed of the liming drum should be aroun light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 1. primary 2. secondary 3. tertiary 4. acrobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500-2000 2. 2000-4000 3. 4000-6000 4. 6000-10000 4. 6000-10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. acrobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. acrobic 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. sources are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. sources are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. sources are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. sources are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. sources are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BoD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. so		3.	low angle of weave			
Treatment system Treatment system		4.	none of the above		4.	wrinkle free
1. light cow 2. freezer hide 3. kip 4. butty 4. butty 4. aerobic 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans the liquor should be aroun light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 1. primary 2. secondary 3. tertiary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 – 2000 2. 2000 – 4000 3. 4000 – 6000 4. 6000 – 10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. aerobic 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 – 2000 2. 2000 – 4000 3. 4000 – 6000 4. 6000 – 10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. tertiary 4. aerobic	91.			98.	Trea	
2. freezer hide 3. kip 4. butty 3. kip 4. butty 4. aerobic 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 2. secondary 3. tertiary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 - 2000 2. 2000 - 4000 3. 4000 - 6000 4. 6000 - 10000 4. 6000 - 10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. tertiary 102. Speed of the liming drum should be aroun 1. 3 rpm 2. 6 rpm					1.	primary
3. kip 4. butty 4. aerobic 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 3. tertiary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 - 2000 2. 2000 - 4000 3. 4000 - 6000 4. 6000 - 10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. tertiary 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 - 2000 2. 2000 - 4000 3. 4000 - 6000 4. 6000 - 10000 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. tertiary 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 - 2000 2. 2000 - 4000 3. 4000 - 6000 4. 6000 - 10000 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness of characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 4. index of the condition of (ppm) 5. USAB is a			_		2.	secondary
4. butty 4. aerobic 92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 4. aerobic 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 - 2000 2. 2000 - 4000 3. 4000 - 6000 4. 6000 - 10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 95. Use of phenolic syntans the liming drum should be aroun light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 2. for pm		3.	kip		3.	•
92. Penetration of vegetable tannin is aided by treatment with 1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 99. Dog chews are prepared from 1. crushed bones 2. meat meal 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500 - 2000 2. 2000 - 4000 3. 4000 - 6000 4. 6000 - 10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 102. Speed of the liming drum should be aroun light fastness of leather 1. 3 rpm 2. 6 rpm		4.	butty			·
1. chrome 2. aluminium 3. zirconium 4. syntans 4. syntans 5. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 6. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 6. Use of phenolic syntans the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 6. meat meal 7. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500-2000 2. 2000-4000 3. 4000-6000 4. 6000-10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 1. 3 rpm 2. 6 rpm 2. 6 rpm	92.			99.		chews are prepared from
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3. poultry feathers 4. syntans 4. syntans 4. hide trimmings and splittings 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 3. poultry feathers 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500-2000 2. 2000-4000 3. 4000-6000 4. 6000-10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 1. 3 rpm 2. 6 rpm					2.	meat meal
4. syntans 4. hide trimmings and splittings 93. Plate releasing property in finishing is due to the use of in the season mixture 1. resin binder 2. plasticiser 3. pigment 4. wax emulsion 94. Which of the following dyes will exhibit good wash fastness characteristics for chrome tanned leathers? 1. Acid dyes 2. Direct dyes 3. Basic dyes 4. Metal complex dyes 95. Use of phenolic syntans the light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 4. hide trimmings and splittings 100. BOD of spent lime liquors range in the or of (ppm) 1. 500-2000 2. 2000-4000 3. 4000-6000 4. 6000-10000 101. UASB is a Treatment system 1. aerobic 2. secondary 3. primary 4. tertiary 102. Speed of the liming drum should be aroun 1. 3 rpm 2. 6 rpm						
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95. Use of phenolic syntans ————————————————————————————————————		3.	•			•
light fastness of leather 1. decreases 2. increases 2. 6 rpm		4.	Metal complex dyes		4.	tertiary
1. decreases 2. decreases 2. 6 rpm	95.			102.	_	_
2. o rpm 2. increases		_				•
2 10 rnm						_
3. does not change					3.	10 rpm
4. none of the above 4. 16 rpm			_		4.	16 rpm

- 103. If the radius 'r' of a drum is doubled, effective volume is increased by a factor of
 - 1. 2
 - 2. 8
 - 3. 4
 - 4. 0.5
- 104. Hydraulic motors are useful because of their
 - 1. constant speed characteristics
 - 2. high speed characteristics
 - 3. variable speed characteristics
 - 4. low speed characteristics
- 105. One Baume is equal to
 - 1. 6.9' BK
 - 2. 10.1⁰ BK
 - 3. 13.0° BK
 - 4. 2.1° BK
- 106. The finish adhesion test is carried out by
 - 1. tensometer
 - 2. lastometer
 - 3. flexoineter
 - 4. penetrometer
- 107. The time of incubation for BOD test is
 - 1. 24 hrs
 - 2. 48 hrs
 - 3. 72 hrs
 - 4. 120 hrs
- 108. Run in glove leather is
 - 1. non elastic stretch
 - 2. elastic stretch
 - 3. contraction across the backbone
 - 4. cloth like feel
- 109. Degree of tannage is the ratio of
 - 1. final dry weight of the leather to limed pelt weight
 - 2. fixed vegetable tannins to hide substance
 - 3. final dry weight of the leather to shared weight
 - 4. final dry weight of the leather to raw weight

- 110. Eriochrome Black T is used in
 - 1. checking the complete penetration of chrome in the cut cross section of pelt
 - 2. quantitative analysis of water
 - 3. estimation of chrome content in chrome tanning salt
 - **4.** dyeing of chrome tanned leather
- 111. Minimum stitch tear strength (double hole) of lining leathers should be
 - 1. 50 kg/cm
 - 2. 50 kg/cm thickness
 - 3. 50 kg/cm^3
 - 4. 50 kg/mm thickness
- 112. Which of the following property is more essential for sole leather?
 - 1. Bursting strength
 - 2. Elongation
 - 3. Abrasion resistance
 - 4. Water absorption
- 113. The line where bottom and upper surface of the last meet is known as
 - 1. central line
 - 2. lasting line
 - 3. feather line
 - 4. all of the above
- 114. Which of the following is an Ornament in leather goods?
 - 1. zip
 - 2. lining cloth
 - 3. piping
 - 4. brass chain
- 115. A material shaped to conform to the last and inserted between lining and upper is known as
 - 1. Toe puff
 - 2. Stiffners
 - 3. Insole
 - 4. Sock

PART 12 — ARCHITECTURE

- 76. Which one of the following comes under the category of 'Rock Cut Architecture'?
 - 1. Stupa, Sanchi
 - 2. Saranath Pillar
 - 3. Chaitya Hall, Karli
 - 4. Shore temple, Mahabalipuram
- 77. Find the odd monument/fort available in the following city
 - 1. Gingee
 - 2. Vellore
 - 3. Thanjavur
 - 4. Thiruvannamalai
- 78. Which one of the following is not a tomb?
 - 1. Tajmahal
 - 2. Golgumbaz
 - 3. Qutub complex
 - 4. Bibi Ka Maqbara
- 79. Who designed the Piazza S. Pietro, Rome?
 - 1. Michelangelo
 - 2. Bramante
 - 3. Bernini
 - 4. Alberti
- 80. Flying buttresses were used in
 - 1. Peterborough Cathedral
 - 2. Notre-Dame, Paris
 - 3. AbbeyAux-Hommes, Caen
 - 4. Pisa Cathedral
- 81. The Image of the city was written by
 - 1. Sigfried Gideon
 - 2. Kevin Lynch
 - 3. Aldo Rossi
 - 4. Lewis Mumford

- 82. Which of the following books did Robert Venturi write?
 - 1. Vers une architecture
 - 2. The Language of Post Modern Architecture
 - **3.** Complexity and contradictions in Architecture
 - 4. Pattern Language
- 83. 'Structure is the giver of light'. To which Architect this statement attributed?
 - 1. Paul Rudolph
 - 2. Oscar Nimeyer
 - 3. Louis Khan
 - 4. Le Corbusier
- 84. Which one of the following is associated with De Stijil movement?
 - 1. Piet Mondarin
 - 2. John Ruskin
 - 3. Bob Willis
 - 4. Richard Rogers
- 85. Which one of the following is a key figure amongst constructivist artists and architects?
 - 1. Kandinsky
 - 2. Tolstoy
 - 3. Richard Neutra
 - 4. Mario Botta
- 86. Who wrote the book 'Cities In History'?
 - 1. Golden Cullen
 - 2. Edmund Bacon
 - 3. John Ruskin
 - 4. Lewis Mumford

- 87. 'Brise-Soleil' is a principle of architectural design adopted by
 - 1. Louis Sullivan
 - 2. Frank Lloyd Wright
 - 3. Le Corbusier
 - 4. Alvar Aaalto
- 88. Forest Institute of Management at Bhopal was designed by
 - 1. Anant Raje
 - 2. Charles Correa
 - 3. Raj Rewal
 - 4. Doshi. B
- 89. Bharat Diamond Bourse Complex at Mumbai was designed by
 - 1. Hafeez contractor
 - 2. Doshi. B
 - 3. Correa
 - 4. Raj Rewal
- 90. Which one of the following is associated with 20th Century Art Nouveau Movement?
 - 1. Schindler
 - 2. Albert Speer
 - 3. Adolf Loos
 - 4. Mackintosh
- 91. The book 'Architecture for poor' was written by
 - 1. Lauries Baker
 - 2. Hasan Fathy
 - 3. M. Gandhi
 - 4. B. Doshi

- 92. Which one of the following is not designed by F.L. Wright?
 - 1. Fransworth House
 - 2. Falling Waters
 - 3. Unity temple
 - 4. Praire House
- 93. Which of the following were key figures in Arts and Crafts movement?
 - 1. John Ruskin and William Moris
 - 2. John Ruskin and Santa Elia
 - 3. Gaudi and Lissitsky
 - 4. Mackintosh and Brunelschi
- 94. Which one of the following is a conceptfposition that engages universal modern and yet retains regional identity?
 - 1. Regionalism
 - 2. Critical Regionalism
 - 3. Neo-classicism
 - 4. Neo Modernism
- **95.** Which one of the following redesigned the new Bhubaneswar city in India?
 - 1. Otto Koenigsberger
 - 2. Le Corbusier
 - 3. Charles Correa
 - 4. Ravi Valia
- 96. Which one of the following were involved in the planning of Chandigarh before LeCorbusier was commissioned?
 - 1. Maxewell Fry and Navinder Lamba
 - 2. Maxewell Fry and Jane drew
 - 3. Edward Lutyen and Jane drew
 - 4. Homi Bhaba and Kanvinde

- 97. Autobhan is a kind of
 - 1. Airport
 - 2. Automobile
 - 3. Road
 - 4. Building structure
- 98. Jaipur city was built by
 - 1. Correa
 - 2. Doshi .B
 - 3. Sawai Mansingh
 - 4. Sawai Jaisingh
- 99. Who said "House form is not simply the result of physical forces or any single casual factor but is the consequence of a whole range of socio cultural factors"?
 - 1. Amos Rapoport
 - 2. Joseph Rykwert
 - 3. Heidegger
 - 4. B.V. Doshi
- 100. The "Incremental Concept" of, Housing is aimed at
 - 1. Low cost development
 - 2. High density development
 - 3. Development in stages
 - 4. Development at one stage
- 101. House loans by Public Sector Agencies in India are given to an Individual based on
 - 1. Size of his family
 - 2. Built up area preferred by him
 - 3. His affordability
 - 4. Only if he belongs to high income group

- 102. Quality of Housing environment can be improved only if
 - the building regulations are made more rigid
 - 2. there is increased investment by the government
 - 3. the total development is taken over by public sector
 - 4. there is effective participation by the community
- 103. Informal urban housing development means
 - 1. Houses developed with different sizes and shapes
 - 2. Houses developed outside the legal planning system
 - 3. Low cost housing development
 - 4. Private sector development
- 104. In sites and services scheme land is sold to EWS at cheaper price because of
 - 1. Internal cross subsidy
 - 2. Progressive development
 - 3. Large scale development
 - 4. Full cost recovery
- 105. A form of social survey in housing intended to obtain quickly general information on the study areas is
 - 1. Origin and destination survey
 - 2. Scanning survey
 - 3. Detailed survey
 - 4. Aerial survey
- 106. The most secured form of Land tenure is
 - 1. Leasehold
 - 2. Co-operative
 - 3. Traditional
 - 4. Private freehold

- 107. **As** per DCR prevailing for CMA 10 % open space reservation is mandatory for a site development that exceeds
 - 1. 500 sq.m.
 - 2. 1200 sq.m.
 - 3. 2000 sq.m.
 - 4. 3000 sq.m.
- 108. Toilets are not usually constructed in the basement floor mainly due to
 - 1. Problem of ventilation
 - 2. Restricted use
 - **3.** Problem of soil water
 - 4. Pumping necessary for waste disposal
- 109. Deformed steel bars are used in R.C.C. work due to
 - 1. the increased strength
 - 2. better friction with concrete
 - 3. non corrosive nature
 - 4. cheaper than plain bars
- 110. In Madras terrace roof, the roofing material is
 - 1. Brick Jelly Lime concrete
 - 2. Terrace bricks
 - 3. Plain cement concrete
 - 4. Timber

- 111. The window shutter in external wall is fixed to open outside mainly
 - 1. to improve appearance
 - 2. to avoid projection inside
 - 3. to prevent seepage of rainwater
 - 4. for easy handling
- 112. Number of bricks $\left(9^{11} \times 4\frac{1}{2}^{11} \times 3^{11}\right)$ required

for 100 cft of brick work will be

- 1. 600
- 2. 1000
- 3. 1350
- 4. 1850
- 113. Life cannot be sustained in human body if the body temperature drops below
 - 1. 37° C
 - 2. 30° C
 - 3. 21° C
 - 4. 18° C
- 114. The reflection of Long wave Infrared Radiation depends upon the
 - 1. texture of surface
 - 2. colour of surface
 - 3. size of surface
 - 4. colour and texture of surface
- 115. The thermal insulation of a brick masonry can be much improved
 - 1. With air cavity
 - 2. Without air cavity
 - 3. Air cavity with a metal foil hung in it
 - 4. Air cavity filled with sand

PART 13 — PHYSICS AND MATERIAL SCIENCE

(Answer ALL questions)

- 76. Materials exhibiting different properties along different directions are called
 - 1. isotropic
 - 2. amorphous
 - 3. anisotropic
 - 4. crystalline
- 77. The coordination number of BCC structure is
 - 1. 6
 - 2. 8
 - 3. 12
 - 4. 4
- 78. Effective number of atoms belonging to the unit cell of FCC structure is
 - 1. 14
 - 2. 8
 - 3. 4
 - 4. 2
- 79. If 0.28 nm is the interatomic distance of NaCl crystal, the lattice parameter is
 - 1. 0.14 nm
 - 2. 0.42 nm
 - 3. 0.56 nm
 - 4. None of the above
- 80. In a crystal cell, a, b and c represent unit translational vectors along x, y and z axes.

 A plane makes intercepts 2a, 3b along x and y axes and runs rallel to z axis. Miller indices corresponding to this plane is
 - 1. (23∞)
 - 2. 230
 - $3. \quad (3\ 0\ 2)$
 - $4. \quad (320)$

- 81. If the lattice parameter of cubic crystal is 1 nm and the distance between two parallel planes is $1/\sqrt{3}$ nm, the Miller indices of the planes are
 - 1. (110)
 - 2. (101)
 - 3. (0 0 1)
 - 4. (111)
- 82. The plastic deformation of a crystal is due to the presence of
 - 1. Schottky defect
 - 2. Point defects
 - 3. Frenkel defect
 - 4. Dislocations which move
- 83. A plate carrying charge of 0.5 coulomb is accelerated through a potential of 2000 volts. It attains a kinetic energy equal to
 - 1. 1000 kilowatt hours
 - 2. 1000 Joules
 - 3. 900 ergs
 - 4. 1500 ergs
- 84. There are two charges +1 coulomb and +5 coulomb interacting among themselves.
 The ratio of forces acting on them will be
 - 1. 1:25
 - 2. 5:1
 - 3. 1:1
 - 4. 1:5

- 85. There are 10 condensers each of capacity 5 μF. The ratio between maximum and minimum capacity obtained from these condensers will be
 - 1. 100:1
 - 2. 60:9
 - **3.** 1:100
 - 4. 1:5
- 86. Two bulbs, one of 50 watts and another of25 watts are connected in series to the mains.The current
 - 1. through the 25 watt bulb is more
 - 2. through the 50 watt bulb is more
 - 3. is different in different bulbs
 - 4. is the same in both the bulbs
- 87. A bar magnet is cut exactly at the middle of its length. The pole strength of the resulting magnets
 - 1. reduces to half its original value
 - 2. increases twice to its original value
 - 3. reduces to one fourth of its initial value
 - 4. remains the same
- 88. The magnetic field at a distance d from a short bar magnet in longitudinal and transverse position are in the ratio
 - 1. 1:4
 - 2. **2:1**
 - 3. 3:2
 - 4. 5:4

- 89. If E is the kinetic energy of the material particle of mass m, then the de Broglie wavelength is given by
 - 1. $h/\sqrt{2mE}$
 - 2. $\sqrt{2mE}/h$
 - 3. $h\sqrt{2mE}$
 - 4. h/2mE
- 90. Existence of matter wave was experimentally first demonstrated by
 - 1. Newton
 - 2. Planck
 - 3. Davission and Germer
 - 4. deBroglie
- 91. When an electron is accelerated, if deBroglie wavelength is 1 Å, then the applied voltage is nearly equal to
 - 1. 15 Volts
 - 2. 12 Volts
 - **3.** 500 Volts
 - 4. 150 Volts
- 92. When the potential difference between the electrodes of an X-ray tube is increased, it results in an increase in
 - 1. intensity
 - 2. frequency
 - 3. wavelength
 - 4. speed of X rays

- 93. T. Maiman invented
 - 1. He–Ne laser
 - 2. CO, laser
 - 3. Ruby laser
 - 4. Nd: YAG laser
- 94. We observe colours in thin films only because
 - 1. thick films absorb light
 - 2. reflection is possible only in thin films
 - 3. interference condition is satisfied only in thin films
 - 4. dispersion is possible only in thin films
- 95. An alpha particle of energy 5 MeV is scattered through 180° by a fixed uranium nucleus. The distance of closest approach is of the order of
 - 1. 10^{-12} cm
 - 2. 10^{-10} cm
 - 3. 10^{-15} cm
 - 4. 10^{-8} cm
- 96. The ratio of Rydberg constant for helium to the Rydberg constant for hydrogen is
 - 1. 2.3
 - 2. 3.2
 - 3. 4:1
 - 4. 1:4
- 97. What percentage of original radioactive atoms is left five half-lives?
 - 1. 10
 - 2. 20
 - 3. 5
 - 4. 3

The picture tube screens in television sets operate on

- 1. thermoluminescence
- 2. cathodeluminescence
- 3. electroluminescence
- 4. photoluminescence
- 99. The rest mass of an electron is m_0 when it moves with a velocity v = 0.6 C, then its mass is
 - 1. $\frac{3}{7}m_0$
 - 2. $\frac{3}{5}m_0$
 - 3. $\frac{m_0}{3}$
 - 4. $\frac{5}{4}m_0$
- 100. The relation between three moduli of elasticity is given by
 - 1. 9E = 3N + K
 - $2. \qquad \frac{E}{9} = \frac{N}{3} + K$
 - $3. \qquad \frac{1}{E} = \frac{1}{N} + \frac{1}{K}$
 - $4. \qquad \frac{9}{E} = \frac{3}{N} + \frac{1}{K}$
- 101. Which is more elastic in nature?
 - 1. Ivory
 - 2. Rubber
 - 3. Aluminium
 - 4. Wax

- 102. Crystals like diamond and silicon are brittle because
 - 1. they contain no dislocations
 - 2. they are non-crystalline
 - 3. the stress required to move a dislocation is high
 - 4. they contain very few dislocations
- 103. The energy gap in diamond is
 - 1. 5.4 eV
 - 2. 2-3 eV
 - 3. 1.1 eV
 - 4. 0.08 eV
- 104. Pure silicon at OK is an
 - 1. intrinsic semiconductor
 - 2. extrinsic semiconductor
 - 3. metal
 - 4. insulator
- 105. GaAs has an energy gap of 1.43 eV. The wavelength of the radiation emitted during an electronic transition in GaAs will be in the
 - 1. visible range
 - 2. ultraviolet range
 - 3. infrared region
 - 4. X-ray range
- 106. The entropy of mixing of 0.5 mole of Ni atoms and 0.49 mole of Cu atoms on 1 mole of sites in J/mol/K is
 - 1. 5.76
 - 2. 5.79
 - 3. 5.85
 - 4. 6.17

- 107. The entropy becomes zero at 0°C for a
 - 1. pure element
 - 2. perfect crystal
 - **3.** random solid solution
 - 4. none of the above
- 108. A reaction takes 500 min in 1 min respectively at 10° C and 80° C. The time it would take at 50° C is
 - 1. 25 min
 - 2. 15 min
 - **3.** 10 min
 - 4. 6 min
- 109. In a single component system, the maximum number of phases that can coexist in equilibrium is
 - 1. 2
 - 2. 3
 - 3. 4
 - 4. 5
- 110. Boltzmann distribution law which governs the distribution of atoms among the various energy levels is given as
 - 1. $n_i = n_0 \exp(-\Delta E/kT)$
 - 2. $n_0 = n_i \exp(-\Delta E/kT)$
 - 3. $n_i = n_0 \exp(\Delta E / kT)$
 - $4. \qquad n_i = n_0 \exp(kT)$

- 111. Choose the correct statement
 - 1. Thermal conductivity of a metal does not vary with temperature
 - 2. Thermal conductivity of a metal varies as a function of temperature
 - **3.** Thermal expansion coefficients are isotropic for all materials
 - **4.** Thermal vibration of atoms contribute for electronic specific heat
- 112. The main raw material used for the manufacture of porcelain is
 - 1. Clay
 - 2. Alumina
 - 3. Zirconia
 - 4. Silicon carbide

- 113. Rotary kiln is used to produce
 - 1. Cement clinker
 - 2. Sanitary ware
 - 3. Ceramic tiles
 - 4. Porcelain ware
- 114. Which of the following material is inorganic graphite?
 - 1. Aluminium nitride
 - 2. Silicon nitride
 - 3. Boron nitride
 - 4. Silicon carbide
- 115. Lead oxide is widely used in glass industry to make
 - 1. Photosensitive glass
 - 2. Translucent glass
 - 3. Opaque glass
 - 4. Radiation shield glass

PART 14 — APPLIED PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

(Answer ALL questions)

- 76. For any two events A and B, P(A-B) is equal to
 - 1. P(A) P(B)
 - 2. P(B)-P(A)
 - 3. P(B) P(AnB)
 - 4. P(A) P(AnB)
- 77. Two events A and B such that P(A) = 112 and $P(A \cap B) = 114$, then $P(A \cap \overline{B})$ is
 - *1*. 112
 - 2. 314
 - 3. 1
 - 4. 1/3
- 78. If the events A and B are independent, then $P(\overline{A} \cap B)$ is
 - 1. $P(A)P(\overline{B})$
 - 2. $P(\overline{A})P(\overline{B})$
 - 3. $P(\overline{A})P(B)$
 - 4. None of the above
- 79. With a pair of dice thrown at a time, the probability of getting a sum more than that of 9 is
 - 1. 5118
 - 2. 7/36
 - *3*. 116
 - 4. 7/24
- 80. If A and B are disjoint and P(B) > 0, then P(A/B) is
 - *1*. 1
 - 2. 0
 - 3. 112
 - 4. 114
- 81. There are two bags. One bag contains 4 red and 5 black balls and the other one contains 5 red and 4 black balls. One ball is to be drawn from either of the two bags. The probability of drawing a black ball is
 - 1. 113
 - 2. 16181
 - 3. 112
 - 4. 10181

82. The quantity $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - a)^2$ is minimized, if

the value of 'a' is

- $1. \qquad \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i$
- $2. \qquad \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{x_i}{n}$
- 3. 0
- $4. \qquad \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2$
- 83. If the 'n' observations in a sample are denoted by x_1, x_2 , the sample range r is
 - 1. $min(x_i) max(x_i)$
 - 2. $\max(x_i) + \min(x_i)$
 - 3. $max(x_i)min(x_i)$
 - 4. $max(x_i) min(x_i)$
- 84. If 3 is subtracted from each observation of a set, then the mean of the observation is reduced by
 - 1. 6
 - 2. 3
 - 3. 312
 - 4. -3
- 85. The standard deviation of the five observations 6, 6, 6, 6, 6 is
 - 1. 0
 - 2. 5
 - **3.** 25
 - 4. 125
- 86. If a distribution has mean = 7.5, mode = 10 and skewness a = -0.5, the variance is
 - 1. 5
 - 2. 10
 - 3. 20
 - 4. 25

- 87. First and third quartiles of a frequency distribution are 30 and 75. Also its coefficient of skewness is 0.6. The median of the frequency distribution is
 - 1. 40
 - 2. 39
 - 3. 38
 - 4. 41
- 88. The cumulative distribution function for a random variable X is

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-2x}, & x \ge 0 \\ 0, & x < 0. \end{cases}$$

The value of $P(-3 < X \le 4)$ is

- 1. $e^{-6} e^{-8}$
- 2. $e^{-3} e^{-4}$
- 3. $1-e^{-8}$
- 4. $1+e^{-3}+e^{-4}$
- 89. The mean and the variance of a binomial distribution are 8 and 4 respectively. Then P(X=1) is equal to
 - 1. $1/2^{12}$
 - $2. 1/2^4$
 - $3. 1/2^6$
 - 4. $1/2^{10}$
- 90. The probability mass function of a random variable X is as follows:

X = x	1	2	3	4
$\overline{P\left(X=x\right)}$	1/10	2/10	3/10	4/10

The mean and variance of X are

- 1. 1, 3
- 2. 3, 0
- **3.** 3, 2
- 4. 3.1
- 91. The distribution for which the mode does not exist is
 - 1. Normal distribution
 - 2. Gamma distribution
 - 3. Continuous rectangular distribution
 - 4. F-distribution

- 92. The moment generating function for geometric distribution with parameter p = 1/2 is
 - $1. \qquad \frac{1}{2} \left(1 \frac{1}{2} e^t \right)$
 - $2. \qquad \frac{1/2}{\left(1 \frac{1}{2}e^t\right)}$
 - 3. $\frac{1}{2} \left(1 \frac{e^{-t}}{2} \right)$
 - $4. \qquad \frac{1/2}{\left(1 \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}\right)}$
- 93. If a random variable X has the p.d.f. f(x) as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} c x, 1 \le x \le 2 \\ c, 2 \le x 13 \end{cases}$$
 the value of 'c' is 0, otherwise,

- 1. 0.4
- 2. 0.3
- 3. 0.2
- 4. 0.1
- 94. If X and Y are two Poisson variate such that X P(1) and Y P(2), then the probability P(X + Y = 3) is
 - 1. $2e^{-3}$
 - 2. $3e^{-3}$
 - 3. $4e^{-3}$
 - 4. $4.5e^{-3}$
- 95. The cumulative distribution function of a continuous uniform distribution of a random variable X lying in the interval (a,b) is
 - 1. $\frac{1}{b-a}$
 - $2. \qquad \frac{x-a}{b-a}$
 - $3. \qquad \frac{b-a}{x-a}$
 - 4. $\frac{x-b}{b-a}$

- 96. The random variable X follows Poisson distribution and if P(X=1)=3 and P(X=2). Then the variance of X is
 - 1. 1/2
 - 2. 1/3
 - 3. 1
 - 4. 2
- 97. The moment generating function of the standard normal variate X is
 - 1. $e^{\frac{-1}{2}t^2}$
 - 2. $e^{\frac{1}{2}t^2}$
 - $\frac{1}{3}t^{2}$
 - 4. $e^{-\frac{1}{3}t^2}$
- 98. If the p.d.f. of a random variable X is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}, & \text{if } |x| < 2\\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

then P(|X|>1) is

- 1. 1/2
- 2. 1/3
- 3. 114
- 4. 1
- 99. For any non negative random variable X and constant a > 0, the Markov's inequality is
 - 1. $P\left\{X \le a\right\} \le \frac{E\left(x\right)}{a}$
 - 2. $P\{X \le a\} \le a E(X)$
 - 3. $P\{X \ge a\} \ge a E(X)$
 - 4. $P(X \ge a) \le \frac{E(X)}{a}$
- 100. Suppose that X is the number of observed "successes" in a sample of n observations where 'p' is the probability of success on each

observation, then
$$\hat{p} = \frac{X}{n}$$
 is

- 1. Biased estimator of p
- 2. Unbiased estimator of 'n'
- 3. Unbiased estimator of p
- 4. None of the above

- 101. If the observations recorded on five sampled items are 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, the sample variance is
 - 1. 1
 - 2. 1.5
 - 3. 2
 - 4. 2.5
- 102. The terms prosperity, recession, depression and recovery are in particular attached to
 - 1. Secular trend
 - 2. Seasonal fluctuation
 - 3. Cyclical movements
 - 4. Irregular variation
- 103. A sample of 16 items from an infinite population having S.D. = 4, yielded total scores as 160. The standard error of sampling distribution of mean is
 - 1. 1
 - 2. 112
 - **3.** 114
 - 4. 4
- 104. By the method of moments one can estimate
 - 1. all constants of a population
 - 2. only mean and variance of a distribution
 - 3. all moments of a population distribution
 - 4. all of the above
- 105. If X is a Poisson $(x; \lambda)$, the sufficient statistics for λ is
 - 1. ΣX_i^2
 - 2. ΣX_i
 - 3. $\Sigma \frac{X_i}{n}$
 - 4. $\Sigma \frac{X_i^2}{n}$

- 106. If X and Y have a bivariate normal distribution with $\rho_{XY} = 0$, then X and Y are
 - 1. independent
 - 2. dependent
 - 3. mutually exclusive
 - 4. none of the above
- 107. If $\rho = \pm 1$, the two lines of regressions are
 - 1. Coincident
 - 2. Parallel
 - 3. Perpendicular to each other
 - 4. None of the above
- 108. If $X_1, X_2, \dots X_n$ are n independent identically distributed random variables, the

correlation between X_i and $\overline{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i}{n}$ is

- 1. *n*
- 2. \sqrt{n}
- $3. \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$
- 4. $\frac{1}{n}$
- 109. If the two lines of regression are coincident, the relation between the two regression coefficients is
 - $1. b_{XY} = b_{YX}$
 - $2. \qquad b_{XY}b_{YX}=1$
 - $3. \qquad b_{XY} \le b_{YX}$
 - $4. \qquad b_{YX} \leq b_{XY}$
- 110. If X and Y are two independent variables with variances var(X) = 25 and var(Y) = 15, the correlation coefficient between U = X + Y and V = X Y is
 - 1. 0.25
 - 2. 0.5
 - 3. 0.75
 - 4. 1

- 111. Value of b in Y = a + bX remains same with the change of
 - 1. origin
 - 2. slope
 - 3. data
 - 4. none of the above
- 112. The best method for finding out seasonal variation is
 - 1. Sample average method
 - 2. Ratio to moving average method
 - 3. Ratio to trend method
 - 4. None of the above
- 113. For the given five values 15, 24, 18, 33, 42, the three years moving averages are
 - 1. 19, 22, 33
 - 2. 19, 25, 31
 - 3. 19, 30, 31
 - 4. 19, 22, 25
- 114. The equation of the parabolic trend is $Y = 46.6 + 2.4X 1.3X^2$. If the origin is shifted backward by three years the equation of the parabolic trend will be

1.
$$Y = 27.7 - 5.4X - 1.3X^2$$

2.
$$Y = 51.1 - 5.4X - 1.3X^2$$

3.
$$Y = 27.7 + 10.2X - 1.3X^2$$

- 4. None of the above
- 115. Method of least square for determining trend is used when
 - 1. trend is known
 - 2. trend is curvilinear only
 - 3. the value of Y is not a function of time t
 - 4. none of the above

PART 15 — SOCIAL SCIENCES

(Answer ALL questions)

76.	The population of India as on 31st March 2001 is		The first copper smelting unit in India was started at		
	1. 1,080 million		1.	Maubhandar	
	2. 1,028 million		2.	Khetri	
	3. 1,008 million		3.	Balaghat	
	4. 1,230 million		4.	Taloja	
77.	How many places in India are classified as urban?		Volkswagen decided to locate its green field plant in		
	1. 5,050		1.	Tamil Nadu	
	2. 4,800		2.	Andhra Pradesh	
	3. 4,500		3.	Karnataka	
	4. 1,028		4.	Maharashtra	
78.	Settlements with more than 1,00,000 population are classified as		Secu	Security Paper Mills is located at	
			1.	Remikoot	
	 State Country 		2.	Rupnarainpur	
	3. City		3.	Hoshangabad	
	4. Town		4.	Kovur	
79.	As per the 2001 census the population		Most important area in India for diamond is		
	density of India is		1.	Kolkatta	
	1. 1000 per sq.km		2.	Madhya Pradesh	
	2. 324 per sq.km		3.	Rajasthan	
	3. 279 per sq.km		4.	Karnataka	
	4. 850 per sq.km				
80.	Firozabad is famous for 1. Granite Industry		Mob	bile phone subscription as in Feb. 2007 is	
			1.	205 million	
	2. Steel Industry		2.	300 million	
	3. Glass Industry		3.	162.5 million	
	4. Diamond Industry		4.	150 million	

- 86. Contribution of IT and ITES to the GDP expected in the year 2007- 2008 is
 - 1. 20 percent
 - 2. 15 percent
 - 3. 8 percent
 - 4. 7 percent
- 87. An information system that supports internal business operations and extends to suppliers is
 - 1. Back-office Information System
 - 2. Front-office Information System
 - 3. Operations Information System
 - 4. Supply chain Information System
- 88. The aim of land reform is to
 - 1. Increase agricultural productivity
 - 2. Increase the land holding by the poor
 - 3. Increase Government control of land
 - 4. Distribute the land to landless labours
- 89. Poverty is a/an
 - 1. human condition
 - 2. living condition
 - 3. monetary condition
 - 4. economic abstraction
- 90. Marx's Theory of social change is known as
 - 1. Theory of evolution
 - 2. Theory of elites
 - 3. Theory of economic determination
 - 4. Theory of dominant class

- 91. Religion is the chief initiator of social change according to
 - 1. Weber and Frazer
 - 2. Sorokin and Davis
 - 3. Marx and Engles
 - 4. Park and Burgess
- 92. Who was the first sociologist to elaborate the idea of cultural lag?
 - 1. Taylor
 - 2. Spencer
 - 3. Meed
 - 4. Ogburn
- 93. The Naxalbari Peasant Struggle was launched in
 - 1. 1910
 - 2. 1947
 - 3. 1967
 - 4. 1950
- 94. Which one of the following factors is negatively correlated with modernization?
 - 1. Religiosity
 - 2. Cosmopolitanism
 - 3. Achievement motivation
 - 4. Empathy
- 95. Schumpeter attributed much of the capitalist development to the innovative role of the
 - 1. Scientist
 - 2. Technologist
 - 3. Politician
 - 4. Entrepreneur
- 96. National Policy for Older Persons was announced in the year
 - 1. 1990
 - 2. 1997
 - **3.** 1999
 - 4. 2000

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- 97. As per 2002 survey of the National Sample Survey Organization the estimated number of persons with disability is
 - 1. 1.85 crore
 - 2. 3.5 crore
 - 3. 2.85 crore
 - 4. 2.5 crore
- 98. The number of villages to be electrified in India is
 - 1. 1,75,000
 - 2. 1,54,000
 - 3. 1,99,000
 - 4. 1,11,000
- 99. The National Rural Employment Scheme aims to provide
 - 1. 100 days of employment in the financial year
 - 2. 150 days of employment in the financial year
 - 3. 230 days of employment in the financial year
 - 4. No limits for the days of employment in the financial year
- 100. Special Economic Zone Act was passed in the Parliament in
 - 1. Feb 2006
 - 2. May 2005
 - 3. August 2004
 - 4. January 2001
- 101. To speed up the process of disinvestment Government of India had setup a separate Department of Disinvestment in the year
 - 1. 2001
 - 2. 2000
 - 3. 2003
 - 4. 2005

- 102. As per the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion the Industrial growth rate for April December 2006 is
 - 1. 11 percent
 - 2. 25 percent
 - 3. 10.8 percent
 - 4. 8.8 percent
- 103. The largest provider of employment after agricultural sector is
 - 1. Construction
 - 2. Textiles
 - 3. Information Technology
 - 4. Mining
- 104. The Environmental Impact Assessment was made mandatory since the year
 - 1. 2000
 - 2. 2006
 - 3. 1994
 - 4. 1999
- 105. The Central Pollution Control Board was setup in the year
 - 1. 1970
 - 2. 1975
 - 3. 2000
 - 4. 1974
- 106. In the net irrigated area in India, wells account for more than
 - 1. 60 percent
 - 2. 40 percent
 - 3. 30 percent
 - 4. 10 percent

- 107. The National Capital Region covers
 - 1. Whole of Delhi
 - 2. Whole of Delhi and parts of Haryana
 - 3. Whole of Delhi and parts of Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttarpradesh
 - **4.** Whole of Delhi and parts of Haryana and Uttarpradesh
- 108. National Slum Development Programme was launched in the year
 - 1. 1974
 - 2. 1979
 - 3. 1996
 - 4. 1994
- 109. Urban Mapping Scheme was taken up as a pilot project during
 - 1. Fifth Five Year Plan
 - 2. Eighth Five Year Plan
 - 3. Tenth Five Year Plan
 - 4. Seventh Five Year Plan
- 110. Increase in the age at marriage is a
 - 1. Non-family planning measure
 - 2. Family planning measure
 - 3. life style of poor
 - 4. life style of industrialized world
- 111. Dais Training Programme is a
 - 1. Family Planning Programme
 - 2. Family welfare Programme
 - 3. Health Care Programme
 - 4. Rural Development Programme

- 112. Simple linear aggregation of income accruing to the factors of production supplied by the normal residents of the country is
 - 1. Industrial Income
 - 2. Real Income
 - 3. National Income
 - 4. Marginal Income
- 113. Productive Consumer is a
 - 1. segment of the market
 - 2. division of population
 - segment of society who don't waste products
 - 4. model consumer
- 114. The basic dimensions of the Human Development Index are
 - 1. Family Welfare and Education
 - Life expectancy, adult education and standard of living
 - 3. Income and standard of living
 - 4. Education and standard of living
- 115. The Report of Technical Group on Population Projections 1996 has projected the population of India in 2016 as
 - **1.** 1179 million
 - 2. 1264 million
 - 3. 1169 million
 - 4. 1646 million

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