

BOARD QUESTION PAPER: JULY 2016 HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time	e: 2 Ho	ours						Total Marks: 40
Note i. ii. iii.	<i>All</i> q Num	bers on	s are compulsory. the right indicate ful are based on Histor		9 are b	ased on Polit	tical Science.	
Q.1.	(A) 1.	Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct alternative from those given in the brackets, complete the sentences and write the statements in the answer sheet (three out of three): The Ottoman Turks won in the year 1453. (Constantinople, Calicut, Kolkata)						
	2.	Vasco-Da-Gama sought business concessions from King of Calicut. (Jahangir, Zamorin, Shahaalam)						
	3.	The status of becoming the first colonizer in African continent at the end of 19 th century was (England, France, Belgium)						
	(B)	Match the words from Column 'A' appropriately with the terms in Column 'B' and write the answer:						
			Colum	n 'A'			Column 'B'	
		1.	Head office of Lea	-	a.	Pandit Neh	ıru	
		2.	Non-Alliance Mov	ement	b.	Nikita Khr	uschev	
		3.	G-7 country		C.	Geneva		
					d.	Canada		
Q.3.	1. 2. 3. Give 1. 2. 3.	Explain the nature of Traditional Imperialism. What were the objectives of the League of Nations? Give information about the 'International Court'. e reasons for the following statements in 25 to 30 words each (any two out of three): Hitler was extremely angry with the Weimer Republic Government. Mahatma Gandhi had withdrawn the Non-cooperation Movement. Nuclear weapons competition is encouraged because of cold war.						
Q.4.	Ansv 1. 2. 3.	wer the following questions in 40 to 50 words each (any two out of three): Why did England, France and Russia give importance to the Balkan region? Explain the term 'Bloody Sunday'. Why did the European colonizers start to decolonize?						
Q.5.	Ansv 1. 2. 3.	Wer the following questions in 60 to 80 words each (any two out of three): How was India brought under the reign of England? Describe the effects of the Second World War. Write about "the artificial satellite".						
Q.6.	Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct alternative from the bracket. (three out of three): 1. The claims that we are superior to others creates (equality, conflict, inequality, mutual understanding)							
	2.	is the core of democracy. (People, Representatives, Prime Minister, People's Participation)						
	3.	Even today women of have no right to vote. (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Iraq, United Arab Emirates)						ab Emirates)



History and Political Science

Q.7. Answer the following questions in *one* sentence each (any *three* out of five):

[3]

- 1. What is recall?
- 2. What is a political party?
- 3. Who undertook efforts to abolish the caste system in India?
- 4. What is state level or regional political party?
- 5. What is regional inequality?

Q.8. State whether the following statements are True or False with reasons (any two out of three):

- 1. There is Presidential democracy in India.
- 2. Higher the initiative, weaker the democracy will be.
- 3. People who share common political opinion form political party.

Q.9. Answer any *one* of the following questions in 25 to 30 words (any *one* out of two):

[2]

[4]

- 1. Explain how economic inequality is a challenge before democracy.
- 2. What measures are taken to ensure that people of different religions will live peacefully?