## CLASS XII

## SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCE

## QUESTION BANK

## FILE HANDLING:-

1. Write a function in $\mathrm{C}++$ to count and display the number of lines not starting with alphabet 'A' present in a text file "STORY.TXT".
Example:
If the file "STORY.TXT" contains the following lines,
The rose is red.
A girl is playing there.
There is a playground.
An aeroplane is in the sky.
Numbers are not allowed in the password.
2. Assuming that a text file named FIRST.TXT contains some text written into it, write a function named vowelwords(), that reads the file FIRST.TXT and creates a new file named SECOND.TXT, to contain only those words from the file FIRST.TXT which start with a lowercase vowel (i.e., with 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o', 'u').
For example, if the file FIRST.TXT contains
Carry umbrella and overcoat when it rains
Then the file SECOND.TXT shall contain umbrella and overcoat it.
3. Observe the program segment given below carefully and fill the blanks marked as

Statement 1 and Statement 2 using seekg() and tellg() functions for performing the required task.

```
#include <fstream.h>
class Employee
{
    int Eno;
    char Ename[20];
    public:
    //Function to count the total number of records
    int Countrec();
};
```

```
int Item::Countrec()
{
    fstream File;
    File.open("EMP.DAT", ios::binary | ios::in);
    ___________________ Statement 
    int Bytes =___ _ ___ //Statement 2
    int Count = Bytes / sizeof(Item);
    File.close();
    return Count;
}
```

4. Observe the program segment given below carefully and fill the blanks marked as Statement 1 and Statement 2 using seekp() and seekg() functions for performing the required task.
```
#include <fstream.h>
```

class Item
\{
int Ino;
char Item[20];
public:
//Function to search and display the content from a particular record number
void Search(int );
//Function to modify the content of a particular record number
void Modify(int);
\};
void Item::Search(int RecNo)
\{
fstream File;
File.open( "STOCK.DAT", ios::binary | ios::in);
_________ //Statement 1
File.read((char*)this, sizeof(Item));
cout << Ino <<"==>" << Item << endl;
File.close();
\}
void Item::Modify(int RecNo)
\{
fstream File;
File.open( "STOCK.DAT", ios::binary | ios::in | ios::out);
cin>>Ino;
cin.getline(Item, 20);
$\qquad$

## ARRAY:-

1. Write a menu driven C++ program with following option
a. Accept elements of an array
b. Display elements of an array
c. Sort the array using insertion sort method
d. Sort the array using selection sort method
e. Sort the array using bubble sort method

Write C++ functions for all options. The functions should have two parameters name of the array and number of elements in the
2. Given two arrays of integers $A$ and $B$ of sizes $M$ and $N$ respectively. Write a function named MIX () with four arguments, which will produce a third array named $C$. such that the following sequence is followed.
All even numbers of A from left to right are copied into C from left to right.
All odd numbers of $A$ from left to right are copied into $C$ from right to left.
All even numbers of $B$ from left to right are copied into $C$ from left to right.
All old numbers of $B$ from left to right are copied into $C$ from right to left.
$A, B$ and $C$ are passed as arguments to $\operatorname{MIX}()$. e.g., $A$ is $\{3,2,1,7,6,3\}$ and $B$ is $\{9,3,5,6,2,8$, $10\}$ the resultant array $C$ is $\{2,6,6,2,8,10,5,3,9,3,7,1,3\}$
3. Write a user defined function named Upper-half() which takes a two dimensional array A, with size N rows and N columns as argument and prints the upper half of the array.
e.g.,
$23150 \quad 23150$
71531
1531
25781 The output will be 178
0150101
34915 5
4. Write a function in C++ which accepts a 2D array of integers and its size as arguments and displays the elements of middle row and the elements of middle column.
[Assuming the 2D Array to be a square matrix with odd dimension i.e. $3 \times 3,5 \times 5,7 \times 7$ etc...]
Example, if the array contents is
354
769
218

Output through the function should be :
Middle Row : 769
Middle column : 561
4. An array $A[40][10]$ is stored in the memory along the column with each elements occupying 4 bytes. Find out the address of the location A [3][6] if the location A [30][10] is stored at the address 9000.

## DATA STRUCTURE:-

1. Use a stack to evaluate the following postfix expression and show the content of the stack after execution of each operation. Don't write any code. Assume as if you are using push and pop member functions of the stack.
$A B-C D+E^{*}+($ where $A=5, B=3, C=5, D=4$, and $E=2$ )
2. Evaluate the following postfix expression using a stack and show the contents of stack after execution of each operation :

50,40,+,18, 14,--, *,+
3. Write a function in C++ to perform a DELETE operation in a dynamically allocated queue considering the following description :

```
struct Node
```

\{
float $U, V$;
Node *Link;
\};
class QUEUE
\{
Node *Rear,*Front;
public:
QUEUE()\{Rear=NULL; Front=NULL;\}
void INSERT();
void DELETE();
~QUEUE();
\};

## INHERITANCE:-

1. Consider the following declaration and answer the questions given below :
class PPP
```
{
    int H:
    protected :
    int S;
    public:
    void input (int);
    void out();
};
class QQQ : private PPP
{
    int T;
    protected:
    int U;
    public:
    void indata(int, int);
    void outdata();
};
class RRR : public QQQ
{
    int M;
    public:
    void disp();
};
```

i. Name the base class and derived class of the class QQQ.
ii. Name the data member(s) that can be accessed from function disp().
iii. Name the member function(s), which can be accessed from the objects of class RRR. iv. Is the member function out() accessible by the object of the class QQQ?
2. class Publisher
\{
char pub[12];
double turnover;
protected:
void register();
public:
Publisher();
void enter();
void display();
\};
class Branch
\{
char city[20];
protected:
float employees;
public:
Branch();
void haveit();
void giveit();
\};

```
class Author : private Branch, public Publisher
{
    int acode;
    char aname[20];
    float amount;
    public:
    Author();
    void start();
    void show();
};
i. Write the names of data members, which are accessible from objects belonging to class Author.
ii. Write the names of all the member functions which are accessible from objects belonging to class Branch.
iii. Write the names of all the members which are accessible from member functions of class Author.
```

iv. How many bytes will be required by an object belonging to class Author?

## CLASS \& OBJECT:-

1. Define a class batsman with the following specifications:

## Private members:

| bcode | 4 digits code number |
| :---: | :---: |
| bname | 20 characters |
| innings, notout, runs | s integer type |
| batavg | it is calculated according to the formula - |
|  | batavg =runs/(innings-notout) |
| calcavg() | Function to compute batavg |
| Public members: |  |
| readdata() | Function to accept value from bcode, name, innings, notout and |
| invoke the function | calcavg() |
| displaydata() | Function to display the data members on the screen. |

2. Define a class in C++ with following description:

## Private Members

A data member Flight number of type integer
A data member Destination of type string
A data member Distance of type float
A data member Fuel of type float
A member function CALFUEL() to calculate the value of Fuel as per the following criteria

| Distance | Fuel |
| :--- | :---: |
| $<=1000$ | 500 |

more than 1000 and <=2000 1100
more than 20002200

## Public Members

A function FEEDINFO() to allow user to enter values for Flight Number, Destination, Distance \& call function CALFUEL() to calculate the quantity of Fuel
A function SHOWINFO() to allow user to view the content of all the data members
2. Define a class BOOK with the following specifications :

Private members of the class BOOK are
BOOK NO integer type
BOOKTITLE 20 characters
PRICE float (price per copy)
TOTAL_COST() A function to calculate the total cost for $N$ number of copies where $N$ is passed to the function as argument.
Public members of the class BOOK are
INPUT() function to read BOOK_NO. BOOKTITLE, PRICE
PURCHASE() function to ask the user to input the number of copies to be purchased. It invokes TOTAL_COST() and prints the total cost to be paid by the user.

## CONSTRUTOR \& DESTRUCTOR:-

1. Answer the questions (i) and (iii) after going through the following class:
class Seminar
\{
int time;
public:
Seminar() //Function 1
```
{
    time = 30;
    cout << "Seminar starts now" << endl;
}
    void lecture() //Function 2
    {
        cout << "Lectures in the seminar on" << endl;
    }
    Seminar(int duration) //Function 3
    {
        time = duration;
        cout << "Seminar starts now" << endl;
    }
    ~Seminar() //Function 4
    {
        cout << "Thanks" << endl;
    }
};
i. Write statements in \(\mathrm{C}++\) that would execute Function 1 and Function 3 of class Seminar.
ii. In Object Oriented Programming, what is Function 4 referred as and when does it get invoked/called?
iii. In Object Oriented Programming, which concept is illustrated by Function 1 and Function 3 together?
2. Answer the questions (i) and (ii) after going through the following class:
```

```
class Test
{
    char paper[20];
    int marks;
public:
    Test () // Function 1
    {
        strcpy (paper, "Computer");
        marks = 0;
    }
    Test (char p[]) // Function 2
    {
        strcpy(paper, p);
        marks = 0;
    }
    Test (int m) // Function 3
    {
        strcpy(paper,"Computer");
        marks = m;
    }
    Test (char p[], int m) // Function 4
    {
        strcpy (paper, p);
```

```
        marks = m;
    }
};
```

i. Write statements in $\mathrm{C}++$ that would execute Function 1, Function 2, Function 3 and Function 4 of class Test.
ii. Which feature of Object Oriented Programming is demonstrated using Function 1, Function 2, Function 3 and Function 4 together in the above class Test?

## Boolean Algebra:-

1. Verify the following using Boolean Law algebraically

$$
A^{\prime}+B^{\prime} \cdot C=A^{\prime} \cdot B^{\prime} \cdot C^{\prime}+A^{\prime} \cdot B \cdot C^{\prime}+A^{\prime} \cdot B \cdot C+A^{\prime} \cdot B^{\prime} \cdot C+A \cdot B^{\prime} \cdot C
$$

2. Implement the following expression using logic circuit diagram

## $A B^{\prime} C+A B C+A^{\prime} C\left(B+C A^{\prime}\right)$

3. Derive a Canonical POS expression for a Boolean function F, represented by the following truth table :


4. Reduce the following Boolean Expression to its simplest form using K-Map : $F(X, Y, Z, W)=\Sigma(2,6,7,8,9,10,11,13,14,15)$
5. State the absorption law and prove it by using truth table.

## DATABASES:-

1. 2. Write SQL queries for (i) to (iv) which are based on the following tables

Table : VEHICLE

| CODE | VTYPE | PERKM |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 101 | VOLVO BUS | 160 |
| 102 | AC DELUXE BUS | 150 |
| 103 | ORDINARY BUS | 90 |
| 105 | SUV | 40 |


| 104 | CAR | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Table : TRAVEL

| NO | NAME | TDATE | KM | CODE | NOP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Janish Kin | $2015-11-13$ | 200 | 101 | 32 |
| 103 | Vedika Sahai | $2016-04-21$ | 100 | 103 | 45 |
| 105 | Tarun Ram | $2016-03-23$ | 350 | 102 | 42 |
| 102 | John Fen | $2016-02-13$ | 90 | 102 | 40 |
| 107 | Ahmed Khan | $2015-01-10$ | 75 | 104 | 2 |
| 104 | Raveena | $2016-05-28$ | 80 | 105 | 4 |


1.To display NO, NAME, TDATE from the table TRAVEL in descending order of NO.

Q1.To display the NAME of all the travellers from the table TRAVEL who are travelling by vehicle with code 101 or 102.

Q2.To display the NO and NAME of those travellers from the table TRAVEL who travelled between '2015-12-31' and '2015-04-01'.

Q3.To display all the details from table TRAVEL for the travellers, who have travelled distance more than 100 KM in ascending order of NOP.

Q4.To display all the details from table VEHICLE whose vehicles type starting with V and ending with S .
2. Consider the following tables WORKER and PAYLEVEL and answer (b) and (c) parts of this question:

Table: WORKER

| ECODE | NAME | DESIG | PLEVEL | DOJ | DOB |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | Radhe <br> Shyam | Supervis <br> or | P001 | 13 -Sep- <br> 2004 | 23 -Aug- <br> 1981 |
| 12 | Chander <br> Nath | Oper <br> ator | P003 | 22 -Feb- <br> 2010 | 12-Jul-1987 |
| 13 | Fizza | Oper <br> ator | P003 | 14 -Jun- <br> 2009 | 14 -Oct- <br> 1983 |
| 15 | Ameen <br> Ahmed | Mechani <br> c | P002 | 21-Aug- <br> 2006 | 13 -Mar- <br> 1984 |


|  | Sanya | Clerk | P002 | 19-Dec- <br> 2005 | 09-Jun- <br> 1983 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Table: PAYLEVEL

| PLEVEL | PAY | ALLOWANCE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P001 | 260 <br> 00 | 12000 |
| P002 | 220 <br> 00 | 10000 |
| P003 | 120 <br> 00 | 6000 |

(b)Write SQL commands for the following statements:
(i) To display the details of all WORKERs, descending order of DOB.
(ii) To display NAME and DESIG of those WORKERs whose PLEVEL is either P001 or P002.
(iii)To display the content of all the WORKERs table, whose DOB is in between „19-JAN1984" and 18-JAN-1987".
(iv) To add a new row with the following :

19, „Days Kishore", „Operator", „P003". „19-Jun-2008", „11-Jul-1984"
(v) To display all the details of WORKER table whose name's first letter is ' $R$ '.

## REVISION TOUR:-

Q1 a. Define Macro with suitable example.
b. Which $\mathrm{C}++$ header file (s) will be included to run /execute the following $\mathrm{C}++$ code? 1 void main()
(int Last $=26.5698742658$;

```
cout<<setw(5)<<setprecision(9)<<Last; }
```

c. Rewrite the following program after removing any syntactical errors. Underline each correction made. 2
\#include<iostream.h
> void main( )
int A[10];
$A=[3,2,5,4,7,9,10]$
;

$$
\text { for }(p=0 ; p<=6 ; p++)
$$

\{ if(A[p]\%2=0)

$$
\text { int S }=S+A[p] ; \quad\}
$$

cout<<S; \}
d. Find the output of the following C++ program:
\#include<iostream.h>
void repch(char s[])

```
    {
        for (int i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++)
        {
            if(((i%2)!=0) &&(s[i]!=s[i+1]))
            {
                s[i]='@';
            }
            else if (s[i]==s[i+1])
            {
                s[i+1]='!';
                i++;
            }
        }
    }
void main()
{
    char str[]="SUCCESS";
    cout<<"Original String"<<str
    repch(str);
    cout<<"Changed String"<<str;
}
e. Find the output of the following :
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { for(int } K=0 ; K<N ; K++) \\
& \text { if(K<split) } \\
& \qquad A[K]+=K ; \\
& \text { else } \\
& A[K]^{*}=K ;
\end{aligned}
\]
```

    void display(int A[ ],int N)
    {
        for(int K = 0; K<N; K++)
            (K%2== 0) ?cout<<A[K]<<"%" : cout<<A[K]<<endl;
    }
    ```
void main( )
\{ int H[ ] = \{30,40,50,20,10,5\};
    switchover( \(\mathrm{H}, 6,3\) );
    display ( \(\mathrm{H}, 6\) );
    \}
f. Observe the following C++ code and find out, which out of the given options i) to iv) are the expected correct output.Also assign the maximum and minimum value that can be assigned to the variable 'Go'. 2
```

void main()
{ int X [4] ={100,75,10,125}; int
Go = random(2)+2;
for (inti = Go; i< 4; i++)

```
```

            cout<<X[i]<<"$$";
    }
    ii. 75$$10$$125$$ iii. 75$$10$$
    i. 100$$75
    iv.10$$125$
    ```

\section*{NETWORKING:-}

Q 7.a Write any 1 advantage and 1 disadvantage of Bus topology.
b. SunRise Pvt. Ltd. is setting up the network in the Ahmadabad. There are four departments
named as MrktDept, FunDept, LegalDept, SalesDept.


Legal Dept
Fun Dept

Distance between various buildings is given as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline MrktDept to FunDept & 80 m \\
\hline MrktDept to LegalDept & 180 m \\
\hline MrktDept to SalesDept & 100 m \\
\hline LegalDept to SalesDept & 150 m \\
\hline LegalDept to FunDept & 100 m \\
\hline FunDept to SalesDept & 50 m \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Number of Computers in the buildings:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline MrktDept & 20 \\
\hline LegalDept & 10 \\
\hline FunDept & 08 \\
\hline SalesDept & 42 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
i) Suggest a cable layout of connections between the Departments and specify topology.
ii) Suggest the most suitable building to place the server with a suitable reason.
iii) Suggest the placement of i) modem ii) Hub /Switch in the network.
iv)

The organization is planning to link its sale counter situated in various part of the same city/ which type of network out of LAN, WAN, MAN will be formed? Justify.
c. Name the protocol
i. Used to transfer voice using packet switched network.
ii.Used for chatting between 2 groups or between 2 individuals.
d. What is an IP Address?
e. What is HTTP?
f. Explain the importance of Cookies.
g. How is 4 G different from 3 G ?```

