POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Maximum Marks: 80)

(Time allowed: Three hours)

(Candidates are allowed additional 15 minutes for **only** reading the paper. They must NOT start writing during this time.)

Answer Question 1 (compulsory) from Part I, and five questions from Part II, choosing three questions from Section A and two questions from Section B. The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

PART I (20 Marks)

Answer all questions.

Question 1

Answer briefly each of the questions (i) to (x).

- (i) State *two* features of a *liberal democratic state*.
- (ii) Distinguish between a *flexible constitution* and a *rigid constitution*.
- (iii) Distinguish between *bi-party system* and *multi-party system*.
- (iv) Give *one* reason why it is important for a federal state to have a bicameral legislature.
- (v) Distinguish between *political executive* and *permanent executive*.
- (vi) In which landmark case was *judicial review* first exercised by the Supreme Court of the United States?
- (vii) Why is November 26 celebrated as *Constitution Day* in India?
- (viii) Which fundamental right was removed by the 44th Constitutional Amendment?
- (ix) Briefly explain the composition of the Zila Parishad.
- (x) What is meant by *communalism*, in the Indian context?

This paper consists of 3 printed pages and 1 blank page.

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 $[10 \times 2]$

PART II (60 Marks)

SECTION A

Answer any three questions.

Question 2

(a)	What are the characteristics of a <i>federal</i> state?	[6]
(b)	Explain why India is characterised as a quasi-federal state.	[6]

Question 3

(a)	Discuss three merits and three demerits of the First-Past-the-Post system.	[6]
(b)	Explain the rationale for minority representation in the legislature.	[6]

Question 4

(a)	Explain the important functions of the Lok Sabha.	[6]
(b)	Compare the relative positions of <i>the Rajya Sabha</i> and the <i>United States Senate</i> in their respective systems.	[6]

Question 5

(a)	Explain how the President of the United States is elected.	[6]
(b)	Discuss briefly, the limitations that the constitution of the United States places on the powers of the President.	[6]

Question 6

(a)	Explain the various jurisdictions of the Supreme Court of India.	[6]
(b)	Do you agree with the view that the Supreme Court of India is the most powerful	[6]
	apex court in the world? Explain the reasons for your answer.	

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SECTION B

Answer any two questions.

Question 7

(a)	Explain the rights conferred under Right to Freedom (Article 19).	[6]
(b)	Explore the relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles.	[6]

Question 8

(a)	Explain the main features of the 74 th Amendment to the Indian constitution, relating	[6]
	to urban local self-government institutions.	
(b)	Discuss three challenges faced by Panchayati Raj institutions in India.	[6]

Question 9

(a)	Explain three forms of political violence in India and comment briefly on the causes	[6]
	of each.	

.emocracy (b) Identify three challenges facing Indian democracy and explore how these can be [6] overcome.